

The brig A. B. C. captain French, from Guernsey, sailed on the 7th March.

We have conversed with a gentleman on board, who informs us that a convoy for the American and Newfoundland trade was appointed to sail from Portsmouth on the 10th of March.

The latest London accounts by this arrival state, that a French army was actually marching through Spain for Lisbon, the capital of Portugal. That the convention at Rastadt had broken up, and it was daily expected, from the military preparations, that a renewal of hostilities would take place. That the king of Prussia had actually taken up arms against the French. That the proposed union between England and Ireland had fallen to the ground. That Napper Tandy was still held by the German government, but had been released from prison on bail, and was only confined to his room. That several packets had passed to and from Hamburg to London, with dispatches on the subject of the legality of Tandy's confinement; and that considerable disturbances had arisen at Hamburg, in consequence of a misunderstanding between the British and French ministers.

LONDON, February 4.

The American ship Juno, captain Beard, from Amsterdam for Philadelphia, is arrived at Cowes, having been frozen up in the New Deep upwards of three weeks. Captain Beard reports, that, at the time of his sailing from the Texel, there were six sail of the line, 4 frigates and four sloops ready for sea. Two of the frigates and two sloops were crowded with troops, destined for a secret expedition.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.

Ship Maria, captain Fitch, which sailed from hence on the 11th instant, after being at sea 4 days sprung a leak and foundered—the captain and crew had just time to save themselves—the next day they were fortunately taken up by the ship Port Mary, which arrived here this day.

Arrived the ship Old Tom, captain Wood, from Lisbon.—Captain Wood left Lisbon the 8th March, at which time the inhabitants did not seem very uneasy about an invasion by the French, though there was some talk of it. The Portuguese government was, however, preparing most of the vessels at Lisbon to go to England for troops. By this arrival we expect to receive Portuguese Gazettes to a late date.—Their contents if interesting, we shall translate for to-morrow.

Yesterday afternoon, returned to the city, brigadier-general Macbride, commander in chief of the forces lately employed against the Northampton rebels, accompanied by Robert G. Harper, Esquire, volunteer aid, and captains Henry and Cochran, of the United States artillery.

The first company of volunteer cavalry, in the service of the United States, and the old city troop, returned with the general; the second volunteer cavalry and the greens, which had returned the preceding day, went out and joined the line this side German town.

Captain Taylor's volunteer artillery, the volunteer grenadiers, and the battalion of blues, under the command of major M'Euen, marched out to Spring Garden, and being drawn up in a line, saluted the general as he passed. A large concourse of people, whom the occasion had assembled, also received him with reiterated shouts.—The general having passed the line of infantry, they filed off by sections, joined the cavalcade, and escorted him to his quarters in Eighth-street, where he retired amidst the customary honours of the military, and the again repeated shouts of the multitude.

Extract from Le Courier de l'Egypt.

ARMY OF THE EAST.

1st Vendemiaire, Sept. 22.

The Arabs of Darne, inhabiting the village of Sombet in the province of Garbia, who assassinated a detachment, one half of which consisted of soldiers of the 13th demi-brigade, and the other of the 18th dragoons, were invited on the 27th Fructidor, (Sept. 13) at three in the afternoon, by a body of troops from the division commanded by general Dugua.

After a slight action, the village was forced and burnt. More than 50 of the Arabs were killed, a great number of them drowned; their camels and more than 600 sheep were taken.

Another party of these banditti were attacked near Mit Camar, by general Murat, who killed forty of them, took some of their cattle, and obliged them to evacuate the country.

23 Vendemiaire, Oct. 14.

The general in chief accepts the resignation offered by citizen Beauvais, adjutant general.—An officer, who, in perfect health offers his resignation in the middle of a campaign, cannot have come with an intention of acquiring glory, or of assisting in the grand work of procuring a general peace. Very different motives must have led him hither, and he is therefore unworthy of mixing with the soldiers that I command.

28 Vendemiaire, Oct. 19.

Meeting of the general Divan of Egypt.

In consequence of the order of the general in chief, the deputies of all the provinces of Egypt are now assembled at Cairo, under the title of the General Divan.

The divan was formed, and held its first sitting on the 16th Vendemiaire (Oct. 7.)

Citizen Monge and Bartholet attend this assembly as French commissioners. The beauty of the Masul-

man dress, the gravity of the deputies, and the number of their domestics, contribute to give an air of dignity to this meeting.

The chiefs Abdalla and Leysoni are elected presidents.

BALTIMORE, April 27.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Leesburg, Virginia, dated the 25th inst. to his friend in this city.

Our election came on yesterday, for a member of congress for the district composed of Loudoun, Fairfax and Prince William counties, and for a state senator; and two representatives for this county: it commenced with great temperance, was conducted with moderation and ended with calmness.—Never do I recollect to have seen an election conducted with so much propriety and unanimity. The candidates were:

State of the Poll.

Fede- ral	{	For congress, col. Levin Powell.	346
		State senator, col. Peyton,	618
Anti- Fede- ral	{	Assembly, { Joseph Lewis,	504
		{ Wm. Noland,	496
Fede- ral	{	For congress, Roger Welt,	81
		Assembly, { Charles Binns,	152
Anti- Fede- ral	{	{ Abner Osbourne,	92

We have not yet heard of the state of the election in Fairfax and Prince William, but suppose that Powell will ultimately have a large majority."

Annapolis, May 2.

A very unfortunate accident took place last week at Calvert county court, of which we have received from a gentleman who was present the following account.

On the evening of Saturday the 27th ult. after the court had broke up, those who had been attending it were preparing to depart, and were waiting at the tavern till a gut should be over which appeared to be rising.

