

LONDON, December 26.

UNION OF IRELAND.

On Tuesday last a very numerous and respectable assemblage of the bankers and merchants of Dublin met on the subject of an union, when the right hon. the lord mayor being called to the chair, the following resolutions, moved by the right hon. D. Laruche, and seconded by Mr. John Claudius Beresford, were unanimously agreed to:—

“Resolved, That since the renunciation of the power of Great Britain, in the year 1782, to legislate for Ireland, the commerce and posterity of this kingdom have eminently increased.

“Resolved, That we attribute these blessings, under Providence, and the gracious favour of our beloved Sovereign, to the wisdom of the Irish parliament.

“Resolved, That we look with abhorrence on any attempt to deprive the people of Ireland of their parliament, and thereby of their constitutional rights and immediate power to legislate for themselves.

“Resolved, That impressed with every sentiment of loyalty to our king, and affectionate attachment to British connexion, we conceive, that to agitate in the parliament a question of the legislative union between this kingdom and Great-Britain, would be highly dangerous and impolitic.”

The corporation of smiths held a meeting at their hall on Thursday last, to take into consideration, the measure of an union, when resolutions, highly disapproving of the measure, were agreed to without a dissenting voice.

At a meeting of the corporation of carpenters, held last week, similar resolutions were agreed to.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) February 22.

A letter of a recent date from Barbadoes, mentions that a considerable number of troops have been sent from France to Cayenne, with some views, it is supposed, against Demarara; but in order to defeat their purpose, a detachment of 300 men has been sent from Barbadoes, to reinforce that settlement. The same letter mentions that two French 44 gun ships, and twelve stout privateers, have arrived at Guadaloupe from France. On their passage they captured an English ship, which was re-taken, and sent to Martinique.

Since the departure of Victor Hugues for France, admiral Harvey, has sent a cartel with a number of negroes on board that have been taken from estates by him, to serve on board his privateers. The new governor of Guadaloupe has, on the receipt of them, sent them back to the properties they belong to, and assured admiral Harvey, that such descriptions of people would never be employed in the like manner in future.

Tuesday arrived at Port-Royal the American brig William, from Boston, bound to Port Antonio with lumber. She had been taken by a French privateer, and retaken by his majesty's ship Larke off St. Jago de Cuba.

We understand that a letter received from a mercantile house in London, dated 28th November last, brought by the Princess Royal packet to Barbadoes, and forwarded here by the fleet, mentions, that the treaty executed by general Toussaint, and carried home by general Maitland, has been ratified by his majesty in council. The treaty stipulates that Great-Britain is to employ a certain number of frigates to protect the coast and neutrality of St. Domingo, but not to hold any footing on shore, except as a trading nation: In return we are to have a free trade to all parts of St. Domingo, and the produce of that island to be received in all parts of the British dominions.

NEW-YORK, March 19.

By the brig Quebec, capt Chester, who left Martinique the 1st instant, we learn, that the frigate United States, commodore Barry, had arrived there on the 28th ultimo, with an English ship from Europe, which she had recaptured from a French privateer. The English ship had just been taken by the French privateer, after a severe action; and was left in such a state of confusion, that the killed and wounded remained on deck till after her arrival at Martinique. This we have from one of the hands—not being able to see the captain.

We have seen a letter from Martinique which confirms the above capture.

Another letter of the same date mentions, that commodore Barry had brought in both the prize and privateer.

Yesterday two companies of federal troops marched from our fortifications, for the purpose of being in readiness to aid in quelling the insurrection in the counties of Northampton, Montgomery, and Bucks, in the state of Pennsylvania. We are informed there are now under marching orders 400 federal troops, who are to rendezvous at Bristol, to co-operate with the militia of Pennsylvania—all to be commanded by William Macpherson, Esquire, who is appointed brigadier-general of the army of the United States.

TRENTON, March 19.

We learn that 2000 militia have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to march against the insurgents of Pennsylvania—Should these daring and wicked violators of their country's laws not speedily abandon their criminal and unjustifiable proceedings, agreeable to the president's friendly admonition; it is to be hoped that the principal instigators will shortly meet with a just reward for their villainy.

PHILADELPHIA, March 18.

Letters have been received in this city from Hamburg, of date the 14th of January—which contain

particulars of a very interesting nature concerning the grand expedition under Buonaparte, who, it appears, had in November complete and undisturbed possession of Egypt and Syria. That the organization of the new departmental and municipal system had been completed throughout Egypt, and that a numerous body of Arabian cavalry had been formed under the command of French officers; that several caravans had been under the escort of these new raised corps, and conducted without molestation across the desert. That the communication with Persia had been opened, and two Wskeels had arrived at Cairo from the sultan of Mysore. That war had commenced in India between the natives and the British, and that French officers had been sent to Kandeish and the countries bordering on the Caspian sea to lead a vast army into Hindostan.

March 21.

Yesterday Herman Hartman, Adam Stephan and Henry Shankweiler, of Millertown, Northampton county, arrived in town and delivered themselves up to the marshal, who conducted them to judge Peters, before whom they entered into recognizances for their appearance at the next circuit court of the United States. These men were amongst the most violent opposers of the laws in Northampton county; and we are informed that others of the principal rioters are on their way to this city, for the purpose of making the like submission.

Messrs. Hartzell, Horn and Kern, members of the legislature, arrived in town yesterday from Northampton. The report of these gentlemen confirms our account in yesterday's paper, respecting the situation of affairs in that quarter. The preparations for enforcing obedience to the constituted authorities, are supposed to have brought those deluded people to a sense of the dangerous situation in which their intemperate proceedings have placed them.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

March 20th, 1799.

