

SELECTED.

HYMN TO NATURE.

Translated from the German.

HOLY Nature, Heav'nly Fair,
Lead me with thy parent care;
In thy footsteps let me tread,
As a willing child is led.

When with care and grief oppress'd,
Soft I sink me on thy breast;
On thy peaceful bosom laid,
Grief shall cease, nor care invade.

O, congenial Pow'r divine,
All my votive soul is thine!
Lead me with thy parent care,
Holy Nature, Heav'nly Fair!

THE RAINBOW.

SISTER of April, to whose bright throne came

Reflection dress'd in all his pride, and threw
The sky-worn Sapphire, Beryl dipt in flame,
And ev'ry charin, and ev'ry nameless hue;
How beauteous from yon cloud's retiring gloom
A-iles flow thy sparkling bow of light,
Like some fair snow-drop bending o'er the tomb—
Some winding Stream soft gleaming thro' the night!

Fancy would name thee on thy cloudy sphere,
Joy bringing smiles dark sorrow to beguile,
Each dewy pearl the rain has left, a tear—
Each sunny beam that lights that pearl, a smile!

Refulgent Bow, the dark clouds downward driv'n,
Soon shall the Soul, like thee, in radiance rise to
Heav'n!

Public Sale.

Will be SOLD, on Thursday, the 23d of June
next, agreeably to an order from the orphans
court of Anne Arundel county,

ALL the personal property of SAMUEL YEALD
HALL, late of the aforesaid county, deceased,
consisting of negroes, horses, cattle, sheep, hogs,
household furniture, and plantation utensils. The
terms will be made known on the day of sale.

EIJAH YEALDHALL, Administrator
May 31, 1808.

Anne-Arundel County,

April 8, 1808.

APPLICATION having been made to the sub-
scriber, in the recess of Anne-Arundel county
court, by the petition, in writing, of EDWARD
STEWART, of said county, praying for the benefit
of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, on
the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule of his
property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far
as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his said
petition, and the subscriber being satisfied, by compe-
tent testimony, that the said Edward Stewart has resid-
ed the two preceding years within the state of Mary-
land, prior to the passage of the said act, and the
said Edward Stewart, at the time of presenting his
petition, having produced, in writing, the assent of
so many of his creditors, as have due to them the
amount of two-thirds of the debts due by him at the
time of preferring his said petition; it is thereupon
ordered and adjudged, that the said Edward Stewart,
by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the
Maryland Gazette weekly, for three months suc-
cessively, before the first day of September next, give
notice to his creditors to appear before the judges of
Anne-Arundel county court, on the third Monday in
September next, for the purpose of recommending a
trustee for their benefit, on the said Edward Stewart
then and there taking the oath prescribed by the said
act for delivering up his property.

RICHARD H. HARWOOD, one of
the associate judges for the third judi-
cial district of Maryland.

Anne-Arundel County,

May 7, 1808.

APPLICATION having been made to me, one
of the associate judges of the third judicial
district of Maryland, in the recess of Calvert county
court, by the petition, in writing, of FIELDER
RIDGWAY, of Calvert county, praying for the bene-
fit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent
debtors, and the several supplements thereto, on the
terms mentioned in said acts, a list of his creditors, on
oath, as far as he can ascertain them being annexed
to his said petition, and the subscriber being satisfied,
by competent testimony, that the said Fielder Ridg-
way has resided the two last preceding years within
the state of Maryland; it is ordered by the subscri-
ber, that the said Fielder Ridgway, by causing a co-
py of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Ga-
zette, at Annapolis, weekly for three months suc-
cessively, before the first Monday in October next, give
notice to his creditors to appear before the judges of
Calvert county court, at the court-house in said
county, on the second Monday in October next,
for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their
benefit, on the said Fielder Ridgway then and there
taking the oath prescribed by the said act for deli-
vering up his property.

RICHARD H. HARWOOD, one of
the associate judges for the third judi-
cial district of Maryland.

From the American Daily Advertiser.

Mr. POULSON,

YOU will be pleased to insert the following in
your useful paper, which I make no doubt will confer
a benefit on many of our fellow-citizens.

