

THE NEGOTIATION.

WE hear, and we believe the information con-  
firms a suspension of the negotiation between  
our government and that of Great Britain, took place  
on Thursday. It is said that our government require  
Mr. Rose to specify the reparation his government is  
willing to make for the attack on the Chesapeake—  
while Mr. Rose has required that our government  
should previously rescind the proclamation issued on  
that occasion.—It is presumed, however, that the  
present aspect of affairs in Europe will induce one of  
the parties to yield. We sincerely hope that an ami-  
cable termination may take place, and it is our opi-  
nion that such will be the final issue. [Wash. Fed.]

FROM LEGHORN.

BY the arrival of the ship Louisa, captain Smith,  
at Baltimore, via Gibraltar, in 44 days from Leg-  
horn, we learn, lord Collingwood and his squadron  
had left the Dardanelles and arrived at Malta.  
The queen of Etruria had left Florence and gone to  
Milan, on a visit to the French emperor—hence she  
goes to Portugal to govern that kingdom. It was  
currently reported and believed at Leghorn, that Lu-  
cien Buonaparte would be advanced to the crown of  
Etruria.  
General Miceli commands at present at Florence.

Copy of the official decree of the emperor Napoleon,  
respecting neutrals, dated Milan 17th Dec. trans-  
lated from the Italian, received per the Louisa,  
from Leghorn.

TRANSLATED FOR THE AMERICANS:  
NAPOLEON, by the grace of God, and by the  
constitution, emperor of the French, king of Ita-  
ly and protector of the confederation of the Rhine.  
Whereas the dispositions decreed by the British  
government, dated the 14th Nov. last past, which  
subject the vessels of friendly neutral nations, and al-  
so the allies of England, not only to the visit of  
English cruisers, but even to a particular station in  
England, and to an arbitrary imposition of a certain  
per centum on their cargoes to be established by the  
English legislature:

Considering that by this act, the English govern-  
ment hath deprived of their distinctive national quality  
(denazionalizzato) the vessels of all the nations of  
Europe; that it is not in the power of any govern-  
ment to suffer an infringement of its independence and  
rights—all the sovereigns of Europe being conjointly  
guarantees of the sovereignty and independence of  
their flags; that if by an inexcusable weakness,  
which would be an indelible stain in the eyes of  
posterity, such tyranny were permitted to become a  
principle and consecrated by use, the English would  
from thence deduce a claim to establish it into a right,  
as they have already profited by the toleration of go-  
vernments, to establish the infamous principle, that  
the flag does not cover merchandise, and to give to  
their right of blockade an extension arbitrary and de-  
gradatory to the sovereignty of every state: We have  
decreed, and do decree as follows;

Article I. Every vessel, to whatsoever nation it  
may belong, which shall have suffered the visit of an  
English vessel, or shall have submitted to a voyage to  
England, or shall have paid any duty whatever to the  
English government, is, for that reason alone, de-  
clared to be deprived of her distinctive national quali-  
ty, has lost the guarantee of her flag, and has be-  
come English property.

II. The above-mentioned vessels thus deprived of  
their national distinction by the arbitrary measures of  
the English government, are declared to be good and  
lawful prizes, as well in case they enter our ports, or  
those of our allies, as also in case they fall in the  
power of our vessels of war or privateers.

III. The British islands are declared to be in a  
state of blockade as well by sea as by land. Every  
vessel of whatsoever nation or whatsoever be her car-  
go, coming from the ports of England or from Eng-  
lish colonies or from the countries occupied by English  
troops, is a good prize, as contravening the present  
decree. They shall be captured by our vessels of  
war, or by our privateers, and shall be adjudged to the  
capture.

IV. These measures, which are but a just recipi-  
procity for the barbarous system adopted by the English  
government, which assimilates its legislation to that  
of Algiers, shall cease to have their effect with re-  
spect to all those nations, which may succeed in com-  
pelling the British government to respect their flags.  
They shall continue to be in force during all such  
time as this government shall fail to return to the  
principles of the right of war, which govern the re-  
lations of civilized nations in a state of war.  
The dispositions of the present decree shall be abo-  
lished, and null in fact, so soon as the English gov-  
ernment shall have returned to those principles of  
the law of nations, which are equally the principles  
of justice and honour.

