

REVOLUTION IN BOTANY BAY.

From a Kingston (Yam.) paper of March 4. The ship Friendship, Smith, from the Cape of Good Hope, is arrived at Falmouth. The Friendship sailed from Table Bay on the 6th of January, leaving her majesty's ships Powerful, Rajshable, Gulloden, Racehorse, Sea Flower and Camel, (store ship,) with the Phoenix and Wexford homeward bound Indiamen; also the ship Rose, Brooks, from New South Wales, Botany Bay, where appeared the inhabitants had dispossessed by Bligh of his authority, and appointed Mr. Johnson acting governor. On board the Rose were two gentlemen, lieut. Simmonds, of the navy, and a Mr. Blackstone, charged with dispatches from Mr. Johnson on the arrival of the Rose at the Cape they were both put under arrest by order of the gov. there—Lieut. Simmonds was put on board the Powerful man of war, and Mr. Blackstone confined on shore, and their papers taken from them. It was reported at the Cape, that the inhabitants of the Isles of France and Bourbon, (1,800 of whom were said to have died for want of provisions, owing to the ports being strictly blockaded,) had made some offers to the British government at the Cape, in consequence of which a cutter had been dispatched to England in January.

REVOLUTION AT BANTAM. [A Dutch Settlement in the East Indies.]—Order of the Day.

Camp at Ceram, four miles above Bantam, Nov. 24, 1808. The 14th inst. the marshal and governor, Daendels, received intelligence that on the 11th inst. at Bantam, governor Du Puy, Lieut. Khol, one corporal, and three Malay soldiers, had been murdered in a most barbarous manner in the fort of the Sultan, and orders had been given to kill the commanding officer and the Europeans stationed at Anjab, but who however fortunately made their escape. Immediately 200 grenadiers, a company of flying artillery, 125 cannoners on foot with two heavy howitzers, 700 infantry, and 60 cavalry, were ordered to march thither, which notwithstanding the difficulties they had to encounter by bad roads, and the crossing of deep lawns and rapid rivers, was effected in a very short time. The Sultan, who had been unfaithful to his engagements, and counteracted the interest of the Dutch government, had been incited to this malicious act by his first minister, whose removal from office the marshal had effected. On the 19th the marshal summoned the deluded prince to surrender, which he refused to do. On the 21st fort Diamond was surrounded by the military, and taken possession of without resistance. The Sultan was confined in his palace by himself, with his wives and concubines, deserted by his soldiers. The next day, the marshal incorporated the kingdom of Bantam with the other possessions belonging to his majesty the king of Holland, and the eastern part joined to the circumjacent country of Batavia; the Lampon is to be never separated, and the remainder given to the brother of the former sultan, who is to consider himself as a subject of his majesty the king of Holland, and to be under the control of the new governor. The Sultan is presently arrested, in the fort of Speelwyck, since he will be transported and banished to Sboyna. On the 24th the first minister of the deposed Sultan, who had been the cause of all the mischief, was shot, and his body thrown into the river—wherewith the honour of the Dutch government being sufficiently vindicated, the marshal proclaimed a general amnesty. The jewels and most precious things are confiscated for the benefit of the government, and shall either be transported to Batavia, or remain here for further orders.

The revolution has broken out at Buenos Aires, in South America, under the celebration of the 25th of May, where he has declared his intention to shake off the dominion of Spain. He has been joined by numbers, and the governor of Paraguay, his brother-in-law, has likewise avowed the same cause. Gen. Beresford, the governor of Monte Viedo, is the person who has as yet dared to oppose the insurgents. [London pap.]

Arrived at Salem, ship Mary and Eliza, from Sumatra. Left the coast Dec. 18. There are Americans there. Two French frigates, and numerous French privateers on the coast, had been very successful against the Dutch country ships and had taken as many as 100. A Bengal man, and a king's brig (the largest) of 16 guns. They had in fact captured the whole west coast of Sumatra, so that insurance could not be effected. It was reported, that 6 French ships of war had arrived at Smatraung, in the island of Java, and Admiral Pellew, on the coast of Coromandel, was sitting away to look after them. Some of the natives, exasperated by the English governor, Parr, forced to leave his house in the night, took him from the house and massacred him, without doing any injury.

Disturbances at the Havana.

Arrived at Baltimore, the Spanish ship Sagunto, Ferera, 17 days from Havana. By this ship we learn, that a plan had been formed for the destruction of the French in the island; it is supposed it proceeded from the late unpleasant news, received from Spain. The actors consisted principally of blacks and the lower order of people. But it was happily quelled before it grew serious; by the constituted authorities, who dreading the consequences and apprehensive of their own ultimate safety, thought proper to put a stop to it in time. Our informant did not bear of more than three falling victims to the unbridled passions of the populace.—The U. S. brig Hornet, with gen. Wilkinson on board, arrived at Havana the day before the Sagunto failed, on her way to New-Orleans. The above is from the coffee-house books. We have since conversed with one of the passengers, who says, that several lives were lost at Havana, more than the three abovementioned, and among them two Spaniards; that the troops ordered out by the governor consisted of about 30 horsemen; that for 2 days all business was at a stand, and the people generally had retired to their houses; that a proclamation was issued by the governor forbidding more than 4 persons to assemble in the streets at night; and that he was informed, that an attempt to massacre the French was made on the same day at Matanzas, in which some lives were lost. Nothing new had been received from Spain. [N Am.]

