

the United States, will be insulted or infringed with impunity.

A new periodical publication has made its appearance in Boston, called the "Columbian Phoenix," upon the plan of a literary magazine. However arbitrary and whimsical the derivation of this title may be, we wish for the credit of our country, that this species of publication were better encouraged than they are at present.

By the Betsey, from Surinam, we are informed, that a putrid fever raged on board of the vessels in the harbour to a very alarming degree. The Betsey lost two men; other vessels had lost as many as eight hands. Several vessels were detained there for the want of sailors. What is somewhat singular, the inhabitants on shore are perfectly healthy.

February 10.

By the Eutaw, from Cape Francois, we have a file of St. Domingo papers to the 3d ult. On the 18th December advices were received there of the late change in the French government, which were confirmed by the schooner Ariadne, captain Handy, 9 days from Baltimore, who arrived at Cape Francois on the 28th of the same month. The intelligence was proclaimed at the Cape in an address to the inhabitants, exhorting them to be assured, from the well known civism of the new rulers, that the most happy consequences will be likely to result from a change of men and measures; and that the vessel of the state, buffeted for ten years by the tempest of revolution, is about to enter the port in triumph and in peace.

The death of general Washington is announced in these papers in the following handsome terms:—"The hero of America, general George Washington, is dead of a quinsy. Liberty has lost in this great man one of her warmest admirers.—All America is in mourning. There is not an inhabitant of the United States who does not regret the loss of a father and a friend, and who does not believe that loss irreparable."

PHILADELPHIA, February 12.

A letter from Kingston (Jamaica) dated December 20, received via New-York, contains the following information:—"That the coast was infested with pirates who capture every vessel they meet; that the whole island, particularly Kingston, was in a state of great alarm and confusion. A spy had been apprehended, and was to be executed on the 21st."

February 13.

Extract of a letter from Richard V. Morris, Esq; commander of the frigate Adams, dated Basseterre Roads, St. Kitts, Jan. 20, 1800.

"The French privateer brig Italic Conquest has been captured by the Connecticut, capt. Tryon—the ship struck after receiving the second broadside which carried away her main-top-mast, stove her boat, and wounded the captain and two of the men, one mortally."

Extract of a letter from William Cooper, Esq; commander of the U. S. ship Baltimore, to the secretary of the navy, dated

Basseterre Roads, Jan. 22.

"On the 12th day of January, in lat. 19. 40. N. and long. 60. 12. W. I had the good fortune to fall in with and capture the French schooner, Le Bullaut Jeanesse, Joseph Materie, commander, of 6 guns and 61 men.—During the chase they threw overboard four guns, both bower anchors, cabouse, and sundry small stores"

List of vessels taken by the U. S. brig Pickering, Benj. Hillar, Esq; commander, from 2d August to 31st December, '99.

Schooner Cynthia, Asa Ferfett, from New-York to Martinique—retaken.

Sloop —, an English sloop, re-captured.

Schooner Helen, Douglas, a French vessel—cargo valuable.

Brig Helen, Peter Shiel, from Altona bound to St. Domingo, a Danish vessel re-captured from the French.

Brig Brothers, George Prince, from Savanna to Martinique—re-captured.

Schooner Voltiguele, P. Hazard, French privateer, from Guadaloupe, on a cruise.

Schooner Harriet, Sears, from Newbern, N. C. to Antigua—re-captured.

SAVANNA, January 21.

The following communication has been transmitted to us from a correspondent at St. Mary's.

January 1, 1800.

This day an express arrived at Point Petre, with dispatches from colonel Hawkins, the Indian agent, to Mr. Ellicott, the United States commissioner for running the boundary line. Among the dispatches received there is a proclamation signed by William Augustus Bowles, styling himself, chief and director general of the Creek Nation, which has been stuck up and made public through the Creek towns. This proclamation exceeds in insolence, impudence and bombast, any thing that hath hitherto been exhibited by this well known adventurer. Bowles, in the most direct terms denies the right of either the United States or Spain to run the boundary line, or to have any intercourse with the Indians, but by his authority. He forbids this on pain of death; to all who may oppose his royal will and pleasure. Bowles orders the Indians to send Mr. Hawkins and others out of the nation. Certain it is, one or other of them ought not to be there; and the people of this country will soon see which of these men have most influence among the Indians; as Mr. Hawkins must quit the ground; or drive Bowles; after such proclamation and threats against him and his country.

It appears that most of the Simanolia Indians, and those on the lower parts of Chatahoche and Flint rivers, have joined Bowles. The dispatches which Mr. Ellicott sent from St. Marks to the governors of Pensacola and Mobile, were taken by the adventurer's Indian scouts, and brought to him: with these dispatches are duplicates of Mr. Ellicott's letters to the secretary of the United States.

P. S. The runners who brought the dispatches say, that Bowles has a vessel arrived with goods from England, for the Indians: this, however, wants confirmation.

CHARLESTON, January 23.

Extract of a letter from captain James Lamont, of the ship Lucy, of this port, dated Hamburg, November 24th.

"On my passage from Charleston, in lat. 46. 20. long. 18, I was boarded by a French privateer of 20 guns and 200 men, which examined my papers, treated me very kindly, and told me to proceed on my voyage."

A gentleman who came passenger in the ship Hudson, from Hamburg, saw captain Lamont in Altona, who repeated the same fact to him as is contained in the above extract; and adds, that several other American vessels had arrived on the continent, which had been examined by French vessels and detained.

