

Foreign Intelligence.

TRIESTE May 15.

Letters from Smyrna, announce that the Russians, after taking the Island of Tenedos, took possession of Gallipoli, or Lemnos. It was feared that they would also occupy the island of Metelino, which commands the harbour of Smyrna. Some Russian commands the harbour already been to reconnoitre it. All British property at Smyrna was confiscated.

THORN, June 6.

Three thousand peasants are employed in demolishing the works raised by the French before Dantzic. The garrison consists of only 1500 men, with 4000 in the vicinity. In Neufabrwaasser and Weichselmunde here are about 3000 French. The rest have joined the grand army.

FRANKFORT, June 12.

Intelligence which has reached us from different quarters concur in stating that the French army is every where in motion. Marshal Massena is thought to have obtained a signal advantage over the enemy. The following is the manner in which, according to the German papers, the French forces are divided in Germany, Poland, the kingdom of Naples and Dalmatia: 30 thousand men in the kingdom of Naples, under the command of generals St. Cyr and Leguier; 20,000 in Dalmatia, under general Marguerit; 10,000 in Hesse, and in the countries of Fulda and Beyreuth; 80,000 in Prussia, forming the corps of observation, commanded by marshal Brunne, and which comprises the troops in Mecklenburg, Hanover and the Hanse towns (this army is not complete); 8000 forming the blockade of Colberg, under general Grandjean; 20 to 30,000 in Silesia, under general Jerome; 40 to 50,000 forming marshal Massena's army; 220,000 occupying the space between Danzig, Ortelsburg and Thorn, besides the besieging corps of Dantzic, estimated at 60 or 70,000 men. It is calculated that within three months, no less than 600,000 men have fled through Mecklenburg on their way from the interior of France and Italy, to the grand army.

Letter from East Prussia, June 19.

"We understand that the French troops entered Springberg on the 16th instant. According to some accounts, general Benningfen, the beginning of June, resigned the chief command of the Russian army, which was transferred to Prince Bagration.

HAMBURG, June 22.

This morning early, private intelligence had been received here from a person of distinction at Dantzic, dated 19th inst. According to this, the French emperor attacked the Russian army on the 14th, totally defeated it, and took 200 pieces of cannon. The number of prisoners, it is added, is beyond calculation, and the Russians have lost every thing. Whether this is a new affair, or whether the battle of the 14th is meant, cannot be determined. The same letter adds, that the French entered Springberg on the 16th. It seems (as I am informed on good authority) that the above news is contained in a letter from general Bopp to M. Bourienne; it states that above 80,000 prisoners were taken. Mr B. had sent it to the office of the New Gazette to be printed, but had afterwards stopped it because it was not official.

LONDON, June 3.

No further information respecting the late calamitous occurrences in Poland had arrived. It is strange that no particulars of the battle of the 14th had inspired at Berlin, five days after. The paper of the 20th, published in that city, gives indeed a pleasing result, but carefully abstains from descending to particulars. On the preceding day we find that a Prince Borghese passed thro' that city on his way to Paris, with an account of that distinguished victory. Why was not the substance of this glorious intelligence published at Berlin? why was that information not back either from general Clarke, the governor of that city, or suppressed by him, with which this Prince Borghese was dispatched as an express to Paris? The distance between Friedland and Berlin is not so great, but that all the occurrences on the 14th, say, on the 15th and 16th ult., might have been fully known at the last of these towns on the 19th. In extreme anxiety we naturally catch at any circumstances tending to diminish the credibility of the enemy's statement. We therefore derive some hope from the imperfect communication in the Berlin paper of the 20th. If the battle of the 14th terminated in the decisive overthrow of the Russian army, think some public announcement of an event, so important in its immediate effect and future consequences would have been made to the inhabitants of that city. That the Russians might have sustained a partial defeat we will not attempt to deny. The retreat conducted must be made under great disadvantages. The impetuosity of a pursuing enemy frequently enable them to cut off corps, whose retreat is retarded by unexpected accidents, or orders conceived, and consequently imperfectly obeyed. Those, however, who are acquainted with the performance and bravery of the Russians, know, that when their retreat does not always imply defeat, and a defeat is far from being equivalent to total annihilation. Since writing the above, we have learned that a sign officer and a messenger have just arrived from

the continent. It is reported that they have brought the details of the battle of Friedland.