Extract of a letter from the Havana, dated March 25

"Many troops have been sent into the country, headed by our first characters; and I repeat, I have no doubt tranquillity will be again restored. At least 2 or 300 of the plunders are in the prison, the forts, and on board the guard ship. Several of them will be hung, and all found guilty will be punished. The leaders of these villains assumed the names of Gen. Blake, Palafox, &c. Their intentions, it seems, were to plunder not only the city but the whole country. They are, thank God, stopped in their career, and many will meet the fate they have so well deserved."

By a letter from Havana, dated 25th March, (published at N. York) it appears, that the French were attacked in the country also. They were plundered of every thing they possessed. Fifteen were killed in town and a hundred in the country.

Massachusetts Election. Returns for Governor, from 400 towns—Gore, 44,908 Lincoln, 42,094

Present federal majority 2,814 There remains about 50 towns yet to be heard from.

The editor of the Aurora informs us that the agent in this country of the house of Baring & Co. London, furnished a Mr. Geo. M. Woolley, of New-York, with funds to load 14 vessels, which vessels went to sea in violation of the embargo, and have since arrived in England, said to be consigned to Sir Francis Baring, the present banker of the U. States in England. These must have been the vessels which failed from the city of Jersey, in defiance of the officers of the customs at New-York. [American.]

The British government has given orders for the building of 60 small ships of war, for a specific object; thirty of which are to be built at the out ports, and the rest at the dock yards at Deptford, and in the vicinity of London.

On the 25th of February gen. Beresford left Plymouth for Lisbon on a mission of great consequence.—It is said to be the organizing the Portuguese new levies in Portugal.

MARRIED, at Bellefield, on Tuesday evening, the 11th inst. by the rev. Mr. Judd, William Sudler, Esq; of Queen-Anne's county, to Miss Charlotte Mackubin, eldest daughter of James Mackubin, Esq; of Severn.

on Thursday evening last, by the rev. Mr. Compton, Mr. Nathan Lane, of Anne-Arundel county, to Miss Mary Williamson, of Calvert county.

DIED, at Batavia, on the 27th of Nov. last, William Cowell, a native of Boston, and captain in the Dutch navy.

PUBLIC SALE. THE subscriber offers for sale the dwelling-house and garden in the city of Annapolis, at present occupied by Mr. John Gibson. The house is commodious, and situated in one of the most healthy parts of the city. There are on the premises a coach-house, stable, ice-house and other convenient buildings. If this property be not previously sold by private contract, it will be exposed to public sale on Friday, the sixth of May next. HORATIO S. GIBSON. Annapolis, 18th April, 1809.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, March 27, 1809.

WHEREAS, in conformity with the provisions made by law, for the reimbursement of the Exchanged Six per Cent. Stock, created by the second section of the act, entitled, "An act supplementary to the act, entitled, An act making provision for the redemption of the whole of the public debt of the United States," passed on the 11th day of February, 1807, it has been determined by lot that the certificates of said stock, designated by the permanent numbers contained in the annexed Schedule, should be reimbursed on the first day of October next;

PUBLIC NOTICE. It is therefore given to the proprietors of the Certificates of Exchanged Six per Cent. Stock, created by the act aforesaid, and bearing the permanent numbers contained in the annexed Schedule, that the principal of the same, will, on surrender of the certificates, be paid on the first day of October, 1809, to the respective stockholders, or their legal representatives, or attorneys duly constituted, either at the Treasury or at the Loan-Office where the stock thus to be reimbursed may then stand credited to the proprietors thereof. It is further made known for the information of the parties concerned, that no transfers of the certificates of Exchange Stock bearing the permanent numbers, contained in the annexed Schedule, from the Books of the Treasury, or of any Commissioner of Loans, will be allowed after the first day of September next. And the interest on all the certificates contained in the said Schedule will cease and determine on the day preceding the day hereby fixed for the reimbursement thereof. ALBERT GALLATIN, Secretary of the Treasury.

