

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, June 14, 1804.

Another letter, of the same date, says, "For the last 7 months, we have had only twenty days to load and unload our vessels, there having been almost continual rains and gales. On the 5th instant there was in the river the greatest flood ever known. Several vessels were injured, and one boat loaded with wine was sunk."

June 5.

Captain Blagge, of the ship Pyomingo, informs, that a Neapolitan frigate, and a ship of 24 guns, sailed from Naples on the 20th of March, to blockade all the ports of Tunis; and it was said at Naples that they were to join the American Squadron under the command of commodore Preble. Commodore Preble had four bomb ketches ready at Syracuse on the 16th of March. The Syren and Nautilus were cruising off Tripoli. Commodore Preble had applied to the king of Naples for the loan of twenty-five gun boats, lying at Palermo, and it was said at Naples that the king had granted them to him. The Tripolitans had only two cruisers out, a brig and a schooner, both of which were up the Archipelago.

The French frigates Sybelle and Dido got under way yesterday morning with a fine N. W. breeze for sea; but the wind falling short, they again anchored near the quarantine ground at Staten Island. As several vessels which have lately arrived at this port were boarded by the British frigate Boston on the coast to the southward; and as captain Thompson who arrived yesterday, saw a few days since a double decker, supposed to be the Leander, at no great distance, it is not improbable that they may form a junction, and fall in with the above frigates—if this should happen, we may expect soon to hear of a naval combat; for, the Frenchmen are determined to fight!

June 8.

It was reported last evening, said to be received by a vessel arrived at the quarantine ground, that the British ship Leander, of 50 guns, and the frigate Cambrian, of 44 guns, had been seen and spoken with some leagues to the southward of Sandy Hook.

The arrival yesterday of the Ship Adventure, from Calcutta, has furnished us with papers from that quarter to the 22d January.—The war in India is progressing with considerable success on the part of the British. Speaking on this subject a late Calcutta print says in language perhaps too highly coloured—"the brilliancy of the present campaign in every quarter in which our armies have appeared, far outstrips any hitherto recorded in the annals we believe of any nation in the world; and we are at a loss which most to admire, the wisdom with which the various plans have been formed, or the promptitude and effect with which they have been carried into execution."

June 9.

By arrivals yesterday we received Jamaica papers to the 5th, and Charleston papers to the 31st ult. inclusive. Such extracts as appeared worthy of selection, are to be found under the proper heads. From the following article, which appears under the Port-Royal date of May 5, it seems highly probable that the island of Martinique is now in the possession of the British:—"Capt. Butter, of the ship James, of Bristol, who arrived at Morant Bay from Cork, mentions, that in passing Martinique, he saw the British flag flying on the different small forts to windward of St. Pierre. The Glenheim, of 74 guns, a 50 gun ship, a sloop of war, and a store ship, were lying close to the Diamond Rock, which had English colours also flying, and an English camp was perceived at the top of the Diamond."

The Cornwall (Jamaica) Chronicle, of the 28th April, states, that the schooner British Queen spoke an American vessel at sea from St. Vincent's, and received information that the island of Martinique had been taken by our forces to windward.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.

A letter from St. Kitts, dated 21st ult. received per the Liberty, says—"We have received accounts of the surrender of Surinam to the British, and of the Cork fleet being lost on the coast of Portugal."

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, June 8.

A Hindoo of high character, named Petumber Shingo, at Futtypore, has been converted to christianity by the preaching of the Baptist missionaries—he has declared that he travelled far, and read many books in search of salvation, but till now in vain, and there was nothing in the Barham or Hindoo system that pointed out the way. He has been discarded by his cast; but the government intend to establish a school under his direction.

June 9.

A REMARKABLE OCCURRENCE.

At a country feat in the vicinity of this city, a cow last evening brought forth THREE living calves! They were all well formed and in due proportion; but one of them was, unluckily for the curious, lain upon and pressed to death by its mother. The others are now living and very promising.

