

rebellious insurrection in the country, the dey suspected or pretended to suspect, some of the servants belonging to the English consul (Mr. Lucas) of holding a correspondence with the rebels, and accordingly sent a message to him, peremptorily demanding a Jew and a native belonging to this establishment. Mr. Lucas, conceiving the demand incompatible and contrary to the established customs of nations, besides dreading the savage nature of the Mahometan despot, presumed to remonstrate, and at the same time, solemnly asserted, to the very best of his judgment, the innocence of the parties; but the dey, instead of attending to his remonstrances, sent a guard, and had the two wretched individuals arrested and brought before him. The alleged crimes were read to them, and notwithstanding their positive plea of not guilty, they were both sentenced to immediate execution. The Jew was accordingly burned alive, and the native hanged. To this outrage upon law, justice, and humanity, may be added, that the consul himself received a threat, which has rendered him very apprehensive of personal danger.

Aug. 27. The conjecture which we stated in our last, respecting the truth of the whisper that Spain and Prussia were now bringing matters to bear, in behalf of this country and the emperor, with France, appears fast consolidating. Ministers, it is said, have secretly acknowledged the permanency of the French republic! and we doubt not they will soon make this acknowledgment public.

Aug. 28. The Winchester affizes commenced on Wednesday. John Wheeland was convicted of having stabbed Joseph Hall in the parish of Carisbrook, fined one shilling; and Michael Stevetman Coffield convicted of having given orders to the above mentioned John Wheeland to stab Joseph Hall, and that in consequence of such orders Wheeland did stab Hall in the lower part of his left breast; fined also one shilling: while John Wyatt, for stealing two fleeces of wool, the property of R. Smith was sentenced to die; and he will accordingly be executed on Saturday next!!!

*Ingenious Defence!*

A fellow was lately apprehended and taken before the magistrates in Marlbro' street, for crying out, "No King! we want no king." When asked what he had to say, he confessed that he had used the words, and insisted, that we did not want a king—for, said he, "we have a king, and a very good one!"

The earl of Moira's command seems now at an end. His staff has been dismissed; and Sir Ralph Abercrombie who waited only as matter of etiquette for his lordship's leaving Southampton, went down this day to take the command of the troops intended for the West-Indies.

By the Paris papers of the 23d and 24th instant, it appears, that the convention has completed the new constitution, and ordered copies to be sent to the armies and the departments.

Some of these papers are silent respecting Pichegru having crossed the Rhine; while others continue to assert the fact.

The first of the two mails due from Hamburg arrived this morning, but none of the accounts from the Rhine came down so late as the 14th, the time fixed by the Paris accounts, for the passage of the Rhine having been effected. In fact, intelligence from that quarter now reaches this country sooner through Paris than by Hamburg; for accounts from the Rhine reach Paris in two days, and when the wind is fair, may be here in three days after.—On some late occasions we have had our Paris intelligence in less than two days.

Our advices from Dublin by this day's mail, contain an account of an alarming mutiny among some of the military there, which, however, we are happy to state, was in some measure quelled before our letters came away, but serious fears were entertained that it might again break out, as the men, though overpowered, were far from manifesting a submissive spirit.

The Defenders in Ireland accumulate in numbers, are in formidable force in Roscommon and the adjacent counties. They are extremely systematic in their proceedings, and each division has regular officers, who are preferred according to their resolution and the despatch of their character.

They take their dead off the field and bury them; and such is their secrecy, that government cannot discover who the killed are, as it might lead to the apprehension of their confederates.

M. de Grand Clos is arrived in town with dispatches from general Charette to our government. He left Bellevue, the head quarters of that general, on the 12th inst. Several hundreds of emigrants who had escaped from Quiberon to the Ile of Houat, having been landed on the coast of Brittany by commodore Warren, had joined Charette before he came away.

**BOWDEN, (Cheshire) July 17.**

*Extract of a letter.*

"This morning at half past three o'clock, a violent shock of an earthquake was felt here; also at Manchester, Bolton, and other places.—The alarm was great, but no damage ensued.

