full force and virtue.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That s, confignee or factor of fuch thip or vel to regulate the collection of duties on imel, shall, with the master, have given bond ports and tunnage," passed the second day of ith one or more sureties to the United March, one thousand seven hundred and at and cargo, that the vessel shall not leave may be examined, mitigated or remitted in the port without a clearance, nor shall, when like manner, and under the like conditions, leaving the port, proceed to any port or place regulations and restrictions, as are prescribed, in Great-Britain or France, or in the colonies authorifed and directed by the act, entitled, or dependencies of either, or in the actual " An act to provide for mitigating or remitreally engaged during the voyage in any trade accruing in certain cases therein mentioned," with fuch port, nor thall put any article on board of any other veffel, and that the thall feven hundred and ninety-feven, and made return to the United States (reasonable time perpetual by an act passed the eleventh day of being allowed for performing the voyage,) February, one thousand eight hundred. nor unless every other requisite and pro- committee of the whole on Monday next. vision of the second fection of the act, entitleo, " An act to enforce and make more effectual an act, entitled, An act laying an embargo on all ships and veffels in the ports and narbours of the United States, and the feeral acts supplementary thereto," shall bave been complied with. And the party or parties to the above mentioned bond hall-within a reasonable time after the date of the same, to be expressed in the said bond, produce to the collector of the diffrict from which the vessel shall have been cleared, a certificate of the landing of the fame, in the fame manner as is provided by law for the landing of goods exported with the privilege of drawback; on failure whereof, the bond shall be put in suit; and in every fuch fuit, judgment shall be given against the defendant or defendants, unless proof shall be produced of such relanding, or of loss at sea

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That To much of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbours of the United States, and of the feveral acts supplementary thereto, as compels vessels licenfed for the coasting trade, or boats either not masted, or not decked, to give bond and to load under the inspection of a revenue officer, or renders them liable to detention, merely on account of the nature of their car go (fuch provisions excepted as relate to diftricts adjacent to the territories, colonies or provinces of a foreign nation, or to veffels belonging or bound to fuch diffries,) be, and the same is hereby repealed, from and after the fourth day of March next : Provided however, That all penalties and forfeitures which shall have been previously incurred by any of the faid acts, or which may hereafter be incurred by virtue of the faid acts. on account of any infraction of so much of the said acts, as is not repealed by this act, shall be recovered and distributed in like manner as if the fame had continued in full force and virtue.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That during the continuance of fo much of the act laying an embargo on all thips and veffels in the ports and harbours of the United States, without which genius and science are given and of the leveral acts supplementary thereto, to man in vain. as is not repealed by this act, no vessel, li-- cenfed for the coafting trade, shall be allowed to depart from any port of the United States, or shall receive a clearance, nor shall it be lawful to put on board any such vessel any species of goods, wares or merchandise, unless a permit shall have been previously obtained from the proper collector, or from a drevenue officer, authorifed by the collector to grant fuch permits; nor unless the owner, warm and devoted attachment to liberty and confignee, agent or factor shall, with the the republic, the same Roman love of your master, give bond, with one or more fureties, country, her rights, her peace, her honour, to the United States, in a fum double the her prosperity. value of the vellel and cargo, that the vellel shall not proceed to any foreign port or place, and that the cargo shall be relanded in some port of the United States : Provided, That ie shall be lawful and sufficient in the case of any fuch veffel whose employment has been uniformly confined to rivers, bays and founds, within the jurifdiction of the United States, to give bond in an amount equal to one hundred and : fifty dollars, for each tun of faid wellel, with condition that fuch vellel shall. not, during the time limitted in the condition felves on your model, is the devout and earof the bond, proceed to any foreign port or place, or put any article on board of any other vestel, or be employed in any foreign trade.

Sec. 16: And he it further enacted, That

if any fhip or vellel shall, during the contimuance of fo much of the act laying an em. lector of the port of Bolton, has been approve, The votes were for German, (reps) 65-; Dargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and edby the senate-Yeas 25-Nays 7.

actual post slion of either, be, and the harbours of the United States, and of the leme is hereby repealed after the fourth day veral acts supplementary thereto, as is not re-March: Previded, That all penalties and pealed by this acts depart from any port of seitures which shall have been previously the United States without a clearance or percurred by virtue of fo much of the faid acts mit, or having given bond in the manner is repealed by this act, or which have been provided by law, fuch fhip or vellet, together may he ter be incurred by virtue of the with her cargo, shall be wholly forfeited; and id acts, on account of any infraction of the owner or owners, agent, freighter or face much of the said alls as is not repealed by tor master or commander of such ship or velois act, shall be recovered and distributed in sel, shall moreover, severally, sorfeit and pay ie manner as if the faid acts had continued a sum equalsto the value of the ship or vessel, and of the cargo put on board the fame

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That ring the continuance of lo much of the act all penalties and forfeitures ariling under ying an embargo on all ships and vessels in or incurred by virtue of this act, may be sued e ports and harbours of the United States, for, profecuted, and recovered with costs of nd of the several acts supplementary thereto, suit, by action of debt, in the name of the is not repealed by this act, no ship or ves- United States of America, or by indictment I bound to a foreign port with which com- or information, in any court having compehercial intercourse shall, by virtue of this tent jurisdiction to try the same; and shall et, be again permitted, shall be allowed to be distributed and accounted for in the manepart for fuch port, unless the owner or own- ner preseribed by the act, entitled, " An act states, in a fum double the value of the vef- ninety-nine, and fuch penalties and forfeitures offession of either, nor be directly or indi- ing the torfeitures, penalties and difabilities, passed the third day of March, one thousand

The bill was read twice and referred to a

VIRGINIA.

