

MUNICH, April 10.
The French, it is said, will form a camp in the neighbourhood of Branau.

MUNICH, April 10.
Marshal Ney, has still his head quarters here. His corps consists of 100,000 men.—It is said, that in a certain case, the whole of these troops are to march to Italy through the Tyrol.

ALBANIA, March 13.
The commander of the Russian Squadron at Cattaro has issued the following order respecting the blockade of the ports in the Adriatic Sea.—To accomplish the just object of maintaining a good understanding with the Neutral Powers, and at the same time to persevere in the important plan of cutting off the enemy from all supplies which he might receive through the means of neutrals, the commander of the Squadron of his imperial Majesty of all the Russias hereby notifies and declares.—

1. That all the coasts and harbours, both on the right and the left of the Adriatic Gulf belonging to the French, or to Neutral states, and possessed by the French, are from this day strictly blockaded by the said Squadron.

2. That no vessel belonging to the said powers shall attempt to convey warlike stores, provisions, or other supplies, to any of the blockaded places, under the penalty of confiscation of ship and cargo.

3. That whereas this notification sufficiently testifies the respect which my court entertains for the Neutral States, I flatter myself that all the evils will be averted which would result to them from acting in opposition to the order now given.

HENRY BAILEY, commander of the Squadron of his Imperial Majesty of all the Russias.
On board the Asia ship of the line, at anchor in the Canal of the Boccardi Cattaro, March 15, 1806.

NEW-YORK, June 12.
The ship Charleston, capt. Hall, arrived at this port this evening, in 25 days from Liverpool. She left there on the 3d of May, and brings London papers of the 1st, two days later than our advices by the Fanny. To the politeness of capt. Hall, the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser is indebted for the London "Courier" of that date, which, excepting the articles, that follow, is filled with parliamentary debates on Mr. Windham's new military system.

The trial of lord Melville was progressing. It had reached the third day; and when the Courier was put to press, Mr. Plummer, council for his lordship, was addressing the court after the examination of witnesses.

LONDON, May 1.
By the Prevoyante store-ship, arrived in the Downs, the following letter is received, dated Gibraltar, 31st of March:—"This day's letters from Spain, state that a war between that country and Portugal is certain, and that 50,000 French troops are on their march to Portugal. His majesty's ship Pompey, rear-admiral sir Sidney Smith, captain Dacres, arrived here on the 27th inst. with a fleet under convoy from Falmouth, in 25-days passage."

This morning was received Paris papers to the 20th, and Dutch to the 26th. The return of the French troops who were evacuating Germany, has not only been suspended, but marshal Lefebvre's corps, 20,000 strong, which had but a few days crossed to the left bank of the Rhine, has re-crossed it at Mentz, and advanced into Darmstadt. Great preparations are making to place Branau in a respectable state of defence, and the head quarters of the French army are still at Ulm. Yet an article from Stutgard of the 12th, states that the suspension upon the return of the Austrian prisoners to Austria has been taken off; which would seem to show that some arrangement of the difference between the two powers had taken place. The following are the principal contents of the French and Dutch papers, which are of considerable importance.

Upon the motion for the second reading of the bill for the repeal of the additional defence act, an interesting discussion took place in the house of commons last night, in which Mr. Canning distinguished himself by one of the most argumentative and eloquent speeches we ever heard; he it said, with all due deference to the ministerialists, who describe themselves as concentrating all the talents, all the genius, and all the patriotism of the country. None of the ministers took any part in the discussion; a circumstance of a singular nature.

Mr. Canning proposed as an amendment to the motion for the second reading of the bill, that it be read a second time that day three weeks. A division took place, and 119 divided for Mr. Canning's amendment; 233 against it. The amendment was of course lost, but the ministers did not seem to be at all prepared to expect the opposition would divide so large a number. It doubles the amount of what the concentration of all the talents, genius and patriotism of the country were in the habit of dividing during the greater part of Mr. Pitt's administration.

