

Euryalus, October 25.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

PATRIOTIC EFFUSION.

By General ROBERT HOWE.
HARK! hark! sweet lass, the trumpet sounds,
'Tis honour calls to war;
Now love I leave, perhaps for wounds,
And beauty for a scar.
But, ah! suppress those rising sighs,
Ah! check that falling tear;
Left soft distress, from lovely eyes,
Create a new-born fear.
My life to fame devoted was,
Before my fair I knew;
And if I now desert her cause,
Shall I be worthy you?
It is not fame alone invites,
Tho' fame his bosom warms;
My country's violated rights
Impel my soul to arms.

In CHANCERY, December 11, 1805.

John Simpson,

vs.

Abraham George Hammond and Philip Moore.

THE object of the bill is, that the sale of certain lands, forming part of the real estate of William Andrews, late of Baltimore county, deceased, and sold by Randolph B. Latimer, trustee for the sale of the said real estate, to Abraham George Hammond, the defendant, late of Baltimore, may be set aside, and that the bonds given by the said defendant to the said trustee for the purchase money of those bonds, bearing date on the 28th day of July, in the year 1800, and payable on the 28th day of April, 1801, and the other on the 28th day of April, 1802, may thereupon be cancelled.
The bill is prayed on the ground that no part of the money due on the said bonds, or either of them, hath been paid, that the said Abraham George Hammond hath become bankrupt, and is wholly unable to pay the said bonds, or any part of them, and that a certain Charles Flanagan, the security therein, hath altogether neglected and refused to discharge them, and it is suggested in the bill that the said defendant, Hammond, hath departed from this state and now resides without it. It is, on the complainant's application, ordered, that by causing a copy of this order to be thrice inserted in the Maryland Gazette before the 17th day of January next, he may give notice to the defendant, Hammond, of the substance and object of the bill aforesaid, and may warn him to appear here in person, or by a solicitor, before the 17th day of May next, to shew cause, if any there be, wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, A. G. Howard,
Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to a decree from the Chancellor of Maryland, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the first Monday of February next, at the Great Mill, in Saint-Mary's county, at two o'clock in the afternoon, if fair, and if not, on the first fair day thereafter,

ALL the real estate of ROBERT CHESLEY, late of the said county, deceased, consisting of several valuable tracts of land, the late residence of the said deceased, generally known by the name of FOX HALL, situated on Saint-Mary's river, commanding a beautiful view thereof, agreeably interspersed with creeks and other inlets, and abounds in all the advantages of a water situation, having fish, oysters and crabs, in plenty in their season. This farm contains upwards of 600 acres, and a considerable part of the arable land is level and fertile, and is well adapted to the growth of wheat, corn and tobacco, it has an inexhaustible fund of manure in the large banks of shells that encompass the river round about it. The improvements consist of a large two story brick dwelling-house, with four rooms on a floor, a kitchen, stables, and other convenient out-houses, an excellent young orchard of peach and apple trees just beginning to bear, and one moiety of a small grist mill, on an extreme corner of the land. It will be sold on a credit of twelve months, on the purchaser giving bond, with approved security, on interest from the day of sale. Immediate possession will be given, and a good and sufficient deed made on payment of the purchase money, and a ratification of the sale by the chancellor.

All persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit them, with the proper vouchers thereto, to the chancellor, within four months from the first Monday of February next.

WILLIAM HEBB, Trustee.

December 18, 1805.

Ten Dollars Reward.

THE schooner boat DOLPHIN, No. 1, was hired by the subscriber, about six days ago, to two sailors, for the purpose of carrying them to the ford at Baltimore. She is about 17 feet long, with a light bottom and her upper works black. She is an open boat, with wash-boards. The said boat not having been returned to me, I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver her to me at Fell's Point county wharf.

December 16, 1805. PETER PAUL.

