ANNAPOLIS, Tuursnar, May 24, 1804.

LITTLE respect having been paid to his former notice, the subscriber again earnestly calls on all persons indebted to him for their respective balances. He hopes to be excused, should inattention to this request oblige him to resort to compulsory measures, which necessity will compel him to pursue.

FREDERICK GREEN.

Two counterseit 100 Dollar Notes, (says the Federal Gazette of Tuesday,) of the Office of Discount and Deposit, Baltimore, were this day detected at the bank of Baltimore. The plate and signatures are well executed. The date, the president's name, (John Swan,) and the numbering, are somewhat clumfy, particularly the latter, which is very much fo, and is the only means by which a detection can be eafily made. The paper is tolerable good.

> PHILADELPHIA, May 16. IMPORTANT.

By the politeness of captain Calvert, of the ship Maria, arrived last night from Cadiz, we are favoured with a copy of the following important letter from commodore Preble to John Gavino, Esq; our consul.

U. S. FRIGATE CONSTITUTION Syracuse Harbour, Feb. 7, 1804. JOHN GAVINO, Efq; Consul of the United States.

DEAR SIR,

I have the pleasure to announce to you the pleasing intelligence of the capture and destruction of the Tripoline frigate of 40 guns, late the United States frigate Philadelphia, by the United States ketch Intrepid, of 4 guns and 70 men, commanded by capt. Decatur, of the Enterprize, who volunteered his fervices on the occasion. It is to be regretted that she was fo fituated, that it was impossible to have brought

On the night of the 3d January, the brig Syren, captain Stuart, and ketch Intripid, of 4 guns; fitted for the purpose, and commanded by captain Decatur, with seventy volunteers, from the squadron, sailed for Tripoli, with orders to burn the frigate in that harbour. They this day returned, having executed my

orders much to my fatisfaction.

On the night of the 16th ult. captain Decatur entered the harbour of Tripoli, with the ketch, laid her along fide the frigate, and in a gallant and officerlike manner, boarded and carried her against all oppolition. After gaining complete possession, he proceeded to fire her with fuccess, and left her in a blaze, in which she continued until she was totally consumed. He had none killed and only one wounded. politans had between 20 and 30 men killed on the deck. One large boat load made their escape, some men ran below and perished in the stames; but the greater part jumped overboard. She was moored close to the batteries, with all her guns loaded, and two of their corfairs full of men, lay within half musket shot of her. A fire was kept up on the ketch by the batteries, bashaw's castle and corfairs. Not a musket or pistol was fired by our men, every thing was settled by the fword.

The Syren anchored without the harbour to cover the retreat of the Ketch, and fent her boats to affift, but unfortunately they did not arrive in season, as the business was accomplished, and the Ketch on her way out, before the boats met her. Had they got in fooner, it is probable some of the Tripolitan corfairs would have shared the fate of the frigate.

Very respectfully, I am, Dear Sir,

Your obedient servant, EDWARD PREBLE.

Captain Calvert informs, that a demand had been made of the Tripolitan government, by the emperor of Russia, for the enlargement of the crew of the Philadelphia frigate.

From a late Barbadoes paper.

The Osprey, captain Younghusbands, fell in on the 24th inft. about 150 leagues to windward, with the French private ship of war La Egyptienne, 36 guns and 250 men, which, notwithstanding her superiority of force, the Osprey engaged with the greatest gallantry for several hours, and with such considerable effect that the enemy at length gave up the contest, and being a remarkably fast failer fought for safety in flight .- In this, however, they were completely frustrated, for although the Ofprey, as well as the enemy, was much injured in the action, and could not purfue her, his majesty's ship Hippomenes, captain Shipley, being informed of the course of the enemy, and soon after descrying her, came up with her after a chase of fiftyfour hours, and a running fight of three, demanding of her instantly to strike, which she did without the least helitation, being already too well experienced in the dreadful havock of British thunder. The enemy was fitted ont at Bourdeaux, and had taken thirteen prizes on the present cruise, one of which, the Reliance, the Hippomenes retook, and with La Egyptienne, brought in here on Thursday. She is a very old vessel, but well found and a remarkable fast sailer; and had not captain Shipley gallantly accomplished, what the intrepidity of captain Younghusbands spiritedly attempted, she might have proved very dangerous in thefe feas.

