

BRITISH AMERICA.

Parliament of Lower Canada, May 3.

MESSAGE from the legislative council, announcing the concurrence of their vote to the bill to continue the act therein mentioned, for making a temporary provision for the regulation of trade between a province and the U. States of America land or inland navigation.

NEW-YORK, MAY 31.

The two British frigates before are the *Clampus* and *Eurydice*, dispatched here by Admiral Warren, to warn British vessels from entering our ports, as they would be seized under the non-intercourse law. The admiral had not then heard of a settlement of our differences. On Tuesday they boarded the *Spica*, from Havana, and treated the captain and passengers very politely. They asked neither for a muster of the men, nor a sight of the ship's papers.

JUNE 1.

Extract of a letter from Canton, dated January 9, received by the Projector.

"The ship *Jenny*, capt. Dorr, of Boston, arrived below from the *Fejes-Island*, and a supercargo came up last evening. The ship is detained below by the British, under the pretence of her having traded with the Spaniards.—The *Jenny* brings the disagreeable intelligence that the brig *Eliza*, capt. Grey, belonging to Messrs. Brown and Jones, is cast away on one of those islands, where two of the hands were killed. The brig had on board a considerable sum in specie, nearly the whole of which was saved.—The *Jenny* took capt. G. and the remainder of his crew to Guam, a Spanish settlement on one of the Ladrone islands, where captain G. was plundered of his money, &c. under pretence of having, during his voyage, assisted the British."

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 31.

We are happy to be able to state that the *Ship Favourite*, from St. Jago de Cuba, contradicts the report, in our paper of yesterday, of a massacre of the French at that place. Forty passengers came out in the *Favourite*.

A letter from the Havana of the 6th inst. states, that the St. Paulo man of war was to sail immediately from La Vera Cruz for Cadix with eleven millions of dollars, on account of Ferdinand Septimo.

Advices from the Canary Islands state, that all the regular troops and militia that could be spared, were embarking for Cadix.

JAMAICA, APRIL 15.

The Spanish schooner *Neutra Senora de las Clarines*, Juan J. Borges, master, put into Montego Bay on the 20th ult. having sprung a leak. She was 13 days from La Vera Cruz, bound to Maracaibo, with flour and specie, and will proceed for her place of destination as soon as repaired. She reports, that a vessel from Old Spain to Havana spoke the *San Justa*, of 74 guns, from whom she learnt that the Viceroy of Mexico, being put on board that vessel at La Vera Cruz a prisoner, to answer to his government for some charges preferred against him, gained over the captain, who agreed to carry her into a French port; but the master, obtaining information of this design, with the assistance of the other officers and crew, seized both captain and Viceroy, and hung them at the yard-arms as traitors to their country. The *San Justa* had on board fourteen millions of dollars.

BALTIMORE, MAY 29.

Captain Finney, arrived at Charleston, in the *Ship Philadelphia*, 20 days from St. Jago de Cuba, states, that 2 days before he sailed the allotted time for foreigners to quit the island had expired; in consequence of which, many Frenchmen who were unable to get away had been massacred by the populace. Sixty-two passengers came in the *Philadelphia*.

JUNE 2.

Arrived, *Schr. Anne*, Theohold, 12 days from Havana.—Left there 20th May, about 100 sail of American vessels, among them *Schr. Sally*, Towers, for Baltimore, in a few days.—*Ship Grand Seigneur*, for do. in 18 or 20 days.—Flour 16 and 17 dollars, duty 8 1-2, full sale.—The report of the massacre of the French at Havana, St. Jago, and throughout the island, is too true, it was supposed the mob was excited by some designing characters for the purpose of plundering and forcing the unfortunate victims to sell large property for almost nothing—the only mode of safety these unfortunate people could find was to fly on board the American vessels—men, women, and children. It was a fortunate circumstance so many vessels happened there, as they received numbers of them.

Also, *Schr. Wm. and Susan*, Tyler, 15 days from St. Barts. Spoke a Spanish ship from Cadix for Porto-Rico, who said he left an English fleet in the harbour of Cadix.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1809.

ELECTION OF GOVERNOR.

