

NOTICE TO STATE DEBTORS.

THE agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the first day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted. This notice, it is sincerely hoped, will be attended to, it will save the debtors a considerable expence, and the officer the disagreeable task of enforcing the collection. Procces will certainly be commenced, without respect to persons, on the second day of March next against every delinquent.

HENRY H. HARWOOD, Agent.

Annapolis, January 5, 1801.

CADIZ, October 26.

Lord Keith, with his fleet, has withdrawn from before this city. It is said, the contagion which has prevailed here, has made its appearance, in an alarming manner, on board the English ships.

PARIS, October 24.

Citizen Pichon is appointed French commissary-general to reside at Philadelphia. He will act as charge d'affaires until a minister is sent out.

October 28.

The armistice concluded on the 18th of August, with the regency of Algiers, by citizen Thainville, has been followed by a definitive treaty of peace.

The dey of Tripoli has declared war against the emperor, and taken three ships under his flag.

The price of grain has experienced a considerable declension.

We are informed that a rich lead mine has been discovered at Faithlegg, in Ireland, on the estate of M. C. Belton.

M. Kotzebue was for three years director of the theatre at the court of Vienna—He was deprived of that office, together with 1000 florins, which he could not spend out of the hereditary estates. At present he directs the Imperial theatre at St. Peterburg, in Russia, with an appointment of 12,000 rubles; besides an establishment, a royal carriage at his orders, the rank of colonel and several other advantages; in addition to which, he is in possession of an estate belonging to the crown, worth 3000 rubles per annum.

LONDON, November 1.

House of Commons, Nov. 12.

Mr. Tierney gave notice, that he should this day fortnight move for a committee of the whole on the state of the nation; and moved for a call of the house for that day. Mr. Pitt opposed this latter motion; and on taking the question there were ayes 24, nays 120.

The answer to his majesty's speech was disapproved by most of the opposition members—and they took occasion to inveigh against the war, and the incapacity of the ministers.

Scarcity of provisions.

An account of the quantities of grain imported from January 4 to October 4, was ordered to be laid before parliament. A bill was reported prohibiting the use of corn in distilleries and in making starch; and prohibiting the exportation of rice and provisions. The opposition members imputed the scarcity to the war, and insisted there was no complete remedy but in peace. The ministerial members denied this assertion, and imputed it to other causes.

The following resolutions, for lessening this scarcity of grain and provisions were agreed to:

That the average price of corn imported into this kingdom should be published in the London Gazette.

That it is the opinion of this committee, that there be granted on every quarter of wheat weighing 450lb. imported into the port of London, or any of the out-ports, on or before the first day of October, 1801, the sum by which the average price of the said wheat shall be sold in three weeks after importation, published in the London Gazette, shall be less than 100s. per quarter.

On every quarter of barley weighing 350lb. imported and sold as above, the sum which the average price in the London Gazette, shall be less than 45s. per quarter.

On every quarter of rye weighing 408lb. where the average price shall be less than 35s. per quarter.

On every quarter of oats weighing 280lb. where the average price shall be less than 30s. per quarter.

On every barrel of superfine flour, weighing 196lb. imported as above, and sold within two months, the sum by which the average price shall be less than 68s. per barrel.

On every cwt. of American rice, imported as above, and sold within two months, the sum by which the average price shall be less than 35s.

On every cwt. of East-India rice, imported as above, and sold within two months, the sum by which the average price shall be less than 35s.

November 4.

The Irish government have prohibited the distillation of spirits from every species of grain, and the exportation of rice, potatoes, &c.

November 9.

The Fisguard and Indefatigable frigates, have captured the French frigate Venus, of 32 guns, and 200 men, from Rochforte for Senegal.

The Coromandel of 54 guns is totally lost.

An expedition destined against South-America, is nearly ready. Sir Home Popham will command it. Five or six regiments will be employed.

November 11.

The king has issued his proclamation for convening the united parliaments, pursuant to the union with Ireland, on the 22d day of January.

November 12.

Count Cobentzel, who is at Paris from Vienna, has dispatched a courier with some important letters to our government; which have been answered, and the courier has returned.

A serious difference exists between the emperor of Germany and the elector of Bavaria. The minister of the latter has been recalled—The English continue raising recruits on the continent.

November 14.

Two of the most valuable ordnance transports in the armament under general Pulseny, have been taken by the Spaniards. A great part of the valuable battering train was on board these vessels.

Three persons have been taken up for hissing his majesty as he was returning from the house of lords.

It is positively asserted that no money, by loan, will be raised the present year.

The sloops of war Pelican and Herick, are lost. Crews saved.

Lord Nelson is to have a command in the Channel fleet.

The French funds have lately experienced a fall; and orders have been given for the movement of the troops. These are disagreeable omens to the friends of peace.

L. Buonaparte is gone to Russia, and his commission is conjectured to be connected with the subject of peace, or to neutralize that power, if war is renewed.

Letters from Manheim, October 21, state that the Austrian army have received orders to be in readiness to march; and the resumption of hostilities is expected.

Carrachi, and 19 accomplices, have been delivered to the criminal tribunal, for conspiring against the life of Buonaparte.

Russians. There is no doubt but large armies are in preparation. Some accounts say they are to assist the emperor if war is renewed; other accounts declare they will operate against him if he does not become more humble in his designs!

NEW-YORK, December 30.

We stated in our paper of Tuesday last, that all intercourse was stopped between all the ports of Spain and France—We should have stated also, that it was in consequence of the fever in Seville and Cadiz, that all intercourse was stopped between those two countries.

Captain Ingersoll, from Hamburg, has put into our hands, papers of that city to the 1st ult. The following articles extracted from them, we do not recollect to have seen in the London prints.

