

shares above sixty, and not exceeding one hundred, one vote; and for every ten shares above one hundred, one vote; but no person or body politic shall be entitled to a greater number than thirty votes. All votes at elections shall be by ballot, delivered in person or by proxy.

Article 9. No person can be admitted to take his seat as a director, unless he shall be at the time a stockholder, and if he shall at any time cease to be a stockholder, he shall cease to be a director.

Article 10. The president and directors first chosen shall hold their seats for twelve months, and may be re-elected at the regular annual elections. If the president shall be chosen out of the number of directors, his place shall be supplied by the directors from among the stockholders.

If a vacancy shall at any time happen among the directors by death, resignation or otherwise, the directors shall elect a director to fill the vacancy for the residue of the year from among the stockholders.

Article 11. In case of sickness, or necessary absence, of the president, he shall, in writing, appoint one of the board of directors to act as president pro tempore.

Article 12. The board of directors for the bank and branch bank shall respectively have power to appoint a cashier, and other officers and servants, for executing the business of the company, and the directors of the bank and branch bank shall jointly fix the compensation to be allowed the presidents for their extraordinary attendance, as well as the salaries to the above said officers and servants, which expenses shall be defrayed out of the funds of the company.

Article 13. The board of directors shall have power to purchase, rent or lease, proper buildings for the bank and branch bank, and to have such houses fitted up and secured with vaults, &c. at the expense of the company.

Article 14. The board of directors at Annapolis and Easton, jointly, shall have power to make, revise, alter or annul, rules, orders, by-laws and regulations, for the government of the company, and that of their officers, servants and affairs, as a majority of them shall deem expedient, provided they are not contrary to law or the constitution.

Article 15. The company shall in no case be concerned in any article but notes, bills of exchange, mortgages, stock of the United States, or bullion, except in the case of debts due to the bank, then they shall be fully justifiable in taking any kind of security which they can obtain.

Article 16. Ordinary discounts may be made by the president and any four directors, but the president and six directors shall be necessary for the purpose of transacting the general business of the company.

Article 17. Stock in the Farmers Bank of Maryland may be transferred by the holder, in person or by power of attorney, at said bank, or at the branch bank at Easton, but all debts actually over due to the company by a stockholder offering to transfer, must be discharged before such transfer shall be made.

Article 18. Dividends of the profits of the company shall be made at the end of the first year, and half yearly thereafter, and at the end of every three years a dividend shall be made of surplus profits, which dividends shall be payable to the stockholders on the respective shores at the bank and branch bank.

Article 19. The books, papers, correspondence, funds, and every transaction of the company, shall at all times be freely open to the inspection of the directors.

Article 20. A majority of the directors of the bank and branch bank may, at any time, call a general meeting of the stockholders for objects relative to the interests of the company, they giving six weeks notice in the public prints, and expressing in said notice the points or objects to be deliberated upon at such meeting.

Article 21. Should it happen that a part of the shares in this bank allotted to any county shall not be subscribed for, and shall be returned to the commissioners at Annapolis or Easton, the directors of each bank shall give public notice of the number of shares on each shore unoccupied, and shall notify the time when they will open books at Annapolis and Easton for the disposal of such shares.

Article 22. Whenever the state shall become a stockholder to an amount not less than fifty thousand dollars, she shall be entitled to appoint two directors, one for each shore; and for every additional hundred thousand dollars paid by the state, to amount of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, she shall be entitled to appoint two additional directors in manner as aforesaid; and when the whole amount allotted to the state shall be paid up, then the state shall be entitled to elect eleven directors, say six for the western and five for the eastern shore.

Article 23. Before the president and directors shall act as such, they shall take an oath, or affirmation, "that they will faithfully, diligently and honestly, perform the duties of their station;" and the cashier, the book-keeper and clerks, shall also take a similar oath, or affirmation, and shall besides give bonds, with security, to the satisfaction of the board of directors, for the faithful discharge of their duties in their several stations.

