

results of the power of States; it ought to be recollected that no peace can be lasting which is not, at the same time, equitable and honourable to all parties.

(Signed) "CHAMPAGNY."

Paris, Nov. 28, 1808.

"The undersigned, his majesty's principal secretary of state for foreign affairs, has laid before the king, his master, the official note transmitted to him by Mr. Champagny, under date the 28th of Nov.

"The undersigned has received his majesty's express command not to take notice of any of the points or expressions, so highly injurious to his majesty, to his allies, and to the Spanish nation, with which is filled the official note transmitted by Mr. Champagny.

"His majesty wished to treat of peace; but of a peace which might have settled the respective interests of all the powers at war, upon principles of equal justice; and his majesty sincerely laments that his wishes should have been disappointed.

"But his majesty is determined not to abandon the cause of the Spanish nation, and of the legitimate monarchy of Spain; and the pretension of France, that the central supreme government, which acts in the name of his Catholic majesty, Ferdinand VII. shall be excluded from his negotiation, is of such a nature, that it cannot be admitted by his majesty, without conniving at a usurpation of which there is no precedent in the history of the world.

(Signed) "GEO. CANNING."

"London, Office of the Foreign Department, Dec. 9, 1808."

Our lord king Ferdinand VII. and, in his royal name, the central supreme board of government of the kingdom, has deemed it his duty to send to the court of London an ambassador extraordinary, to compliment the king of the united kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and to thank his Britannic Majesty for the generosity with which he comes to the assistance of the Spanish nation in her glorious exertions for the defence of the sovereignty and rights of her beloved monarch, and of her independence against the usurpation of the emperor of the French, and, taking into consideration the distinguished and eminent qualities of his excellency Don Pedro de Vallos, knight grand cross of the royal and distinguished order of Charles III. lord of the red chamber in ordinary, counsellor and the first secretary of state and dispatches, has elected him for this important mission, and appointed him its ambassador extraordinary to the court of London; and has, further resolved, that, in his absence, the business of the department shall be transacted by D. Martin de Garry, member and secretary of state and of general dispatches of the central supreme board of government of the kingdom.

Per the Bourdeaux, Law, arrived at New-York from an Extra Cadiz Gazette of 30th Jan. The Supreme Junta of government for the province of Catalonia advise the following official intelligence. The army under the command of the Marquis de Lazan, with the Aragonese troops, and those under the orders of the commandant Clares, have had the good fortune to put to flight a body of French, and to shut them up in Figueras and Rosas, bringing from them a quantity of warlike stores and provisions, with some prisoners and number of cannon, and had placed themselves in such a situation as to cut off all communication between the fort of Figueras with the fort of Rosas, and also with France. The grand army commanded by gen. Reding had reunited in Tarragona since their last defeat. It was composed of 24,000 men, comprising a regiment of Swifs, who had arrived from Mallorca, and 3,500 men from Valencia. This interesting intelligence is published in consent of the supreme government.

Latest News from Spain. Captain Domingo Brito, of the Spanish garrison Dolores, alias Ferdinand the VIIth, fled at Philadelphia from Lagaira, touched at Porto Rico, which place she left on the 1st of March.—Capt. B. informs, that the day before he left Porto Rico, a Spanish frigate had arrived in 26 days from Cadiz, which confirmed the news formerly published, of the success of the Spanish armies and of the fair of the patriots—that they had beaten the enemy in every action down to the foot of his sailing—and this news was further confirmed by the official Gazettes which had been brought.—The captain further informs, that gen. Masfena lost an arm, and was killed in the breast, leaving on the field of battle, 16,000 men in killed and wounded, and 14,000 prisoners.

Capt. B. further informs, that the province of Caracas remained perfectly tranquil—and that the British frigate had just arrived, having on board the governor of Curacao, Sir James Smith, and suite—who was received with the most cheerful and enthusiastic at La Guayra from whence he proceeded to Caracas to the captain gen.

[Political Reg.]

FROM ENGLAND. Arrived at New-York, on Thursday evening last, the British ship Hercules, Captain Laughson, in 75 days from Liverpool. The Editor of the Mercantile Advertiser received a file of London papers to the evening of the 11th of January, two weeks later than any direct advices from that quarter previously received.—These papers are solely occupied with Spanish news, which reaches only to the last of December, and with the proceedings of the American Congress on the Non-Inter-course and Embargo Bill.

The British Packet, with the December & January mails, sailed from Falmouth for New-York on the 10th of January.

Mr. Ingraham, a passenger in the Hercules, is the bearer of dispatches from the American Minister, at the Court of St. James, to the Secretary of State.