The following Address to the President of the United States has been adopted by the House of Delegates of Virginia-Yeas 120 -Nays 24.

SIR, THE General Assembly of your native state cannot close their fession without acknowledging your fervices in the office which you are just about to lay down, and bidding you a respectful and affectionate farewell. We have to thank you for the model of an administration, conducted on the purest principles of republicanism; for pomp and state laid afide; patronage ditearded; internal taxes abolished; a host of superfluous . fficers difbanded; the monarchic maxim "that a national debt is a national breffing," renounced; and more than thirty three millions of our debt discharged; the native right to nearly one hundred millions of acres of our national domain extinguished; and, without the guilt or calamities of conquest, a vast and fertile region added to our country, far more extensive than her original possessions, bringing along with it, the Mississippi and portof Orleans, the trade of the West to the Pacific ocean, and in the intrinsic value of the land itself, a source of permanent and almost inexhaustible revenue. These are points in your administration which the historian will not fail to feize, to expand and teach posterity to dwell upon with delight. Nor will he forget our peace with the civilized world, preferved through a feafon of uncommon difficulty and trial; the good will cultivated with the unfortunate aborigines of our country, and the civilization humanely extended among them; the leffon taught the inhabitants of the coast of Barbary, that we have the means of challifing their piratical encroachments, and awing them into justice; and that theme on which, above all others, the historic genius will hang with rapture, the liberty of speech, and of the press, preserved inviolate,

In the principles on which you have administered the government, we see only the continuation and maturity of the same virtues and abilities which drew upon you, in your youth, the refentment of Dunmore,-From the first brilliant and happy moment of your relistance to foreign tyranny, until the prefent day, we mark with pleasure and with gratitude, the lame uniform, confissent character, the same

How bleffed will be the retirement into which you are about to go! How deservedly blessed will it be ! For you carry with you the richest of all rewards, the recollection of a life well spent in the service of your country, and proofs the most decisive of the love, the gratitude, the veneration of your countrymen.

That your retirement may be as happy as your life has been virtuous and ufeful; that our youth may fee in the blifsful close of your days, an additional inducement to form themnest prayer of your fellow-citizens who compose the general assembly of Virginia.

The nomination of Gen. Dearborn, as col-

Annapolis:

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1809.

AN ANSWER

From THOMAS JEFFERSON, Esquire, President of the United States, to the Resolutions adopted by a Meeting of the Republic can Cilisens of Annapolis and Anne-Arun- sing an embargos del County, on the 4th of February, 1809. Alexander Rodgers, major Washington, Feb. 17, '09.

I HAVE duly received the resolutions of the republican citizens of Annapolis and Anne-Arundel county of the 4th inft. which you were fo kind as to forward to me.

That the aggressions and injuries of the belligerent nations have been the real obstructions which have interrupted our commerce, and now threaten our peace, and that the embargo laws were falutary and indispensably necessary to meet those obstructions, are truths as evident to every candid man, as it is worthy of every good citizen to declare his reprobation of that lystem of opposition which goes to an avowed and practical refistance of these laws. To fuch a refistance I trust that the patriotism of our faithful citizens in no section of the Union will give any countenance. Where the law of the majority ceases to be acknowledged, there government ends, the law of the throngest takes its place, and life and property are his who can take them.

I receive with particular pleasure and thankfulness the testimony of the republican citizens of Annapolis and Anne-Arundel in favor of the course of proceedings during my administration of the public affairs. And I can truly fay, in their words, that they have been conducted with the purest regard and devotion to the interests of the people, and the national acknowledgments for these favorable lentiments, to accept the assurances of my high respect and consideration.

TH: JEFFERSON.

John Gassaway, Esq.

From a London paper of December 10.

Private letters from Holland flate, that Buonaparte has ordered a relaxation to take place in the regulations enjoined by his Milan decree respecting neutrals. By the decree alluded to, it was ordered that all neutrals which had touched at a British port, or submitted to be searched by a British cruizer, should be confiscated on afterwards entering a French port, or condemned as legal prizes, if taken by a French armed vessel. It is now ordered that neutrals shall be admitted into French ports, though they have been fearched by a British cruizer, provided they have not touched at a British port. Buonaparte, by relaxing in the Milan decree, probably expects that the American government will be induced to remove its embargo, fo far at least as regards vessels bound to France.

Counterfeiters.

We understand that a nest of these villains were discovered in this city on Saturday last. They were well provided with plates of various banks; and when taken, they were amufing themselves with imitating the hand writing of the different prefident's and cath-It feems they had fent a parcel of notes to a friend in Philadelphia, who betrayed the bufiness to the bank there, by which means they were apprehended.

