

the forehead. Four of the 83d, and two of the Accompong negroes were also killed, seven of the party wounded, and one or two missing; and but for the guard which had been left behind, coming up on hearing the firing, not one of the wounded had escaped."

Extract of a letter from Tachy's Burn, dated Sept. 13.

"Just as we were going to bed last night we were alarmed by a firing from our out-post, occasioned by a few of the militia coming through the woods, and not knowing we had a post there. These poor fellows were the remaining three who escaped the unfortunate business of yesterday: They brought us the tragical account of the gallant colonel Fitch, with several of his men and four of the Accompong-Town negroes, being killed, besides twelve of the party wounded. Two of the Trelawny maroons were taken some days ago, by a party of the militia who came to the very place the whole of that banditti had been at a few hours before. Three hundred militia with about two hundred regulars, horse and foot, go out in quest of them to day on the side of their towns—if they stand it will be well, if not they must bend their course this way, where there is but one place between two very high rocks at which they can enter, and only one at a time, so that we may give a tolerable good account of them. You cannot conceive how dreadfully some of the poor fellows are wounded; from one man's head and neck, I extracted a piece of a brass gun barrel, four slugs, a piece of square iron, and several small shot."

The following is an attested return of the killed and wounded on this unfortunate occasion:

Colonel Fitch, 1 corporal, and 3 privates of the 83d regiment, captain Briffett of Fort Charlotte, and two of the Accompong maroons, killed.

Captain Leigh, captain Brunt (major of brigade) 1 corporal and 6 privates of the 83d, two Accompong maroons, and Mr. M'Farlane, superintendent of negroes—wounded.

Detail of the detachment:

1 colonel, 1 lieutenant-colonel, 3 captains, 1 lieutenant, 1 serjeant, 16 rank and file.

N. B. Lieutenant-colonel Jackson of the militia, lieutenant Gerrard, 1 serjeant and 4 privates of the 83d, got off in safety, and came out off the woods after the action.

Letters have likewise been received, which mention a party of the Westmoreland militia having also fallen into an ambush by those artful villains; by which two officers and nine privates were killed besides several wounded.

ALBANY, October 19.

When general Wayne was negotiating the late Indian treaty at Greenville, he was applied to by sundry persons, to be allowed provisions during the treaty for themselves and their friends, who had come from Detroit; (they informed the general) to assist and advise the Indians in their conferences, and that they expected some grants of land for their friendship. The general heard their story with a degree of attention, which was considered as arguing a willingness to comply with their requests, he then inquired how many there were of them, and on being informed about twenty, who immediately made their appearance, he gave directions to an officer instantly to take them in charge, and confine them in the guard house, on bread and water, till further orders. Here they remained till the treaty was over, then they were discharged, with an injunction to depart immediately, for if they were found in or about the camp, they should be apprehended and treated as spies.

NEW-YORK, October 26.

Saturday the brig Amphion, capt. Morton, arrived at this port in 39 days from Bourdeaux.

Capt. Morton sailed from the river on the 15th Sept. but his latest Paris papers are of Sept. 8.

Sept. 24, in lat. 44, 29, capt. Morton of the brig Amphion, saw a fleet of 32 sail, standing to the eastward.

Oct. 3, in lat. 42, 3, long. 44, 30, spoke a schooner from Bilbao, of and bound to Marblehead, out 24 days, and well. From the captain of the schooner, capt. Morton received information that the fleet he saw the 24th of Sept. was the Jamaica fleet.

By capt. Morton the editor has been favoured with the "Gazette National, ou le Moniteur Universel," of Sept. 6, 7 and 8, which take up these late dates in convention. From these papers we have only time to give a concise abstract this day, together with some verbal detail from the captain. Some translations of conventional proceedings shall be inserted as soon as translated.

Verbal accounts state, that the citizens of Bourdeaux were gay and happy; that the Vendean war gave little or no uneasiness; the convention wished to treat them with lenity, if possible to draw them into peace; that upwards of 100 American vessels were at Bourdeaux; that the Americans are treated with peculiar friendship; that there had been no late engagements; either by land or sea; that when capt. M. left Bourdeaux, provisions were in abundance, and as cheap as in any part of America. The people at Bourdeaux, to a man, were decidedly for continuing the war against England. A report was circulating at Bourdeaux, that commissioners were gone over to England—for what purpose was unknown; some suggested to negotiate a peace with that country. All the merchantmen were hauled up and stripped of their rigging. Two new frigates of 40 guns each, were on the stocks, nearly finished.

