

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[LXVth YEAR.]

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1810.

[No. 3308.]

Cheap Goods.

THE subscriber, desirous to close the partnership existing under the firm of *Mich'l & B. Curran*, will sell low for Cash, the following articles, viz.

White Marfelles and Jeans,
Printed Marfelles & royal rib for waist-coating,
Black figured fatins for do.
Cotton and silk suspenders,
Men's beaver gloves, en's cotton stockings,
Women's do. do.
Do. silk do.
Black tabby velvet for pellicies,
Corduroys, velvets & president's cord,
Second quality clothes, Superfine white flannels,
Furniture calico and chintzes,
Cotton counterpanes and bed tickings,
Tickenburg and bur-lap linens
White German rolls,
Blue striped India cottons,
White cotton & cotton thread,
White and coloured thread,
Cotton laces & thread edgings,
1st, 2d and 3d quality Morocco shoes.
And many articles in the DRY GOODS way, so numerous to insert.

B. CURRAN, Surviving Partner of MICH'L & B. CURRAN.

N. B. All those indebted to the above firm by note, bond or open account, are requested to come forward and pay the same to

B. CURRAN.

Annapolis, April 3, 1810. 10X.

Jonathan Waters,

SADDLER & HARNESS MAKER, RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public, that he has commenced the above business next door to Mr. John Wells's apothecary and shoe store, in Church-street, Annapolis, where he hopes, by diligent attention, to merit public patronage. He flatters himself that those who have tried his performance in that line, (while in Georgetown, twelve years since,) will need no other recommendation therein. Orders from the city and country will be thankfully received and executed with promptitude. His materials being well selected, ensures to his patrons moderate terms. 6 3 w.

Seth Sweetser,

BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER, RETURNS his sincere thanks to a generous public, and his Customers in particular, for past favours in the line of his business. He has a good assortment of work on hand, and the usual credit will be given to punctual customers. Those that have accounts standing more than twelve months are requested to call and settle them by paying the money or giving their note. N. B. He has received an assortment of Ladies Morocco Slippers of the latest fashions of best quality, and Mens, Boys and Children's Shoes, from Baltimore and Boston, which he flatters himself he can sell on better terms for Cash than any yet sold. Rips mended gratis. 7 S. S.

April 18, 1810.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late *Thomas W. Walker*, deceased, are hereby requested to bring them forward, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, for settlement.

BENJ. HODGES, Executor of T. W. W.

May 16, 1810. 4 6t.

Laws of Maryland.

A FEW copies of the LAWS OF MARYLAND for sale at the Office of the Maryland Gazette. Price 1 doll, 50 cts.

James F. Brice,

HAS opened an OFFICE in his own house, where he means to continue the Practice of the Law.

Annapolis, May 22, 1810. 3 Gw.

Land for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the chancellor of Maryland, the subscriber will expose to public sale, on the 16th day of June next, on the premises,

ALL that tract of land called *Pleasant Prospect*, supposed to contain 150 acres, and all that part of a tract of land called *Grammar's Parrot*, containing about 100 acres, which was devised by William Crandell to William Crandell, of Adam, the said lands lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, at the mouth of Lyon's creek, and bounded by said creek on the south, and on the west by Patuxent river.

On the same day, and by virtue of another decree of the chancellor, the subscriber will also sell, at the same place, the residue of the tract of land called *Grammar's Parrot*, supposed to contain one hundred acres being that part of the said tract of which Gilbert Smith, late of Calvert county, died seized. The said lands to be sold on a credit of twelve months, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond, with approved security, for the payment of the purchase money, with legal interest from the day of sale.

The above lands contain many advantages, which it is deemed unnecessary to enumerate, as it is presumed any person wishing to purchase will first view the premises.

On the confirmation of the sale by the chancellor, and on the payment of the purchase money, the land will be duly conveyed to the purchaser or purchasers in fee, by

JOHN S. SKINNER, Trustee.

Maus and Black's

IMPROVEMENT IN THE

Construction of Mills, &c.

BY means of this new invention, of all others yet discovered the most simple and least expensive, families, consisting of twenty or thirty persons, may be suited with a mill adequate to a supply of flour, at an expense less than the value of the toll paid for two years at watermills, exclusive of the trouble of sending to the water or windmill. This invention may be used by hand, by horse-power, by wind or water, according to the purposes for which the mill is to be used. A model may be seen at *Pinkney and Munroe's* store, in Annapolis, where patent rights may be had, to make and use the same under the authority of the subscriber, sole proprietor for Anne-Arundel county

JOHN GIBSON.