I the subscriber do hereby certify, that I had been
afflicted with a complaint called a Wen, in the back
part of my neck, since the year '94. It had grown to
an enormous size, and probably would have been
the cause of my death. In November, 1807, I was
informed of the skill of Dr. A. Howell in removing
wens and cancers without cutting. He was applied
to, and in 5½ hours after he had begun the operation,
it was extracted, weighing 5 pounds. This astonish-
ing performance was done without any instrument
whatever.

In many instances those complaints are connected
with the surrounding parts by a number of branches,
which, in a greater or less degree, make the operati-
on oftentimes difficult. This with which I was affected
was in a particular manner connected to the adjacent
flesh by strong roots, projecting from its main body,
in length 3 or 4 inches; consequently, rendering its
removal peculiarly intricate; however, during the
wonderful mode of operation which was pursued, the
roots were entirely separated from the adjoining part,
and came away with the whole body of the wen.

The wound caused by the extraction of so large a
substance, was healed in 5 weeks afterwards, and left
but a slight scar to be seen. To clear all doubt with
regard to the above astonishing circumstance, persons
may satisfy themselves by calling on the doctor, who
has the wen preserved in spirits, South Fourth-street,
No. 62.

I have been induced to delay this publication until
now, to be able with safety to inform the public that
the cure is complete in every respect. At the same
time it gives me very great satisfaction to say that
during the period of being under the physician's
directions, I was not confined a single day to the
house. Witness my hand this 12th day of May,
1808.

JOHN B. ROSSETT,

South-street, near the old theatre.

Present, Dr. Green, of Reading.

Philadelphia, May 14, 1808.

The foregoing statement sworn to before me by
John B. Rossett.

ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor.

YELLOW FEVER.

A LETTER has been addressed to the merchants
at Lloyd's Coffee-House, by Dr. RALPH COMING, of
the naval hospital, at Antigua, dated 24th October,
1807, on the subject of a cure of the Yellow Fever.
We extract, (says a London editor) the following
passages:—

"I have discovered, that sponging the head, body
and limbs of a patient, on the first attack of fever,
with rum or other ardent spirit, is the most effectual
remedy which can be used. The principle upon which
it acts, is evaporation, and the degree of cold produc-
ed will be in ratio proportionate to the strength or
volatility of the spirit employed. It has a two-fold
effect; at the same time that it refrigerates the al-
most burning body, it excites, by its stimulant effect
on the skin, the perspiratory organs into action,
and soon produces perspiration. All the naval
surgeons who have visited English harbours, and
have had the fever on board their ships, have used
the remedy recommended by me, and are delighted
with its speedy and salutary effects; from whom, as
well as myself, documents have been transmitted to
government.

The Doctor afterwards directs, "that when a per-
son is seized with pains in the head, and with a hot
skin, &c. in tropical countries, he is to be stripped
naked, exposed to the action of the air, and to be
sponged all over with spirits, until the skin is cool,
not suffering the pulse to fall below sixty; he then
is to be put to bed, and to have a purge, and an
opening injection, or clyster. As often as the fever
returns, the sponging with spirits is to be resorted to.
Bleeding, in proportion to the strength of the patient,
will be necessary, which should never be deferred
twenty-four hours after the first attack." The Doc-
tor adds, "I hope, after this information, that
people destined to the West-Indies, will leave home
with greater fortitude, and not waste their money on
the quackeries of the day, and fill their trunks with
yellow fever remedies. When the skin is moist, and
perspiration flows freely, the spirit is no longer to be
used; after the perspiration has flowed sometime,
which may be supported by lemon, grass-mint, or
common tea, the cure is to be completed by an infu-
sion of quassia or decoction of bark, and former ha-
bits, will by degrees, be returned to."

From the Pennsylvania Correspondent.

FRIEND MINER,

I HAVE discovered that Train Oil is a great de-
stroyer of Caterpillars, equal to fire. I took a bot-
tle that had the oil in, made a swab of long wool,
put it in the neck of the same, and destroyed twelve
nests in a short time. Done at Milton, Solebury,
Bucks county, by

JOHN KNIGHT.

April 28, 1808.

N. B. Give this a place in your Correspondent,
that we may get cider and apples this year.

ALEXANDRIA, May 17.

