

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J A N U A R Y 9, 1800.

U L M, October 5.

HE English minister, Mr. Wickham, arrived here to-day. With much difficulty he escaped the French, who fired upon his carriage. He was forced to leave behind him at Zurich his whole equipage, and a considerable sum of money. The Imperialists have now quit the whole of Switzerland on the other side of the Rhine.

October 6.

A courier arrived this moment, with intelligence that the French have crossed the Rhine near Durlach.

ASCHAFFENBURG, October 6.

On the 4th inst. the French favoured by the night and a fog, attacked the Imperialists and troops of the elector, together with the armed peasants from Mentz and Cassel, where they had lately received considerable reinforcements. Our troops made the bravest resistance, but the enemy being superior to them in infantry, and cavalry particularly, they were at length forced to give way to them. The enemy having received more reinforcements, though driven to flight several times, and though every inch of ground was fought for, advanced farther from Hattersheim against Stiedling and Hoescht, where our troops had resolved to make a stand near the Nied, and used every exertion to prevent the enemy from crossing that river.

FRANCFORT, October 3.

Yesterday the French troops quitted our city again, and partly returned to Cassel, partly marched towards Konigstein, to cut off the retreat of those German troops who have advanced into the Rhinegaw. They have, however, made a masterly retreat under the command of the electoral major Goerger, and have not only not left a single man, but even carried off from the French at Hamburg, 12 oxen, 260 sheep, and 40 hogs, and made 36 prisoners.

All accounts agree in stating, that the poor country people have suffered much by the French during their last incursion.

From our city they have again demanded a contribution of 250,000 crowns, threatening that, in case of refusal, 10,000 French troops should enter the city. Our magistrates firmly answered—that they could not prevent the troops from entering, but they must refuse any contribution whatever. The French chief commissary, Bennard was present at the senate house; but the magistrates adhering strictly to their resolution, the French desisted from their demand; and it is said that the French general Laroche, and commissary Bennard, had satisfied themselves with a present of 200 Carolina.

STUTTGARD, October 1.

His Imperial majesty has appointed general Meias, commander-in-chief in Lombardy, and general Kray commander in chief of the army in Italy.

Letter from his royal highness the archduke Charles.

Head quarters, Donauechingen, October 7.

"The unfortunate occurrences in Switzerland being already sufficiently known, I shall confine myself at present merely to giving the outlines of them, and state the events which have taken place since.

"On the 25th ult. the Russian corps under the command of lieutenant-general Korsakow, on the Limmit, and the column of field-marshal-lieutenant Hoze, on the Linth, near Uznach, were defeated by the enemy. The former corps retreated, by way of Eglishau, to the right bank of the Rhine, and the column of field-marshal-lieutenant Hoze, on the 26th by St. Gall, into the district of Voralberg.

"Field-marshal prince Suwarow was at Useren, and general Auffenberg, at Steig, on the 25th.

"On the 26th, field-marshal-lieutenant Lincken defeated the enemy, and took prisoners two battalions, of 1300 men, with the whole of the staff and other officers, and two standards of colours. On the 28th he advanced to Glarus; but not being able to open a communication, either to the right or the left, he saw himself under the necessity to withdraw to the Grison country on the 29th.

"Field-marshal Suwarow, and the brigade of general Auffenberg, having advanced as far as Switz, on the 28th, arrived at Glarus on the 31st of October, but not being able to effect a junction with any other corps, field-marshal Suwarow was obliged to march to the Grison country.

"Field-marshal Suwarow has, however, according to a circular letter which has been received this morning, defeated the enemy near Glarus and taken 1000 prisoners. At the same time, the column of the Imperial Russian general Rosenberk, with 1500 of the enemy prisoners, near Murren, and took several pieces of cannon; the enemy's loss in killed and wounded on this occasion was likewise very considerable.

(Signed)

CHARLES, archduke, P. M.

STRASBURG, October 9.

Official bulletin of the general staff of the army.

The army of the Rhine has retaken Mannheim and Francfort. The enemy have left 300 men. Ten thousand peasants who rose in a mass have thrown down their arms. Among the prisoners is a whole company of Cossacks. We once more are in possession of the whole line of Mentz, Mannheim, and Francfort.

PARIS, October 17.

A telegraphic dispatch announced at 5 o'clock in the evening of the 15th inst. that Holland was entirely evacuated by the Russians and Austrians. The information is certain.

Buonaparte arrived yesterday, at 7 in the morning, his lady and brothers who had gone to meet him, misled him by having taken a different road. Citizen Barras went to see him as soon as his arrival was known. He went the same day at 4 o'clock to the directory; but having much need of repose after so long and rapid journey, he had a particular audience of the directory this day.

The English troops since the affair of the 17th Vendemire, are shut up in their old intrenchments, where they are in so much want of both ammunition and provisions, that they have been obliged to send back the prisoners which they have taken. They have demanded twenty-four hours to embark, which request has been denied them. It appears that general Bruce is disposed to make them surrender by capitulation; one of the conditions of which will be the restoration of the fleet that surrendered in the Texel. It is believed they cannot maintain their station more than three days. Adverse winds have, for five days, prevented all attempts at embarkation, and also any supplies from reaching them.