PARIS, April 20.
Upon being continued in the office of president of the tribunate, M. Fabre de L'Aude, after expressing his grateful sense of the favours conferred upon him by the emperor and the tribunate, said, "Justice requires us, gentlemen, to proclaim this truth, with which we must be all impressed by our official communications with the emperor.—The necessity of preserving to France her freedom and independence, of

recruiting her navy, of opposing strong armies to the continental powers which might still think of weaving new plots, and new coalitions, by violating the faith of treaties, could alone have induced his majesty to increase the direct contributions."

The expenditures for the year is stated to be 894 millions, (between 38 and 39 millions sterling.)

Baron de Gravenreuth, the king of Bavaria's minister of war, and envoy extraordinary to the emperor of the French, is arrived at Paris. Admiral Villeneuve is also expected from Morlaix.

Letters from the banks of the Rhine announce the entire suspension of all the orders relative to the evacuation of Germany by the French. Branau, which was to be evacuated on the 3d, is to be fortified more strongly by the French. All the troops of the grand army have stopped in their march towards the Rhine. Lefebvre's corps has even repassed to the right bank.

FRANKFORT, April 20.
General Kalkreuth has been ordered by his sovereign to take military possession of Pomerania and the Isle of Rugen.—Resistance is expected.

Since the invasion of Dalmatia by the Russians, fresh clouds have darkened the political horizon, and Germany, which had already suffered so much, is once more deprived, for the moment at least, of the hope of being released from the burthen of foreign troops. Marshal Berthier has ordered the troops to halt, and Branau is not to be evacuated. Lefebvre's corps has resumed its cantonments in Darmstadt.—Yet since general Leopold Berthier has set off from Vienna for Paris, it is said that all difficulties are removed between Austria and France on the subject of Catara, and that till that place is surrendered to France, the latter will continue to occupy Branau.

HAMBURG, April 9.
Some fermentation is said to exist in Sweden.—The chamber of commerce of Stockholm having been revoked lately, a letter was read from the king, in which he demanded a contribution to enable him to send out 15 ships of the line or frigates, to meet the Swedish ships against the French privateers, which had taken a great number. The discussion enabled some members to depict the miseries to which Sweden was subjected by her fatal alliance with England. It was unanimously decided that no sum should be granted to the king.—(We do not believe a word of this article.)

A short but sharp debate took place after the division. To a question put by Mr. Canning, Mr. Windham replied, that he had no intention of making any alteration in the new military plan which he proposed before the recess.

Ten transports arrived in the Downs yesterday from the river with troops on board. Their destination is a profound secret.

Admiralty-Office, April 30,
half past one, P. M.
"The Donnegal man of war arrived at Spithead this morning, and the following message has been received by the Telegraph:—Captain Malcolm passed Cape Maze with admiral Duckworth on the 20th of March.

The Donnegal and the Braave parted company with the other ships on the 8th off the Western Islands. On the morning of the 12th the Braave's main-mast went overboard, and she began to open very much. The crew were therefore removed, in the course of the day she foundered. She had been very much cut up in admiral Duckworth's action.

The Jupiter, one of the other prizes, arrived at Spithead last night.

IN CHANCERY, June 13, 1806.
ORDERED, That the sale made by GEORGE DORSEY, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Joshua Dorsey, deceased, as stated in his report, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 12th day of August next, provided a copy of this order be inserted three Tuesdays or three Fridays in the Baltimore Telegraph, and three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette, before the 12th day of July next.

The report states, that part of a tract of land, in Anne-Arundel county, called *Locust Thicket*, containing four hundred and eleven acres, was sold at seven dollars per acre.

True copy,
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can. 1806/7/10

NOTICE.
THE subscriber being unable to pay his debts, intends to make application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel county court, at the next September term, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed in the year 1806, for the relief of insolvent debtors.
JOHN DAVIDSON,
June 17, 1806.