Article 24. That whenever any person or persons are indebted to the said bank for monies borrowed by him, her or them, for bonds, bills, mortgages, or notes given or endorsed by him, her or them, with an express declaration written in the body of the said bill, bond, mortgage or note, that the same shall be negotiable at or in the said bank, and shall refuse or neglect to make payment thereof at the time the same becomes due, and the president and directors of the said bank shall cause the said debtors, or any of them,

to be sued, for the recovery of the same, such debt, from the time the said writ or writs for the recovery of the same is or are issued, shall be and become a lien in law upon the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate, of the debtor or debtors against whom the said writ or writs shall so issue, and so continue until the said debt, and costs incurred for the recovery of the same, be fully paid and satisfied; provided always, that the president of the said bank at Annapolis, or the president of the branch bank at Easton, to make such writ or writs a lien in manner aforesaid, shall, before the same issues, make an oath, (or affirmation, if he be of such religious society as by the laws of this state are allowed to affirm, where otherwise he would be compelled to swear,) ascertaining whether the whole or what part of the sum expressed to be paid in and by the said bill, bond, mortgage or note, is really and truly due to the said bank, and leave such oath or affirmation with the clerk who issues such writ, to be by him preserved and kept among the papers in such suit.

And, as a short mode of recovery in an institution on these general principles is of the first importance, as affording great security, therefore the charter of incorporation shall provide a facile and expeditious mode, by way of execution, to secure the punctual payment of all sums of money which may become due to the said bank on notes, bills of exchange, mortgages, bonds or otherwise, in the same manner that money due to the banks of Maryland and Columbia is secured to be paid.

Article 25. All notes offered for discount by any person or persons, shall, on the face thereof, be made negotiable at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, and when the drawer shall not reside in Annapolis or Easton, such note shall be made payable at the house of some person at Annapolis or Easton, and notice given by the proper servant of the bank at said house, that such note hath become due, shall be, to all intents and purposes, held and considered to be as completely binding on the drawer and endorsers as if notice had been personally served on each of them.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our names, or firms, the day of _____ in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four.

FOR SALE.

A NEGRO WOMAN and five children, (the eldest 13 years, and the youngest 4 months old,) on moderate terms, for cash, or on a short credit, with good security, by

LANCELOT WARFIELD.

August 6, 1804.

By virtue of two writs of fieri facias, to me directed out of Anne-Arundel county court, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on the 8th day of September next, at the dwelling-house of SARAH GREEN,

ONE negro man named Joe, one negro woman named Honour, one ditto named Anne, taken as the property of Sarah Green, executrix of Anthony Mulgrove, of Saml. to satisfy debts due John Flood and Henry and Ephraim Gaither.

J. E. TILLY, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county. August 7, 1804.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the court of chancery, will be SOLD, on Monday the third day of September next, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

THE dwelling plantation of JOSEPH MACCUBBIN, deceased, consisting of several small tracts, containing three hundred and seventy acres; this property is beautifully situated on the Severn river, about nine miles from the city of Annapolis, and is well stocked with valuable timber, and is well improved with buildings and orchards of fine fruit. And, at the same time and place, will also be sold, a tract of land, on Magothy river, the property of the said Joseph Maccubbin, called THE MOUNTAIN OF WHALES, adjoining the land of George Conaway, estimated and supposed to contain one hundred and twenty-eight acres. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale. A further description of the property is thought unnecessary, as it is presumed any person inclined to purchase will make himself acquainted therewith, previous to the day of sale.

NICHOLAS BREWER, Trustee.

NOTICE.

AS the subscriber intends to decline the mercantile business, he will dispose of his STOCK on hand, at very reduced prices, for CASH. Any person disposed to purchase the whole a liberal credit will be given, on giving bond with approved security.

MAREEN B. DUVALL.

N. B. Those indebted to him on bond, note, or open account, are requested to settle the same immediately, as no further indulgence can or will be given.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Calvert county, on the 19th inst. a negro lad named WILL, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, of a yellowish complexion, a sensible and artful villain; had on and took with him sundry cloathing unknown; I expect he will make for Annapolis, Baltimore, or George-town, at which latter place he has a father living. Any person apprehending said negro, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, if out of the county, but if in the county TEN DOLLARS, and all reasonable charges, paid by

JAMES HEIGHE. July 30, 1804.