The papers state, that on the 1st Sept. a decree passed suppressing the provisional commission, proposing a committee of five to be named by the united committees of public safety, general surety, and fi-

nance, to examine the markets, and the purchases made by the late commission and agents.

Several propositions and debates were had on the subject of the ci-devant clergy; also on the punishment of emigrant prisoners.

"The convention, after having heard the committee of finance, annulled all the proceedings and judgments had in the judiciary tribunals, against any administrative bodies, or inspecting committees upon the reclamation of seized objects, revolutionary taxes, and other administrative acts proceeding from said authority, for the execution of the laws and decrees of the representatives of the people on mission, or upon a recovery of moneys and effects poured into the public treasury."

A report from La Loire, informed, that the people of a number of towns had repented of their rebellion, which perfidious strangers had led them into.

Arrangements for the accommodation of the several departments of the new assembly, were matured at this sitting. Freron and Tallien announced several plots of emigrants and priests to destroy the republic—after a warm discussion, the convention charged the committees of legislation and general surety to present a plan for repressive measures.

On the 3d Sept. the convention were occupied by internal regulations of abuses, relief of the distressed, regulation of the corn markets, examination of the conduct of, and charges against, general Montefquiou, and the act on his subject, of Nov. 9, 1792, &c. This last caused much warmth, but terminated in favour of the ex-general—our readers will recollect, that he commanded the southern army in 1792, and was arrested, &c.

On the 5th, several acts, similar to that in favour of Montefquiou, were proposed in favour of several others, which were adopted.

"Boissy submitted for the ratification of the assembly, the TREATY OF PEACE, made by the landgrave of Hesse Cassel—which the assembly ratified."

A beautiful and patriotic address from the administrators of the northern department, to their fellow-citizens, was read—its object to guard them against the intrigues of conspirators of every kind, to persevere in the support of the republic, one and indivisible, &c.

It was decreed, that the commissioners of arms, powder and mines, be suppressed and a committee appointed to examine their accounts.

On the 5th Sept. a pathetic address was read from the department of Soane and Loire, upon the subject of some proscribed citizens, who beg to be received back to the bosom of their country. The army of the Alps have gained another advantage, particulars not stated. All the armies at the North have accepted of the constitution.

At this sitting were burnt 24 millions of assignats, making a total burned, of 3 milliards, 28 millions, 683,000 livres.

Nothing is said in these papers of PEACE with the empire—nor is there much on the subject of the NEW CONSTITUTION. [Argus.]

PHILADELPHIA, October 27.

IMPORTANT.

Extract of a letter from Norfolk, to a merchant in this city, dated 20th October.

"The Pelican sloop of war is arrived in six weeks from Portsmouth, who says, that provisions were plenty both in France and England, and that no American vessels were now stopped from going where they pleased; this I have from the consul.

"No Spanish war—A large fleet fitting out for the West-Indies."

Extract of a letter from Liverpool, to a mercantile house in this city, dated August 29th, received by the Minerva, arrived at New-York.

"We have to advise you that wheat has very much fallen in price within these few days; it is now selling for 12s. per 70lb. and in the course of another week there is little doubt but it will be much lower. The crops in this country wear a promising appearance, and there is little doubt but they will be abundant as the weather is remarkably fine."

Annapolis, November 5.

On Tuesday last a sufficient number of senators and delegates attending, the general assembly met. The senate having appointed Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, Esquire, their president pro tem. and the house of delegates Philip Key, Esquire, of St. Mary's county, their speaker, proceeded to business.

On Tuesday last the Jockey Club Purse of two hundred dollars was run for, over the course near this city, and won by Mr. Ridgely's horse Cincinnatus, And,

Yesterday the city purse of twenty guineas was run for over the same course, and won by Mr. William Johnson's mare Virago.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the house of delegates, in the present general assembly, viz.

For St. Mary's county, William Thomas, James Hopewell, Phillip Key and Willfred Neale, Esquires.

