

the officer of the palace, the charge d'affaires of the republic, the contre-admiral Leffegues and his numerous etat-major. It was in that place, that he delivered to general Hullin the answer which he had prepared for the first consul, in substance as follows:

"In the name of the only God, the God of mankind, our master the illustrious and magnificent Lord Mustapha Pacha, dey of Algiers, whom God preserve in glory."

"To our friend Buonaparte, first consul of the republic of France, president of the Italian republic."

"I salute you, the peace of God be with you."

"Henceforth, our friend, I inform you that I have received your letter dated the 29th Brumaire. I have read it; it was delivered to me by the general of your palace, and your vekil charge d'affaires, Daniel Thainville. I reply article by article."

1st. You complain of rais Abd-Tatar, although he is one of my *fidèles*. I decreed that he should be put to death. At the instant of the execution of his sentence, your vekil demanded his pardon in your name, as a favour, and for your sake, I have reprieved him.

2d. You demand from me the Neapolitan pelagos, taken, you say, under the cannon of France. The particulars of this transaction, as reported to you, are not correct; but agreeably to your request, I have delivered up eight thousand composing its crew; I have remanded them to your vekil.

3d. You demand a Neapolitan vessel, which, it is said, sailed from Genoa with French clearances. No French papers were found on board; but in conformity to your desire, I have let the crew at liberty, and have delivered them to your vekil.

4th. You demand the punishment of the rais who brought into this port two vessels belonging to the French republic. According to your request I have discharged them from my service; but I must inform you that my rais know not how to read European characters; they are only acquainted with the usual passports, and for this reason it will be proper that the vessels of war belonging to the French republic, should make some signal whereby they may be known by my coast.

5th. You demand 150 men, who you say are in my territories; these does not one of them exist. It was God's will that they should perish, a circumstance which occasioned me great pain.

6th. You say there are certain persons who give me councils that may embarrass me with you. Our file d'office is loud and ancient, and all those who seek to embarrass us, shall be despised.

7th. You demand that I shall be the friend of the Italian republic. I was respect its flag the same as your own, as you desire. Had any one else made a similar request I would not have granted it for a million of dollars.

8th. You would not give me the 200,000 dollars which I demanded of you, as a recompence for the losses which I have sustained for you.—Whether you will give them, or will not give them, we will, notwithstanding, always be good friends.

9th. I have terminated with my friend Dubois Thainville, your vekil, every thing respecting the coral fishery, which your vekils can immediately resume. The African company shall enjoy the same prerogatives, which it formerly enjoyed; I have given orders to the bey of Constantine, to afford it every possible protection.

10th. I have satisfied you in every respect as you have desired, in whatever you have demanded. In return, you will satisfy me, as I have satisfied you.

11th. Therefore, I request that you will give orders, that the nations, my enemies, may not navigate under your flag, nor that of the Italian republic; that there may be no further discussions between us, as I wish always to be friends with you.

12th. I have ordered my rais to respect the French flag at sea. I will punish the first who shall bring a French vessel into my ports.

If at any time hereafter any discussions should be necessary between us, write to me direct, and every thing shall be amicably arranged.

I salute you: may God continue you in glory.

Algiers—this 13th of the moon *Rasid-Ewel*, in the year of the *Hijra* 1207.

In concluding this report, I ought to inform the first consul, that the adjutant or mandant of the palace, Hullin, and the contre-admiral Leffegues, have fulfilled the commission entrusted to them, with dignity, firmness and circumspection.

GEN. MAUR. TALLEYRAND.

LONDON, September 14.

The French frigate is 32, 43.

Dealing Street, September 14, 1802.

A dispatch has been received from Alexander Stratton Esq; his majesty's charge d'affaires at the Ottoman Porte, transmitting an official note delivered to him by the reis effendi, on the 29th July last, relative to the navigation of the Black Sea, of which the following is a copy:

TRANSLATION.

Official note delivered by the reis effendi, to Alexander Stratton, Esq; at a conference in his excellency's house on the Canal, the 29th July, 1802.