V. All ministers are charged with the execution of  
the present decree, which shall be published, and in-  
serted in the bulletin of the laws.

GIVEN from our royal palace of Milan, the  
17th day of December, 1807.

NAPOLEON.

By the emperor and king,  
The minister secretary of state,

A. ALDINI.

A letter from Paris, dated Dec. 9, says, "It is  
expected a general embargo will take place at all the  
ports in France and its dominions, immediately."

By letters from Mexico, (says the United States  
Gazette,) we learn, that in case Spain should be sub-  
jugated to Buonaparte, the people of that country  
are ready to throw off the yoke of foreign dominion,  
and to erect themselves into a distinct and independ-  
ent nation.

A letter from New-Orleans of the 19th ult. says,  
"we have just learnt that col. McNeil is appointed  
by his Britannic majesty, consul for Louisiana, and  
may shortly be expected here. This is the first time  
we knew that there was a consul from England for  
Louisiana. But the information may be relied as it  
comes in a letter from Mr. Canning."

It gives us pleasure to state that the definitive ar-  
rangements have been made for the execution of  
that part of the treaty with Tripoli that relates to  
the Ex-Balhaw. His family have been liberated,  
and sailed from Tripoli on the 13th of October, car-  
rying with them their property, their slaves, and pre-  
sents from the reigning to the exiled brother.

[Nat. Intel]

The ship Warren, of Baltimore, mounting 20  
guns and carrying one hundred men, was taken pos-  
session of by the Spanish government, in the harbour  
of Concepcion, on the 21st of January, 1807, for  
having contraband goods on board. The 2d and 3d  
officers, and 12 of the crew of the Warren came  
home in the Nancy, the remainder of the crew, 80  
in number, were in close confinement at Lima—capt.  
ANDREW STERETT, late commander of the War-  
ren, and captain in the United States navy, died on  
the passage to Lima, the 9th January, after an ill-  
ness of 28 days. [Boston paper.]

We are authorized to state, the apprentices of the  
ship Warren, seized last year at the port of Concep-  
cion, on the coast of Chile, have arrived in the ship  
Nancy, captain Builing, at Newport, R. I. [Americans.]

Doctor Bullus, late surgeon of the Chesapeake, has  
been appointed navy agent at New-York.

There are now in the port of Baltimore 65 ships,  
42 brigs, and 103 topsail schooners, exclusive of  
small craft and lighters; and 8 vessels of different  
dimensions on the stocks besides gun-boats.

DIED, after a few days illness, at Wilmington,  
(Del.) on Sunday morning the 13th inst. JOHN  
DICKINSON, Esquire, former president of the com-  
monwealth of Pennsylvania, and author of the cele-  
brated letters of A Pennsylvania Farmer.—A charac-  
ter venerable for his years, admired for his talents,  
respected for his virtues, and highly esteemed for his  
services to his country, in the most arduous and difficult  
times of the revolution.

HAVANNA, January 22.

The heads of department here, having received  
advice from his catholic majesty's charge des affairs in  
the United States, of an expedition being preparing  
in England, and according to news-paper reports,  
said to be intended against the Spanish possessions in  
the bay of Mexico. The most active preparations  
are making here to repulse the enemy, in the event  
of their attacking this port or island, by immediately  
calling out, and properly arming and training all the  
militia, of every description, which together with the  
French settlers in the island, and the Spanish planters,  
merchants and others already trained, will compose a  
formidable body. The fortifications have already  
been put in the best state of defence, and are most  
amply supplied with all warlike stores, to resist a siege,  
even should it last six months. The department of  
the marine (besides covering the garrison, and assist-  
ing it with men and means, will furnish a considera-  
ble number of officers to fill the vacancies that may  
exist not only in the corps of artillery and engi-  
neers, but also in the infantry, have armed and com-  
pletely fitted forty gun-boats and bomb vessels, pro-  
vided with ovens for heating shot, with which we  
shall not only be completely able to defend the lines  
of our harbour, but also to attack the enemy, should  
he anchor on the outside. The greatest harmony and  
military order pervades the whole, and so far from  
dreading an attack, we rather wish for one.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends petitioning the court of  
Anne-Arundel county, at their next session, or  
some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of the  
court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of in-  
solvent debtors, after this notice shall have been pub-  
lished two months. ROBERT B. BELT.  
December 28, 1807.

