

entertained from the unaccountable stay in the Bosphorus, of the Russian fleet.

Another expedition to the coast of Holland is said to be in great forwardness, but we believe, it will be principally confined to the Dutch naval and military force now in this kingdom, which from the revolutionary spirit now declared in favour of the Stadtholder, is deemed sufficient for the enterprise.

The Dutch ships of the line, and frigates at the Nore and the Downs, are all completely equipped, and vidualled for this intended expedition.

PHILADELPHIA, January 12.

We hear that Mr. Jay has declined the acceptance of the office of chief justice.

Extract of a letter from a respectable commercial gentleman in London, to his friend in this city, dated London, Nov. 15, 1800.

"Our ministers are perfectly satisfied with your treaty with France, and have assured Mr. King they are pleased to find every respect has been paid to your connexion with us.—This is undoubted."

January 13.

[From a New-York paper.]

FOREIGN SUMMARY.

IT APPEARS,

That the congress at Luneville was about breaking up; and that the armistice in Germany was to expire on the 22d of November—that of Italy at an earlier period.

That the English ships in Russia, to the number of about 300, were detained by order of the emperor Paul; though it does not appear that the ships or property was confiscated; and that in consequence of this measure, the government of Great-Britain had given orders to their cruisers to detain all Russian vessels.

That the king of Prussia had marched troops into Cuxhaven and taken possession of that place.

That the chief consul, on the 22d of November, presented the legislative body an important paper, entitled, "State of the Republic." This paper is highly important. It holds out the hope of the possibility of the conferences going on at Luneville, notwithstanding the armistice having been declared at an end—a measure stated to have been merely of a precautionary nature. But it seems equally plain, that if they go on, it will be for the purpose of separate negotiations; and when, says a London paper, we compare what the first consul states respecting Russia, with the conduct of Paul, in laying an embargo on English ships in his ports; it seems probable that Britain is determined to carry on the war, not merely against her present foes but against all the northern powers also. The consul, in speaking of America, says, "A convention, founded upon common interest, and the most perfect reciprocity, will renew the ties by which the states of America were bound to France. The ties shall last for ever, because there is no unequal condition to alter their force and purity. The French nation does not desire any exclusive privilege nor partial favour!"—He farther says, that "the north shall shake off the tyranny which oppresses its commerce and its seas."

That grain had experienced a rise in England. The American barrel of flour was at 77s. Parliament was about giving a bounty on Indian corn and rice.

That the Marlborough, an English 74, had been lost on the coast of France.

That Lucien Buonaparte had arrived at Bourdeaux; and,

Louis Buonaparte had arrived at Berlin.

That a Vienna article of the 8th Nov. mentions, that hostilities had recommenced in Italy by general Beute, in the most unexpected manner—and troops pouring in from all quarters.

That the troops in France were all in motion.

That the Swedish court had made representations to the court of London, relative to the violence done by the English to a merchant ship from Sweden in the harbour of Barcelona.

That Napper Tandy's trial was to come on in Dublin the 28th Nov.

That cardinal Ruffo, in Italy, was organizing a fresh mass of troops.

That the Brest fleet had put to sea.

That some letters from Ellineur state, that the masters of English embargoed vessels had been thrown into prison.

That 1800 troops took possession of Cuxhaven on the 21st of Nov. who were to be immediately followed by five more Prussian battalions. The packets, however, were permitted to sail.

That a fleet of 317 sail, under convoy, from Portsmouth, bound to Lisbon, Mediterranean and the Baltic, had been ordered back, by a cutter to the Commodore.

That the English property at Leghorn has been prevented from falling into the hands of the enemy.

That 3 per cent consols, the 2d Dec. was at 14. Bank stock 164 1/4.

One of the last journals of the Gazette de France the 21st says, that the expedition prepared at Brest had put to sea, and that it had a number of troops aboard. It is there asserted, that the Squadron is bound for the island of St. Domingo.

Commodore Sir Charles Hamilton will sail as soon as the wind permits, for the coast of Guinea. Several ships for Sierra-Leone go under his convoy.

PARIS, November 14.

The French attached to the office of a consul-general at Cadix have, with the consul-general, fallen victims to the epidemic malady.

The last letters from that quarter give the most afflicting details of the cruel ravages of the plague. Men, women and children daily expire in the middle of the streets, and the bodies remain without burials; while many perish with absolute want, caused by the impossibility of all intercourse.

WASHINGTON, January 12.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Paris, to his correspondent in Washington, dated October 30th, 1800.

"The first consul has been pleased to appoint citizen Pickton, late secretary of the French commission which treated with our envoys, commilitary-general of the commercial relations of France with the United States, and charge d'affaires, till the appointment of a French minister. It is believed that gentleman will sail very soon for Washington."

A bridge has been built over Cayuga Lake, (New-York.) It is one and a quarter of a mile in length, supported by 200 arches, is wide enough for three waggons to pass abreast, and cost 150,000 dollars.

BALTIMORE, January 16.

Extract of a letter from Mr. James Adams, at Port-Republican, dated Dec. 22, 1800.

"Judge of my feelings this evening on receiving the enclosed proclamation, published by general Touffaint, laying a duty of 20 per cent. on all exports, say sugar, coffee, cotton, &c. the goods are to be valued by the chamber of commerce, and the consuls of the respective powers residing in the ports of St. Domingo.

"If this law is put in force, it will be merely impossible to stay or do business in any of these ports—it was a fortunate circumstance I had cleared out the Nimrod previously, as the law is to be put in execution to-morrow, the 23d. As soon as all is arranged, I will write you every particular by several opportunities for your government in future. I would advise you in the mean-time not to make any shipments to this or any other port in the island, until you hear from me, or hear this business is settled—you will please publish this proclamation for the benefit of our commerce and countrymen at large."