It behooves the character of true friendship and sincere regard, to promote with cheerfulness all such affairs and objects as may be reciprocally useful, and may have a rank among the salutary fruits of those treaty bonds of alliance and perfect good harmony which happily subsist between the Sublime Porte and the court of Great-Britain; and a permission has

heretofore been granted for the English merchant ships to navigate in the Black Sea, for the purpose of trade, the same having been a voluntary trait of his imperial majesty's own gracious heart, as more amply appears by an official note presented to our friend the English minister residing at the Sublime Porte, dated 3 Geraziel Alur, 1214—this present "taker," (official note) is issued; the Imperial Ottoman court hereby engaging that the same treatment shall be observed towards the English merchant ships coming to that sea, as if offered to the ships of powers most favoured by the Sublime Porte, on the score of that navigation.

The 23 Rebul Evel 1217, (23d July, 1802.)

September 15.

General Andreoni, it is said, is to make his public entrance into London on the 23d September, a day purposely selected, as it should seem, for its correspondence with the 1st Vendemiaire of the French calendar, of new year's day, and is the day on which France was declared to be a republic. His excellency's suite will be very numerous and splendid. Mr. Portalis, junior, who was one of the secretaries of the French legation at Amiens, is to be secretary to the embassy.

The ambassador has taken a house in Portland place. His private secretary is arrived, to make the necessary arrangements before his excellency's arrival.

LIVERPOOL, September 14.

The privy council have issued orders prohibiting the importation of the produce of the British colonies or territories, either for exportation or home consumption, otherwise than directly from thence, with some exception with respect to cotton wool. Other produce, except the growth of the United States, can only be imported from thence for exportation.

NEW-YORK, October 26.

Captain Willson, of the ship Cotton Planter, informs us that on the 8th August a fleet of French transports sailed from Cadiz under a convoy of a cutter brig for St. Domingo or Louisiana. It was said they had 10,000 men on board, under command of a general who had been much active service in Europe. Their troops were all from the army of Italy. A French 20 gun ship and cutter brig, bound to Tobago with a French governor on board for that island; 2 other 20 gun ships, and a cutter brig from France, bound for Toulon to join a fleet said to be destined to act against the Turks, had also left Cadiz previous to the sailing of the Cotton Planter.

PHILADELPHIA, October 29.

Extract of a letter from a mercantile house in Liverpool, to their correspondent in this city, dated Sept. 15, 1802.

"On Tuesday last, a dreadful FIRE broke out in the warehouses ranging along the east side of St. George's Dock, and we are extremely concerned to inform you, that seventeen of the most valuable have been totally destroyed, with nearly the whole of the property therein contained, consisting chiefly of rum, sugar, coffee, cotton, grain, flour, hemp and tallow. The loss sustained in consequence is very great, but no accurate calculation can yet be made of its amount.

"Few, however, state it at less than half a million, some suppose it must exceed a million, and it is currently reported that not one half of the property is insured.—It is also said that about one half of the rooms were occupied with grain and flour; if so the quantity consumed may be equal to 250,000 bushels; of other articles the bulk consisted of rum, sugar and cotton."

LOUISVILLE, (Kent.) September 30.

We are informed that the treaty with the Indians is concluded, and that governor Harrison has succeeded in purchasing a large quantity of valuable lands—also four miles square to include the Saline Licks. In our next we hope to be able to give a more particular account of this interesting event.

WASHINGTON, October 29.

James M'Girk was executed yesterday, agreeably to a sentence for the murder of his wife.

On Wednesday last, arrived at the navy yard, Washington, the frigate Bolton, capt. McNeil.

BALTIMORE, October 30.

Arrived this day, in the ship London Packet, from Havre-de-Grace, THOMAS PAINE, author of the *Age of Reason*, &c.