THE Legislature, on Monday last, elected *Edward Lloyd*, Esquire, Governor of the State of Maryland.

SENATE OF MARYLAND.

On Monday last the Senate of this state appointed *John Moores*, Esquire, of Harford county, a member of that body, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of *William Smithson*, Esquire, and *Robert Bowie*, Esq. of Prince-George's county, in the room of *Leonard Covington*, Esq. appointed a lieutenant-colonel of dragoons in the army of the United States.

From the Aurora of June 3.

VERY LATE FROM FRANCE.

A vessel arrived in the Delaware, which left Bourdeaux, May 2, by which it is said advices have been received of the determination of peace instead of war which impended.—That the maritime ports and territory of Austria on the Adriatic, have been ceded to France, and a treaty offensive and defensive, concluded between France and Austria.

Should this information prove true, the convention of delegates from all the civilized nations, so long contemplated, to form a determined code of law of nations, and for establishing a perpetual peace, cannot be very remote; perhaps the new infatuation of the emperor of the Turks may, for a short time, impede it; but Turkey could not resist 13 weeks against the combination of Russia, Austria and France; and the head quarters of the French army of Dalmatia is not more than 400 miles from the Turkish capital.

CONGRESS.

SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Monday, May 29.

The president laid before the senate, a letter from Mr. Smith, senator from the state of Maryland, stating that he was appointed by the executive of that state, a senator in conformity with the constitution, until the next meeting of the legislature; that this meeting will take place on the 5th of June; and requesting the determination of the senate as to the question, whether an appointment under the executive of Maryland, to represent that state in the senate of the U. States, will or will not cease on the first day of the meeting of the legislature thereof.

Ordered, that the consideration thereof be postponed till to-morrow.

Tuesday, May 30.

Mr. Pope offered the following resolution: Resolved, That a committee be appointed to inquire whether it be expedient at this time to pass a law for taking the census of the inhabitants of the U. States and territories thereof.

The senate resumed the consideration of the letter from Mr. Smith, of Maryland, communicated yesterday.

On motion by Mr. Giles,

Ordered, That the further consideration thereof be postponed to the 5th June next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Wednesday, May 31.

Mr. Bacon laid on the table the following resolution, which was ordered to be printed.

Resolved, That the secretary of the treasury be directed to prepare and report to this house, at their next session, a plan for the application of such means as are within the houses of congress, for the purpose of protecting and fostering the manufactures of the United States, together with a statement of the several manufacturing establishments which have been commenced, the progress which has been made in them, and the success with which they have been attended, and such other information as, in the opinion of the secretary, shall be material in exhibiting a general view of the manufactures of the U. States.

GOLD.

Two lumps of pure virgin gold have been lately found in ploughing up a cornfield near Spottsylvania Court House, in the state of Virginia, which together weighed 9 oz. 4 dwt.—when melted, 8 oz. 15 dwt.—the deficiency is owing to the dirt only—no other material, &c. being in its composition. [Phil. paper.]

SHOCKING MURDER.

On Wednesday evening last, a bound girl belonging to Judge *Graff*, committed a most inhuman murder on her new born babe. The circumstances, according to her own confession, are too shocking to relate. The girl's name is *Mary Meloy*. She is only 16 years of age, and has been generally of good behaviour; she is committed to prison. [Lancaster Journal.]

Legislature of Maryland.

JUNE SESSION, 1809.

Being the second Session of this Assembly.

MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1809.