For Talbot county, John Roberts, Henry Johnson, Nicholas Martin and Philemon Sherwood, Esquires.

For Somerset county, Levin Gale, Henry James Carroll, Charles Nutter and Lambert Hyland, Esquires.

For Worcester county, James R. Robins, John Dennis, William Whittington and William Corbin, Esquires.

For Frederick county, George Baer, Valentine Brother, William Beatty and David Shriver, Esquires.

For Caroline county, Joshua Driver, John Mitchell, Philemon Downs and Joshua Clarke, Esquires.

For Allegany county, John Johnson, David Lyon, James Cresap and Alpheus Beall, Esquires.

"On Saturday last Mrs. WALLACE, of this city, resigned her breath, in the 64th year of her age. Her remains were attended to the grave by a long train of mourning relatives; and, so desirous were the citizens of testifying their respect, for the living, as well as the dead, that a procession more numerous, awful, or grand, was never seen amongst them, on a similar occasion.

"There never indeed was a woman to whom the applause of her acquaintance was more universally given during life, or who died more regretted by those with whom she was more closely connected.—If it be possible to pass through a long life without blemish, and without reproach, it was she, who exhibited the rare example. She was truly like the woman spoken of by the wise king. She reached forth her hand to the needy. In her tongue was the law of kindness. The heart of her husband safely trusted in her; and her own works praised her amongst the people."

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for CASH, on Friday the 13th of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the dwelling of the late THOMAS CRANDALL, on Herring creek,

ALL the PERSONAL PROPERTY of the deceased, consisting of a negro woman, stock of all kinds, and some household furniture. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

RICHARD CRANDALL, Administrator.
October 30, 1795. 10/7/10

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Annapolis, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for CASH, on Saturday the 14th inst. at the late dwelling of STEPHEN M'KAY, deceased,

PART of the PERSONAL PROPERTY of the deceased, consisting of household furniture, horses, cattle, hogs and sheep. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

PHILIP HAMMOND WATTS, Exr.
November 4, 1795. 10/7/10

MEDICINES FOR SALE.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, and the public, that he has removed from Church-street to the house formerly occupied by Mr. NETH in Fleet-street, opposite to Mr. A. Ridgely's dwelling house, and he has just received and for sale, a fresh and general assortment of medicines, all of the best quality; also a quantity of Gowland's lotion, best red and pale bark, castor oil, hartshorn shavings, &c.

Annapolis, November 5, 1795. T. EDGAR.

Mules for Sale.

WILL be OFFERED for SALE, on Thursday and Friday of this week, a number of likely MULES, among which are some of the Spanish breed, well broke for the saddle or gear, only two years old, between 13 and 14 hands high.

Whoever wishes to purchase any of these useful animals may be very reasonably supplied, by calling at Mr. Archibald Golder's tavern, or at Mr. Johnson's, on the farm of Charles Carroll, Esquire.

Annapolis, Nov. 4, 1795. 10/7/10

By THE COMMITTEE OF GRIEVANCES AND COURTS OF JUSTICE.

THE COMMITTEE OF GRIEVANCES AND COURTS OF JUSTICE will sit every day during the present session from 9 o'clock in the morning till 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

By order,
November 4, 1795. J. W. KING, Clk.

By THE COMMITTEE OF CLAIMS.
THE COMMITTEE OF CLAIMS will sit every day during the present session from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

By order,
November 4, 1795. A. GOLDR, Clk.

WHEREAS I conveyed to a certain RICHARD JOHNS, of Montgomery county, (sixty feet front, and extending back the whole length of the lot) part of a lot, which I got by the death of my father, lying in George-town, and whereas the said Richard Johns never paid me for it, and gave me his bond for the re-conveyance, and whereas the said Richard Johns died, leaving an infant about two years old, this is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the chancery of Maryland, to confirm my title to the said lot.

ROBINSON EASTBURN.
October 19, 1795. 10/7/10

Prince-George's county, Sept. 7, 1795.
I HEREBY CERTIFY that BARUCH DUCKETT brought before me this day, as a stray, a bay MARE, about thirteen and an half hands high, fourteen or fifteen years old, has a small star in her forehead, appears to be hipshotten, and is sway backed, she is branded on the near thigh with the letters M H or N H.

THOMAS DUCKETT. 10/7/10