

"All the English royalists would accompany and follow their government. Those whose fortunes consist in bank paper will undoubtedly depart with the government, and in India be indemnified for their losses. It is certain however, that the south of Asia would be benefited by such a revolution, and it would be under Providence a powerful engine in effecting the civilization of the universe.

"But the better, the greater, and especially the republican part of the English nation, would accept the capitulation offered by the French—or emigrate to North-America, or to Louisiana.

"The present war, very far from being unfortunate, has already produced results favourable to the happiness of mankind. By it the United States of America have obtained Louisiana."

Persons stunned by lightning, have, in numerous instances, been restored to their senses, by pouring cold water on them; the numbness and pain occasioned by the shock are removed by like means.

A vein of coal, which sometime since was opened near Shrewsbury, is stated to produce to its proprietor a net profit of three thousand pounds per week.

St. James's Park Ghost.

On Sunday, at one o'clock, the adjutant of the Goldstream regiment, went to the orderly room, at the Horse Guards, and sent for George Jones, of the 16th company, for the purpose of interrogating him respecting the ghost, as it was said that he was one of the men who had seen it, and had been considerably affected by the sight. The man accordingly attended, and declared his readiness to make oath of the truth of what he had already stated.

The following is a copy of a declaration which he afterwards made and signed before an officer:—

"I do solemnly declare, that whilst on guard at the recruit house, on or about the 3d inst. about half past one o'clock in the morning, I perceived the figure of a woman, without a head, rise from the earth, at the distance of about three feet before me. I was so alarmed at the circumstance, that I had not power to speak to it, which was my wish to have done: but I distinctly observed that the figure was dressed in a red striped gown, with red spots between each stripe, and that part of the dress and figure appeared to me enveloped in a cloud.

"In about the space of two seconds, whilst my eyes were fixed on the object, it vanished from my sight. I was perfectly sober and collected at the time, and being in great trepidation, called to the next sentinel, who met me about half way, and to whom I communicated the strange sight I had seen.

GEORGE JONES,

Of lieutenant-colonel Taylor's company of Goldstream guards.

"Westminster, Jan. 15, 1804."

In addition to the declaration of Jones, there is another as follows:

"I do hereby declare, that whilst on guard behind the armoury house, (to the best of my recollection about three weeks ago) I heard, at twelve o'clock at night, a tremendous noise, which proceeded from the window of an uninhabited house, near to the spot where I was upon duty. At the same time, I heard a voice cry out—"Bring me a light! bring me a light!" The last sentence was uttered in so feeble and so changeable a tone of voice, that I concluded some person was ill, and consequently offered them my assistance to procure a light. I could, however, obtain no answer to my proposal, although I repeated it several times, and as often heard the voice use the same terms. I endeavoured to see the person who called out but in vain. On a sudden the violent noise was renewed, which appeared to me to resemble flashes of windows lifted hastily up and down, but then they were moved in such quick succession, and at different parts of the house nearly at the same time, that it seemed impossible to me that one person could accomplish the whole business. I heard several of the regiment say they have heard similar noises and proceedings, but I have never heard the cause accounted for.

(Signed) RICHARD DONKIN,
12th company of Goldstream guards.

"Westminster, Jan. 15, 1804."

On Monday the above George Jones was brought before Sir Richard Ford, to be interrogated respecting the sight he was supposed to have seen. Previous to his examination, Mr. Stafford, the chief clerk, endeavoured to find out whether imagination had received any impressions from reading any dismal story, or if he had, at the time the phantom appeared to him, suffered the story of the Hammersmith Ghost to dwell on his mind; in order, if possible, to ascertain if he had been misled by his fancies. To these questions he answered in the negative. On being asked respecting the strange object he had seen, he solemnly declared, that he was ready at any time to make oath to what he had stated, and that he firmly believed he had seen a ghost. He detailed every thing in court as near as possible to what is inserted under his own signature.

DUBLIN, March 3.

Yesterday, several prisoners were brought in from Rathfarnham, charged with riotous conduct, and other unlawful acts in that neighbourhood.

A return has been made, according to orders, of the names of all persons confined in the gaols of the county and city of Dublin, on charges of treason and treasonable practices.