N. B. The subscriber will give information as to the mode of applying the power to this machine according to the experience already obtained. 4 J. G.

CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber being desirous of settling up his business, and having on hand a pretty general assortment of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES, suitable to the present and approaching Seasons, will sell them at very reduced prices for CASH.

Those who are indebted to him for all sums under Fifty Dollars are requested to call at his Store and settle the same immediately, and for all sums over fifty dollars to make payment on or before the first day of August next, as further indulgence cannot be given. Tobacco at a fair market price will be received in payment.

JOSEPH EVANS, Jr.

Annapolis, 1st May, 1810. 1f.

NOTICE.

THE co-partnership of the undersigned, trading under the firm of *JAMES P. MAYNARD, & Co.* ceased by limitation on the first day of October last. *J. P. MAYNARD* having assumed the payment of the claims against the concern, he is, by agreement, fully authorised to collect and receive all outstanding debts.

JAMES P. MAYNARD, W. ALEXANDER.

May 22, 1810. 2

THE subscriber respectfully begs leave to notify all persons concerned, that in pursuance of the peremptory duty imposed by the above recited arrangement, he shall, as a measure of necessity, be compelled to adopt, from and after the first day of July next, legal steps in every case, to enforce payment from delinquents.

JAMES P. MAYNARD.

May 22, 1810.

Foreign Intelligence.

—BY LATE ARRIVALS AT NEW-YORK.

FROM ENGLAND.

LONDON, APRIL 9.

BUONAPARTE'S marriage took place at St. Cloud on the 1st, and on Monday the new married pair entered Paris.

Government have renewed the order in council (which has been suspended since the 25th ult.) allowing the importation of rice, duty free, till the 25th March, 1811.

COMMITTAL OF SIR FRANCIS BURDETT.

The tumults in London still continue—F. Burdett wrote on Saturday to the sheriff of Middlesex, to assist him with his aid against violence of oppression, by calling out the posse comitatus.

On Saturday the mob assembled in much greater numbers than ever. At 11 o'clock, the serjeant at arms came to Sir Francis's house, but was as before, refused admittance, the chain of the door being kept on.

At two o'clock an immense motley crowd had collected; some with purple ribbons in their hats, others with purple flags hoisted on the ends of their sticks—every carriage that passed was obliged to do homage, the servants being compelled to take off their hats, cheer and cry out, "Burdett for ever."

About 10 o'clock on Monday morning, Sir Francis was taken in custody; the constables entered the house by the kitchen, and were followed by the serjeant at arms. After a conversation, in which they denied the speaker's authority, the serjeant and messengers, and constables took him into custody, and upon a signal being given, a glass coach approached the street door, and the cavalry made the greatest haste to surround the coach, to the number of several hundreds. The baronet was put in first, and was followed by the serjeant at arms, and another officer. Two of the baronet's friends got in after them; but, as we understand, were obliged to get out again.

The coach, escorted by the cavalry, now set off at a quick rate, up Albermarle-street, across Bond street, through Conduit-street and Hanover square, for the new road, in order to avoid passing through the main streets. The capture was made at an earlier hour than the crowd had been in the habit of assembling. The event therefore was not immediately or generally known.

The cry soon spread far and wide; Piccadilly, Pall-Mall and St. James's-street, were deserted, and the tide rolled rapidly after the baronet's coach; but it went at so great a rate, that it was not overtaken.

At a quarter past 12 arrived at the tower about 20 of the horse guards, who rode up towards the tower gates. At the distance of 100 yards came about 300 of the 15th light dragoons, then about 200 of the horse guards, having in the middle of them the coach containing Sir F. Burdett.

The windows of the coach were down—Sir Francis sat on the right behind; he sat forward, and was well seen. As he passed, there was much huzzaing; the guards flourished their swords to intimidate the mob.

Sir Francis was admitted about 1 o'clock. Upon the return of the military from the tower, the mob attacked the last platoon, with stones and mud—the cavalry fired their pistols.

Several are said to be killed and wounded.

[Another Account.]

