and there is reason to believe some others have been thousand fland of arms. wounded. As foon as the war broke out, several of our out fettlements were abandoned, and the people began to erect works for their security at Marietta, Belle-Prie, filteen miles down the Ohio, and at Waterford, twenty miles up the Muskingum; and although we have been able to clear very little new land, and a great deal of the lands which have before been cleared we have been not able to plant, yet we have harvested most of our English grain, which was very good, and we have a prospect of a good crop of Indian corn, sufficient for the settlement. We have suffered confiderably in our stock, several horses having been stolen, and upwards of forty head of cattle either killed or driven off by the Indians.

"This unhappy war has involved us in a great deal of expence and trouble, and greatly checks the growth of the settlement. Several people have already left us, and should it continue longer than the present year, there is great reason to fear that most of the non-proproprietors will quit the settlement, as they can obtain no land on which they will be able to establish themselves; and the proprietors cannot employ them, because they, being restrained from prosecuting their farming business, and shut up in garrison, have no means in their power to pay for the hire of labour."

Extract of a letter from captain Armour, of the ship Grace, to the owners.

" Amsterdam, August 12.

It was but the other day I informed you of expecting to fail from this about the 20th, but it is now with much regret, I must inform you of the unfortunate accident that has happened to the Grace. Yesterday we received accounts from the Texel of her taking fire, about four o'clock of the day before, and was totally consumed, but how it happened I have not yet learnt, as I have no accounts from Mr. Henshaw. It appears by accounts, that the fire was so rapid that the people were with difficulty saved with nothing but what they had on, and I am here in much the same fituation, as my things were all on board before the ship left this. As soon as her cables were burnt, she drifted on the hakes, and there burnt down to the water's edge. The ship had about two thirds of her cargo on board when this most unfortunate accident happened."

The port of Alburgh, on Lake Champlain, in the state of Vermont, which by all of congress was made the sole port of entry and delivery in that state, is some miles within the lines at present held by the British troops: Information of this circumstance having been communicated to the secretary of the treasury, by colonel Keys, who has the appointment of continental collector for that port, with a request to be furnished with directions for his conduct in the premises—the secretary has replied, that congress fixing Alburgh for the port of entry, &cc. must have been through misinformation, and that therefore, he would not have colonel Keys, take any steps to obtain possession thereofbut requests he would acquaint himself, by actual survey, with the most, eligible place on the Lake, in the possession of the United States, for a port of entry, &c. and communicate information thereof to him, that it may be laid before congress at their ensuing session.

OA. 20. By late accounts from Port-au-Prince, it appears that a coalition has been formed between the aubites and the free people of colour-and by a written convention, the whites have recognized the rights and privileges granted to the people of colour by the national assembly, as well as those which they claim under certain ancient edicts of the French monarchs.

BURLINGTON, October 11. Burlington county society for the promotion of agriculture and domestic manufactures.

Saturday, May 7, 1791. IT appearing to the society that the attention paid by them to the means of improving the quality of the CHEESE made in this county, has been productive of beneficial effect; and the society being desirous, further to promote a manufacture of the greatest importance to the agricultural interest of the state, Refolved. That for the greatest quantity of the best flavoured, mildest, and richest cheese, (not less than 300 Ibs. weight) which shall be made the ensuing season on any one farm in this county, and produced in good order to this society, on the first Saturday in November next between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon, accompanied by a certificate from at least two reputable freeholders, mentioning the place at which the faid cheese was made; a premium of thirty filver dollars shall be paid, together with the market price for 300 lbs. weight of the same cheese.

The mode of application to be as follows:--Each candidate shall mark the quantity of cheese offered by him with some particular mark, and shall put the same mark on the outside of a sealed paper, containing his name and place of abode, which shall be delivered to the fociety. The letter only which shall be distinguished by the mark similar to that on the quantity of cheese to which the preserence shall be given, will be opened; all other letters will be returned unopened, together with the parcels of cheefe to which they shall respectively belong.

A convenient place will be provided, free of expence to the candidates, at the store of Mr. Sterling in Burlington, for the reception of such parcels of cheese as shall be offered with a view to obtain the premium. By order of the fociety,

> WILLIAM COXE, jun. fecretary. PHILADELPHIA, October 15.

Captain Miller, of the brig Minerva, on his passage

one Indian has been killed, whose body we recovered, Hispaniola-There were on board this small feet ton

Extrast of a letter from Port-au-Prince, to a gentleman in this city, dated September 17.

es I did myself the pleasure of writing to you by are, Gentlemen, with fentiments of confidence the last opportunity, informing you of my arrival- respect, fince which an embargo has been laid on all veffels in this port and the Cape, and no person dare go out of town for fear of the mulattocs, who were encamped about three leagues from this town, 4000 in numberbut on the 13th the whites made peace with them, and on the 14th the mulattoes gave the adversary a dinner, and went to church and fung Te Deum. The communication with the country is again open, and I thall in a few days go into the country, to get the remainder of the sugar. --- 168 or o plantations are destroyed, with all the fugar, and at least 20,000 negrocs.-Twice has this town been threatened to be set on fire, and every one, for fear, kept up all night. At prefent all is quiet, but I think it will not last long; however, as the faying is, time brings forth all things.

" Sept. 19-A large army of negroes are within 40 miles of us, and I expect they will come towards this town and destroy all before them-Every house has cask of water and lights before the door, for fear of the negroes in town setting fire to them-a strong guard every night."