SIR,

To suppress the insurrection now existing in the counties of Northampton, Bucks, and Montgomery, in the state of Pennsylvania, in opposition to the laws of the United States, the president has thought it necessary to employ a military force, to be composed in part of such of the militia of Pennsylvania, whose situation and state of preparation will enable them to march with promptitude. The corps of militia first desired on this occasion are the troops of cavalry belonging to this city, and one troop from each of the counties of Philadelphia, Bucks, Chester, Montgomery, and Lancaster; these troops I have the honour to request your excellency will order to hold themselves in readiness to march on or before the 28th instant, under the command of brigadier-general Macpherson.

I have the honour to be,
With the greatest respect,
Your excellency's most obedient
and humble servant,

JAMES M'HENRY.

His excellency
Governor *Thos Mifflin*.

SIR,

The secretary of war has this moment communicated to me, the president's intention to employ a military force, in suppressing the insurrection now existing in the counties of Northampton, Bucks and Montgomery, with a request that the troops of cavalry belonging to this city, and a troop from each of the counties of Philadelphia, Bucks, Chester, Montgomery and Lancaster, may be ordered to hold themselves in readiness to march, on or before, the 28th instant, under the command of brigadier-general Macpherson. You will, therefore, immediately issue general orders for complying with the president's request; and communicate by express, with the commanding officers of the several corps. As soon as the troops are ready to march, you will make your report to me; sending the returns of the officers, from time to time, as you receive them.

I am, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

THOMAS MIFFLIN.

Philadelphia, 20th March, 1799.

3 o'clock, P. M.

To Peter Baynton, Esq; adjutant-general of the militia of Pennsylvania.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Philadelphia, March 20, 1799.

The following corps of cavalry are to hold themselves in readiness to march on or before the 28th instant:

- Captain Dunlap's,
- Captain Singer's,
- Captain Morrell's,
- Captain Leiper's,
- Captain Lester's, of the county of Philadelphia.
- Captain Sims's, of the county of Bucks.
- Captain Taylor's, of the county of Chester.
- Captain Montgomery's, of the county of Lancaster.
- Captain Kennedy's, of the county of Montgomery.

The officers commanding the above troops of cavalry will make report to the adjutant-general as soon as their respective corps are in readiness to march.

By order of the commander in chief,
PETER BAYNTON,
Adjutant-general of the militia of Pennsylvania.

CHARLESTON, February 25.

The brig *Two Brothers*, of Atlanta, captain Schow, from Lisbon, which place he left on the 11th

of November, on her passage, in lat. 37, long 59, met with a severe gale of wind, which carried away both masts, the rudder, two men, and every thing upon deck. The crew were then unable to guide the vessel and she drifted at the mercy of the waves into the latitude of the West-Indies. On the 25th of January, one of the people died with hunger, and it was agreed by the crew on board to cut him into pieces and eat him, when fortunately, on the 26th, fell in with the schooner *Aurora*, captain Cowls, of Boston, bound to Charleston, from Demarara, which supplied them with provisions and necessaries, and took the vessel in tow to the edge of the gulph, where the cable broke in the night, when the vessel drifted again, until she fell in with a coaster from Charleston to Georgetown, commanded by captain Harrison, who politely supplied the people on board with water, and piloted the vessel into Bull's Bay. The crew were without water seven days, and for six days eat only of a cat, and some rats.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber (from having experienced great depredations upon his property) will prosecute any person who shall hereafter trespass or travel through his plantations on Frankland and Warburton Manor, either on foot, or driving of carts and wagons, otherwise than for the purpose of getting fish, during the shad and herring season, on his different sein landings upon Warburton Manor, on Patowmack river and Piscataway creek; and he will also prosecute any person or persons who shall attempt to hale the sein at his landings above the tide mark after the 25th March next.

THOMAS ATTWOOD DIGGES.

N. B. The subscriber has to let out, for the fishing season, four sein landings, viz: the Swan Creek Landing, the Point or Digges's Landing, and the Cliff and Old Piscataway Landings, which are inferior to very few for the take of shad and herrings.

Warburton, February 15, 1799.

In CHANCERY, March 25th, 1799.

ORDERED, That the sale made by HENRY HOWARD, Trustee, as stated in his report, of certain mortgaged land of MICHAEL BEACHGOOD, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown, on or before the 29th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the next Maryland Gazette.

The said sale was of 58 acres, 1 rood and 23 perches, at the rate of 50¢ per acre.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, March 27, 1799.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of THOMAS GASSAWAY, of Allegany county, praying the assent or the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Thomas Gassaway is, and at the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this state, and the said Gassaway, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor, the assent in writing or so many of his creditors as have due to them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is therefore adjudged and ordered, that the said Thomas Gassaway, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each week, of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette before the last day of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear at the chancery office at eleven o'clock, on the eighth day of May next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Gassaway's then and there taking the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given to the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, that they be and appear before the Levy Court, in the city of Annapolis, at the house of Mr. James West, on Friday the 12th of April next, to settle their accounts for the collection of the said tax.

By order,
NICH. HARWOOD, Clk.

March 19, 1799.

Will be SOLD, for CASH, on the second day of April, it fair, if not the first fair day, at the late plantation of NICHOLAS BREWER, deceased, near the head of Marley Creek, in Anne-Arundel county.

THE following property, viz. One horse, six head of cattle, four sheep, some hogs, a butteau, two beds, household furniture, plantation utensils, and many other things too tedious to mention.

NICHOLAS JOYCE.

March 12, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of April next.

THOMAS JENNINGS, Administrator.