SCHEDULE. Table with columns of numbers: 8 16,153 29,130 40,097 40,350; 10 16,160 29,131 40,100 40,373; 1,002 16,164 29,133 40,109 40,386; 4,003 16,167 29,142 40,121 40,391; 4,004 16,191 29,150 40,122 40,406; 5,008 16,197 29,161 40,127 40,410; 5,009 16,207 29,162 40,129 40,416; 5,025 16,212 29,164 40,130 40,419; 5,026 16,224 29,172 40,138 40,421; 5,028 16,226 29,188 40,140 40,422; 5,029 16,230 29,193 40,151 40,425; 5,038 16,236 29,199 40,154 40,424; 5,044 16,237 29,201 40,158 40,427; 10,006 16,247 29,202 40,161 40,430; 10,019 16,256 29,207 40,162 40,431; 10,020 16,257 29,211 40,168 40,436; 10,024 16,261 29,218 40,186 40,438; 10,039 16,267 29,222 40,195 40,442; 15,007 16,268 29,233 40,200 40,453; 15,013 16,286 29,236 40,204 40,456; 15,015 16,287 29,238 40,205 40,457; 15,020 16,288 29,241 40,208 40,467; 15,021 16,294 29,245 40,230 40,493; 15,023 26,002 39,001 40,237 40,494; 15,024 26,007 39,003 40,242 40,495; 15,031 26,009 39,012 40,246 40,504; 15,032 26,011 39,013 40,259 40,506; 16,007 26,012 39,019 40,264 50,004; 16,018 27,002 39,020 40,270 53,007; 16,017 27,004 39,021 40,278 53,010; 16,018 29,002 39,022 40,283 53,014; 16,021 29,005 39,031 40,291 53,017; 16,024 29,006 39,032 40,292 53,023; 16,034 29,011 39,033 40,293 53,044; 16,050 29,016 39,039 40,297 53,045; 16,051 29,026 39,040 40,299 53,050; 16,059 29,053 39,043 40,301 53,052; 16,065 29,057 39,047 40,307 53,054; 16,069 29,061 39,056 40,308 54,003; 16,070 29,062 39,059 40,315 54,007; 16,074 29,063 39,061 40,318 54,015; 16,078 29,066 40,006 40,319 55,015; 16,087 29,070 40,008 40,320 55,017; 16,090 29,071 40,017 40,323 55,021; 16,094 29,074 40,020 40,326 55,032; 16,104 29,076 40,029 40,329 55,035; 16,109 29,079 40,034 40,332 55,038; 16,112 29,081 40,039 40,333 55,039; 16,115 29,082 40,046 40,335 55,040; 16,121 29,085 40,048 40,341 55,042; 16,122 29,094 40,053 40,342 55,045; 16,123 29,097 40,054 40,349 55,050; 16,124 29,101 40,063 40,351 55,054; 16,126 29,102 40,071 40,352 55,057; 16,129 29,119 40,072 40,356 55,062; 16,145 29,123 40,077 40,359 55,068; 16,146 29,126 40,082

A RUNAWAY. COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a mulatto man, who says he is a free man, and was manumitted by a certain Thomas Miles Roberts, and sold by him to William Smith, blacksmith; both of Fell's Point, Baltimore. He is a blacksmith by trade, of yellow complexion, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, well made, long wool, which he wears plaited, several scars on his forehead, and one on his right cheek, occasioned by a whipfaw; his cloathing an old fur hat, drab coloured cloth upper jacket, two calico under jackets, one white and one red and white linen shirt, blue cloth trousers, short yarn stockings and old shoes. His owner is desired to come and take him away, or he will be sold for his prison fees, and other expenses, according to law. JOSEPH M'CENEY, Sheriff of A. A. County.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, March 28, 1809.

WHEREAS, in conformity with the provisions made by law, for the reimbursement of the Exchange Six per Cent. Stock, created by the second section of the act, entitled, "An act supplementary to the act, entitled, An act making provision for the redemption of the whole of the public debt of the United States," passed on the 11th day of February, 1807, it has been determined by lot that the Certificates of said stock, designated by the permanent numbers contained in the annexed Schedule, should be reimbursed on the first day of January next;

PUBLIC NOTICE. It is therefore given to the proprietors of the Certificates of Exchanged Six per Cent. Stock, created by the act aforesaid, and bearing the permanent numbers contained in the annexed Schedule, that the principal of the same, will, on surrender of the certificates, be paid on the first day of January, 1810, to the respective stockholders, or their legal representatives, or attorneys duly constituted, either at the Treasury or at the Loan-Office where the stock thus to be reimbursed may then stand credited to the proprietors thereof. It is further made known for the information of the parties concerned, that no transfers of the Certificates of Exchange Stock bearing the permanent numbers contained in the annexed Schedule, from the Books of the Treasury, or of any Commissioner of Loans, will be allowed after the first day of September next. And the interest on all the certificates contained in the said Schedule will cease and determine on the day preceding the day hereby fixed for the reimbursement thereof. ALBERT GALLATIN, Secretary of the Treasury.

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NOTICE. ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN SNOWDEN, of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are required to produce them, legally authenticated, to the said estate, on or before the first day of April, 1809. RICHARD P. SNOWDEN, GERARD H. SNOWDEN, April 4, 1809.

A RUNAWAY. COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro woman calling FANNY, who says that she was set free by John Wood, of Calvert county. She is a female child with her about 10 months. Fanny appears to be about 26 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; her cloathing striped country cloth jacket and petticoat, cotton shift, old shoes and stockings. Her owner is desired to take her away, or she will be sold, as the law directs, for prison fees. JOSEPH M'CENEY, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county. March 6, 1809.