

we adopted all necessary measures to assert the independence of the State. Not only have we answered your love for your native land, but we have prompted you to anticipate my cordial thanks; they repeated by my posterity and Self-defence, not invasion, was But the conqueror will not be a sovereign of his people, strong mutual confidence, to possess means to oppose his ambitions. He declared himself hostile to Austria, unless she should relinquish measures of defence, and she herself disarmed at his feet. His graceful proposal was rejected, his hosts are advancing against us for battle. Confide in God—in the valour of our heroes, in the heroic conduct of my hero who leads them on to glory, in our beloved people. Our exertions in war are great; but such they are in order to attain more secure and important end of self-preservation.

That you have hitherto done is the most unquestionable pledge of the assistance which I am to receive from you. They who bear no part also share in the protection of our country. Unanimity, order, peace, activity and confidence, constitute the real strength of a nation. We have evinced them, and to this advantage, that we start with a prospect of success that we ever fortunate events will not un-dermine your energy, nor disastrous occurrences, should any happen, shake our firm resolve. Perseverent valour surmounts all dangers, enhances every stage, and supplies all losses. Our cause is just; Providence does not forsake those who do not forsake themselves. Depend on your love, your tried loyalty to your prince and country. And ye on the paternal solicitude of your monarch, who finds all his happiness in you.

"FRANCIS."
Vienna, April 9, 1809."

LONDON, APRIL 25.

It was yesterday reported that the British Government had consented to the port of Tonningen, but we are glad that it has merely granted permission to the neutral vessels in the port to sail in ballast.

MAY 1.

Our Office, half past 2 o'clock, P. M. We stop the press to state, that we have received an account from Dover, which states that there was a heavy gale on the French coast on Friday and Saturday morning. Some of our cruizers who were on the opposite shore observed a general illumination, some neutral vessels that have arrived report that the illuminations were the consequence of a victory obtained by the French over the Austrians. The departure of a messenger from Calais on Friday morning in violation of truce has given rise to a variety of speculations. He was certainly charged with the new orders in council, and dispatches from Mr. Pinkney to Gen. Armstrong, the American minister at Paris.

MAY 3.

Two vessels arrived at Yarmouth on Friday morning from Holland, the crews of which state, that Buonaparte was endeavouring to enforce the prohibition in Holland, and that in several places the people had manifested a disposition to resist it by force. A letter has been received from Charlevoix giving a dreadful description of the battle in Basque Roads. The ships of the river Charante are entangled with wrecks of the French. The enemy has lost about 8,000 men, besides a great many wounded. Buonaparte has left Strasburgh; he fled through Durlach on the 15th, and was expected at Stutgard the same day; from whence he was expected to proceed to Munich.

When Oporto was captured by the British, there were, it is believed, in the harbour, 18 ships with 3000 pipes of gunpowder on board. The ministers have ordered that no sugars should be brought to England from Martinique, except for exportation.

BOSTON, JUNE 1.

Massachusetts Election.

AGREEABLY to ancient custom and the constitution of the State, the general court were yesterday assembled, and the two legislative branches organized for the dispatch of business.

In the senate, the officers elected were, the hon. Harrison Gray Otis, as president, and Nathaniel Coffin, Esq. secretary. The whole number of votes was 38, of which Mr. Otis had 20—and Mr. Coffin 21, and were pronounced to be elected. Mr. Pope, a federal member, elected from Plymouth county, absent by sickness. Mr. Benjamin Homan was the democratic candidate for secretary.

In the house, the hon. Timothy Bigelow was chosen speaker, and Nicholas Tillinghast, Esq. clerk. The whole number of votes was 576, of which Mr. Bigelow had 306 federal votes, and Mr. Tillinghast 309, and were declared to be elected. The following is the statement:

For Speaker.	
Mr. Bigelow (federal)	306
Mr. Morton (democratic)	269
Mr. Story,	1
	576

For Clerk.	
Mr. Tillinghast (federal)	309
Mr. C. P. Summer (democratic)	262
Scattering,	5

The two branches were then joined by the executive and council, and escorted in procession to the rev. Mr. Emerson's meeting-house by the Independent Cadets, where an animated and highly patriotic discourse was pronounced before them by the rev. Dr. Osgood. At the close of the religious exercise, the procession returned to the state-house; the two branches again assembled, and after appointing a committee to count and report the votes for governor and lieutenant governor, with a request that they would set in the afternoon. Adjourned until nine o'clock this morning.

