

supported on the Barbary coast, the event must be traced to causes beyond the influence of my agency there; that instead of aiming to defraud my country, I have embarked every thing dear to me in her service; and that, if measures which I have embraced, in which I have persevered, and which have received the approbation of every intelligent American citizen acquainted therewith, had been effectually supported by the force employed for that purpose, the United States would most probably, ere this period, have obtained an honourable peace with Tripoli, and left favourable impressions of our energy on the other regencies. To the justice of this observation every commander in the navy, who has served on that coast, will bear testimony.

It is hoped, and believed, the object aimed at by these measures is not yet lost.

WILLIAM EATON.

Washington, March 24.

The printers who have published the extracts above alluded to will have the courtesy to publish this note.

It is confidently reported, that letters have been received in this city, from France, to the end of April, which state, that Mr. Monroe had arrived in Paris, where he had been cordially received by the French government; and that it was generally understood, that Mr. Monroe had succeeded in an arrangement by which the United States will acquire important territorial rights on the Mississippi.

We do not presume that there is much credit to be reposed in the above; although it is by no means unlikely, that from the present peculiar situation of France, Mr. Monroe may be able to obtain advantages which otherwise would not have been conceded.

Since writing the above we have obtained from a respectable commercial house, the following extract of a letter from their correspondent at Bourdeaux, dated April 24th:

"It is certain that Mr. Monroe's negotiation at Paris is in a fair way. It is even said there is no doubt about the cession of Louisiana to the United States, on condition that the latter settle all claims of their individuals against the French republic, and pay THREE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS in the bargain."

Captain Joy, of the brig Thetis, from Bourdeaux, left that port on the 28th April; at which time, as he informs us, no circumstance had occurred by which the momentous question of peace or war can be decided. We have seen letters of the 20th from gentlemen of the first respectability in Bourdeaux, which express an opinion (grounded principally on the frequent interchange of couriers, the length of the negotiation, and the little preparations for war making by the French) that the dispute between the two governments will be amicably adjusted. [Mer. Ad.]

From Cadiz.

Captain Lasher, of the ship Melpomene, informs, that the embargo had been entirely taken off of American vessels at Cadiz. That flour would not sell for 8 dollars, as there was then about 15,000 barrels in the bay on board of American vessels. That official letters had been received at Cadiz from Gibraltar a few days before he sailed, mentioning that two French 74's, with transports, had passed that place with 5000 Poles on board, destined for Louisiana. That the talk of war was great at Cadiz. And, that just before he sailed a French frigate arrived from Lisbon, having been ordered away from that port by the French consul, in consequence of approaching troubles. [N. Y. Gaz.]

Captain Lasher, from Cadiz, informs us that the quarantine on American vessels in that port is taken off. In the bay were nearly twenty vessels laden with not less than 15,000 barrels of flour, which could not be disposed of at eight dollars. Markets very dull. The misunderstanding between the English and French governments formed the principal subject of conversation in Cadiz; and nothing was more dreaded than the speedy recommencement of hostilities. [Ibid.]

CHILLICOTHE, May 21.

A L A R M!

This morning, about three o'clock, an express arrived from Old Chillicothe, with information, that yesterday afternoon capt. Herod, while at work in his field, had been shot and scalped by the Indians, and who was not dead at the time he was discovered by his family, but was able to relate some of the circumstances and died soon after, having had two balls thro' his head. A body of upwards of 40 Shawnees from Sandusky, had been for several days lurking between Westfall and that settlement, and who, immediately after the murder, went to the prairie, drove the horses over the creek, and took as many as they wanted and made off. On the alarm being given, the citizens of this town immediately turned out a company of volunteers, who left this about day-light. The alarm through the country being general, we hope to give a good account of them in our next.

NORFOLK, May 28.

By the ship Tom, captain Turner, we received a file of the Rotterdam "Merchant" to the 2d of April. The papers are very barren; however, we extract the following:

ROTTERDAM, April 1.

