

After this information had been received an express boat from Rochefort, in 35 days passage, arrived at Baltimore, with the same decree, together with the American treaty, which was proclaimed. These vessels also brought information of the nomination of citizen Lescallier as prefect of Guadalupe—he was formerly intendant at Grenada, and well known as a worthy character.

February 3.
 Captain Hann, George Logan, and Presley Carr Lane, commissioners appointed by the governor of this state to confer with the legislature of Delaware, on the canal for joining the Sulquehanna and Delaware rivers, have performed that duty; the result favourable to the project.

February 5.
 Captain Lemuel Weston, of the sloop Washington, writes to his owner in this city, that the plea on which the English captured the Washington, was in consequence of part of her cargo consisting of figs, raisins and almonds (Spanish produce) deemed contraband by a late order from Great-Britain.

February 5.
 The ship Delight, of New-Bedford, arrived at New-York on Tuesday from Hamburg. Captain Welden of this ship informs, that he left Cuxhaven the 5th of December, and that about ten days before the king of Prussia marched 15,000 troops into Cuxhaven, where they remained, and serious apprehensions were entertained that they would proceed in a few days against Hamburg. In order, however, to prevent this, the city of Hamburg had made an offer of 1,000,000 marks. When capt. W. left Hamburg no answer had been made to this offer.

The Hamburg papers by this arrival are only to November 20.
 The schooner Factor arrived at New-York from the Cape, brings intelligence of Toussaint having marched against the Spanish part of Hispaniola, with 17,000 troops, where the disaffected blacks, lately commanded by Rigaud, had taken refuge; and who had several times committed depredations on the property of the well disposed inhabitants.

The frigate President, capt. Truxton, arrived at St. Kitts on the 1st of January, from a cruise, all well.

D O V E R, (Del.) January 30.
 I do myself the pleasure to send you a short sketch of the principles upon which the law for opening a communication between the waters of the Chesapeake and Delaware, passed the legislature of this state, yesterday.

Generally, this law is like the one passed by the legislature of Maryland. The principal exceptions are these: First, whenever, and so long as the net profits arising from the tolls, shall amount to ten per centum, per annum, or more, the company are to pay into the treasury of this state, one tenth part of the net profits, annually, in half yearly payments, for ever: secondly, the rates of tolls fixed by the act are not to be lessened without the assent of the legislature of this state: thirdly, the law is to be of no force or effect until the state of Pennsylvania passes a law to authorize an agent to be appointed on the part of this state to copy all such title papers as relate to any lands within this government, which cannot be removed without injuring the records of the office in which the same may be; and such parts thereof as can be separated without damage to the records or papers of the office; the agent is to be permitted to take the originals: fourthly, the law is to be of no effect until the legislature of Pennsylvania shall repeal such parts of her quarantine laws, as require a longer time for the admission into the port of Philadelphia, of goods, wares, &c. which have been unladen within this state, than if such goods, &c. had been carried directly on to the port of Philadelphia.

There was some opposition to this law. The yeas and nays were taken as follow:

YEAS—Messrs. E. Adams, Brush, Clark, Green, Horley, Long, Ridgely, Robinson, Rodney, Sisington, Wallar, Way, and Wolf.

NAYS—Messrs. Emerson, Molliston, Sorden, and Warner.

The legislature of this state adjourned this day.

WASHINGTON, February 3.
 We understand that the president of the United States has summoned the senate to meet at the senate chamber on Wednesday the 4th of March next.

February 4.
FRENCH TREATY.

Yesterday the senate of the United States ratified the convention between the French republic, and the United States suspending the 2d article, and limiting the convention to eight years.

On the question of ratification there were only nine dissentients.

The nomination of Roger Griswold as secretary of war has been approved by the senate. It is understood that Mr. Griswold will not accept the appointment.

BALTIMORE, February 5.
SMALL-POX.

We learn from Halifax, that a general inoculation, for the small-pox, has been lately permitted there; and that the mortality has been very considerable, particularly among children. One letter mentions eight hundred deaths, infants and adults, and that one family lost seven persons.