Arrived, ship Hebe, Pearlall, 133 days from Batavia. The French fleet, consisting of 2 ships of the line, and 4 or 5 frigates sailed from Batavia, a few days after the arrival of the Hebe, and intended to cruise in the Chinese sea—Coffee and sugar raised, and rising in price.

June 11.

Two men, one named Crocker, the other Southwick, were on Saturday last committed to prison, on suspicion of negro stealing, and counterfeiting, or of passing notes, knowing them to be counterfeit.

LITTLE respect having been paid to his former notice, the subscriber again earnestly calls on all persons indebted to him for their respective balances. He hopes to be excused, should inattention to this request oblige him to resort to compulsory measures, which necessity will compel him to pursue.

FREDERICK GREEN.

WE are authorized to say that Mr. BARUCH FOWLER will serve in the legislature, if elected by his fellow-citizens of Anne-Arundel county one of their representatives at the next election.

Extract of a letter from an officer to his friend in Philadelphia, dated

"TRIPOLI, January 6, 1804.

"Since my last, we have been closely confined, which makes our time very disagreeable. A few days past, at the instigation of our carpenter, three of the crew were put in the screws and received 150 bastinadoes each. He has not yet turned Turk, but I expect he will in a few days, as he has left the prison, and lives with our guard. Four of our crew have turned already.

"For this week past, the Bashaw's child by a favourite wife, has been very ill with the croup, as the doctor calls it. He called on our doctor four days after the child's illness, when he pronounced it dangerously ill. The Bashaw immediately offered him his liberty provided he would cure the child. It recovered and is at present well; but not a word more said about the doctor's liberty.

"During the last two days, we have lost 10 of our crew."

A letter from an officer lately belonging to the frigate Philadelphia, dated at Tripoli, Feb. 22, mentions that the prisoners had not met with any ill treatment in consequence of the destruction of that vessel, except the partial parole allowed them being taken off, and they confined to their quarters.

By the ship Vigilant, from Naples, the editors of this Gazette have received an extract of a letter from commodore Preble, dated on board the Constitution, at Syracuse, March 19, 1804. The following is a copy:

"I have this moment received intelligence from a gentleman just arrived from Tunis, that the bey of that regency is equipping his whole naval force with the utmost expedition; and it is whispered that his object is the American commerce. From various circumstances, I believe there is much truth in the conjecture. Three of their frigates, from 24 to 32 guns, are now fitting out at Malta; one frigate, of 32 guns, and a number of smaller vessels, are getting ready at Tunis."

Commodore Preble further observes, that he intends to collect all the forces off Tripoli, and proceed off Tunis to learn the cause. [N. Y. GAZ.]

SURINAM.

Boston papers mention, that by an arrival from Dominica, intelligence is brought, that the British have failed in their expedition against Surinam, with the loss of from 6 to 700 men. Two principal officers being killed or taken prisoners. No dates are given, and it will be perceived by our paper of this day and also by that of Thursday, that accounts of the capture of that settlement are received.

A gentleman at St. Louis, on the Mississippi, writes to his friend in Pittsburg, under date of May 5th, 1804, that captain Lewis, who had been sent by the president of the United States to explore the newly acquired territory of Louisiana, was at that place, and intended leaving it in a few days, on his return to the city of Washington, accompanied by 20 Indian chiefs.

The letter does not mention the distance captain Lewis had been from that place, but we presume he was prevented from proceeding by the nations of Indians to whom the chiefs belong that are accompanying him to visit the president. [Pittsburg Gaz.]

In the forest of Mount Gredifre, in the county of Hunyade, in Transylvania, some remains of an extensive ancient city have been discovered; but nothing that shows its name. In the neighbourhood a number of gold coins have been discovered in weight each equal to 2½ ducats. On one side three male figures, the first and last carrying hatchets, with the inscription, in characters, KOWEN. On the reverse an eagle at rest, holding a crown in its right claw. The learned suppose that the pieces of money were coined at the Hetruscan city Cosoa, and that the three male figures represent a consul preceded and followed by a licitor. The coins are supposed to be 2000 years old, by antiquarians. The Austrian government has ordered further researches.