Probabilities on the side of peace and war are so equally balanced at this moment, that it is almost impossible to risk an opinion; and, to say the truth, we do not believe that the parties acting in this transaction know for the present on which to determine.

As we remarked several days since much seems to depend on the court of Russia, and, we may now add, on that of Prussia; however, as the monarchs of those countries have so long professed themselves the friends of peace, it is to be hoped they will find no cause at this moment to abet either the one or the other of the powers at variance; and that the prophecy sent us from the Cape of Good Hope, of seeing the Batavia and India ships of this country in safety in the Thames, will not be realized. Some augur peace, because the Monitor has broke silence on political subjects, in a tone of great moderation; and that lord Whitworth at Paris, and the French and Dutch ambassadors at London, are still received with amity and distinction. We do not think, even should it be true that Spain is arising, that it is any reason for additional apprehension; perhaps will neither heighten the demands of France, nor lower those of England.

In consequence of a false report spread yesterday on our exchange, that the dispute was amicably settled, some articles fell; but the intelligence received from England to-day making no mention of so desirable an event, they got up again, and the funds suffered a depression of at least one per cent.

There was nothing done here in the funds to-day; the subscriptions were at 85 per cent. without purchasers. And all articles of commerce remain in the same state as noted in our last, except tobacco, which has advanced a little.

The French funds have again experienced a depression, the five per cent. being 82 1/2 60 d.

Some reports state the arrival of 6000 French troops at Brnoy; while others say, that the garrison there at present consists of no more than 500 Frenchmen.

BALTIMORE, June 6.

A London paper of the 16th April contains the following paragraph:

"It is known can be placed upon private intelligence from Paris, the differences between the United States and Spain, on the subject of New-Orleans, are on the point of being adjusted. It is stated that Bonaparte has lately addressed to Mr. Livingston, the American minister at Paris, that the interruption of the Mississippi had been the result of mistake; and that measures should be adopted with the cabinet of Madrid to remove all basis of complaint upon that head. Should this intelligence prove correct, it will not be necessary for Mr. Monroe, the American envoy extraordinary, who has just arrived at Havre, to remain long in France. He will be enabled to proceed to New York much sooner than could be expected."

Gen. Parker, arrived at Norfolk, says, that when he left the Texel, (she is the) there were some English ships of war at Helvoetsloot, blockading up the vessels with French troops on board destined for Louisiana—that among the shipping there were seven or eight Americans, and that if the expedition was prevented from sailing, they would have very little chance of being paid.

June 6.

Letters from Italy state, that the pope is at present occupied with a grand project, conceived by Michael Angelo, which is, to turn the Tiber from its present course, for the purpose of obtaining those monuments of arts and antiquity which are supposed to be in its present bed. [Lon. pap.]

Cure for the bite of a mad dog, or sting of any poisonous serpent.

Cover the wound with fresh earth or surff, to imbibes the saliva of the animal, and then wash it with water; at the same time warm half a pound of butter in four times as much vinegar, and when the wound is cleaned, apply a compress of linen steeped in the above mixture, and moisten it very often for nine days, after which you may remove the compress, and cure the wound in the usual way. During the time the vinegar is used externally, it must be used internally, by taking it in doses of an ounce and an half, warmed with a little fresh butter four times each day. The patient's common drink must be water for at least 15 days, or water with vinegar or juice of citron. He must abstain from the use of ardent spirits or exercise, to prevent irritability.

ANNAPOLIS, June 9.

A small sloop, belonging to Mr. John Tucker, of this city, was, on Saturday last, by a sudden gust of wind, upset off the mouth of South river, by which accident Mr. Tucker was unfortunately drowned.

NEW GOODS.

The subscriber has just received, by the latest arrivals from Europe, a handsome assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS,

Of the newest styles, among which are, A BEAUTIFUL collection of printed cottons, coloured cambric mullins, dimities, India and English nankeens, fine clothes and casimers, &c. also an extensive supply of glass, India china, and Liverpool ware; likewise a good collection of groceries, among which are, French and peach brandy, West-India rum, and Holland gin, best fig blue, loaf and brown sugar, hyson and other teas, mace, cloves, nutmegs, cinnamon, pepper, and pimento, &c. &c. all which articles will be sold on the most advantageous terms the purchaser can possibly expect, by

WILLIAM WELLS.