An Act supplementary to the act, entitled, An act to prescribe the mode in which the public acts, records, and judicial proteeding in each state, shall be authenticated so as to take effect in every other

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, all records and exemplifications of office books, which are or may be kept in any public office of any state, not appertaining to a court, shall be proved or admitted in any other court or office in any other state, by the attestation of the keeper of the faid records or books, and the feal of his office thereto annexed, if there be a feal; together with a cer-tificate of the prefiding justice of the court of the county or district, as the case may be, in which such office is or may be kept; or of the governor, the fecretary of state, the chancellor or the keeper of the great feal of the state, that the said attestation is in due form and by the proper officer; and the faid certificate, if given by the prefiding justice of a court, shall be further authenticated by the clerk or prothonotary of the faid court, who shall certify under his hand and the feal of his office, that the faid prefiding inflice is duly commissioned and qualified; or if the faid certificate be given by the governor, the fecretary of state, the chancellor or keeper of the great feal of the state in which the faid certificate is made. And the faid records and exemplifications, authenticated as aforefaid, shall have such faith and credit given to them in every court and office within the United States, as they have by law or ulage in the courts or offices of the flate from whence the same are or shall be taken.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the provisions of this act, and the act to which this is a fupplement, shall apply as well to the public acts, records, office books, judicial proceedings, courts and offices of the respective territories of the United States, and countries subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, as to the public acts, records, office books, judicial proceedings, courts and offices of the feveral

Approved and figued, March 27, 1804.

The French Higate Persuivante, was spoken April 7th, near Cape Finistere-had made three prizes.

## Louis xviii.

In a late European paper-appears the following particulars relative to Buonaparte's demand from the Prussian court

on the subject of Louis xvIII.

A private letter from Berlin, dated March 10, fays, Citizen La Forest, the French minister at our court, received a courier from Paris on the 2d inft. and immediately went to the hotel of count Haugwitz, where he remained for nearly three hours, and foon afterwards Haugwitz demanded and obtained an audience of the king, and when it was over informed the French minister of his return, who, though it was late in the evening, called upon our minister again, and afterwards dispatched the courier back to Paris. The next day another French courier arrived, and had another conference with our minister, who had another audience of his fovereign, and afterwards conferred with the French minister, who again sent away the second courier within ten hours after his arrival. These transactions and this bustle caused many inquiries to be made in our diplomatic circles, and the rumours were as various as uncertain. Since that time, four more French couriers have arrived, and it is commonly believed, that Buonaparte has demanded some severe measures with regard to Louis XVIII, who yet refides at Warfaw; and that our government has refused the demand. What it is, we know not; but report fays, that Buonaparte has demanded, that Louis XVIII, should be given up as implicated in the late pretended conspiracy; whilst other reports fay, that he has only required the inspection of the papers of the exiled monarch, and that he may be confined in some Prussian fortress, until a peace with England. This letter, tho' written in a cautious style, indicates both the pretentions of the ulurper, and the opinion he has of the counsellors of his Prussian majesty, when he dares to insult a legal fovereign with a demand fo humiliating, fo offenfive, fo contrary to the laws of humanity, of hospitality; a demand fo pertinent and fo cruel, which if acquiesced in, would make one king the accomplice of a regicide in the murder of another. In better times when princes were less selfish, and their ministers less corrupt, fuch a demand would have been regarded as a declaration of war, and every crowned head would have armed in the defence of an unfortunate monarch, whom no man can reproach with a vice, whose virtues are as manifest as his missortunes, and who, from our private but authentic information, we know was a stranger to the proceedings of Georges as well as of the plans of Pichegru, and of the sentiments of Mo-

"We have feen persons who left Warsaw last month, and they politively affert that Louis XVIII, who resides there under the name of Count de Lille, feldom leaves his house, but when he goes to church, fees no other company but his relatives, or those French noblemen who have united their destiny with his own, and that he is chiefly occupied with domestic attentions to his unfortunate niece, the Dutchels of Angouleme, the daughter of the royal martyr, Louis XVI. Even the Prussian generals, prejudiced as they are in favour of Buonaparte, pay that respect to the virtues of Louis XVIII, which they owe to his rank."