On Tuesday night last, Mr. Justice Bell apprehended, on different parts of the mountains, eight

men, five of whom are charged with high treason, as accomplices of that infatuated young man, Emmet, and with aiding and assisting him in his late impotent attempt at rebellion; the other three, we hear, after an examination which occupied two days, before the above magistrate and major Sirr, at the castle, were discharged, on giving security, to a large amount, for their future good behaviour.

BOSTON, April 6.

FROM FRANCE.

Captain Swain, who sailed from Bayonne, (France,) February 29, favoured us with the following letter, which he received from his broker just previous to sailing:

"Gen. Moreau is arrested; also La Fayette, Latour, Maubourg, the prince of peace and several bishops, archbishops and others, Pichegru, and Georges, were to have assassinated or seized the first consul. Moreau was to have assumed the command. But his knavery is discovered.—We are assured Pichegru is taken.—It is said the gates of the Thuilleries were gained, and powder had been introduced into the gardens in wine casks."

[By the above letter it appears a new plot, or pretended plot, has been discovered at Paris. Capt. S. says he understood the discovery and arrests were made about the 22d of Feb. that an account of them had been published in the news-papers, and that they were subjects of conversation at Bayonne. Pichegru and Georges were in England a short time since: the prince of Peace, we should presume, had not left Madrid. He may be implicated in the plot. He had not for some time been a favourite with the French. It has been long supposed that Moreau was not a stationary character, and his rise or fall has been expected.]

NEW-YORK, April 6.

Extract of a letter from on board the ship Chatham, dated in the Downs, March 8, 1804.

"I have this morning received a letter from captain Chew, who is in London, requesting me to inform you that an embargo is laid on all vessels bound to any port on the continent to the north of Portugal, from this country."

April 7.

Captain Fuller, of the brig Hound, who arrived here yesterday from Curracoa, informs that that island was evacuated on the 25th of February by the British troops, having previously blown up the fort, of which they were in possession.

Extract of a letter, per the brig Hound, from Curracoa, dated March 14.

"The British left this place on the 25th ult. at night, after destroying a considerable part of the town, and have still a frigate blockading our harbour, which turns away all vessels bound here—it is impossible to get in. There is no business doing here, and what is much against the Americans, the governor has prohibited the sale of flour over 9 dollars per barrel. No Spanish produce."

Proposals are issued at New-Orleans, under the authority of the governor, for the creation of a bank, to be called the Louisiana Bank, with a capital of 600,000 dollars, which may be increased by subscription to two millions. The shares are one hundred dollars each, one fifth to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the remainder by instalments. Books for this purpose were opened on the 15th March, under the superintendance of sixteen gentlemen, amongst whom is Edward Livingston, Esq; late mayor of this city. The continuance of the charter is limited to 16 years; and the bank is restricted from dealing in any thing but promissory notes, bonds, mortgages, bullion, and in the sale of lands and effects which may be pledged to them.

The schooner Betsey, captain Barry, sailed on Thursday afternoon for Washington, with shot and eighty men, for the United States frigate President, under charge of J. R. Leaycraft.

April 9.

Captain Taber, arrived here yesterday, left Belfast the 11th ult. at which time all was tranquil in Ireland; though the invasion of that part of the kingdom was expected. By this arrival, we have received a regular file of the Belfast News-Letter to the 10th ult. They however contain no later accounts from London than the 3d, the same as by the John Morgan. As to Irish news, there is none in the papers.

The port of Charleston is said to be blockaded by a French cruiser, which stops the vessels as they go out; and actually lies in wait at the mouth of the harbour to catch the British vessels as they go to sea.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12.

Letters from Curracoa, dated 12th March, received at New-York, state, that during the time the British laid siege to that place, a proclamation was issued by the government of the island offering a reward of 4 dollars for every Englishman taken or destroyed by the negroes.