NOTICE.

I request all persons indebted to me in bond, note, and open account, to make immediate payment, otherwise I shall proceed in such cases as the law directs. Annapolis, June 2, 1803. Wm. WELLS.

Ten Dollars Reward.

WAS LOST, last Saturday evening, off Thomas's Point, captain JOHN TUCKER, of the city of Annapolis, who was drowned by his vessel unfortunately upsetting, he is about five feet eight or nine inches high, sandy coloured hair; had on a pair of blue trousers, nankeen waistcoat, blue coat, and yellow flag surlout, had some cash in his pocket. The above reward will be given to any person who should discover his body, and bring it to the city of Annapolis, or to Thomas Tucker's, West river, if the condition it may be in will admit of it, or if not, to be decently buried, and all reasonable charges will be paid by the subscribers.

THOMAS TUCKER, West river, JAMES LOWE, Annapolis, Monday, June 6, 1803.

RAN away from the plantation of the late Mr. THOMAS DICK, near Bladenburg, on Wednesday last, a negro man named AARON, about twenty-five years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, well made, of a black complexion; took with him sundry articles of wearing apparel not known, he was seen in Annapolis on Saturday last, at which time he had on a new blue broad cloth coat; it is supposed that he is still lurking about that place. Any person taking him up, and securing him for me, I get him again, shall receive TEN DOLLAR REWARD, or if brought home to the subscriber in Bladenburg, shall receive TWENTY DOLLARS.

10776 JOHN HEUGH, Prince-George's, June 6, 1803.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber hath obtained from the court of Anne-Arundel county, and State of Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of our JAMES DISNEY, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are warned to exhibit them, legally authenticated, in full, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of June next, in Bladenburg, shall receive TWENTY DOLLARS. Immediate payment, to

JAMES N. WEEMS, Executor.

N. B. The subscriber has for sale, sundry valuable stock, which will be sold at private sale, consisting of horses, hogs, cattle, sheep, &c. among which are three valuable high bred mares and geldings, one of which is unpaired by none for the road.

Annopolis, June 2, 1803. J. N. W.

In CHANCERY, May 31, 1803.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition of the wife of SETH HYATT, of Prince-George's county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, to whom he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied by competent testimony, that the said Seth Hyatt resided in the State of Maryland the two last years preceding the passage of the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the said Seth Hyatt, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three times in the Maryland Gazette before the 25th day of June next, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery-office, at ten o'clock, on the 18th day of July next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Hyatt's then and there taking the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Car. Can.

Twenty Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending and delivering to me, or committing to prison in Annapolis, so that I get him again, a young negro man named TOM, about twenty-five years of age, a black fellow, middle sized, and is one that attempted some time ago to get free and who at that time called himself Tom Joice. The above reward will be paid on his delivery to me, or on being committed to prison in Annapolis, so that I get him again.

BENNETT DARNALL.

May 28, 1803.

Charles county, &c.

I HEREBY certify, that JOHN BARTIN HAGAN on this day brought before me, as a stray, a bay mare COLT, supposed to be about two years old, and about twelve hands three inches high, neither dock'd or branded, her right hind foot is white, and some white appears to be above her hoofs or her feet, no other notable mark appears. Given under my hand, this 5th day of May, 1803.

IGNATIUS MIDDLETON.

The above stray filley came to my plantation the month of October last, and hath continued with my stock ever since. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away agreeable to law.

May 5, 1803.

JOHN B. HAGAN.

MAREEN B. DUVALL,

CHURCH-STREET,

HAS just received a choice selection of SPRING GOODS, also CUTLERY and GROCERIES, the whole of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

Annopolis, May 17, 1803.