An intelligent passenger in the Bourdeaux, from Cadiz, informs us, that at the time of sailing, Feb. 1, nothing very decisive of the Spanish cause had occurred. The accounts from the theatre of war were various and contradictory. The inhabitants of Cadiz were in daily expectation of the arrival of the Junta in that city, and were making immense preparations to resist the French, if, unfortunately, their armies should penetrate to the city. The bridge had been taken down, and a strong fort established. The French and Spanish ships of war laying at the port were equipping, to be in a state of readiness to meet any exigency. Perfect tranquillity prevailed.

A vessel was to sail from Cadiz for this port about the 20th of February.

[Phil. Gaz.]

A letter from Spain states, that the military and private property which the French had plundered at Madrid, was sufficient to load 1500 wagons.

From a late French paper.

The last remittance which was made at Konigsburg, for the payment of contributions, was accompanied by the service of gold of the King of Prussia, which was deposited in the office of Maritime Commerce. It is stated that it will be coined. It was weighed the 4th of November under the inspection of a special commission. They had not agreed upon its value. Mr. Nicholai, in his description of Berlin & Potsdam, estimates it at 2,500,000 rix dollars, about 10,000,000 of francs.

It is stated in the Paris Moniteur, that independently of the formidable army which Buonaparte has in Spain, he has the following disposable forces:—

Army of the Rhine, (in Germany),	100,000
At Boulogne,	100,000
In Naples,	100,000
In Dalmatia,	30,000
In Italy,	20,000

350,000

The armies in Spain are known to amount to	480,000
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830,000

Of these 100,000 are cavalry.

The Moniteur says, if these are not enough, they can be augmented; and that if a war should break out in Germany it cannot hinder the conquest of Spain and Portugal.

Election in New-Hampshire.

Result of the votes for Governor of New-Hampshire from 177 towns.

Smith, (federal)	15,098
Langdon, (democratic)	14,125

Majority 973

There are 21 towns and plantations to be heard from. The votes in those places in November last, were, Federal 589—Democratic 445.

[Con. Gaz.]

Extract of a letter from Port Royal, Jamaica, to a gentleman in Philadelphia, dated Feb. 16, 1809—handed to the editors of the Freeman's Journal.

"The united Spanish and British armies have been successful. The English commanded by sir John Moore, and the Spaniards by the Marquis Romana. Ney and Junot commanded the French. The French troops were defeated with the loss of 50,000 killed, wounded and taken prisoners. The Spaniards and British lost about 20,000 in all. The Nautilus, captain Perfait, had London papers two days later than the packet.

"The surrender of St. Domingo is daily expected, being in dreadful want of provisions, 1,200 sable insurgents had marched against them from Port-au-Prince, and the port was blockaded by some English vessels of war, a Spanish guarda costa, and two schooners.—The Polyphemus, (the flag ship,) and Tweed, sail to-morrow, said to be destined there."

The Merino breed of sheep has become numerous in the neighbourhood of New-Castle (Del.)—We observe the names of 28 gentlemen, who, on this account, forbid hunting on their enclosed grounds with dogs or guns.

[Eo. Post.]

FIRE AT RICHMOND. By a letter from Richmond, we learn, that on Monday morning, the 27th ultimo, a fire broke out in a hatter's shop, belonging to Mr. Marks, and destroyed upwards of a square of the best part of the town before it could be got under.

[Alex. Gaz.]

Accounts from Havana state, the Government had refused to receive Mr. Anderson in his character of American consul.

[Char. City Gaz.]

It is reported that all the extra cutters employed by the collector, by a late order of government, have been laid up, and their commanders and crews are discharged.

[N. Y. paper.]

Hartford, (Conn.) March 30.

During the last fortnight, the distemper lately so fatal in this city, has in a great measure subsided. No new cases have, to our knowledge, occurred, and no cases now exist that are considered dangerous.

York, (Pennsylvania,) March 25.

On Saturday evening last, between the hours of 7 and 9, Mr. Henry Young, of Hanover, York county, was murdered by a mulatto Frenchman, belonging to his own family, named John Charles. The deceased had been absent for several days—during his absence Charles formed the design of robbing him, and for this purpose bought a lock and key at the store of Mr. Wirt, he soon returned the lock and key and exchanged it for a smaller one—but it seems none of the keys would unlock deceased's desk, for, on Saturday evening Charles went to forcing the lock of the desk, deceased just returning caught him at his villany, and struck him with his horse whip. Charles then went out and procured a chisel, and returning with it, entered under his cloaths, was so insolent as to induce deceased to chastise him a second time with a wagon whip, upon which Charles gave deceased a mortal stab in the groin with the chisel. Charles possessing himself of the chisel proves his predetermination to make the use of it which he did. Mr. Young died of his wound on Tuesday evening. The mulatto after committing the horrid act, took deceased's horse and rode off—he was pursued and overtaken at Newmarket, Frederick county, and is now in the goal of this county.