SIR,

In my letter of the 22d, I detailed to you, for the information of my lords commissioners of the admiralty, the proceeding of his majesty's squadron on the day of the action, and that preceding it—since which I have had a continued series of misfortunes, but they are of a kind that human prudence could not possibly provide against, or my skill prevent.

On the 22d, in the morning, a strong southerly wind blew, with squally weather, which however did not prevent the activity of the officers and seamen of such ships as were manageable from getting hold of many of the prizes (thirteen or fourteen) and towing them off to the westward, when I ordered them to rendezvous round the Royal Sovereign, in tow of the Neptune; but, on the 23d, the gale increased, and the sea ran so high, that many of them broke the tow-ropes, and drifted far to leeward before they were got hold of again, and some of them taking advantage in the dark and boisterous night, got before the wind, and have perhaps drifted upon the shore and sunk; on the afternoon of that day the remnant of the combined fleet, ten sail of ships, who had not been much engaged, stood up to leeward of my shattered and straggled charge, as if meaning to attack them, which obliged me to collect a force out of the least injured ships and form to leeward for their defence; all this retarded the progress of the hulks, and the bad weather continuing, determined me to destroy all the leewardmost that could be cleared of the men, considering that keeping possession of the ships was a matter of little consequence, compared with the chance of their falling into the hands of the enemy; but even this was an arduous task, in the high sea which was running. I hope, however, it has been accomplished to a considerable extent; I entrusted it to skilful officers, who would spare no pains to execute what was possible. The captains of the Prince and Neptune cleared the Trinidad and sunk her.

Captains Hope, Baynton and Malcolm, who joined the fleet this morning from Gibraltar, had the charge of destroying four others. The Redoubtable sunk after of the Swiftsure, while in tow. The Santa Anna, I have no doubt, has sunk, as her side was almost entirely beaten in; and such is the shattered condition of the whole of them, that unless the weather moderates, I doubt whether I shall be able to carry a ship of them into port. I hope their lordships will approve of what I (having only in consideration the destruction of the enemy's fleet) have thought a measure of absolute necessity.

I have taken admiral Villeneuve into this ship; vice-admiral Don Aliva is dead. Whenever the temper of the weather will permit, and I can spare a frigate (for there were only four in the action with the fleet, Euryalus, Sirius, Phebe and Naiad; the Melpomene joined the 22d, and the Eurydice and Scout the 23d,) I shall collect the other flag officers with their flags, and send them to England, if they do not all go to the bottom, to be laid at his majesty's feet.

There were four thousand troops embarked under the command of general Contamin, who was taken with admiral Villeneuve in the Bucentaure.

I am, Sir, &c.

Signed, C. COLLINGWOOD.

BALTIMORE, December 19.

The circuit court of the district of Columbia, says the Alexandria Advertiser of yesterday, has been engaged for the two last days on the trial of John A. Burford, for the robbery and attempt to murder Mr. Peter, of the bank of Columbia, in June last; and this morning the jury brought in a verdict—Not guilty.

Extract of a letter from the charge des affaires of the United States at Algiers, to the consul of the United States at Alicante, dated Algiers, September 4, 1805.

"On the 30th ult, the soldiers rose in a body and murdered the dey (Mustapha Bashaw) and his prime minister.—Hamet, late a secretary to his predecessor, was unanimously conducted to the palace, and proclaimed dey of Algiers. Not a life was lost, except the two first mentioned; no sort of confusion ensued. I have renewed our treaty with the present dey and divan according to custom.

"All is tranquil now, and the Moors, at the time I last wrote (in a state of insurrection) have laid down their arms since the accession of the present dey to sovereignty. He is said to be a good man—I knew him well previous to his coming into power, as I did his officers, who are all new."

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons from hunting, or crossing the farm occupied by me, (without my leave,) otherwise than as the public road directs.

December 20, 1805.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of THOMAS DAVIDSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 7th day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand, this 14th day of December, 1805.

WILLIAM JOHNSON, Administrator.