[This is the latest English date received.]

It was yesterday reported that information had reached the office of the Prussian consul, stating, that the Prussian troops under the command of general Lessopq, had possessed themselves of the town of Elbing.

June 28.

The firing along the French coast on Wednesday, which was stated to be in celebration of a separate peace concluded between France and Prussia, and by others as rejoicing for a victory obtained by the French arms on the Passarge, is ascertained by government to have been in compliment to the empress Josephine, Wednesday being the anniversary of her birth, she having been born on the 24th June, 1753.

The crew of a French boat taken off Dunkirk by the Tigris, and sent into the Downs on Friday, report, that the Prussians have made a separate peace with Buonaparte, and that the Russians were allowed only fifteen days to accede to the propositions. The same statement is given by the crew of another French boat, taken by the Mosquito off Boulogne, and sent to Dover. This coincidence of rumour from two such distant stations would excite alarm, were not the constant habits of the enemy such as to justify us in considering it to be a ruse on his part, with a view to retard the sailing of the expedition. Government regard the statement in this light, the more particularly from some circumstances having transpired in respect to the boat captured by the Tigris, which render it pretty evident that she was sent out for the purpose of being taken.

A mercantile house, whose business is principally confined to the manufacture and Dealings in Yorkshire Cloathing, have stopped payment for a sum which, it is said, exceeds half a million sterling; they were engaged also in a provincial bank, which has also stopped payment.

An Overseer Wanted.

HAVING engaged an overseer, agreeable to a former advertisement in this paper, I now want a single man, or one with a small family, who can come well recommended as a sober honest man, well acquainted with the making and handling of tobacco, as also small grain; such a person will meet with good wages, but as I shall wish him to take the entire management of the farm off my hands, owing to my growing indisposition, I hope none will offer but such as can come sufficiently recommended to be truly worthy.

JONH C. WEEMS.

N. B. The subscriber has a valuable farm of between 300 and 400 acres, which he will rent, it is well adapted to corn, and wheat.
West-River, August 21st, 1807.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the plantation of the late Thomas Wm. Walker, near Queen-Anne, Anne-Arundel county, on Wednesday night the 6th inst. a Negro Woman named CHARITY, a dark mulatto, about 5 feet 1 inch high, about 35 years of age, she has a broad flat face, with large thick lips, and has a habit of sucking her tongue; she is uncommonly homely, and took with her her youngest son named Moses, about 8 or 9 years of age, much darker than his mother, and at times flatters a little when she walks, from a hurt he got when an infant; they have both been seen in London-town and that neighbourhood—the said woman took with her all her cloathing, consisting of a green cotton jacket, a striped country cloth petticoat, a brown rolls petticoat, a dark calico gown, a white cotton jacket and petticoat, and two oznabrig shifts: she may have changed some of her cloathing in order to deceive. Whoever apprehends said woman and boy, or the woman alone, and will secure her in gaol so that I get her again, shall receive, if taken within 20 miles from home, 10 dollars, if over that distance, the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home.

SAMUEL TYLER.

N. B. I forewarn any person or persons from harbouring said negroes, or from taking them on board any vessel at their peril.
S. T. August 25, 1807.

Half a Cent Reward,

THE above reward, but no charges, will be paid for bringing home JOHN THOMAS, apprentice to the subscriber, who ran away on the 26th July, for no cause but the dislike of work.

N. B. Masters of vessels and others are warned against harbouring or carrying him away at their peril, as I am determined to prosecute as the law directs.

RICHARD WATERS, Millwright.
August 8th, 1807. 120/11/3

Wanted to Purchase,

A Negro or Mulatto boy for a waiter, from the age of fourteen to one and twenty, that can be well recommended. Enquire of Mr. Coolidge for further information. 120/7/6

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the judges of Anne-Arundel county court, at the next term, to release him from debts he is unable to pay.

EDWARD STUART.
August 24, 1807. 120/7/6

Anne-Arundel county, sc:

WHEREAS Zachariah Duvall, collector of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the said county the following list of lands in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of land, names of persons, and amount of tax.