The result of our late elections has turned out more favourable than was expected.—Massachusetts may now emphatically be said to stand erect, and to rest the arms of her political safety on the firm basis of the people's choice. [Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 3.

There is no truth in the report of an arrival in the Delaware from Bourdeaux, as stated in the Aurora of this morning. A gentleman passenger in the Active, from St. Bartholomews, says, that he was captured on his passage from Bourdeaux, which port he left about the 1st of May, at which time there was great rejoicing on account of the news of France and Austria having concluded a strict alliance, the latter power giving two of her principal ports as a security for the faithful performance of the compact. This report, (which we are far from believing) probably gave rise to the paragraph in the Aurora.

The United States sloop of war Wasp, on Saturday last, was struck with lightning.—The mainmast was partly shivered to pieces—the greater part of the crew felt the shock, but providently no lives were lost. She comes up to the city to-day, to be repaired.

SAVANNAH, (GEO.) MAY 23.

A brig belonging to Baltimore, called the Nancy White, captain Murphy, arrived in the river last Sunday afternoon, from St. Jago, with 138 French passengers (94 whites and 44 people of colour, men, women and children) who have been compelled to abandon that place in consequence of the recent proclamation of the governor of Cuba. Application was made yesterday to the city council for permission to land the people of colour, and refused. We understand, however, that a letter from Mr. Rogers, the American consul at St. Jago, stating the situation of these unfortunate people, and soliciting for them some indulgence, has been forwarded to the governor of this State.

We believe it not in the power of the executive to grant indulgence in such cases, the admission of people of colour from abroad being now prohibited by the constitution of the United States.

CHARLESTON, MAY 26.
IMPORTANT.

We have the pleasure of informing the public, that a gentleman, a member of the association for cultivating the Cochineal, has produced to us upwards of one thousand insects of the real Cochineal alive, and natives of this State. They are left at Dr. Moser's, in Broad-street, for the inspection of the curious and well wishers to the prosperity of Carolina, who will there have an opportunity of contrasting them with the Mexican Cochineal, and see how far they surpass it in beauty of colour. We have further the satisfaction of informing the public, that these insects abound in the State; and that their quality have been pronounced by a chymist far to exceed those imported; and it is his opinion, that a few years will give us as great a superiority in that invaluable dye, as we now possess in our cotton.

WASHINGTON CITY, JUNE 5.

It is with sensations of painful regret that we announce the sudden death of FRANCIS MALBONE, Esq. a senator from the State of Rhode-Island. He dropped down yesterday on his way to attend Divine Service at the capitol, and immediately expired.

Francis Malbone, Esq. died suddenly yesterday morning, near the capitol. The following are the circumstances of his death as related by Mr. Potter, who was present when the unfortunate circumstance took place.

Messrs. Malbone, Potter and Baylies, were walking together—they stopped and leaned on the railing near the capitol. Mr. Malbone, then in apparent health, observed, that if they came there again next winter, they must live nearer the capitol, or engage a coach to bring them up daily; as he felt that it would be too much to walk every day, especially in winter weather; they had but just finished speaking, when Mr. Potter, his head being turned from Mr. Malbone, heard him fall; he turned towards him and found him on his face on the ground. He raised him up, with the assistance of Mr. Baylies, but no signs of life were perceivable. He was quite dead! [North Am.]

EASTON, JUNE 6.

On Friday last came on the trial of Joseph James Harris Caulk, before the county court in this town, on an indictment for the murder of John Roberts, which occupied the day, and until 11 o'clock at night, at which hour the jury retired, who in less than an hour returned their verdict of GUILTY. On Saturday, a little after 11 o'clock, the prisoner was brought into court, when Judge EARLE pronounced sentence of Death!

Important Discovery.

The range of cliffs lying along the Mississippi river, about 15 miles below the city of Natchez, which mass of earth has often attracted the admiration of the traveller, and amused the speculations of the philosopher, without a distant expectation of any real advantage to our country. But accident (the source of many important events for the benefit of mankind) has discovered this great mass of earth to be Ochre, of various hues and colours. The discovery was made by an enterprising Yankee, who had a large quantity of it carried to Boston, which proved equal to any imported from Europe, and remunerated him handsomely for his labour and risk. The prominent colours as yet discovered of this great mass of ochre are, white, yellow, purple and red, all of which have been found of an excellent quality. Here we see how nature distributes her good things, and how partially it often operates—this great bed of earth might have enriched many poor families, but the proprietors, we understand, are Mr Farrar & Mr. C'airborne, two of the richest planters in the Mississippi territory. This, however, will not lessen the great profit which will result to our country from this discovery.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Cincinnati (Ohio) dated in April last, to his friend in Philadelphia.