BALTIMORE, February 14.

A letter from colonel Gaither, commandant of the federal troops in Georgia, dated at Fort Wilkinson, early in January, mentions, that the captain general of his Catholic majesty's provinces, has issued a proclamation, offering a reward of one thousand pounds sterling, for William Augustus Bowles, who styles himself director general of Mysogea, to be paid on his delivery at any one of the royal prisons of said province.

Annapolis, February 20.

From the Gazette of the United States.

IS THE MAN A GIANT?

A pair of shoes was made a few days ago in this city, by Mr. William Gram, in Chiffens alley, between Fifth and Sixth-streets, for a man in the Jersey; the size of which is so astonishing, that we communicate their dimension to the public, incredible as it may appear, the fact is to be relied on, that the measurement of one shoe is as follows:—

	Inches.
The length of the shoe	28 $\frac{1}{2}$
length of the hind quarter	13 $\frac{1}{2}$
length of the vamp	9
length of the heel	6
width of the sole	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
width of the heel	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
length of the vamp over the instep	12 $\frac{1}{2}$
circumference over the instep	20
circumference length ways	44

N. B. In one of these shoes, two sizeable men put all four of their feet, and did not fill it; nevertheless, it is supposed that the shoes will be rather tight on the man's feet for whom they are made. The price of making them was six dollars. We are told that the man has no disease in his feet, but they are of their natural size; and that he is an active smart man, of prodigious bulk. It is in contemplation to procure a pair of his old shoes for the museum if he will agree to it.

Fifty Pounds Reward.

WHEREAS four or five of the boundaries (as marked and placed by the commissioners for marking and bounding the lines of WARBURTON MANOR and FRANKLAND, tracts of land in Prince-George's county) have been taken up and moved by some evil minded person or persons, the subscriber hereby offers a reward of fifty pounds to any person who will discover the person or persons who took up and moved away the said boundaries, so that they may be prosecuted to conviction for so doing, according as the law directs.

THOMAS A. DIGGES.

Warburton, February 5, 1800.

Notice is also hereby given,

THAT the subscriber having experienced great depredation upon his wood and timber, will prosecute any person who shall hereafter trespass upon his plantations and woods on FRANKLAND and WARBURTON MANOR, either on foot or horseback, or by driving of carts or waggons, otherways than for the purpose of getting shad and herrings from his different fishing landings on Patowmack river and Piscataway creek; and he will also prosecute any person who shall, without leave for so doing, hale sein nets at his different landings above the tide mark after the 25th of March next.

THOMAS A. DIGGES.

Warburton, February 5, 1800.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to the sundry debtors to the estate of the late SIMON RETALLACK, blacksmith, unless they will pay off their several accounts, on or before the first of April next, to the subscriber, to enable her to settle the estate, that suits will commence immediately against such as will not comply.

ELIZABETH RETALLACK, Administratrix.  
February 11, 1800.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at March term next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, situate in Zachia Swamp, in Charles county, called FORTUNE'S RE-TREAT.

EDWARD EDELEN.

Charles county, February 11, 1800.

I HEREBY certify that FIELDER POPE has this day brought before me a trespassing stray, bright bay horse, about seven or eight years old, trots, gallops and paces, a little shod before, has no perceivable brand or natural mark. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

THOMAS BOWIE.

January 24, 1800.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 4th day of March next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the house of the subscriber, in Calvert county, for READY MONEY,

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of WILLIAM FRAZIER, late of said county, deceased, consisting of three NEGROES, one woman and two girls. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. DANIEL FRAZIER, Administrator de bonis non.

N. B. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them in on that day legally attested.

February 11, 1800.

ANNIVERSARY.

First Company of Volunteers.

BEING strongly impressed with an opinion that none regret the loss of their common father, friend and benefactor, more than the citizens composing my company, they are earnestly requested to meet on the staid house hill, at 10 o'clock, the 22d instant, in order that they may join such other citizen soldiers, as may be then and there present; it is expected punctual attendance will be given, attired in a soldier-like manner, that every possible tribute of respect may be paid to the memory of our deceased countryman and fellow-citizen, general George Washington.

SAMUEL GODMAN, Captain.

Annapolis, February 1, 1800.

Annapolis, January 13, 1800.

Gentlemen,

HIS excellency the Governor has, by his determination of to-day, thought proper to change the day of prayer, in the proclamation respecting general George Washington, to the twenty-second of February next; you will therefore, immediately upon the receipt of this, make the necessary alteration, and consider this as your authority for so doing.

I am, with great respect,

Your obedient servant,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk

of the governor and council.

Messrs. Green.

By his EXCELLENCY

BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire.

GOVERNOR of MARYLAND,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State, penetrated with regret for the death of the illustrious patriot general George Washington, and zealous to express their high respect and veneration for his eminent virtues and distinguished services to his country, have, by a resolution unanimously assented to on the 17th instant, requested me "to appoint, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer, throughout this state, and to recommend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their respective places of worship, to testify, in the most public manner, their veneration for his memory, and to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious services, the best motives for the imitation of his virtues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honorable legislature in the measure proposed, and am anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute of grateful respect to the merits and long tried patriotism of our deceased fellow-citizen, I have therefore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the twenty-second day of February next be observed throughout this state as a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues, public services, and unshaken patriotism of the deceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—that they implore the Most High God to supply his loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace and knowledge throughout the land—and that he would grant to the people of this and the United States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington may never cease to influence and direct our public councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this eighteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,  
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.