HIS excellency the governor for the time being, having, by his proclamation, convened the legislature of this state on the fifth day of this instant, the following members appeared, viz.—For Saint-Mary's county, *William Hebb* and *Thomas Blakistone*, Esquires; for Kent county, *Unit Angier*, *Richard Brice*, *James Welch* and *William Moffit*, Esquires; for Anne-Arundel county, *Charles D. Hodges*, *John S. Belt*, *Osborn Williams* and *Richard Merriken*, Esquires; for Calvert county, *Thomas Reynolds*, *Thomas Blake*, *Joseph Ireland* and *Richard Graham*, Esquires; for Charles county, *Philip Stuart*, *Henry H. Chapman*, *Clement Dorsey* and *John Parnham*, Esquires; for Baltimore county, *Tobias E. Stanbury*, *George Harryman*, *Beale Randall* and *Moses Brown*, Esquires; for Talbot county, *Samuel Stevens*, jun. *John Edmondson*, *David Kerr* and *William E. Seth*, Esquires; for Somerset county, *Thomas Bayly*, *Levin Winder*, *John Gale* and *John Cottman*, Esquires; for Dorchester county, *Joseph Eannalls*, *Solomon Frazier*, *Robert Dennis* and *Edward Griffith*, Esquires; for Cecil county, *George E. Mitchell*, *James L. Porter* and *Edward H. Veazey*, Esquires; for Prince-George's county, *George Page*, *Charles S. Perry*, *John C. Herbert* and *Josias F. Beall*, Esquires; for the city of Annapolis, *John Muir* and *James Boyle*, Esquires; for Queen-Anne's county, *Daniel C. Hopper*, *John E. Spencer*, *Thomas Wright*, of Solomon, and *Solomon Scott*, Esquires; for Worcester county, *George Hayward*, *Ephraim K. Wilson*, *Thomas N. Williams* and *Jesse Bennett*, Esquires; for Frederick county, *George Baer*, *John Hanson*, *Thomas Francis Brown*, *Sappington* and *John Thomas*, Esquires; for Harford county, *John Forwood*, *John Streett*, *John Sanders* and *Elijah Davis*, Esquires; for Caroline county, *Peregrine F. Bayard*, *Peter Willis*, *Richard Hughlett* and *John Young*, Esquires; for the city of Baltimore, *Robert Stewart* and *Theodorick Bland*, Esquires; for Washington county, *William Gabby*, *William Downey* and *John Bowles*, Esquires; for Montgomery county, *William Carroll*, *Henry Chew Gaither*, *Samuel Thomas*, jun. and *Hezekiah Veatch*, Esquires; for Allegany county, *Levi Hilleary*, *William M'Mahon* and *John Reid*, Esquires.

The honourable *Levin Winder*, Esquire, took his seat in the chair.

The following message was read:

By the House of Delegates, June 5, 1809. Gentlemen of the Senate,

This house, having a sufficient number of members to form a quorum, are ready to proceed on the business for which the general assembly has been called.

And, on motion, the question was put, That the words "for which the general assembly has been called," be stricken out?

The yeas and nays being required appeared as follow:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. *Angier*, *Brice*, *Welch*, *Moffit*, *Hodges*, *Belt*, *O. Williams*, *Merriken*, *Stanbury*, *Harryman*, *Randall*, *Brown*, *Stevens*, *Kerr*, *Seth*, *Mitchell*, *Porter*, *Veazey*, *Boyle*, *Hopper*, *Spencer*, *Wright*, *Scott*, *Streett*, *Sanders*, *Bayard*, *Willis*, *R. Stewart*, *Bland*, *Gabby*, *Downey*, *Bowles*.—32.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. *Hebb*, *Blakistone*, *Reynolds*, *Blake*, *Ireland*, *Graham*, *P. Stuart*, *Chapman*, *Dorsey*, *Parnham*, *Edmondson*, *Bayly*, *Gale*, *Cottman*, *Eannalls*, *Frazier*, *Dennis*, *Griffith*, *Page*, *Perry*, *Herbert*, *Beall*, *Muir*, *Hayward*, *Wilson*, *T. N. Williams*, *Bennett*, *Baer*, *J. H. Thomas*, *Sappington*, *J. Thomas*, *Forwood*, *Davis*, *Hughlett*, *Young*, *Carroll*, *Gaither*, *S. Thomas*, *Veatch*, *Hilleary*, *M'Mahon*, *Reid*.—42.

So it was determined in the negative.

The question was then put, That the house agree to the message? Resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate delivers the following message:

By the Senate, June 5, 1809.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

The senate, having formed a quorum, are ready to proceed to business. They propose to go into the election of a governor immediately, and have appointed Mr. *Thomas B. Dorsey* and Mr. *Lloyd Dorsey* on the part of the senate, to join the gentlemen to be named by your house, to examine the ballots.—*Edward Lloyd*, Esquire, is put in nomination by this house.