John Charles came to Hanover but a short time since, and taking sick, ran into debt to his physician and others, which Mr. Young agreed to pay, and take him into his service until restitution should be made.—Thus has he fallen the victim to his benevolence.

Artillerists! Attention!

YOU are required to meet, in complete uniform, on SATURDAY next, the 8th inst. at 3 o'clock, P. M. at your usual ground, in front of Mr. SHAW'S.

JOHN MUIR, Capt.

April 4, 1809.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will sell, at public sale, on MONDAY, the first day of May next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, at the Farm of JOHN GWINN, Esquire, deceased, on Deep creek, in Anne-Arundel county,

ALL the personal estate of the said deceased at the said Farm; consisting of a number of valuable Negroes, Household Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Farming utensils.

The terms of sale are, for all sums under £. 10 the cash to be paid on the day of sale, and for all sums above £. 10 a credit of ten months will be given, the purchaser giving bond, with approved security, with legal interest thereon from the day of sale.

The sale to commence at 11 o'clock, and to be continued until the whole is sold.

The Farm may be rented, and immediate possession given.

TH: HARRIS, Jun. Adm'r.

April 4, 1809.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being anxious to settle his business in Annapolis, requests all persons indebted to him to settle their accounts with GEO. SHAW, by cash, or notes at a short date, and those to whom he may be indebted to present their accounts immediately. Peculiar circumstances render this notice necessary, and it is important to the subscriber that it should meet with attention. He will be necessitated to resort to legal measures against all defaulters.

THOS: SHAW, Frederick-town.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN SNOWDEN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are required to produce them, legally authenticated, those indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

RICHARD P. SNOWDEN, } dm'rs.  
GERARD H. SNOWDEN, }

April 4, 1809.

NAIL FACT AND GROCERY

THE subscribers have a stock on hand of NAILS, Iron and retail—Also, Corn, Br Pork, Butter, Lard, Brown dria Loaf Sugar and Crack Chocolate, Molasses, Cogniac Spirit, and a variety of other completes their assortment—CASH, produce or negotiable. They wish to purchase NEGRO BOYS, from 12 to 15. Wanted, a young man, a store, who can come well understand figures, and can write hand.

WHITTINGTON & C

N. B. Cash given for old Brass, Lead and Iron, or receipt for any of the above articles. Those who have notice to Wm. Whittington's (or will please look out, as he close his old business shortly. Annapolis, April 4, 1809.

PUBLIC SALE

Pursuant to a decree in the Chancery of Maryland, for dry Negroes, the property of LYLES, Esq. and appointed Trustee for making the same to public sale, at the house in Prince-George's county Anne, on MONDAY, the 11 next, if fair, if not fair, thereafter,

SUNDRY valuable Negro women, amongst which are two and Shoemakers.

The purchaser or purchasers with approved security, for purchase money, with interest in twelve months after the day

-RENJ. HODG

AT THE SAME TIME AN

Will be offered for Sale, sui Household and Kitchen Furni which are several valuable feat

ALSO

Some valuable Stock, consist Cattle and Sheep.

The sale to commence at 1 the property all to be sold with

April 4, 1809. BENJ

FOUND,

ABOUT the 15th of Dec between the Bodkin and Magotly river, a MAINSAIL, w to it. The owner may have it ag ing property and paying charge tion to the subscriber, living river.

JOHN STEPH

March 29, 1809. 1809

THIS IS TO GIVE N

THAT the subscriber, of county, hath obtained from court of said county, in Maryla administration on the personal estate of SEPH COWMAN, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claim said deceased are hereby warned the same, with the vouchers th subscriber, at or before the first tober next, they may otherwise excluded from all benefit of the Given under my hand this fifth 1809.

JOHN HALL, Adm

In CHANCERY, April

ORDERED, That the fa LOUIS C. GASSAWAY, to sale of the real estate of SMITH deceased, be ratified and confirmed, to the contrary be shown on or first day of June next, provide this order be inserted in the M zette three successive weeks bef day of May next.

The report states, that a lot without the city of Annapolis, houses thereon, sold for 625 dolla

True copy,

1809/6 NICHOLAS BR

Reg. Cur. Can.

TEN DOLLARS REW

FOR stopping and detaining a rigged sloop fashion, which sa formerly the property of Mr. L Baltimore—She is now, or was possession of, a certain William from circumstances I believe has an intention of going off with ing her—This is to forewarn all purchasing the said boat, as she bell and he has no authority from me i her, and to request all persons to st Cooke and Boat, so that I shall get and they shall receive the above re

ROBERT DUNW

April 4, 1809. 1809/6

RAGS.

Cash given for clean Linen RAGS.