	£.	s.	d.
Lots in the city of Annapolis, George and Edward Calvert,	0	11	7
House and lot in ditto, Hanson and Latimer,	4	15	0
House and lot in do. Elizabeth Middleton,	0	15	11
House and lot in do. Margaret Pryce,	0	18	3
House and lot in do. John Rofs adm'r. of John Welch,	5	14	2
House and lot in do. Doctor Richard Tootell's heirs,	1	5	3
House and lot in do. John Wells's executors,	2	16	1
Farmers Field, John Gillis,	3	14	10
Part Gibson's Folly, and Bear Neck, Captain Pherson,	1	12	8
Part Mansell's United Friendship and Blooming Plains, Samuel Chase,	3	5	3
Part Chestnut Hill, John Hammond,	1	14	2
Blooming Plains, Isaac Pollock,	5	3	7
Part Prestage's Folly, Thomas All,	0	10	7
Part Alias or Howard's Resolution, William Russell's trustee,	0	13	4
Lot No. 6, Elkridge Landing, John Dorsey, of Caleb,	0	9	10
Part Lot No. 37, in ditto, Robert Long,	0	2	10
Lot No. 8, in do. Charles Ridgely, of James' heirs,	0	2	10
Part Lot No. 28, in do. William Townsend's heirs,	0	15	5
Cambell's Chance, John Ashton,	0	18	11
Part Pafcol's Chance, Mary Disney,	2	2	0
Part Beaver Dam, Thomas Coale's heirs,	0	1	8
Part Brownley Hall, Barbara Lane,	3	5	10
Part Head of Bay, Benjamin Burges's heirs,	1	1	0
Lot at Pig-Point, Thomas John Claggett,	0	1	5
Clement Hill's Purchase, John Griffith's heirs,	1	14	11
Lot at Pig-Point, Clement Hill,	0	1	5
Owen's Purchase, Anne Owens,	0	18	0
Lot at Pig-Point, George Reypold,	0	1	5
Part Grammer's Parrot, Nathan Smith's heirs,	1	4	2
Pleasant Prospect, Gilbert Smith,	1	7	8
Smithfield, Cephas Childs, the 3d.	0	14	11
Broughton Ashley and Hunt's Chance, Elizabeth Griffith,	2	15	2
Maiofstone, Thomas Whittington,	1	11	10
South Canton, James Heath,	0	1	0
Burges's Prospect, Ruth Burges's,	0	18	4
Part Sappington's Addition, Rachel Clarke,	0	12	3
Sappington's Addition, Anne Sappington,	1	8	2
Land, name unknown, John Woodward,	2	4	10
Part Harry's Lot, Sarah Cook,	2	7	5
Samplon's Beginning, Part Walker's Inheritance, Part Meadows, Godman's Search, Timber Levil, and Addition to Something or other, Samuel Godman's heirs,	2	18	0
Part Howard's Patapisco Range, Priscilla Plummer,	1	2	2
Part Walker's Inheritance, Stephen Price,	0	10	6
Part Locust Thicket, Joshua Dorsey's heirs,	2	13	7
Part Stamp Act Repealed, William Rolls, jun.	0	11	8
Gray's Bower, Araminta and Mary Dorsey,	0	8	11
Gray's Enlargement, Cummings Farm, Araminta Dorsey,	3	1	9

Notice is hereby given, that unless the county charges aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder agreeable to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this state.

By order,

NICHOLAS HARWOOD, Col.

August 21, 1807.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Annapolis, that he has engaged a gentleman to assist him in his school, which will enable him to pay the greater attention to the education of the youth committed to his care. He feels lively sentiments of gratitude for that share of public patronage he has already experienced, and pledges himself that no pains, no care or attention in his power, on his part, shall be wanting to merit a continuance thereof. A school will be opened immediately (in a separate room) for the reception and instruction of young ladies, in writing, arithmetic, &c. by

JOHN W. H. CARROLL.

August 20, 1807. 120/7/6

For Sale,

MY HOUSE and LOT, in the city of Annapolis, on a credit, or will be exchanged for wet goods.

SAMUEL MACCUBBIN.