[N. Y. Paper.]

From a Wilmington (N. C.) paper, Jan. 31. governor of Baton Rouge, &c. &c. ind

A gentleman by the name of James White, loft, on the 11th inft. his pocket-book, containing about 13.000 dolls. He was unable, before he fet off for the northward, to discover any thing relative to it. On Saturday Inst negro fellow employed to mend part of a fence that had been blown down, and in digging a hole for a post, his spade struck against a small earthen jug, he threw it into the yard, where it remained two days, when a female fervant picked it up, and difcovering fome paper in the infide, which she tried to get out with her knitting needle; not succeeding, she carried it to a clerk in the collector's office, who broke the jug, when to his aftonishment there fell out the following bills, in different envelops, and labelled? two bills of 1000 dolls, each, four of 500 dolls. fifty-four of 100 dolls. and of Cape Fear bills four of 10 dolls. and fix of 5 dolls. making altogether 9470 dollars, all of which have been fince lodged in the bank.

In the lift of feamen who died in the New-York Hospital during the last year, is the name of Jerard Manning, of Maryland.

General Obadiah German, of Chenangocounty, is elected by the legislature of New. York to represent that flate in the senate of the United States for the ensuing fix years, in place of Dr. S. L. Mitchill, whose term of instant, at Sotterley, Se. Mary's count Tervice expires on the 4th of March next. Brooks, (fed.) 43; Mitchill (rep.) 16.

APPOINTMENTS

Made by His Excellency the Governor Commander in Chief of Maryland in vin sue of a power delegated to him by President of the United States; through aiding the respective collectors of the bor in this state in carrying into full and so plete effect the several acts of congress

Alexander Rodgers, major, diftrict of B

Lewis Duvall, capte do. of Annapolis. James Clayland, capt. do. of Oxford. James Claypoole, capt. do. of Cheffer, George E. Mitchell, capt. do. of Elite George W. Biscoe, capt. do. of Notting

Bennest Barnes, capt. do. of Havred Grace.

Levin Walker, capt. do. of Vienna John Mackall, june do. of Saint-Mairy

Appointments by the Governor and Council William H. Taylor, captain extra b Worcester. Josiah Davis, lieut. do. do.

John A. Massey, ens. do. do. John Bair, capt. rifle company, 24th m Washington. Daniel Huyett, Ist lieut. do. do.

Richard Baird, 2d lieut. do. do. Samuel Moor, lieut. and Alexander Crock enfign, of captain Moore's comp. 27th

Jeremiah Boots, lieut. and Aaron Medens. of capt. M. Tilghman's comp. 33d p.

Nicholas Smith, lieut. and Rudolph Ho enfign, of captain Fishpan's comp. 86thm Balt.

Robert Kerby, lieut, and William Com-Worcester. David Rowland, junior, ens. of capt,

Stephen's comp. \$th reg. Walh.
Robert I. H. Handy, major 27th Worcester county.

George Nelson, capt. James Flemi lieut. and John T. Taylor, ens. of a car William Townsend, (of Barchly,) capit

John Lows, lieut. and Milby Adkins, en comp. do. do. Eleazar Johnson, ens. of capt. Atkin coinp. do. do.

James Fooks, (of Danl.) lieut. and T mas Fonks, enligh, of capt. I. Fook's a

John Parsons, lieut. and John W. Par ns. of capt. Johnson's comp. da. do. John Keller, ens. of capt. R. K. Hed

comp. 5th reg. Balt. John I. Stull, Ist It. Moses Tabbs, 2 and George I. Harry, cornet, of capt. 0. Williams's troop of horse attached to 211 gade, Walls. county.

John Ashberry, capt. John Irwine, !! John C. Williams, 2d lieut. and Jos Swearingen, cornet, of a troop of hork tached to 2d brigade, Wash. county.

Solomon Holland, Elq; regiller of for Montgomery county, vice. Sam. Tu deceased.

The Senate have agreed to the refolioffered by Mr. Giles, for raifing the en go, and the passage of a non-interce law with France and G. Britain, &c. I 22-Nays 9.

On the 27th December, M. de Gradl o an order from the the Havanna, fet out for Penfacola, u ceed thence to the Havanna.

It is positively afferted that his ma owing to an affair of the utmost confer which is personal to himself.

We understand that the governor of necticut has declined nominating a miliu

[New Orleans pop

ficer to aid the collectors under the for [Wash. Id A gun-boat officer was brought to

in this town a few days fince, for abula of the inhabitants of Gloucester. Het wards obtained bail for his appearance the Supreme Judicial Court.

The daily applications for relief # Soup inflications amount to more than notwithstanding another public establish of bread is in operation; notwithstands hand of private charity continues open notwithstanding the town appropriate the relief of the poor exceed those of mer years.

The knot.

MARRIED, on Thursday evening, the rev. Mr. RABER, Mr. HENRY CO of Queen-Anne, Prince-George's coul Mile MARY TOOTLE, of this city.