

The above information is official, and is of importance to the commercial interest of the United States. The prices above established being permanent, those who engage in the commerce to Batavia, need not be under apprehensions as to the markets; and as the commissioner of the prince of Orange, who resides in Batavia, has unquestionably assented to the resolution, it is not probable that any revolution in the mother country will affect it.

(Boston paper.)

November 1.

[OFFICIAL.]

Extract of a letter from a merchant in Bristol, in England, dated August 20.

"I am sorry to say, that since my letter, of the 10th instant, the prospect of the growing crops in this country have by no means mended, but on the contrary, are much worse than they then were, owing to a great deal of rain which has since fallen, attended with very high winds. The wheat in particular, has suffered very materially: I am, therefore, now more strongly of opinion than I was before, that we shall stand in need of very considerable supplies of foreign corn."

We have learnt by a gentleman from Boston, who left that place on Saturday last, that a vessel had arrived at the Vineyard, in thirty-three days from Amsterdams. The contents of the news brought by this arrival had not transpired at the time of our informant's departure.

CHARLESTON, October 22.

Extract from a letter to a gentleman in Savannah, received from his friend at Boston, dated September 29th

"On Friday last, the sufferers by the British spoliations chose a committee to wait on the president, to know what they had to expect, and what position it would be proper for them to take in consequence of the commissioners rising in London.—The president declared he had not received official information from Mr. Pickering of that event; (letters from Mr. Gore, the American commissioner, to his friends here, have been in this town three weeks to that effect); but would go on to Philadelphia a month sooner in consequence of it.—It is difficult to determine whether the English or French are most execrated. The envoys to France leave here soon, and a rupture with England is considered to be more than probable; indeed it is expected."

Sept. 30. "The president left town this day for the southward, in consequence of what I wrote you yesterday."

ALEXANDRIA, October 29

For the statement which follows, and the list of vessels annexed to it, I am indebted to Mr. John Moore, who was supercargo of the schooner Thomas, captain Sanford, of this port, which is the vessel alluded to as being captured. Mr. Moore informs, that the captain of the privateer treated them very well while on board. Captain Sanford arrived here on Sunday evening, having also obtained his liberty by stratagem.

Saint Thomas's, October 3, 1799.

Sir,

"On our outward bound passage we had the misfortune to be captured by a French privateer, called the Victory, captain Guyard, fitted out at Porto Rico, and manned entirely with Spaniards, and sent into Guadaloupe, where all hands were immediately imprisoned, and the schooner and cargo sold, without even the form of trial. Our situation in prison was very disagreeable, being subjected entirely to the rigorous and cruel management of negroes, who treated the prisoners in the most unfeeling and inhuman manner. Our allowance consisted of 1/2 lb rotten codfish and 1/2 lb of bread, for 24 hours. After three weeks confinement, I regained my liberty by stratagem, leaving about 60 Americans and 50 English in the hands of the barbarians, without the least hope of being released in any short time.

"The French took every method to induce Americans to enlist on board their vessels, and when persuasion failed they frequently had recourse to force. I will recite one instance—An armed ship bound to France, was in want of ten men—Desfourneaux gave the captain orders to take as many American prisoners by force, which he accordingly did, without any discrimination, selecting from the whole number such as he thought would best suit his purpose, and sent them under a strong guard on board his ship. When I left prison, we were informed that a similar impressment for 14 hands more would take place in a few days.

"Guadaloupe is not that impregnable place which some have represented it to be—On the contrary, I conclude a very moderate force would be sufficient to blockade the place, if not entirely to extirpate the piratical inhabitants, a circumstance much to be wished for by every friend of justice and humanity.

"The privateers are generally well armed, carrying from 14 to 20 guns, and full of men the most desperate and relentless in the world, when they meet with no resistance.

I am, &c.

JOHN MOORE."

Annapolis, November 7.

On Tuesday last a sufficient number of members appearing, the house of delegates met, and made choice of Henry H. Chapman, Esquire, for their speaker. John Leigh, Robert Greenwell, Luke W. Barber and Raphael Neale, Esquires, are elected delegates to represent St. Mary's county in the present general assembly.

For Kent county, William Barroll, James Wroth, Robert Dunn and Matthew Filghman, Esquires.

For Somerset county, John Cottman, James C. Hyland, Alexander Steuart and John Wilkins, Esquires.

For Dorchester county, Solomon Fraizer, Richard Pattison, Matthew Keene, and Richard Goldsborough, Esquires.

For Worcester county, George Purnell, John Gunby, William Corbin and Isaac Franklin, Esquires.

For Caroline county, Thomas Mason, William Potter, Robert Orrell and William Boon, Esquires.

For Allegany county, Roger Perry, John Tomlinson, Aza Beall and John Rice, Esquires.

To the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of MARYLAND. Gentlemen,

PERMIT me to solicit your votes at your next appointment of the governor's council, that is to say, should no character be exhibited to your choice, by whom you think that appointment will be better filled.—Should I meet your favours on the present occasion, give me leave to say the confidence reposed in me shall be discharged with attention, assiduity and fidelity.

I am, gentlemen, with sentiments of esteem,
Your most obed^t. Servant,
R. A. CUNTEE.

November 1, 1799.

By the COMMITTEE of CLAIMS.

THE COMMITTEE of CLAIMS will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,
S. MAYNARD, Clk.

By the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES and COURTS of JUSTICE.

THE COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES and COURTS of JUSTICE will sit from nine o'clock every morning until three o'clock in the afternoon.

By order,
J. F. HARRIS, Clk.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency

JAMES WILSON.

November 4, 1799.