"P. S. There is a report in circulation that all the ports in the island are to be shut up except the Cape, Aux Cayes, and this port."

A letter from Washington, of the 9th inst. states, that on the preceding day the senate of the United States rejected the 2d and 3d articles of the French treaty.—the question on agreeing to the 2d article (in which the subject of indemnity for spoiliations is waved) was decided yeas 12, nays 16. On the 3d article (which stops the mutual surrender of vessels of state taken by either party) the yeas were 13, nays 13.

January 17.

Extract of a letter from the secretary of the navy to a gentleman in this city, dated

George-town, Jan. 14, 1801.

"I have never heard a word from the Insurgent since she left the Chesapeake on a cruise. I did not authorise the paragraph in the Philadelphia paper. The ship was ordered to return about the end of November, but she may remain in the West-Indies on account of the difficulty of making our coast in the winter."

By virtue of a deed of trust will be SOLD, on the premises, at Beard's Point, in Anne-Arundel county, on Saturday the seventh day of February, 1801,

ONE eighth part of a tract of LAND, containing one hundred and forty acres; subject to widow's dower.

THOMAS BEARD, Jun. Trustee of JOHN BEARD.

January 14, 1801. 75/16 *3w

In CHANCERY, January 19, 1801.

William Ringgold, and others, creditors of William Sluby, against William Jones, James Cruickshanks, and Anne his wife, Thomas Jones, Nicholas Jones, and David Jones, devisees of William Sluby.

THE object of this bill is to obtain a decree for the sale of the real estate of William Sluby, late of Kent county, deceased, and by him devised to the defendants, and all the defendants, except Thomas Jones, having appeared and put in their answers, and it being proved to the satisfaction of the chancellor that the said Thomas Jones is absent beyond seas; it is therefore, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that they cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least three times in the Maryland Gazette before the 7th day of February next, to the intent that the said Thomas Jones may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of this bill, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 23d day of May next, to shew cause, if any he hath, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of BENNETT HOPEWELL, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, are desired to render the same to the subscriber, duly authenticated, before the twentieth day of July next, as no claims will be paid after that day, and all those indebted, are requested to make immediate payment, to BENNETT HOPEWELL, Administrator. December 30, 1800.

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office at Port-Tobacco, on the first day of January, 1801, if not taken up will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

WALTER S. ALEXANDER.

- Richard Brandt, Joseph Berry, Maryann Botwell, Benjamin Cawood, James Fenwick, Joseph Green, Benjamin Green, Caleb Hawkins, Richd. T. Hanson, Henry Hemerley, Theophilus Hanson, Hezekiah Johnson, Jun. William W. Lewis, 2, Peter Little, William Latimer, John Maddox, Capt. William M'Pherson, Alexander M'Pherson, Sarah Pyc, Sally Queen, William B. Smoot, of Thos. Elizabeth Sharp, Elizabeth Smith, Samuel Scoot, Charles S. Smith, Alexander S. Smoot, 2, William Thomas, Francis Tyer, Patrick Wood.

1 20 11/3

SAMUEL HANSON, P. M.

This is to give notice, that on Thursday the 5th day of February next, at 12 o'clock, will be SOLD, by virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, at the dwelling plantation of the late JOSEPH MACCUBBIN, deceased, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

PART of the PERSONAL PROPERTY of the said deceased, consisting of stock, such as cattle and horses, a vessel and her rigging, also some decking plank, likewise some few articles of household furniture. It is at the same time requested that all persons who have claims against the deceased will bring them in, legally authenticated, and those indebted to the estate of the said deceased will make immediate payment, to 2 DORCAS MACCUBBIN, Administratrix.

NOTICE.

THIS is to inform all those who have land adjoining the tract of land called BOWLING'S RESERVE, that Mary Queen, Margaret Queen, Clementina Queen, Sarah Queen, and Elizabeth Queen, intend to petition the next Charles county court for a commission to mark and bound the aforesaid land, agreeably to an act of assembly in such case made and provided.

MARY QUEEN, MARGARET QUEEN, CLEMENTINA QUEEN, SARAH QUEEN, ELIZABETH QUEEN.

December 10, 1800.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living on West river, on the 26th of October last, a very likely negro girl named PEGG, she is about fifteen years of age, very black and small for her age, speaks low when spoken to, has been used to wait in the house; had on when she went away an old blue cotton jacket and petticoat, but it is probable she got other clothing since her elopement. The above reward, including what the law allows, will be given to any person apprehending said girl, and securing her in any goal, so that I get her again, or reasonable charges if brought home, by

*3 of 2X GASSAWAY PINDELL. All persons whatever are forbid harbouring or employing said girl at their peril. Anne-Arundel county, January 4, 1801.

TO BE RENT-ED,

For the term of sixteen months, THAT commodious DWELLING-HOUSE in which captain S. Godman formerly resided, and at present occupied by the subscriber, together with a large lot and garden. The premises are in good repair, and possession will be given immediately. For terms apply to the subscriber, or to SAMUEL RIBOUT, Esq; of Annapolis. January 1, 1801. W. D. ADDISON.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next Cecil county court for a commission to mark and bound, agreeably to an act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, passed in the November session, 1786, and the supplements thereto, the following tracts of land, viz. St. XAVIER'S, St. IONATIUS, part of WORSEL MANOR, part of WOODBRIDGE, and part of ASKMORE, all being add lying in Cecil county, near the Head of St. Austria's creek, commonly called Little Bohemia, held and owned by the Corporation of the Roman Catholic Clergy. FRANCIS BEBSTON, Agent for the Corp. R. C. C. Annapolis, December 2, 1800.

NEW CONVERSATION CARDS.

In Prose and Verse—For sale at this Office.