

inhabitants, not having the least desire to become Austrians, covered the Imperial arms with dirt.

On the 17th of May the late Tippoo Sultan's horses, elephants and camels, were delivered over in Purnea's Tent to lieutenants Close and Dallas, and captains Macaulay and Montgomery;—3120 horses were reckoned on this occasion, 99 elephants and 175 camels, the late sultan's private property.

BOSTON, February 24.

THE AMERICAN ENVOYS

Have arrived at Lisbon. This agreeable information was brought by captain Mather, who arrived here on Saturday last from Cadiz. The intelligence was received at that place by letters from Lisbon, dated the beginning of December.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, December 7.

"Our government has just received a proclamation, conceived in the following terms: "That the cases of ships detained or captured by French privateers, and brought into Spanish ports, are to be examined by the competent courts in France, and not by the French consuls resident in Spain, who hitherto have possessed faculty to judge definitively in such cases."

NIAGARA, (U. Canada) February 8.

The duke of Kent is appointed to the lord-lieutenancy of Ireland; and lieutenant-governor Hunter, to be governor-general of British America.

Leave has been given by his grace the duke of Portland to our half-pay officers to enter into the service of the United States; in consequence of which, several of this description, residing in that country, have taken commissions, and are now doing duty in the provisional regiments.

NEW-YORK, March 4.

We mentioned yesterday, on the authority of a Boston paper, that prizes taken by French cruizers, and carried into Spain, were not any longer to be tried by the consuls of the republic in the Spanish dominions, but by the courts of France. The latter part of this intelligence is contradicted in the following

Extract of a letter from Malaga, dated Dec. 3d, received in this city.

"Last post an order came from Madrid, informing, that in consequence of the repeated remonstrances of the ambassadors of all neutral powers, and considering the establishment of French consular tribunals in the Spanish ports as an usurped right, never having been recognized by the court; his Catholic majesty instructs the captains general of the various districts, to take cognizance of all prizes sent by cruizers, of whatever nation they may be, into the ports of Spain, and the consuls shall only treat as simple agents in the same."

WASHINGTON, February 10.

Female intrepidity.

Samuel Dille, living on Wille's creek, a branch of the Muckingham, and his wife, went in search of two steers which had strayed from them. Having proceeded some distance from the house they heard the distant tinkling of cow-bells when Mr. Dille, supposing it to be his steers, immediately proceeded in the direction whence the sound came, leaving Mrs. Dille with the horses and his gun in charge. In his absence the dog treed two young bears, one of which Mrs. Dille shot and loading her gun wounded the other so that it fell from the tree. The dog seizing it, its cries brought the old bear to its relief. But this heroine, in no wise dismayed, having again loaded her gun, had just dispatched the dam, when her husband, alarmed at the report of the gun, returned.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.

It is said, that the Insurgente frigate, captain Murray, is expected in this port, for the purpose of refitting.

Capt. Geddes, we understand, is now under trial before a court-martial sitting in this city. He is charged with disobedience of orders.

The new frigate Philadelphia, captain Decatur, sailed off this day. Her recruiting has been very successful; and it is expected she will put to sea in 8 or 10 days.

Yesterday, in senate, Mr. Tracy called for the resolution for the appointment of a committee of privileges, to inquire who is the editor of the Aurora, &c. &c. laid on the table some days ago.

A member then proposed the following amendment, which, after considerable discussion, was negatived—Ayes 11, Noes 16:

Between the word "senate," and the word "and," in the fourth line from the end—insert "and that the said committee be also directed to inquire, who is the editor of the news-paper printed in the said city, called "Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser." And by what means the said editor became possessed of the votes of the senate on the bill sent from the house of representatives, for suspending the enlistments of the twelve regiments, &c. as published in the said news-paper, bearing date the 13th of February instant; and by what authority he published those votes partially, and under the classification contained in the said news-paper; and also whether the said editor is the author or not; and if not, who is the author of sundry assertions, observations, and reflections, immediately preceding and following the statement of the said votes, and published in the said paper of and concerning the senate of the United States, and the members thereof in their official capacity."

[The member who moved the above, is said to be the hon. Humphrey Marshall, Esquire.]

Reports are in circulation that Mrs. Merry intends shortly to go to Europe in consequence of some very advantageous offers. If this be really the case, amateurs are of opinion, the New Theatre may go too!

BALTIMORE, March 4.

FROM THE TRENTON FEDERALIST.

Married, at Middleton (Monmouth) on the 15th inst. Thomas Tilton, in the 76th year of his age, to Mary Lucas, in her 13th year. She is the daughter's daughter of Thomas Tilton's former wife; so that this husband and wife, were at least half grand-father and half grand-daughter.

—At the same place, a few weeks since, John Lucas, the brother of the above mentioned bride, to his half aunt, Catharine Clinton, widow, and the daughter of Thomas Tilton, the above named bride's groom.

Quere. If both the above pairs should be blessed with legitimate issue (if their issue can be legitimate) how would genealogical readers rank them in the degrees of affinity, so that the term might clearly express their nearness of kin?

March 5.

From an Alexandria paper.

CAUTION.

The money brought from New-Orleans by James Elliott and others, and which on examination proves to be counterfeit are of the United States paper—dated Philadelphia, February 1795, June 1796, April 1797, and February 1798, for the 100 dollar bills and marked A and E. The 50 dollar bills are post notes, dated Philadelphia, April 1798, and marked B. The bills are well imitated, but the paper inferior to that of the true bill; the signing hard to be known from the true bill, except the G, in the cashier's name, and Simpson are written larger and the ink paler than in the real bill—some of them are signed John Kean, cashier.

The public are warned that a great quantity of this paper is in New-Orleans, and coming on to the United States.