By order, T. ROGERS, clk.

Which was read.

Also the following letter:

ANNAPOLIS, 5 June, 1809.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

I FEEL it my duty to apologise to you, as the representatives of the people, for my resignation of the office of Governor of the state of Maryland, whereby you, agreeably to the constitution, have been called together to

appoint a person to fill the vacancy occasioned by my resignation.

The death of judge *Tilghman* having caused a vacancy on the bench in the district in which I resided, and I being recommended to that place, from the delicacy of my situation and a persuasion that my revolutionary services; my long and respectable standing at the bar, my political integrity, tested by your appointment of me as a senator of the United States, and repeated appointments of me as governor of the state of Maryland, with your council's personal knowledge of the integrity of my administration, would have been happily recollected, and that that, with the sacrifice of my profession in the public service, would have placed me on such grounds, that I flattered myself I should have no serious competitor for the appointment of a judge, I felt it a duty to my family, whose interests had sacrificed in the public service, as well as to the council, who by illiberal politics might be blamed for the call of the legislature, to take that blame to myself, I therefore, without the knowledge of any members of the council, determined to resign, which I did on the sixth day of May last.

You will here, gentlemen, see that I have no desire to retire from the public service, but more permanently to serve them in the character of a judge, nor no design to create unnecessary trouble or expense, for I conscientiously believed, under the injunctions of the constitution, I should certainly be appointed the judge, however in this I have been disappointed, and in that I shall be gratified if the public shall be better served.

To men of liberality, I know the extent of the session, whereby a small portion of the public treasure will be distributed among the public servants for constitutional services, will not be regarded; and I hope and trust, that the convention of the legislature at this happy crisis in the annals of America, when one of the most powerful of the nations of Europe has been conquered by a pacific and wise policy, and not by the blood of our citizens, tax principally paid by the poor, whereby America has been taught her strength, will have the happy effect of leading you, gentlemen, to the most pleasing congratulations on the occasion, and that a celebration of the crisis that gave freedom to the ocean, will take place, when, I hope, the standard of party, that bare to social intercourse, will be struck for ever, and the standard of patriotism erected in its stead, and that the American people may hence be an united, and consequently, a happy and invincible nation.

I shall feel peculiar pleasure, under existing circumstances, in a scrupulous examination of my conduct as chief magistrate, particularly in the exercise of the power to pardon, by an examination of the documents on which I acted; as far as they were committed to writing, they will be found regularly filed in the executive department, and will place my conduct on the ground on which it ought to stand. And as infallibility is not the prerogative of man, I confidently trust, that any errors that I may have committed will be found on the side of mercy, and will be ascribed to the weakness of the head, and not to the depravity of the heart, as my conscience whispers me, that the recording angel has already inscribed the purity of my administration on the tablets of Heaven. The report of the executive will shew you the execution of those duties required of us by law.

Permit me now, Gentlemen, to congratulate you on the restoration of commerce, and on the pleasing prospect of a happy accommodation of our differences with Great-Britain, and to return you my most grateful acknowledgments for the repeated honours conferred on me by your honourable body; and with prayers for your happiness here, and safe return to the bosom of your respective families, to prefer to you the assurances of my very great respect.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your most Obedient Servant,

ROBERT WRIGHT.

Which was read.

The message passed by this house was sent to the senate by the clerk.

*Jesse Tomlinson*, Esq. a delegate for Allegany county, appeared, and took his seat in the house.

The following message was read, agreed to and sent to the senate by the clerk.

By the House of Delegates, June 5, 1809.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We have received your message of this day, and are ready to go into the election of a governor immediately, and have appointed Mr. *Chapman* and Mr. *Spencer* on the part of the house, to examine the ballots. No person is put in nomination by this house in addition to the one nominated by you.

By order, J. BREWER, clk.

Ordered, That five hundred copies of the letter from Robert Wright, Esq. the late governor, to the legislature, be printed for the use of the members.

The house having qualified agreeably to the constitution and form of government proceeded to the choice of a governor; the ballots being deposited in the ballot box, the gentlemen named to stake retired, and after some time returned and reported, that *Edward Lloyd*, Esquire, had a majority of votes,