On the moment of the wind reaching the house it blew with such violence that the whole frame immediately gave way from the floor, and the sides and roof were blown to the ground.

Nearly twenty persons were in the house who had barely time to get out of the door on the leeward side, and were caught in situations more or less dangerous.—Some few escaped unhurt, others were considerably bruised, and four persons were killed, one immediately, and the others dying soon after they were taken out from under the pieces which had fallen on them. Every possible exertion was made for this purpose, but owing to the darkness of the evening, and the noise and confusion that occurred, it could not be effected in time.

Mr. Stone, the chief justice of the district, had got some distance from the house and was knocked down by a piece of timber, and considerably hurt, but it is hoped not dangerously.

The wife of the tavern keeper was coming down stairs when the accident commenced and had her arm broke.

The kitchen also blew down, in which two negro children were killed, and some of the grown negroes had their limbs broke.

A number of persons (among whom were two of the judges of the court and some of the bar) were in an adjacent house, the roof of which was blown off, but without doing them any injury.

Some of the gentlemen of the bar had left the place before the storm began, and two of them who were in the house, and went out in the same manner as the rest did, escaped without any injury.

The house was an old wooden one, with a stone and brick chimney, the former of which fell in.

It seems equally fortunate and surprising that so many escaped, but as it was the scene was truly a distressing one. The persons killed were Mr. Jesse Bourne, Mr. Allen Roberts, Mr. John W. Simmons, and Mr. Thomas Bowen, all residents of the county, and all married men with families.

The wind did some damage to the doors of the court-house, and blew down several tobacco houses, chimnies, fences, &c. in the neighbourhood.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 11th instant, at the late dwelling plantation of CHARLES STEUART, upon South river, within half a mile of the ferry,

SUNDRY milch cows, young cattle, a valuable bull, horses, sheep, hogs, a few articles of household furniture, and plantation utensils. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.

May 1, 1799.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk-Ridge Landing on Monday the tenth day of June next, at Rawlings's tavern on Thursday the twenty-seventh, and on all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of stills, and issuing of licences to those distillers who require them.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Richd. Collector of the revenue Anne-Arundel county.

Annapolis, May 1, 1799.

WHEREAS my wife SARAH hath eloped from me, I hereby forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her after the date hereof.

JOSEPH LOWREY.

Anne-Arundel county, April 26, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, April 20, 1799.

ORDERED, That the by-law, entitled, A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof, be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

By order,

A. GOLDR, Clk.

A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof.

BE it established and ordained, by the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council of the city of Annapolis, and the authority of the same, That whoever inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, shall introduce or bring the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or shall take or receive into his or her house or family any person whatever, not being an inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, who either is at the time, or comes to town to be infected with, the small-pox, in order to nurse or tend such person in that distemper, knowing such person to be then infected, or that such person came to town with design to be infected, with such distemper, such inhabitant so introducing or bringing the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or taking or receiving at any time any such person, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of three pounds current money, to be recovered by indictment or confession to the use of the corporation.

And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That every inhabitant of this city, or the precincts thereof, who shall offend as aforesaid, shall, for every twenty four hours that any such person as aforesaid, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall continue in the house or family of such inhabitant, forfeit and pay the further sum of three pounds current money aforesaid, to be recovered as aforesaid, to the use aforesaid.

Provided always, That this by-law, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the taking or receiving of such person who, coming to this city, or the precincts thereof, about his necessary business, shall have been or shall be casually infected with the said distemper, and taken to ill as that it may be unsafe for such person to retire from the city, or the precincts thereof.

In CHANCERY, April 22, 1799.

WHEREAS much inconvenience hath resulted from the omission of trustees of insolvent debtors to apply for orders directing the terms of sale, and limiting a time within which claims are to be exhibited, the chancellor thinks proper to pass the following general order:

ORDERED, That any trustee, by this court appointed for the benefit of an insolvent debtor, may proceed to sell the property of the said insolvent debtor unincumbered by mortgage, trust, or otherwise, at public auction, after giving at least fourteen days notice of the time, place, manner, and terms of sale, by advertisement inserted in some convenient news-paper, or set up at convenient public places.

Where the price of the property sold shall not exceed fifty dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall pay ready money.

Where the price shall exceed that sum, and be not more than 250 dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond to the trustee as such, with security, for the purchase money, with interest, within four months from the time of sale. Where the price shall exceed 250 dollars the bond passed as aforesaid shall be for paying as aforesaid, within one year from the sale. When the property of an insolvent debtor shall be incumbered by a mortgage, trust, or otherwise, the trustee shall not proceed to sell until a special order shall be obtained, to be passed on application of the party or parties concerned, according to the circumstances of the case. Ordered further, that in any case where a special order for the purpose hath not been passed, the first day of January next be hereby limited and appointed, before which day any creditor of an insolvent debtor shall bring in and declare his claim to the trustee by this court appointed for the benefit of the creditors of such insolvent: provided such trustee shall give notice of his appointment and of such limitation, by advertisement inserted in a news-paper nearest the place where the insolvent resided at the time of his application for relief to the general assembly, at least three weeks before the last day of August next; and to prevent any mistake of the meaning of this order, it is directed that the advertisement be as follows:

"A—J—, 1799.

"This is to give notice to the creditors of an insolvent debtor, that the subscriber hath been by the chancellor appointed trustee for their benefit, and that the chancellor hath limited and appointed the first day of January next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me."

The printers of the Maryland Gazette, the Baltimore Telegraph, the Rights of Man, the Georgetown news-paper, and the Eastern news-paper, are requested to insert this order in their respective papers, and continue it three weeks, and as much longer as they shall think proper.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL persons having claims against CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceased, are requested to make them known, and those indebted are requested to make payment, to WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator, Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.