Two men who arrived here in the schooner Two Brothers, from New-Orleans, were apprehended on Monday, for passing bills of the above description—on examination, one of them was dismissed, it not appearing he had passed any of the bills, and the other, (the above named James Elliot) kept in custody for further examination.

March 6.

By captain Rich, arrived at Boston from Leghorn, which place he left the 6th of December, we learn that the Austrians had invaded Genoa, and by proclamation invited its inhabitants to surrender.

We understand, by the arrival of captain Mather at Boston, that admiral lord Keith had, by proclamation, declared Cadiz in a state of blockade; but there was no fleet off the place.

A water manufactory is about to be established in New-York upon an extensive plan, by a Mr. Dillinger.

From Louisville, January 21.

We are informed by a gentleman from Greenborough, that colonel Hawkins had written to a gentleman on the frontier, by the Indian chief Big Beard, who was at Greenborough when our information left there, that the Seminoles, instigated by Bowles, were meditating mischief against this state; that they had made an attempt to kill colonel Hawkins, but were prevented by a party of the Cowetas and Cussetahs headed by Big Beard; that the Indians came in for the purpose of informing the inhabitants on the frontier that it was only the Seminoles that were for war, and that the Cowetas and Cussetahs were friendly and would endeavour to guard them from injury.

Annapolis, March 13.

IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES:

February 26, 1800.

A motion was made that it be

Resolved, that the committee of privileges be, and they are hereby directed to inquire, who is the editor of the news-paper printed in the city of Philadelphia, called the General Advertiser, or Aurora, and by what means the editor became possessed of the copy of a bill prescribing the mode of deciding disputed elections of president and vice-president of the United States, which was printed in the aforesaid news-paper, published Wednesday morning, the 19th of February inst. and by what authority he published the same; and by what authority the editor published in the same paper, that the honourable Mr. Pinkney, a senator from South-Carolina, and a member of the committee who brought before the senate the bill aforesaid, had never been consulted on the subject; and generally to inquire the origin of sundry assertions in the same paper, respecting the senate of the United States, and the members thereof in their official capacity, and why the same were published, and make report to the senate; and that the said committee have power to send for persons, papers and records, relating to the subject committed to them.

Sixth Congress of the United States.

At the first session, begun and held at the city of Philadelphia, in the state of Pennsylvania, on Monday, the second of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

An ACT to suspend in part, an act entitled "An act to augment the army of the United States; and for other purposes."

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States in congress assembled, That all further enlistments, under the second section of an act entitled "An act to augment the army of

the United States, and for other purposes," shall be suspended until the further order of congress, unless in the recess of congress, and during the continuance of the existing differences between the United States and the French republic, war shall break out between the United States and the French republic, or imminent danger of invasion of their territory by the said republic, shall, in the opinion of the president of the United States, be discovered to exist.

THEODORE SEDGWICK,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

TH: JEFFERSON,

Vice-President of the United States,
and President of the Senate.

Approved, February 20, 1800,

JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the 7th day of April next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the residence of the subscriber, in Middle Neck, four miles from Annapolis,

SEVERAL young plough horses, a number of black cattle and hogs, also the crop of Indian corn and fodder, and a parcel of bacon. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and the terms made known at the time and place of sale.

MARGARET PINKNEY.

March 10, 1800.

Nothing more certain than TAXES,

SO says every one, and we all agree that they must be paid, but differ a little as to the time of payment; I say, and for unquestionable reasons, it ought to be made early in the year, many erroneously think they may claim indulgence till the fall, and there are, perhaps a few still more unreasonable. The people of this county, however, deserve much credit, for they generally pay county charges with cheerfulness, but I would recommend it to them to discharge their assessment some months sooner in the year than has hitherto been the practice, positively the result would be to their advantage.

I wish it to be generally known that the accounts for the year 1799 are now due, they are ready for delivery, and shall be distributed as speedily as possible, shortly thereafter I shall proceed, as the law directs, to complete the collection; in the mean-time I request and trust men will make early provision, and, if called from home, leave the money with some one of the family for the collector—to find the people thus prepared would really afford him great satisfaction.

Those who attended the collector's meetings last year, and others who paid their accounts in Annapolis, will please to accept my thanks, it is intended to pursue the same mode this year, of which timely notice shall be given.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

Many, I trust, will find it both agreeable and convenient to settle their accounts in Annapolis—in my absence James Mackubin, Esq; will receive money for me and give receipts. W. A.

JUST RECEIVED,
And to be SOLD at this office,
Price one eighth of a dollar,
The WILL
OF
General
George Washington.

NOTICE.

THE co-partnership between MACCUBBIN and LOWE was dissolved on the 6th of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, by mutual consent, all demands against the firm will be settled by

LLOYD M. LOWE.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 19th of October last, negro JACOB, 35 years of age, about 6 feet high, smooth face, high forehead, his wool growing in a peak leaves his temples bare, speaks low and rather hoarse; had on and took with him when he went away, a brownish cotton coat, a blue coarse short coat with metal buttons, old breeches, osnabrig shirt, and a match coat blanket; his Sunday apparel, a purple cloth coat with rimmed buttons, nankeen breeches, mixed worsted stockings, and half boots; he professes to be a Methodist, and has been in the practice of preaching of nights; it is expected he is harbouring about the city of Annapolis, West river, South river, South river Neck, or Queen-Anne, as he has a wife at Miss Murdoch's. Whoever takes up and secures said fellow in any goal, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by

THOMAS GIBBS, living near Queen-Anne.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are forewarned harbouring, employing, or carrying off said fellow at their peril.

March 7, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A COACHEE and harness, with or without a pair of HORSES. Also a large handsome horse, fit for the saddle or draught. Inquire of the printer.

Annapolis, March 4, 1800.