WE are authorized to say, that Mr. ARCHIBALD VAN-HORN will be a candidate at the next election for representatives to congress, for the second election district of this state, composed of Prince Georges and Anne-Arundel counties.

RICHARD TILGEMAN EARLE, Esq; of Queen Anne's county, is elected one of the council of this state in the room of DAVIDSON DAVID, Esq; deceased.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Cathcart, late consul of the United States at Tripoli, to Mr. Cathcart, their commercial agent at Marseilles, dated Leghorn, 11th May, 1804.

"The government of Naples has sent to sea two large frigates and four corvettes to guard their coast and annoy the Tunisians, should they put to sea this summer. A seventy-four gun ship is fitting out with all expedition, and will be manned with the crews of the corvettes, which are recalled for that purpose. The seventy-four and 2 large frigates will be kept continually at sea, so that if the Tunisians do declare war against us, this force will be of infinite service to us until a reinforcement arrives from the U. States. I have likewise procured from the government of Naples the loan of four bombardes and four large gun boats, artillery, mortars, bombs, ammunition and every apparatus complete. The boats are ready for sea at Messina, and an order was forwarded to the count Tourne, or in his absence to the governor of Messina to deliver them to commodore Preble upon demand before I left Naples; and to render him every service in his power."

A letter dated Tripoli, 4th April, mentions that the crew of the Philadelphia were in good health that the officers had received permission to ride occasionally in the country, accompanied by a drogerman but they were not allowed to visit the consuls.

Captain Hagberg, of the Swedish ship Ericson, arrived in Hampton Roads in 56 days from Alicante informs, that it was currently reported before he failed, that the Tunisians had declared war against the United States, and that the Toulon fleet had no failed.

Arrived at Philadelphia on Thursday last, the schooner General Green, from Guadaloupe. The day on which the General Green failed, the crews of the two New York vessels, lately captured by the French and carried to Point Petre, were to be marched over to Bellefriere. It was apprehended that but few would be able to survive the fatigue and hardships of this march. As a pointed indignity to the Americans, they were compelled to this cruel service, while the English prisoners were transported.

PLANET HERCULES.

A London publication of June 1, states, that the new Planet described in the news-papers, as having been recently discovered by Dr. Olbers, has not yet been seen in England; and that the paragraph is considered a fabrication by the astronomers of that country.

FROM NEW-ORLEANS, July 7.

"In my last I believe I mentioned something relative to a meeting held here for the purpose of authorising a representation to congress; and I thought added, that it would most probably prove abortive. The spirit, however, has mounted higher than I imagined. On Saturday last a meeting was held in the public ball-room to hear and deliberate on a remonstrance to be signed by the inhabitants, and forwarded to congress by two deputies. Although I did not feel myself interested in the project, I attended and heard the document read. It is the production of much ingenuity, and as such was cordially received. I can only pretend to give you the principal points of the remonstrance. It requires that the act passed by last congress for the government of Louisiana be annulled, and particularly that part respecting the slave trade;—that the French language be preserved in all our judiciary and civil proceedings; that we be immediately acknowledged as a state, and enjoy as such the privilege of appointing our own executive council, and make our own laws. Such are the objects of this procedure. The merit of the remonstrance is given to Edward Livingston, esq. Tomorrow there is to be another meeting for the purpose of choosing the two delegates, who are to proceed immediately to the seat of government, loaded with grievances of the people of Louisiana.

"The 4th instant was celebrated here with great enthusiasm."

FROM THE (BALTY.) AMERICAN.

Messrs. PECHIN & FRAILEY, This season of the year being extremely fatal to children, as such numbers of them have been swept away by the flux and cholera, or vomiting and purging has induced me to solicit the publication of the following remedy for the cure of the above diseases. Oil of Pennyroyal, two drops to a table spoonful molasses, syrup or honey, after being well stirred let one teaspoonful be administered every hour until it has the desired effect, which from experience, I will safely assure the public, will be found in every case of the above disorder to be a speedy and certain cure. For a grown person the dose may be doubled and given in the same manner.

AN OLD LADY