The misunderstanding between the Russians and English increases daily, which has occasioned many duels. It is reported that the duke of York was for some time a prisoner to the Russians; but rescued by the English cavalry. Such are our last accounts.

We are assured that the destination of general Lavaux is changed, and that he goes to St. Domingo instead of Guadeloupe.

The army of Massena in Switzerland, consists of 85,000 men.

Extra of a letter from the Hague, dated October 13.

Four thousand Russians and 2500 English have been killed, and 2400 Russians taken prisoners. The municipality of Amsterdam have published this day that the remainder of the Russian army, to the number of 6000, have deserted to the French, after having killed several English officers. A whole regiment of Cossacks, who would not join them, were cut in pieces. We have taken 56 pieces of cannon, and a great quantity of baggage.

The French consul at Genoa, has given in his resignation.

Two thousand six hundred conscripts, composing the contingent of the Lower Seine, are now assembled at Dieppe. They are completely organized, and only wait the signal to fly to the defence of their country.

We learn from Cadiz, that the plague has entirely disappeared at Fez, Mequines and Rabat, but that it still rages at Morocco and Mogadore. Three brothers of the emperor have fallen victims to it.

The 6th of this month a new bishop was installed in the cathedral church at Notre Dame. The assembly was numerous, especially in females. The bishop Royer delivered a discourse, wherein he returned thanks to Heaven for our successes.

KINGSTON (Jam.) November 7.

By the vessel from Martinique we are informed that a Guinea ship not a quarter sailed, had arrived there, and brought accounts that three French frigates had appeared on the coast; that they were double armed, and had taken the whole of our factories on the gold coast, and destroyed the shipping, to the amount of upwards of sixty sail; they were then to proceed to the coast of Angola.

November 8.

It gives us extreme pleasure to find that the honourable house of assembly have, in consequence of the most gallant behaviour of captain Hamilton, of the Surprise frigate, in cutting out the Hermione, out of Porto Cavallo, voted the sum of three hundred guineas to purchase a sword.

NEW-YORK, December 31.

Extra of a letter from a gentleman in Montreal, 19th Dec. 1799.

Montreal, Dec. 14, 1799.

Soon after you left this, the 43rd regiment came here, and brought with them a fever which has alarmed us a good deal; no less than 230 of them being sick, and numbers dying daily. We have had pretty severe weather, and yet it does not seem to

check its progress. Some of the inhabitants of the town have fallen a sacrifice to the disease, particularly Dr. Graham of Quebec and Dr. Gould of this place. I am afraid we shall not be much better than New-York next summer."

Extra of a letter from St. Sebastians, dated October 16th, 1799.

"It appears that France is at open war with the people of Hamburg, and that their envoy at Paris has received orders to quit the territory of the republic."

ANNAPOLIS, January 9.

On Friday last the general assembly of this state adjourned, the house of delegates to the first Monday in October, and the senate to the first Monday in November next, after having passed the following laws:

- No. 1. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Dorchester county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of Esther Kenner.
2. An ACT to settle and ascertain the salary of the members of the council for the ensuing year.
3. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Dorchester county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of Philemon Brooke.
4. An ACT for the relief of William Dent Beall, of Montg mery county.
5. A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act relating to the public roads in Somerset county.
6. An ACT to empower the levy court of Dorchester county to appoint a constable for the town of Cambridge.
7. An ACT to empower the justices of the levy court of Charles county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned.
8. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Montgomery county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of Ruth Glaze.
9. An ACT to revive and aid the proceedings of the orphans court of Calvert county.
10. An ACT to revive the proceedings of the orphans court of Harford county.
11. An ACT to correct a mistake in an act, entitled, An act for the relief of Andrew Buchanan, and to confirm all proceedings had, or hereafter to be had, under said act and a certificate of truth therein referred to.
12. An ACT to repeal an act, entitled, An act to prevent the exportation of flour not merchantable from George-town, in Frederick county.
13. An ACT to prevent the going at large of twine and poultry in the town of New-Market, in Frederick county.
14. An ACT for the relief of Robert Elliott, of Talbot county.
15. An ACT for the benefit of Richard Ross and William Ross, of Prince George's county.
16. An ACT to incorporate a company for the purpose of cutting and making a canal between the river Delaware and Chesapeake bay.
17. A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for making the river Susquehanna navigable from the line of this state to tide water.
18. An ACT for the more effectual preservation of the breed of wild deer in Somerset and Dorchester counties.
19. An ACT to release the heirs, executors and administrators, and the securities, of Charles Beckwith, late of Montgomery county, deceased, from a contract therein mentioned.
20. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Montgomery county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of Michael O'Daniel.
21. An ACT for the benefit of Joseph Bouze, of Worcester county.
22. A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Maryland insurance company.
23. An ACT for the adjournment of Prince-George's county court.
24. An ACT to empower the justices of the levy court of Anne-Arundel county to assess and levy a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned.
25. An ACT respecting the sheriff of Talbot county.
26. An ACT for the relief of Trifram Dalton, of the city of Washington.
27. An ACT to lay out a road from the Morgantown road, on the ridge between Aza Beall's and William Coddington's, to the Virginia line, near the lands of John Forrest.
28. An ACT to make public a certain road in Talbot county.
29. An ACT to prevent assignees from suing by attachment or privilege.
30. An ACT to pay the civil list and other expences of civil government.