The measures adopted last night for the prevention of all riot and disturbance, in the neighbourhood of Sir Francis Burdett's house in Piccadilly, were successful. All carts, carriages, &c. coming into the west end of the street by Hyde-Park corner, were obliged to go round, and all coming into the east end of Piccadilly were obliged to go round also. In the course of this morning, not even a foot passenger was suffered in the space opposite the baronet's house, which was thus left entirely to the military and civil power. In this state of things Sir Francis Burdett remained at home all night, and the serjeant at arms, Mr. Colman, the deputy-serjeant Mr. Clementson, with the messengers Wright, Jones, Skelton, Blake, &c. continued in Piccadilly during the whole night, in order to execute the speaker's warrant. About 11 o'clock this morning, was judged to be a favourable opportunity to make the attempt, and with that view they proceeded to his house, from the Gloucester coffee-house. The doors and windows on the ground floor being secured, and there being no chance of admission in that quarter, a ladder was brought and placed against a window, in the front dining room on

the first floor. One of the messengers of the house of commons immediately ascended, but we are informed he was pushed. His party however, being strong and well supported, they soon forced their way through the windows, and took Sir Francis into custody. The baronet was overpowered by numbers. It would have been idle to have made any further resistance, and he was obliged to submit to force. A very low shabby looking carriage was in waiting at the door. Sir Francis was brought out and put into it, and the serjeant at arms, Mr. Colman, slept in after him.

The military force was now very strong, & became concentrated about the carriage, and drove up Albermarle-street, Bond-street, into the new road, Mary-labone, and along Finsbury to the tower. Two troops of the horse guards preceded the carriage, and several of them rode at its side. A regiment of light-horse immediately followed the carriage and the rear was brought up by a very strong body of the horse guards. The cavalcade, as it proceeded, excited wonderful interest, and the crowd attending it increased to such an extent, that, by the time Sir Francis Burdett reached the tower, the crowd had blocked the Minories, and all the streets in its vicinity, and it became impossible for cart or carriage to pass. All the shops were shut, and all business at a stand. On the whole line to the tower, the immense concourse of people in the rear continued firing and huzzaing, and the troops

were heated and infuriated with abusive language by the populace as they passed, while prayers and praises were bestowed upon Sir F. The military bore the abuse very patiently, although some of them appeared to have been maltreated, their cloaths being bespattered with mud; one of the guards suffered much in this way, his cloaths were covered with mud and he was cut in the face. Besides the force that accompanied Sir Francis Burdett, a regiment of the foot guards proceeded up the Strand, about half past 11, for the tower, and every possible precaution was taken to prevent riot and preserve the public tranquillity. The number of troops which have arrived in the metropolis and its immediate vicinity in the course of yesterday is estimated at 10,000.

Upon the return of the troops from the tower, the mud and stones from the populace began to play on them in showers. Opposite the Trinity House they could endure the assault no longer, but charged the multitude sword in hand. The firing of the carbines became now pretty general and numbers of the people fell. The contest continued all the way up Fenchurch-street, where a shot entering the shop of Mr. Goodeve, a bootmaker, forty-three, killed a man in conversation with Mr. Goodeve at the time. Another shot penetrated into a warehouse opposite, but did no mischief.

We heard of 12 or 14 killed & wounded, among the former was the one above-mentioned—a poor old bricklayer, in the service of Mr. Thomas, shot through the neck—of the wounded there is one shot through the groin dangerously—Willis, of John-street, Blackfriars, through the foot—another in the arm, carried to Davis, a surgeon on Tower-hill, and many with labre wounds.

The bank, the mansion-house, and all the shops in the streets in the city leading to the tower, are closely shut up. It would be impossible to get within a mile of the tower.

Globe Office, 2 o'clock.

The extra guards have been all withdrawn on the outside of the tower.—Ingress and egress are allowed, as usual; and all is perfectly tranquil. There is not even a sentinel at Sir Francis's door; and every person may visit him with as perfect freedom as if it were his own house in Piccadilly. Colonel Wardle and several other friends visited him this morning.

It is generally supposed that the house of commons will proceed to a vote of expulsion against Sir Francis Burdett. The baronet's letter certainly appears to court that sentence; but ministers will act with their characteristic weakness, if they attempt to insist it.

APRIL 21.

LONDON MEETING.

HALF PAST 7, P. M.—The following requisition has just been made to the Lord Mayor.

"To the Right Hon. Lord Mayor."

"We whose names are hereunto subscribed, request your lordship will convene the Library of London in Common Hall, to take into consideration the alarming assumption of privilege by the hon. the house of commons, in arresting and imprisoning, during pleasure, the people of England for offences recognizable in the usual courts of law. [The Lord