TAKEN up adrift, on the 26th of September, 1799, a large strong built BOAT, with two new thwarts, and some new knees not bolted fast, with a new piece in her gunwale, and a small quantity of stone in her; she is marked "Ship C. GREEN." The owner may her again by proving property and paying charges, by applying to SOLOMON CLARIDGE, living in Broad Neck, near Sandy Point.

For Rent or Sale.

THE subscriber would rent or sell either 700 or 1200 acres of land, part of Marlborough Neck, on Patowmack river, and in the state of Virginia, comprising either one or two plantations or farms:—These lands lie extending about one mile and an half on the river Patowmack, and about one mile from the mouth of Acquia Creek, on the southern side; at that part of the Northern Neck where the Rappahannock and Patowmack approach, within nine miles, and they are not more than that distance from the Rappahannock markets of Fredericksburg and Falmouth; but their situation is rendered more peculiarly valuable by their convenience to the Patowmack markets of Alexandria, and the Federal city. The improvements consist of evergreen's houses, negro quarters and crop-houses. The lands are well enclosed, and in excellent order for cropping. The fertility of the soil is equal to any in the United States, besides which the fields all lay convenient to banks (apparently inexhaustible), of the richest shell-marl, which by repeated experiments already made there, is found to be superior to any other manure whatever. These plantations besides furnishing grass in abundance for large stocks, would now yield annually for sale, on a moderate computation, 500 tons of exceedingly good natural grass hay, with no other trouble than cutting and curing. The grass lands naturally divide with each plantation, and each is furnished with good fishing shores, and high, dry, healthy situations for residence.

If rented to responsible persons (and no other need apply) who will cultivate under certain conditions of manuring, cross cropping, and improving, leases will be given. If sold the purchasers may be accommodated with about 30 or 40 Virginia born slaves, in families, who are resident on the lands, where they have been mostly raised, and to which they are attached.—The whole estate is held under indisputable title, derived from the original patentee.

JOHN FRANCIS MERCER.

West-river, near Annapolis, August 5, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next Frederick county court, for a commission to mark and bound part of a tract of land, in Frederick county, the property of the subscribers, called HEDGES HEDG, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding land.

MARY and WILLIAM HEDGES.

Frederick county, September 7, 1799.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency

JOHN BALZER.

Boyd's Mill and Land for Sale.

On Wednesday, the 20th November next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, will be sold, on the premises, for READY MONEY.

ONE hundred and twenty acres of land in Prince-George's county, part of AMPLE GRANGE, at present in the occupation of Benjamin Boyd. On this land is a valuable mill, and other valuable improvements.

N. B. Mr. Boyd will shew the property to any person inclinable to purchase

CHARLES WALLACE.

Annapolis, October 16, 1799.

I HEREBY give notice, that I intend to petition the ensuing general assembly to be discharged from my debts, which I am unable to pay. I have sufficient property, and am willing to assign it to my creditors at a fair valuation.

PETER D'VEECMON,

Cumberland, August 21, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to make application to the next general assembly for a law to lay out and open a road from his dwelling plantation, near Herring creek, to intersect the main road leading to Tracy's Landing.

ISAAC SIMMONS, of George.

Anne-Arundel county, August 25, 1799.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

FREDERICK KOONES.

I INTEND to apply to the general assembly for an act of insolvency.

JOHN RIGBY.

September 18, 1799.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM WHETCROFT, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to produce them, properly authenticated, and all those in any way indebted are hereby requested to make payment to the subscriber.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT, Administrator.
Annapolis, October 10, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, on 23d September last, a negro man, who calls himself BENNETT, and says he is the property of CHARLES EVERSFIELD, of Prince George's county, he appears to be about 60 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, has lost the sight of his right eye; had on an ofsnabrig cap, an old fearnought coat, an old cotton waistcoat, ofsnabrig shirt and trousers, and a pair of coarse shoes. His owner is desired to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold, as the law directs, for his prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the public, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will still continue to favour him with their custom.

He takes this method to inform them that he has removed from his store in Corn-hill-street to a large brick house opposite the market, next door to Mr. Jonathan Pinkney's, where he has opened, and now offers for sale, an assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching season, among which are,

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| Superfine and coarse broad clothes, | Mens brown thread and cotton hofe, |
| Drab plains & flannels, | Womens cotton ditto, |
| Stuffs of various kinds, | Mens fine and coarse hats, |
| Best white ticklenburgs & brown hempen linens, | Brooms and scrubbing brushes, |
| Russia sheeting, | Blacksmith's files assorted, |
| 5-4 Irish ditto, | Spinning cotton, |
| Yard wide Irish linens, | Sea twine, |
| Irish and Dutch dowries, | Ofsnabrig & whited brown threads, |
| Corded dimities, | Best shoe thread in 1/2 balls, |
| Ginghams, | Coloured, stitching and nuns thread, |
| Plain & striped nankeens, | Twists & sewing silk, and an assortment of earthen ware. |
| Striped & white cottons, | |
| Stamped calicoes and chintzes, | |
| Stamped linens and bordered book muslin handkerchiefs, | |

ALSO, GROCERIES.

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| Best fouchong and hyson skin teas, | Best Liverpool salt, |
| Brown & loaf sugars, | Bacon, |
| Coffee & molasses, | Herrings by the barrel. |
- with a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate, all of which he is determined to sell at the most reduced prices for cash, and on the usual credit to his punctual customers.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

By virtue of an order from the orphan's court of Anne Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 26th of November, at the subscriber's dwelling house,

THE personal property of KITTY MARSHALL late of said county, deceased, consisting of negro woman and a boy. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

THOMAS WARFIELD.

Anne-Arundel county, October 25, 1799.