17th/18

while the action continued, which ship lying within hail, made my signals; a service captain Blackwood performed with great attention. After the action, I shifted my flag to her, that I might more easily communicate my orders to, and collect the ships, and towed the Royal Sovereign out to leeward. The whole fleet were now in a very perilous situation; many dismasted, all shattered, in thirteen fathom water, off the shoals of Trafalgar; and when I made the signal to prepare to anchor, few of the ships had an anchor to let go, their cables being shot; but the same good Providence which aided us through such a day, preserved us in the night, by the wind shifting a few points, and drifting the ships off the land, except four of the captured dismasted ships, which are now at anchor off Trafalgar, and I hope will all ride safe until these gales shall be over.

Having thus detailed the proceedings of the fleet on this occasion, I beg to congratulate their lordships on a victory, which, I hope, will add a ray to the glory of his majesty's crown, and be attended with public benefit to our country.

I am, &c.

(Signed)

C. COLLINGWOOD.

Wm. Marsden, Esq.

The order in which the ships of the British squadron attacked the combined fleets on the 21st of October, 1805.

Table listing ships and their commanders: Victory (Royal Sovereign), Temeraire (Mars), Neptune (Belleisle), Conqueror (Tonnant), Leviathan (Bellerophon), Ajax (Colossus), Orion (Achille), Agamemnon (Polyphemus), Minotaur (Revenge), Spartiate (Swifsure), Britannia (Defence), Africa (Thunderer), Europa (Defiance), Phoebe (Dreadnought), Naiad, Pickle schooner, Entreprenante cutter.

(Signed)

C. COLLINGWOOD.

GENERAL ORDER.

Euryalus, October 22, 1805.

The ever-to-be-lamented death of lord viscount Nelson, duke of Bronte, the commander in chief, who fell in the action of the 21st, in the arms of victory, covered with glory, whose memory will be ever dear to the British navy, and the British nation, whose zeal for the honour of his king and the interests of his country, will be ever held up as a shining example for a British seaman, leaves to me a duty to return my thanks to the right hon. rear admiral, the captains, officers, seamen, and detachments of royal marines, serving on board his majesty's squadron now under my command, for their conduct on that day; but where can I find language to express my sentiments of the valour and skill which were displayed by the officers, the seamen, and marines in the battle with the enemy, where every individual appeared a hero, on whom the glory of his country depended; the attack was irresistible, and the issue of it adds to the page of our naval annals a brilliant instance of what Britons can do, when their king and their country need their services.

To the right hon. rear admiral the earl of Northesk, to the captains, officers and seamen, and to the officers and privates of the royal marines, I beg to give my hearty thanks for their highly meritorious conduct, both in the action, and in their zeal and activity in bringing the captured ships out from the perilous situation in which they were, after their surrender, among the shoals of Trafalgar, in boisterous weather.

And I desire that the respective captains will be pleased to communicate to the officers, seamen and marines, this public testimony of my high approbation of their conduct, and my thanks for it.

(Signed)

C. COLLINGWOOD.

To the right hon. rear admiral the earl of Northesk, and the respective captains and commanders.

GENERAL ORDER.

The Almighty God, whose arm is strength, having by his great mercy been pleased to crown the exertions of his majesty's fleet with success, in giving us a complete victory over their enemies, on the 21st of this month; and that all praise and thanksgiving may be offered up to the Throne of Grace for the great benefits to our country and to mankind,

I have thought proper that a day should be appointed of general humiliation before God, and thanksgiving for this his merciful goodness, imploring forgiveness of sins, a continuation of his divine mercy, and his constant aid to us, in the defence of our liberties and laws, without which the utmost efforts of man are nought, and direct therefore, that a day be appointed for this holy purpose.

Given on board the Euryalus, off Cape Trafalgar, the 20th October.

(Signed)

C. COLLINGWOOD.

To the respective Commanders,

N. B. The fleet having been dispersed in a gale, I have not yet been able to be appointed for the above purpose.