In the new play of the Soldier's Daughter, received with very great applause lately in London, Mrs. Jordan in the epilogue, drew forth reiterated peals. The idea of raising a female army of reserve, must have an excellent effect, and the materials of which this amazonian host was to be composed, excited considerable merriment—the following will amuse our female readers:—

"While glory animates each mortal nerve,
Should British women from the contest swerve?
No—

We'll form a female army of reserve:

And class them thus—Old maids are pioneers;
Widows, sharp shooters—Wives are fusileers;
Maids form battalions, that's all under twenty,
And as for light troops, we have them in plenty!
Vixens the trumpet blow, Scolds beat the drum,
When thus prepared, what enemy dare come?
Those eyes that even Britons could enslave,
Would serve to light poor Frenchmen to their grave;
We'll humble France—since British women can
A firelock handle, as they do a fan!"

Consumptions.—From a London paper of January last, we copy the following article, which, if it be a fact, (and we have no reason to doubt it) is no less extraordinary than interesting.

Extraordinary cure for consumption.

A young lady, in the last stage of consumption, was lately restored to health by the following extraordinary and accidental remedy:—She had been long attended by the faculty, but derived no benefit from their assistance, and considered herself verging to the end of existence, when she retired, during last summer, to the vale of Taunton Dean, in Somersetshire, with intention to wait, in solitude, the hour of approaching dissolution. Whilst in that situation, it was her custom to rise as early as her malady would permit, and contemplate the beauties of nature from her chamber window, from which she observed a dew belonging to the house, with scarcely any reflection on his bones, owing to disease, constantly go and take the dew off a camomile bed in the garden; in doing which the animal was noticed to alter its appearance, to recover strength, and finally, look plump and well. The singularity of the circumstance impressed strongly on the lady's mind, and induced her to try what effect might be produced from following the example of the quadruped. She accordingly procured the dew from the same bed of camomile, drank a small quantity each morning, and after continuing so for some time, experienced a wonderful relief; her appetite became regular, she found a return of spirits, and in the end was completely cured.

BALTIMORE, April 10.

Upwards of 2000 well armed French troops, with several general officers, who lately escaped from the resentment of the injured Haytians, now triumphantly free and independent, are encamped near the city of Havanna, and excite no small degree of jealousy and apprehension in the minds of the feeble Spaniards.

It is asserted, that the British have got possession of the city of St. Domingo, with the approbation of the Haytian government. The French troops have been permitted to remove themselves to Cuba. The whole island of Hispaniola is now in possession of the blacks, under the command of general Dessalines, first consul for life. [Prov. paper.]

April 13.

Extract of a letter from commodore Preble to Mr. Cathart, dated 4th January, 1804, in the harbour of Syracuse.

"I have just returned from a cruise off Tripoli, where on the 23d December I captured a vessel with the balhaw's presents to the grand signior, accompanied by several officers of distinction. I trust the capture will give us considerable advantages in negotiating a peace."

Annapolis, April 19.

At a meeting of a number of respectable republicans at Upper-Marlborough, in Prince-George's county, on the 10th day of April, 1804, HUMPHREY BELT, Esquire, having been appointed chairman, and TRUEMAN TYLER, secretary, it was agreed that the following be published in the National Intelligencer and Maryland Gazette.

WHEREAS a general understanding of republicans, as far as is practicable, would tend to ensure success at the ensuing elections of electors of president and vice-president, member of congress and delegates to the general assembly,

RESOLVED, That it be recommended to the republicans of Prince-George's county, that they meet at the several places of holding elections in their respective districts, on Saturday the 28th day of April, and appoint seven delegates to meet at Upper-Marlborough on the fifth day of May next, and fix on suitable characters to be recommended to the people to represent them in the next general assembly of Maryland.

RESOLVED, That it be recommended to the delegates when thus assembled, or such committee as they may choose, to consult with any committee that may be appointed by the several election districts of Calvert, Montgomery, and Prince-George's counties composing the electoral district of president and vice-president, and any character that may be appointed or fixed on, by such general committee of the said counties, this meeting pledge themselves to support by all fair and upright means.

RESOLVED, That it be recommended to the delegates appointed as aforesaid, to meet at Upper-Marlborough, or such committee as they may choose, to consult with any committee that may be appointed for Anne-Arundel county, on the proper character to represent this district in the congress of the United States, and that this meeting pledge themselves to support, by all fair and honourable means, the person that may be fixed on, as aforesaid, as a candidate at the next election for member of congress.

HUMPHREY BELT, Chairman.
TRUEMAN TYLER, Secretary.

A. D. Duckett