HAMBURG, November 28.

Accounts from Austria of the 17th October, state that Hungary will furnish 72,325, and Bohemia 40,673 men, which will be in readiness to march to the armies in two or three weeks.

In the Tyrol at present, there are only 12,000 Imperial troops. The canton Zurich, which contains about 163,139 souls, has from 1798, since the entry of the French there to the close of 1799, sustained a damage occasioned by the war, of 14,564,485 francs!

October 21.

Our theatre was yesterday honoured with the presence of admiral Nelson, and to-day he visited our celebrated Klopstock, the first of German poets.

PHILADELPHIA, January 1.

The bill against duelling, has been rejected by the senate of Virginia.

Robert Liston Esq; British minister, is now at Norfolk, from which place he intends to sail for England. Edward Thornton, Esq; remains in the character of charge des affaires.

WASHINGTON CITY, December 29.

The official returns from Kentucky for president and vice-president have been received. They are for

Thomas Jefferson, 4 votes.
Aaron Burr, 4 votes.

These votes complete the returns from all the states; whereby we are enabled to announce the total result as follows:

For Thomas Jefferson 73
Aaron Burr 73
John Adams 65
C. C. Pinckney 64

The senate have confirmed the nomination of John Jay, as chief justice of the United States.

BALTIMORE, December 30.

The United States ship Delaware is cruising off the Havanna; and two British men of war are constantly on that station.

A gentleman from Italy who lately travelled through the United States, gave to one of his friends the following account of the Lombardy poplar.

It serves, said he, in the country from which it derives its name, the four following purposes:—

1. It moderates the heat of the summer sun in meadows, and thus protects and increases the quantity of hay and pasture.

2. The body of the tree, when full grown, after its bark is taken off and it is thoroughly dried, makes good rails.

3. Its branches, when cut down and dried, afford excellent fire wood, particularly for cooking in summer.

4. The leaves and small twigs of the tree, when plucked or cut in the fall of the year, and dried, make a wholesome fodder for cattle and sheep during the winter.

It is hoped our farmers, where their native forest trees have become scarce and dear, will attend to these facts, and, hereafter, cultivate the Lombardy tree for other purposes than merely for domestic shade, or ornament.

December 31.

The ship Mercury, having on board a very valuable cargo, from the river-La Plata bound to Philadelphia, is taken by the British and carried into Halifax; 70,000 dollars in specie were landed from her.

An act was before the legislature of Virginia on the 14th inst. for making a turnpike road from the head navigation of Patowmack river to the nearest western navigation. It is proposed, that this turnpike should commence at the mouth of Savage river, which is 21 miles above Fort Cumberland and about 200 from George-town. A subscription is intended to be opened for 50,000 dollars in shares of 50 dollars each. It was expected that the state of Virginia would subscribe for 50 shares and the co-operation of Maryland by passing a similar law was not doubted. The important benefits to be derived from carrying this plan into effect will more fully appear from the following preamble of the bill

"Whereas it is conceived that great advantage would accrue to the trade of Patowmack and to the commonwealth generally, by making easy the communication between the head navigation of that river and the nearest western navigation, which would cause the produce of a large extent of the western country to take its course into this channel, instead of going 2,500 miles, partly through the dominion of a foreign nation, to a market at New-Orleans—And whereas it is represented to this general assembly that these navigations may be made to communicate by a road of about 40 miles, and that an association of citizens are willing to undertake to make the road if proper legislative encouragement be given, by the states of Virginia and Maryland through both of which the road will have to pass about an equal distance, &c.

A late London paper says, the price of gold and silver has risen to a very extraordinary degree within the last month, in consequence of the exchange with Hamburg, where the guinea now goes for twenty-five shillings. Guineas have of course become extremely scarce, as nothing is more easy than to melt them down and swear that the bullion is foreign coin. All the mints in Duke's-Place have been busily at work.

January 1.

We learn that the honourable Samuel Dexter has been nominated (the 30th ult.) to the senate as secretary of the treasury—and Arthur St. Clair, as governor of the North-Western Territory.

January 2.

The president of the United States has recognized I. H. C. Heineken, as commercial agent of the Batavian republic, to reside at Philadelphia.

The senate of the United States has advised and consented to the appointment of John Jay, as chief justice, in the place of Oliver Ellsworth, resigned.

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated November 9th, to one of the first mercantile houses in Philadelphia.

"The plague continues at Cadiz, Seville, St. Lcar, and Malaga, and is getting fast into the interior of Spain."

January 3.

By a proclamation from the board of health of Philadelphia, no vessel from any Spanish port in Europe is permitted to approach nearer that city than Marcus Hook, without their special permission first being obtained.

We understand the election in New-Jersey has terminated in favour of federalism. That state will be represented in the next congress by five federal republicans.

Annapolis, January 8.

On Saturday-morning last, the dwelling-house of Mr. Daniel Fowler, of this city, took fire on the roof, and was entirely consumed; by the exertions of the citizens the fire was happily prevented from spreading.

TO BE RENTED,

For the term of sixteen months.

THAT commodious DWELLING-HOUSE in which captain S. Godman formerly resided, and at present occupied by the subscriber, together with a large lot and garden. The premises are in good repair, and possession will be given immediately. For terms apply to the subscriber, or to SAMUEL RIDOUT, Esq; of Annapolis.

W. D. ADDISON.

January 1, 1800.

THIS is to give notice to the creditors of EDWARD PYE, an insolvent debtor of Charles county, that the subscriber hath been, by the chancery, appointed trustee for their benefit, and that the chancery hath limited and appointed the 25th day of April next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me, the subscriber.

LUKE F. MATTHEWS, Trustee.