"For the last nine months, our seasons have been unlike any thing hitherto known in this country. No thunder during the summer, but it was frequent and loud in the winter, accompanied with vivid lightning.—Indeed we had every kind of weather during that period; sometimes, but not often cold; sometimes warm, at other times heavy rains, some snow, and plenty of hail with high winds. The rain fell in torrents—and forced the rivers and creeks over their banks.—Great damage was done by repeated inundations. Mills and houses were swept away, and much live stock were drowned. Twice the Ohio threatened to lay this town under water. The spring has proved very wet and cold. From what has happened, I prognosticate a dry and hot summer. I ought to have added here, some phenomena which appeared in the winter. The first was four Mock Suns, surrounding the real luminary: There at night came four Mock Moons, connected with the real Moon, by bars, or streaks.—Some few weeks after, about 2 o'clock in the morning, (weather intensely cold,) the Moon shone with uncommon splendor and darted forth a radiance of eight distinct parts, each part composed of an assemblage of the most vivid tints extending twice the diameter of the Moon, and losing itself in a dark cloud."

Specie has become so scarce in Austria, in consequence of the reports of a war, that a ducat in gold was eagerly bought at 13 florins in bank notes.—When paper is at par the value of a ducat is 4 1-2 florins.

FOR SALE.

A STRONG handsome young healthy woman of colour, who can spin, cook, wash and iron-well. Inquire of the Printers. June 7, 1809. 2

NEW GOODS.

THE subscribers inform their Friends and the Public generally, that they have just received an Assortment of GOODS from Philadelphia, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and daily expect from New-York a supply of INDIA GOODS, and American manufactured LINEN, brown and white—All of which they offer low for Cash, and to punctual customers on a short credit. RIDGELY & WEEMS. Annapolis, May 1, 1809.

JOHN WELLS, CHYMIST AND DRUGGIST, INFORMS his friends, and the public in general, that he has on hand, in addition to an extensive assortment of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, the following articles: Genuine Milk of Roses, Double distilled Lavender Water, Eu de Millieur, Essence of Bergamot, Do. of Lemon, Violet, Cowslip and Windfor Soaps, Pomatum, in Pots; Tooth Powder, Lip Salve, Court Plaster, Perfian Lotion, and Genuine Oil Worm seed. With a general assortment of LEE'S and other PATENT MEDICINES. Annapolis, June 5, 1809. 2

STATE OF MARYLAND, sc. Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, May 2d, 1809.

ON application, by petition, of AUGUSTINE GAMBRILL, executor of the last will and testament of STEVENS GAMBRILL, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette. JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of STEVENS GAMBRILL, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the twenty-second day of November next, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this second day of May, 1809. AUGUSTINE GAMBRILL, Executor.

STATE OF MARYLAND. Charles County, Orphans Court, May 4, 1809.

ON application, by petition, of TERESA C. REDMOND, administratrix of MATTHIAS REDMOND, late of Charles county, deceased, it is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette. HUMPHREY BARNES, Reg. Wills for Charles county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, THAT the subscriber, of Charles county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of MATTHIAS REDMOND, late of Charles county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the fourth day of November next, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this fourth day of May, 1809. TERESA C. REDMOND, Adm'x of MATTHIAS REDMOND.

BOARDING HOUSE. THE subscriber having taken that large and commodious Boarding-House, formerly occupied by Capt. Thomas, in the city of Annapolis, takes this method of soliciting public patronage, as he is determined that nothing shall be wanting on his part to give satisfaction to those who may favour him with their custom. WILLIAM BREWER. Annapolis, May 9, 1809.

TO BE RENTED, And possession given on the 15th December next, THE FARM now occupied by Mr. WILLIAM EURICKSON, on the north side of Severn, containing about 290 acres. It is unnecessary to describe the said land, as all persons disposed to rent, will view the premises. For terms apply to the subscriber, in Annapolis, or Mr. JAMES BOONE, adjoining the land. NICHOLAS J. WATKINS. Annapolis, May 29, 1809. 3