Arrived at the Fort last evening, the ship August, captain Clark, from Liverpool, which he left on the

15th ultimo.

Captain Clark states, that it was reported at Live. pool just before he failed, that George III. had re lapfed, and died very fuddenly; and that Mores Pichegru, &c. had been removed from Paris to interior of France.

Extract of a letter from Washington, dated Ma 20, 1804.

The Congress, captain Rodgers, is now dropper down the Eastern Branch. She will be followed, is faid, to-morrow by the John Adams, capt. Change cey; and on Wednesday by the Essex, capt, Jane Barron, and in the course of the week by the Pref. dent, commodore Barron, and the Constellation, co. tain Campbell. They will rendezvous at Hampton and sail thence in squadron. Your's, &c.

ATHEREAS JOSEPH M'CENEY, college of the county tax of Anne-Arundel comp hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for the faid county, the following lift of land and lots of ground in faid county, on which there no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Anne-Arundel county, to wit:

Names of perfons; names of lands, and amount of tax.

John Brown, shoe-maker, Victory and Eagle's Tower, Valentine Brown, part Hebron and part

Batchelor's Choice, John Cornelius, Carter's Rocks and Patap. sco Mill Seat,

Edward Dorsey, of Jno. heirs, Yate's Con-trivance and Cockey's Neglect, John Tayloe, Dorfey's Angles, Dennis Griffith, and others, heirs of Josliua

Griffith, land at Elk-Ridge Landing, 1 10 1 Charles Ridgely's heirs, land at ditto, William Urqubart, land at ditto, Charles Carroll, bar. lieirs, land at ditto, 11 Margaret Pindle, part Bigg's Purchase, Benjamin Clarke, part Sappington's Addi.

Owen Elder, part Duvall's Delight, Rezin Spurrier, part Hog Neck, Vennal's Inheritance, and Ridgely's Beginning, Margaret Sappington, part Grindstone, Mark Johnson's heirs, Weston, Ginswell,

and Meek's Rest, Elizabeth Dickieson, part Second Addition to Snowden's Manor, and part War-

field's Range, Anne Vernon, Hill's Purchase, William Biggs's heirs, lot in London-town, William Plummer, part Brown's Enlarge-

ment from Joseph Owens, Jacob Cramblit, part Windfor, Henry and Peter, and part Cumberland, Hugh Finley, It's to be or not to be, Ifaac Pollock, Blooming Plains,

Talbot Shipley, trustee for George Shipley, part Shipley's Adventure, Jacob Joice, part Jacob's Improved Adven-

9 0 9 Thomas Spurrier, part Best Success, 0 5 0 0 7 1 James Cookfey, part Hog Neck, 0 8 4 Thomas Purdy, part Bessington, 0 2 1 George Johnson, lot in Annapolis, 0 12 1 Henry and Rezin Davidge, lot in ditto, 0 18 1 Elizabeth Gassaway, lot in ditto, Elizabeth Middleton, lot in ditto, 0 15 1 Margaret Pryle, lot in ditto, Edward Pryse, for Thomas Roberts, lot in ditto, John Sullivan, jun. lot in ditto, 0 14 \$ Anne Wiseham, lot in ditto, 1 5 0

0 15 5

1 12 0

William Yeldell, lot in ditto, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That unless the county charges aforesaid are paid to the faid collector within thirty days after the pallication of this notice is completed, the faid lands and lots of ground, or fuch parts thereof as will be fif ficient to pay the tax and cost thereon, will be so the act of affembly, entitled, An act for the most effectual collection of the county charges in the veral counties of this state.

May 14, 1804. By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me direct out of Anne-Arundel county court, will be a

posed to PUBLIC SALE, on the 29th inflating NE negro man, taken as the property of Jan H. Stone, Esq; to fatisfy a debt due George Sanks.. J. E. TILLY, Sheriff of

Anne-Arundel county.

May 23, 1804.

AS committed to the gaol of Prince-George VV county, on the 3d inftant, a negro boy the fays his name is WILL, and that he belongs to the KITTY TAYLOR, near Bryan-town, in Charles que ty; he appears to be about eighteen years old; bes nearly naked his cloaths cannot be described; about five feet two inches high, quite black. ALEXIUS BOONE, Sheriff of

Prince-George's county.

May 22, 1804.