"The particulars are these: this morning at half past three, having been awake upwards of half an hour, owing to several gusts of wind and rain, I was suddenly alarmed with unusual noises, uncommonly loud, which lasted for a few seconds, and (as I was not then impressed with the idea of an earthquake) seemed to originate from below, either in the kitchen, cellar or street; as if a horse, or maid for cloth, had been thrown with violence to the ground, and dragged other articles of furniture with it; or a heavy hanging shelf had fallen on some empty barrels, or a cart-load of stones had been emptied on a paved road. The shock was so great, that I leaped out of bed and stood

up, waiting the event. The rest of the family being equally alarmed, a servant was ordered to go down and inquire the occasion, who returned trembling, without being able to give any account of the matter, only saying, all was quiet there. It was then supposed to have been an earthquake; and an inquiry made the same day, it turned out that the shock was distinctly felt, at the same instant, by different persons in Manchester, Bolton and other places.

"The state of the atmosphere was as follows; the moon had changed the preceding morning at half past seven, the barometer changeable, thermometer temperate, the air obscured with clouds, thick, and much agitated, with gusts of wind and rain, at intervals, from the western quarter."

**BOSTON, October 16.**

*Extract of a letter from a gentleman now in France, to his correspondent in this town, dated Havre, August 29, 1795.*

"The peace between Spain, and the almost certainty of its being followed by the emperor, still keeps up that fallitude of business which has prevailed here for the last six months. About fourteen days ago a seizure was made on board an American vessel, of specie, intended to be exported, and notwithstanding the proprietor proved to the committee of public safety, that the same was the identical money he received of the government, for flour sold them, (it being in barrels all marked) but there are but feeble prospects that it will be restored to him. The advantage that has accrued to the custom-house officers, by this event, has made them very vigilant, and at present, every American is afraid to venture to ship off what he has received for goods sold.

"You have doubtless heard of the fate of several American vessels that went from this to Russia in the spring; they were ordered to quit St. Petersburg in 24 hours on pain of death, and capt. Lambert, in Mr. Codman's employ, was unloaded. These vessels are now at Copenhagen. It is observable that the Swedes and Danes seem in a manner to have stopped coming here; the few that do arrive are loaded with boards and sea-coals.

"The 20th Fructidor, (Sept. 6) is the day appointed for the new constitution to be submitted to the primary assemblies. The event will be important. One of the objections the people have to the constitution is, that two thirds of the old convention are to remain. The objectors say "you have declared us to be sovereign, and yet you will not trust us to re-elect all our representatives." To this it is answered, that if all new ones were introduced, their present plans might be frustrated. It is probable, however, the constitution will go down."

N. B. All duties three days ago were raised six times their former amount.

**NEW-YORK, October 21.**

Last Saturday evening the ship Paragon, of Philadelphia, capt. Peleg West, put into the Hook in distress for provisions, main and foremast sprung, 8 weeks from Dunkirk, bound to Philadelphia. Passengers, Mr. Francis Macey and family, in good health. Crew also well.

Capt. West left Dunkirk on the 19th August. He brings but little news—says, however, that the English account of Charette's having 30,000 men, was false; on the contrary, that there was no possibility of his making head against the Carmagnoles in their present spirit. That accounts of peace with the empire were every day expected; general Pichegru was laying on his arms; had not crossed the Rhine. That the crops were all in, in as great abundance as was ever known—provisions were plenty, and much cheaper than in New-York—meats of various kinds not more than 3d per pound. No market for corn, nor rice. Eight brigs lay there, armed with 18 and 24 pounders; business brisk.

**Annapolis, October 29.**

James Bond, of Joshua, Abraham Jarrett, John Montgomery and Nicholas Day M'Comas, Esquires, are elected delegates to represent Harford county in the ensuing general assembly.

**WHEREAS** the land lately advertised by the subscriber to be sold at public sale on Thursday the 15th inst. or the next fair day, was sold agreeable to the advertisement, and purchased by a person not able to comply with the terms of sale; this is to give notice, that the said land will be again SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Thursday the 5th of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day, if not sold at private sale before that day. The terms of sale will be one hundred pounds cash to be paid down on the day of sale, and bond, upon interest, with approved security, for the balance, payable in the following manner, one third of the principal with the interest due upon the whole, to be paid at the end of one year from the date of the bond, the remaining two thirds with interest to be paid in two years from the date of the first payment on the bond, when a deed will be given:

**ROBERT DUVAL.**

October 28, 1795.