MR. SNOWDEN,

ON Saturday last in the presence of Laurence Lew-
is, Esq; I sheared nine ewe lambs of the Arlington
long-woolled race, sisters to Badger; and as the re-
sult is not very common, I presume you will give it
currency through the medium of your paper.

| | Gross wt. | Length Wool. | Produce &c. |
|------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| 1st, | 85 lb. | | |
| 2d, | 78 | 15 inches, | 5½ |
| 3d, | 100 | 11 | 5½ |
| 4th, | 85 | 8 | 6½ |
| 5th, | 98 | 11 | 5 |
| 6th, | 73 | 11 | 6½ |
| 7th, | 70 | 10½ | 6 lb. 6 oz. |
| 8th, | 78 | 12 | 5½ |
| 9th, | 76 | 12 | 5½ |

Those were all ewe lambs which have each pro-
duced a lamb, and now suckle them. I also sheared
a fat weather of the old kind of the country, which
weighed 158 lb. gross, and produced 5¼ pound of
wool. Upon implying the impartial and undeviating
rules of arithmetic to the above result, we shall find
that the Arlington long-woolled breed yield a pound
of wool for every 14 lb. 7 oz. gross weight, and
that the old country kind yield only a pound of wool
for every 30 pounds of gross weight. It will be re-
membered that Badger produced a pound of wool for
10 lb. 12 oz. of gross weight, a result which, if my
information be correct, is not exceeded in any part of
the world.

Your friend, WM. H. FOOTE.

FROGS.

THE following curious article is copied from a
letter written by Dr. Williams, of the state of Ver-
mont, to a friend:

"At Castleton, in 1779, the inhabitants were en-
gaged in building a fort near the centre of the town.
Digging into the earth five or six feet below the sur-
face, they found many frogs apparently inactive, and
supposed to be dead. Being exposed to the air, ani-
mation soon appeared, and they were found to be
alive and healthy. I have this account from general
Clarke and Mr. Moulton, who were present when
those frogs were dug up. A more remarkable in-
stance was at Burlington, upon Vermont, in the

year 1783, Samuel Lake, Esq; was digging a well
near his house. At the depth of twenty-five or thirty
feet from the surface of the earth, the labourers
threw out with their shovels something which they
suspected to be ground roots, or stones covered with
earth. Upon examining these appearances, they were
found to be frogs, to which the earth every where
adhered. An examination was then made of the
earth in the well where they were digging—a large
number of frogs were found covered with the earth,
and so numerous that several of them were cut in
pieces by the spades of the workmen. Being expo-
sed to the air they soon became active—but unable to
endure the direct rays of the sun, most of them per-
ished. From the depth of the earth which those
frogs were covered, it cannot be doubted but that
they must have been covered up for many ages.

"These appearances denote, that the place from
whence the frogs were taken was once the bottom of
a channel or lake formed by the waters of the Otsego
river. In digging the same well, at the depth of
forty-one feet from the surface, the workmen found
the body of a tree eighteen or twenty inches in di-
ameter, partly rotten. The probability is, that both
the frogs and the tree were at the bottom of the
channel of a river or lake; that the waters of Otsego
river constantly bringing down large quantities of
earth, gradually raised the bottom; that by the con-
stant increase of earth, the water was forced over its
bounds, and formed for itself a new channel or pass-
age in its descent to lake Champlain."

How vigorous and permanent must the principle of
life be in this animal! Frogs placed in a situation
in which they were perpetually supplied with moisture,
and all waste and perspiration from the body preven-
ed, preserve the powers of life for an astonishing
length of time. Centuries must have passed before
they began to live in such a situation; and had they
remained undisturbed, they might have existed for
centuries yet to come.

LONGEVITY.

DIED, at Cornwall, Vermont, on the 30th April
Mrs. REBECCA CLARK, in the 106th year of her
age. This is the most remarkable instance of longev-
ity which has ever been known perhaps in this state.
She lived to see the fifth generation in her own family.
Her posterity is supposed to be between two and
thousand. She retained her intellectual faculties to a
degree very remarkable for such an uncommon age.
She could hear, see and converse, although with con-
siderable difficulty. Her bodily strength continued
to the last, and she was able to walk across the brook
the day preceding her death. Although her death
was sudden, it was not occasioned by any particular
disease, nor accompanied by any observable pain.
Nature, worn out and exhausted, met without
struggle, the dissolution to which it had been long
and gradually approaching. She had been for a long
time a professor of religion, and member of a church,
and her piety was such that her friends have a well-
grounded confidence that an unusually protracted life
will be succeeded by an infinite existence of bliss-
ness and rest.

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