[Boston pap.]
 Receipt to make hay-tea, for horses or cattle.
 Boil a handful of hay in three gallons of water, and so in proportion; or, pour boiling water on hay, as above, and give the tea cold. But in case of sick-

ness, it may be given warm. See Bellingley's views of the agriculture of Somerset, where this tea is recommended as highly nutritious. Mr. Billingley thinks that one hundred of hay is thus made equal in efficacy to ten, given as is common.

February 6.
 Extract of a letter from Cape-Francois, dated January 8, to a gentleman in Baltimore.

"There was an embargo laid on American vessels in this port, but a schooner arriving from L'Orient in 26 days, bringing the treaty with America, the embargo was taken off. Toussaint's army, 5000 men, set off yesterday from this to take possession of the north (Spanish) part of this island—it has surrendered to him."

Extract of a letter, dated city of Washington, 3d February, 1801.
 "The convention with France is ratified, with the rejection of the second article, and an additional article limiting it to eight years."

Captain Jones, arrived at New-York, informs that the British have not evacuated Curracoa, and that the island was never more healthy than when he left it.

Mr. Van Rensselaer, contrary to a former assertion, has, at the instance of a large and powerful number of his fellow-citizens, consented "to sacrifice his private inclinations to the wishes of his friends," and has consented "to be a candidate at the next election for governor" of New-York.

Extract of a letter from one of the most respectable mercantile houses in Lisbon to his correspondent in Providence, dated Nov. 14, 1800.

"It has been notified to the merchants, that the wheat in the stores will not reach further than February; at the same time that England is sending here 10,000 troops, part of which are already arrived, and it is well known that they cannot spare any thing for their support. Under these circumstances we can safely recommend shipments of either wheat, flour or Indian corn.

Wheat, 3 dollars	} per bushel.
Corn, 1 1/2	
Beans, 4	} per barrel.
Flour, 17	
Pork, 18	
Beef, 12	
Butter, 7	} per pound.
Bees wax, 7	
Fish, 6	} per quintal.
Rice, 8 1/2	
Pipe staves, 120 per long thousand."	

February 7.
 The legislature of South-Carolina has passed an act to prevent negro slaves and other persons of colour, from entering the said state; the act to remain and continue in force for three years.

On Tuesday the 17th day of February next will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at MOUNT CALVERT, (the late dwelling plantation of JOHN BROWN, deceased,) about four miles from Upper-Marlborough,

THE PERSONAL ESTATE of the said deceased, consisting of negroes, (among whom is a valuable carpenter) horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs; also some good household and kitchen furniture, and plantation utensils of every kind. The sale to commence at 1 o'clock, and continue from day to day till all is sold. Twelve months credit will be given on the purchaser's giving bond, with approved security.

AGNESS BROWN, Administratrix,
 JOHN H. BROWN, Administrator.

January 16, 1801. *W. D. Drury*
 Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 25th day of March next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the late dwelling house of HENRY RIDGELY, deceased, on the Head of Magothy river,

ALL the PERSONAL PROPERTY of the deceased, consisting of some valuable stock of all kinds, household and kitchen furniture, farming utensils, and two sets of blacksmith's tools. The above property will be sold for CASH only. The sale to begin at 9 o'clock.

RACHEL RIDGELY, Executrix.
 February 5, 1801. *W. D. Drury*

THIS is to give notice to the creditors of JOSHUA GROVES, an insolvent debtor of Anne-Arundel county, that the subscriber hath been by the chancellor appointed trustee for their benefit, and that the chancellor hath limited and appointed the 25th day of April next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me, the subscriber.

SOLOMON GROVES, Trustee.
 January 19, 1801. *W. D. Drury*

A S L O O P,
 To be sold, or exchanged for negro BOYS,

SHE measures twenty tuns per register, is completely fitted, built entirely of mulberry, locust and cedar, and now about three years old. Application to be made to the subscriber.

WILLIAM JOHNSON,
 Squirrel Neck, February 2, 1801. *W. D. Drury*

N B W
CONVERSATION CARDS,
 In Prose and Verse—For sale at this Office.