It is to give notice,
THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of the county aforesaid, letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the personal estate of ZACHARIAH DUVALL, sen. late of said county, deceased, therefore all persons who have claims against said estate are requested to produce the same, legally authenticated, and those indebted to the estate to make payment, to
ZACHARIAH DUVALL, Adm. W. A.

* * * THE subscriber is compelled, once more, to request all persons indebted for the Maryland Gazette, Advertisements, &c. to make payments of their respective balances. Legal measures must be taken against all those who refuse or neglect to comply with this request.
F. GREEN.
Annapolis, May, 1806.

ATTENTION!
* * * A meeting of the Volunteer Company of Infantry is requested on Saturday next, the 21st inst. at three o'clock, P. M. at the usual parade ground, in complete uniform.
June 19, 1806.

On Monday last the Court of Appeals met in this city, and made choice of THOMAS HARRIS, jun. Esq; as their clerk.

WE are authorized to say, that col. RICHARD HARWOOD, will, if elected, serve as an elector of the senate, for Anne-Arundel county.

On Saturday last, the main question was put in the Senate of Massachusetts and decided...that there is no election of Governor by the people.—[Balt. pap.]

Two Royal Tygers, a male and a female, are advertised for sale at auction, in Salem, (Ms.) on the first of next month. They are about twelve months old, and highly spoken of for their beauty and docility. They have never been confined, but are so harmless as to lie down to sleep with the people on board the ship.

A Lexington (Kent) paper, of the 12th inst. contains the following important paragraph:—Report says, that orders have been sent to gen. Wilkinson, to descend the Mississippi immediately to Fort Adams, with all the troops stationed at St. Louis, in consequence of apprehensions from the Spaniards.

From the Providence Gazette.
Some, who are as deficient in taste as in christianity, have represented the Bible as beneath the notice of a literary man. We would wish to introduce an anecdote which must be doubly interesting to them, as the man who contended for the inspired writers, was a native of this State. The gentleman above alluded to was once engaged in a controversy with a Clergyman, and declared that no writer, ancient or modern, rivalled Homer in the sublimity of his conceptions. To prove his assertion, he cited the following passage:

"Jove frowns, and darkens more than half the skies." There! cried he, what passage will you find equal to this? A frown from the brow of my heathen omnipotent, overshadows one half the skies with darkness. The Clergyman did not ruminate long for an answer. He opposed him by the following quotation from the 20th chapter of Revelations, verse 11th, "And I saw a great white throne, and him that sat on it, from whose face the earth and the heavens fled away, and there was no place for them." Your fabled god, he remarked, could only put one half the heavens into a ferment by the distortion of his visage. At the bare appearance of the Christian Deity, creation trembles, and seeks annihilation for shelter. It is honourable to the character of the heathen admirer, that he not only had taste and judgment enough to relish the superior splendour of revelation, but likewise the magnanimity to confess it.

Boston, June 12.
It is with pride and pleasure we announce to the public, that his excellency CALEB STRONG, was yesterday declared governor of this commonwealth, by the unanimous vote of both branches of the legislature.

Richmond, June 10.
We this day perform the painful task of announcing the death of the Venerable GEORGE WYTHE, Esq; Judge of the High Court of Chancery, for the Richmond District, who died on Sunday last, about 9 o'clock in the morning.

NOTICE.
LITTLE respect being paid to our former applications to those indebted to the late firm of RIDGELY & EVANS; by bond, note, or open account; they are requested (for the last time) to call on them and discharge their respective balances, and at the same time assure them, that unless discharged, or leave with them tobacco notes, with samples of the tobacco, on or before the first day of August next, they shall bring suit without respect to persons.
ABSALOM RIDGELY,
JOSEPH EVANS.
June 19, 1806.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber, once more, requests all persons indebted to him to call and settle before the first day of August next, otherwise suits will be commenced.
RICHARD HARWOOD, of Thos.
May 19, 1806.