Thirty-six persons were interred in Philadelphia for one week ending the second instant.

MADIRA.

Accounts from Madeira state, that on the 9th of March, about a quarter before 6 in the morning, a smart shock of an earthquake was felt, but without occasioning any damage.

The following information may perhaps prove of service to such of your subscribers as have not cool and dry cellars to preserve their meat and other provisions, and the hint perhaps offers an opportunity to those who have leisure and talents, of improving it to great public advantage.

A joint of meat or any provisions suspended in a flannel bag will keep sweet a considerable time longer than by any of the modes generally practised. The cooler and dryer the meat is when the flannel is put round it the better, and it will occur to any thinking mind that the flannel should be perfectly clean. A flannel bag with a bowl or plate in it is also the best mode of conveying butter from or perhaps to market, and if the bowl or plate is made of wood the better. A stronger proof cannot be given of the truth of the above, than that ice wrapped in flannel will keep a considerable time, whereas if exposed to the air or wrapped in linen it will dissolve almost immediately.

To prevent all Birds, Squirrels, and Wire Worms from destroying Corn when coming up.

Put half a bushel of seed corn in a large iron kettle, turn on it half a pint of tar, or as much as the corn will take up warmed, stir it till every corn is covered over with tar, then strew over it as much lime or ashes, as will stick to the corn when well stirred together, all to be done while the tar is warm. I have tried the above experiment two years, and find it to answer the above purpose. EBEN DENNETT.

THOMAS RUTTER, Esq; has been appointed marshal for the district of Maryland—vice, Reuben Esting, Esq; resigned.

NOTICE.

FROM the great injuries committed on the subscriber's farms, he hereby forewarns all and every person or persons whatever from hunting within his enclosures, either with dog or gun, in future, or from making any inroads or high cuts through the same, as he is determined to put the law in force against every offender, from this day.

GASSAWAY BAWLINGS.

May 24, 1804.

A STRAY.

I CERTIFY that JOSHUA MILLARD, living near Leonard-town, in Saint-Mary's county, on the second day of June, 1804, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the justices of the peace of the state of Maryland for the county aforesaid, a stray bright bay MARE, four or five years old, with a blaze in her forehead, and her two near feet white, her gait is a trot and gallop; it is said she has been in the neighbourhood four or five weeks.

JOHN G. FORD.

The owner of the above mare is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

JOSHUA MILLARD.

June 2, 1804. J. G. Ford

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN TUCKER, deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, on or before the 5th of November next, and all those who are indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

SARAH TUCKER, Administratrix.

Annapolis, June 13, 1804.

ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY.

THE MANAGERS of the lottery for the improvement of the streets in the city of Annapolis, for providing for the better security against fires, and for deepening the basin, respectfully give notice, that they propose to commence the drawing thereof on the second Monday in October next. They hope that the great objects contemplated by this lottery, and the prospect of advantage to the venturers from the number of valuable prizes, will induce all who wish to promote the prosperity of Annapolis to aid the managers, by purchasing the number of tickets they mean to take as early as possible that the necessary preparations may be made.

A YOUNG MAN, of about seventeen or eighteen years of age, who can write a good hand, understands figures, and can come well recommended, may hear of encouragement by applying to the printers of this paper.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, 17 miles from Baltimore, on the night of the 22d instant, a negro man named GEORGE, about 5 feet 6 inches high, he is very black, pitted with the small-pox, and is nearly blind in the right eye; he went off with a negro named Daniel, who was set free by Isaac Lansdale. Negro Ned is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a yellow complexion, and has got a pass from a man named Ned, who was set free by Thomas Simpson; the cloaths are not known. I will give a reward of TWENTY DOLLARS for either of them, or FIFTEEN DOLLARS if secured in any part of the above reward for both, if brought home, to

PATRICK TOOLE, or to BENJAMIN GITTINGS, near George-town.

N. B. I forewarn all persons from harbouring said fellows at their peril.

May 26, 1804.