In CHANCERY, February 2, 1801.

Rebecca Dulany, executrix of Daniel Dulany, surviving trustee,
 against

Charles Lewis Seigfried and Charlotte his wife.
THE object of the bill filed in this cause is, that the complainant may have a decree to be paid out of the real estate of Alexander Frazier, deceased, now belonging to Charlotte Seigfried, the above defendant, the sum of two hundred and twenty pounds sterling, with interest from the 1st day of January, 1775, which sum is due by a bond dated on the 2d day of November, 1774, and executed by the said Alexander Frazier, and Mark Frazier his security, to Daniel Dulany, John Ridout, and Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer, trustees for Elizabeth Lowndes. The bill states, that the defendants reside out of the state of Maryland; it is thereupon, on the motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that they cause a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three times before the first day of March next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and that they may be warned to appear in this court, in person, or by solicitor, on or before the first day of July next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. **2** SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
 Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, February 3, 1801.
 Joseph Court,
 against

John K. Smith, Mary Smith, Dennis A. Smith, Lydia Smith, Gilbert H. Smith, William Smith, Alexander H. Smith, and Joseph Byus,
 and the attorney-general.

THE object of the bill is to obtain a sale of the equitable trust in certain lands purchased by a certain Thomas Dobbins of Gilbert H. Smith, for the payment of a debt due from Dobbins to the complainant. The bill states, that the said Dobbins purchased of the said Gilbert H. Smith certain lands in Anne-Arundel county, called Gover's Fun, Knighton's Purchase, and Broughton Ashley, that he obtained a bond for the conveyance, and executed his bond for the purchase money; that he was indebted to the complainant in the sum of £.403 16 11, for money by him paid on the purchase aforesaid; that Dobbins has died intestate, leaving no known heir capable of inheriting or taking the said lands, and without leaving sufficient personal estate for the payment of his debts contracted within this state; that the said Gilbert H. Smith is also dead intestate, leaving the defendants, or some of them, his heirs at law; it is thereupon, on the complainant's motion, adjudged and ordered, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted three times in the Maryland Gazette before the end of the present month, to the intent that the heir, if any there be, of the said Dobbins, or any other person interested in the lands purchased as aforesaid, may have notice of this bill, and of the subject and object thereof, and may appear, on or before the first day of July next, to shew cause wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. **2** SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
 Reg. Cur. Can.

THE subscriber being desirous to settle with all persons who are indebted to him on account of dealing in his store, in the city of Annapolis, has deposited his books in the hands of RICHARD H. HARWOOD, attorney at law, for the purpose of instituting suits against all persons who shall not discharge their respective accounts, on or before the fifteenth day of March next, after which time no longer indulgence can be given.

WILLIAM CATON.
 January 28, 1801. *W. D. Drury*

THE subscribers intend to petition the next Anne-Arundel county court for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called and known by the name of LITTLE PINEY NECK, being and lying in the county aforesaid, on the South side of Magothy river.

2 RICHARD K. WATTS,
 PHILIP H. WATTS,
 GEORGE WATTS.
 February 3, 1801.

By an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 19th day of February next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at Mr. JOSEPH WATKINS's store,

FIVE NEGROES, consisting of men, women and children, the estate of RUTH JAMES, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, on six months credit, the purchasers giving bond, with good and sufficient security.

WILLIAM DRURY, } Administrators.
 SAMUEL DRURY, }
 January 29, 1801. *W. D. Drury*

Notice is hereby given,
THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next Cecil county court for a commission to mark and bound, agreeably to an act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, passed in the November session, 1786, and the supplements thereto, the following tracts of land, viz: ST. XAVIER'S; ST. IOWAN'S; part of WORREY MANOR; part of WOODS; and part of ARMONA, all being and lying in Cecil county, near the Head of St. Austin's creek, commonly called Little Bohemia, held and owned by the Corporation of the Roman Catholic Clergy.
 FRANCIS BRESTON, Agent
 for the Corp. R. C. C.
 Annapolis, December 2, 1800.