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice to my creditors, that I  
mean to apply to the judges of Prince-George's  
county court, at their next session, or some one of  
the judges thereof, in the recess of the court, after  
this notice shall have been published two months, for  
the benefit of an act of the general assembly of Mary-  
land, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An  
act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the  
supplement thereto. HENRY T. COMPTON.

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 23,  
1808.

ON application, by petition, of GASSAWAY PIN-  
DELL, executor of the last will and testament  
of Elizabeth Ward, late of Anne-Arundel county,  
deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice re-  
quired by law for creditors to exhibit their claims a-  
gainst the said deceased, and that the same be pub-  
lished once in each week, for the space of six suc-  
cessive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills  
for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county,  
hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arun-  
del county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the  
personal estate of ELIZABETH WARD, late of  
Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having  
claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned  
to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the  
subscriber, at or before the 23d day of August next,  
they may otherwise by law be excluded from all bene-  
fit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 23d  
day of February, 1808.

GASSAWAY PINDELL, Executor.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, in Anne-Arun-  
del county, five miles from South river ferry,  
on Tuesday, the sixteenth instant, a black negro  
man named CHARLES, he has a large shock of  
wool on his head, with three plaits made of it hang-  
ing on his forehead down to his eye-brows, five feet  
ten or eleven inches high, twenty five years of age,  
he stutters very much when talked to, and is stout  
and well made for strength; had on and took with  
him two ticklenburg shirts, a blue gray Wakefield jack-  
et and trousers, much worn, a pair of coarse shoes,  
with the bottoms nailed with saddlers tacks, yarn  
stockings, and old felt hat; it is supposed he will  
change his name and dress and endeavour to pass  
for a free man, by getting a forged pass; it is sup-  
posed he will make for Baltimore town, the city of  
Washington, or Frederick-town, as he has some re-  
lations in that part of the country. Whoever takes  
up and delivers the said negro man to the subscriber,  
or secures him in any goal, so that I get him again,  
shall be entitled to receive Ten Dollars if taken in  
the neighbourhood, if twenty miles from home  
Twenty Dollars, if thirty miles Thirty Dollars, if  
forty miles Forty Dollars, if fifty miles Fifty Dollars,  
if sixty miles Sixty Dollars, if seventy miles Seventy  
Dollars, if eighty miles Eighty Dollars, if ninety  
miles Ninety Dollars, and if out of the state of  
Maryland One Hundred Dollars, including what the  
law allows.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

February 23, 1808.  
All masters of vessels are forewarned from carrying  
the said negro man off at their peril. G. R.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends petitioning the court of  
Saint-Mary's county, at their next session,  
or some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of  
the court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of  
insolvent debtors, after this notice shall have been  
published two months. JOHN HEBB.

January 19, 1808.

Farmers Bank of Maryland.

Annapolis, 5th February, 1808.

IN conformity of an act of the general assembly  
of Maryland, passed at November session, 1807,  
entitled, A supplement to an act to establish a bank,  
and incorporate a company, under the name of the  
Farmers Bank of Maryland, and for other purposes,

Notice is hereby given to the holders of stock in the  
Farmers Bank of Maryland on the western shore,  
that in pursuance of the above said act, an election  
will be held, at Coolidge's tavern, in the city of An-  
napolis, on Monday, the seventh day of March next,  
for the purpose of choosing, from amongst the stock-  
holders in the Farmers Bank in Frederick county,  
nine directors to govern the Frederick-town Branch  
Bank; the directors so chosen to hold their seats un-  
til the general annual election on the first Monday of  
August, 1808.

All votes at elections must be by ballot, delivered  
in person, or by proxy.

At the same time and place, the stockholders will be  
called on to fix permanently the salary of the pre-  
sident of the Farmers Bank.

By order, JON. PINKNEY, Cash.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the  
orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters  
of administration on the estate of RICHARD  
GOODWIN, late of the county aforesaid, deceased,  
therefore it is requested that all those who have  
claims against said estate to bring them in, legally  
authenticated, and those indebted to the estate to  
make immediate payment.

SAMUEL SANDS, Administrator.

OVERSEER.

AN industrious capable man, well recommended,  
is wanted immediately, to undertake the ma-  
nagement of my farm, lying on West and Rhoads  
rivers. ANN CHESTON.

February 8, 1808.