From the *Georgetown (S. C.) Gazette of Oct. 16.*

"On Saturday last information was brought to this town, that a number of negroes had been landed at Long Bay, from a French frigate, which has been lately seen off the coast, and that the people of Waccamaw were consequently in a state of alarm. This information, coming from a source which admitted of very little doubt, caused the officers commanding in town to collect their men immediately, many of whom marched that evening, and others who were collected from the country, followed them on Monday evening. Those who set off on Sunday evening, had almost reached the place where the landing was said to have been effected, when they were informed that the alarm was false. It appears to have originated from a French negro's having been taken up in the night, near Long Bay, who is supposed to be a runaway. We are sorry to state, that the country for some distance above this place was alarmed, and the men were actually on their march.

"It is much to the honour of our citizens that they turned out to a man, although some of them

had just risen from a bed of sickness, but it is to be feared, that such false alarms will have a tendency to prevent the like attention to duty when danger is actually at hand. We understand that the fugitives will undergo an investigation."

Annapolis, November 4.

Monday last being the day appointed for the annual meeting of the legislature of this state, several of the members of the house of delegates attended, but not having a sufficient number, adjourned from day to day until this morning, when they met, and made choice of Charles Frazier, Esquire, for their speaker, Mr. William Harwood clerk, and Mr. George Howard assistant clerk.

Unit Angier, Richard Hatchison, Richard Frisby and Alexander Stuart, Esquires, are elected delegates to represent Kent county in the present general assembly.

For Talbot county, Edward Lloyd, William Ross, James Nabb and Nicholas Martin, Esquires.

For Somerset county, Benjamin Dashiell, Thomas Williams, John Cottman and James C. Hyland, Esquires.

For Worcester county, Philip Quinton, Stephen Purnell, Levin Handy and Ephraim K. Wilson, Esquires.

MARRIED, on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Higginbotham, Mr. H. A. WILMS, of Baltimore, to Miss ELIZA GRAMMER, of this city.

On Tuesday the 25d day of November next, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, for ready CASH, on the premises, lying within two or three miles of Piscataway-town, in Prince-George's county,

ALL the property, real, personal and mixed, which did belong to LEONARD JENKINS, an insolvent debtor, consisting of part of the tract of land called God's Gift and the RANGE, and the ADDITION to the RANGE, a few sheep, and sundry articles of household furniture.

The creditors of the said Leonard Jenkins are requested to hand in their claims, legally authenticated, before the day of sale, to

THOMAS MACGILL, Sheriff of

Prince-George's county.

October 29, 1802.

Valuable Property for Sale.

Will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, in Port-Tobacco, on Monday the 6th day of December next, ensuing, for the benefit of WALLACE and DAVIDSON,

FIVE lots, handsomely situated in said town, thirty-seven valuable negroes, and a variety of household furniture. The sale to commence at 12 o'clock, and continue till all are sold. One half of the purchase money to be paid in hand, and six months credit will be given for the other half, on bond, with approved security.

CHARLES MANKIN.

Port-Tobacco, Charles county,

October 25, 1802.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for ready CASH, on Monday the 22d instant, at the late dwelling of WILLIAM BURTON, deceased, on the Head of Severn,

ALL the personal estate of the deceased, consisting of cattle, corn, and household furniture. The sale to commence at eleven o'clock, and continue till all is sold.

JOHN BURTON, Administrator.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM BURTON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to bring them in, legally attested, and those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment, to

JOHN BURTON, Administrator.

November 2, 1802.

LEWIS DUVALL,

INFORMS his friends, and the public, that he has received an additional supply of seasonable and fashionable GOODS, which makes his assortment complete; he has likewise on hand a pretty general assortment of GROCERIES, all of which he offers at reduced prices.

Annapolis, November 1, 1802.

NOTICE, that the commissioners for building a poor-house in Anne-Arundel county, will meet at the city of Annapolis, on the sixteenth day of November, instant, to fix on a proper place for building the same.

November 3, 1802.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a mulatto man named NED, about 24 or 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, very bare of cloaths, has very bad fits, and has one of his hands burnt by falling in the fire; this fellow says he belongs to JOHN WATKIN, living in Montgomery county, and was with his master at my house about the first of September last. His master is desired to take him away, or he will be sold for his passage fees, and other charges.

THOMAS PRICE, Sheriff of

Charles county.

October 13, 1802.