**I** HEREBY give notice, that I intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to relieve me from debts that I am unable to pay by a variety of misfortunes.

**JACOB BRADLEY.**

October 27, 1795.

On Monday, the third day of January next, at the hour of 12 o'clock in the day, if fair, if not on the first fair day, I shall OFFER for SALE, at Port-Tobacco, in Charles county, for READY MONEY, the following property, to wit:

**THREE** very valuable LOTS of GROUND, in the town of Port-Tobacco, containing two acres of land, lying in a square, adjoining the court-house lot, and fronting the streets all round; on these lots are four dwelling houses, two of which are tenanted as public houses, with all necessary buildings suitable and convenient for carrying on that business, the other two are calculated for private families, and also have adjoining them all necessary out-houses; these lots at present rent for the sum of £.155 0 0 per annum.

Three other lots in said town of Port-Tobacco, containing one acre and an half of land, adjoining each other; on these lots is a small dwelling house, with a garden, &c. that rents for the sum of £.25 0 0 per annum.

One hundred and eighty-six acres of land, about four miles from Port-Tobacco, this land is well watered, and has a sufficiency of wood and timber growing thereon, forty acres of which may, at a very small expence, be made good meadow; on this land is a convenient dwelling house, with brick chimnies, a good barn, and all convenient buildings, in pretty good repair.

Three hundred acres of land, about eight miles from Port-Tobacco, and the same distance from Piscataway, this tract of land is all, except about forty acres, in wood, and some meadow may be easily made thereon.

One hundred and seventy acres of land, lying in the county aforesaid, and in a swamp called ZACHARIAS SWAMP, and about eight miles from Port-Tobacco, this land abounds with very heavy timber of all kinds. It is thought unnecessary to give a more particular description of the above property, as those inclined to purchase will no doubt view the same. An undoubted title, in fee simple, will be given to the purchasers, on payment of the amount of their purchase.

On the same day I shall offer for sale, several likely country born SLAVES, consisting of men, women, boys and girls, and stock of different kinds, among which are some very valuable black cattle. The sale will be continued should not the whole of the property be sold on the first day.

**CHARLES MANKIN.**

Port-Tobacco, Charles county, October 26, 1795.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at the subscriber's dwelling plantation, near South-river ferry, on Monday the 16th day of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at 11 o'clock,

**A** QUANTITY of Stock, consisting of horses, cattle, and sheep, amongst which are three yokes of good oxen, also plantation utensils, and many other things too tedious to mention. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

**SAMUEL MACCUBBIN.**

Beard's creek, October 20, 1795.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for CASH, on Thursday the 19th of November next, at the late dwelling house of RICHARD PHELPS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased,

**ALL** the personal property of said PHELPS, consisting of horned cattle, corn, tobacco, and household furniture. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, and all those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

**WILLIAM PHELPS, Administrator**

of RICHARD PHELPS.

October 27, 1795.

**FIVE POUNDS REWARD.**

**BROKE** gaol on the night of the 14th inst. a negro man who was under confinement as a runaway, says his name is ELIJAH, and belongs to Mr. Nicholas Peers of Virginia; he appears to be about five feet nine or ten inches high, very dark complexion, with white eyes; had on when he broke gaol a brown coloured great coat, a pair of old coarse linen trousers, old white country cloth jacket, osnabrig shirt, and a high crowned hat about half worn. I will give, for apprehending said negro, if taken in the county TEN DOLLARS, and if out of the county the above reward.

**JOSEPH GREEN, Sheriff**

of Charles county.

**TAKEN** up as a stray a dark bay MARE, about fourteen hands high, a small star in her forehead, and branded on the left buttock B. The owner of the said mare is requested to make application to the subscriber, living near St. Leonard's creek town, prove his property, pay charges, and take the mare away.

**DILAH CATTERTON.**

Calvert county, October 10, 1795.

**ALL** persons indebted to the estate of Mr. PATRICK MAGRATH, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate are desired to bring them in legally attested that they may be settled.

**RALPH HIGINBOTHOM, Adm'r.**

Annapolis, September 22, 1795.

**An APPRENTICE**  
20. Wanted at this Office.