OA. 17. The following paragraph is copied from a

London paper of August 27th:

" Mr. Hammond, the new conful general to the United States of America, and late secretary to the embassy at Madrid, will set off in a few days for Philadelphia. His appointment is of the highest importance to this country, as he has it in commission to conclude a treaty of offensive and defensive alliance between England and America. The outlines of this treaty have been already discussed, and we learn that some very considerable commercial advantages are held out to America as the basis of it, which will in time supplant the greater part of the trade of Russia with this country."

In the national assembly of France on the 19th of August last, M. Determe gave an account of his having found all the towns of Alface in a good state of defence. He cautioned the affembly against listening to rumours of danger, assuring them that all the most experienced officers agreed in thinking the frontiers sufficiently provided against any probable attack.

OA. 18. On the 22th ult. nearly a third part of the No. 33, 69, 424, 439, 549, 852, 892, 1282, houses in the late flourishing town of Newbern, in North-Carolina, fell a sacrifice to fire. The exertions of the inhabitants, in endeavouring to stop the progreis of this destructive element, were truly conspicuous, but 100 485 588 718 963 1081 1199 1284 unfortunately they were unprovided with fire-engines. 203 539 628 820 1043 1121 1238 1430 -The wind was also high; and had the flames con- 270 555 696 881 1051 1159 1254 148; tinued but a short space longer, not a single building 377 would have escaped. A general consternation, as it may well be supposed; took place, at length it was suggested to have recourse to an expedient, perhaps never before practised in this part of the world. A considerable number of barrels of gunpowder were placed in a house, which the flames were rapidly approaching. This house, by being blown up, insured the fasety of the rest: by the mere heat of the fire, which raged at the distance of 80 feet, flames were, kindled in wooden tenements; and thus the ruin of the town would have been complete, had not fire been used for the purpose of extinguishing fire.

Extract of a letter from Reading, October 12.

"There grew a pumpkin or cashaw in this town this last summer, the amazing size of which has excited the curiofity of a number, among whom I went yesterday to contemplate this wonderful production of nature, and must confess my wonder was excessive, never before having the least idea of a single vine producing a fruit (if it may be termed a fruit) of so enormous a fize; it was nearly the shape of an apple, and meafured fix feet three inches and an half in circumference one way, and about three inches less the other; weight 138 pounds. Had it not been for the cavity in each end, ferving as a holt fimilar to those of an apple, it would have been impossible for me to lift it from the ground, which this enabled me to do and could not do it by any other I could take."

ANNAPOLIS, October 27. Mr. Hammond, conful general from the court of Great Britain to the United States, with his fecretary, arrived in the Grantham packet, at New-York.

We are told that the following instructions are going forward in Charles county:

WILLIAM CRAIK, CALEB HAWKINS, WILLIAM HANSON M'PHERSON, and HENRY HENDLEY CHAPMAN, Elquires, representatives of Charles county, in the house of delegates of Maryland.

GENTLEMEN, WITH the most perfect respect for the framers of our constitution, and veneration for that compact; we are convinced, that the mode of electing theriffs within this state was not originally founded on correct and folid political principles; and we find the execution have remarked with pain—that the zeal diffused by the candidates among the people has diverted their attention from objects more important to the public.—We have feen that the present mode tends-to ruin the morals and the health—to waite the time and property -to disturb the harmony and good will of the community. We conceive that a mode of appointing the- 196 354 542 728 957 1119 1285 riss may be devised, which shall insure the due exe- \$199 355 543 730 964 1122 1288 cution of the laws, and be free from the vices of the present plan. We, your constituents, therefore authofrom Jamaica to this port, on the 12th ult. spoke two rise and instruct you to endeavour to obtain the passage British frigates and three sloops of war, sent by the of a law to alter and amend the forty-second article of governor of Jamaica to the affiltance of the affembly of the constitution and form of government.-The fystem

to be adopted we fubmit to the wildow of the ture-Prefuming, that a perfect responsibility removability from office for mal-administration riffs, will be secured by plain and speedy breces

Your most obedient.

EXTRAORDINARY FACT. The following extraordinary and melcumstance lately occurred in the parish of C in Ircland:

On the borders of the extensive barrens or defarts Enneshowen, there are a few miserable hove form part of the chate of the marquis of Th The barren near the fea is bounded by rocks, which hang in a most awful manner water; in the cavities of these rocks, eagles, famous no less for their uncommon fize, than extraordinary ferocity, abide in general, preying on such fift as may be cast ashore by the violence of the sea.

As several children were playing before one of the cottages above mentioned, they were attack large eagle. One fine boy, of about four ve unconscious of his danger, endeavoured to felf; the voracious bird, incenfed rather t ed by his puerile efforts, feized the infant in and conveyed him to its neft, where two earles wanted with impatience its return.

The father of the child, who was quickly apprized of his danger, traced the flight of the bird with and ous care, and observing where it alighted, procured affillance, and by means of a rope was let down the rocks into the nest, where, horrible to relate, he found the child mangled in the most shocking manner-his eyes were both picked out, and the flesh entirely torn off his left side. The birds, on his approach, alarmed by the noise, took to flight; so that he, without dans ger to himfelf, was able to carry back the fragment of his child, who, after languishing about three hours. died.

A LIST of the FORTUNATE NUMBERS in the ORPHAN'S SCHOOL LOTTERY.

No. 620, 100 Dollars. No. 63, 50 Dollars. No. 642, 925, 20 Dollars each. No. 89, 793, 1083, 1393, 8 Dollars each.

4 Dollars each.

Prizes of two Dollars.

Prizes of one Dollar and an half. 363 557 742 974 223 371 558 752 224 376 559 755 976 1135 1304 1139 1305 977 382 574 703 1141 1319 982 25 233 385 575 768 983 1143 1320 27 239 393 581 771 985 11,45 1322 241 395 583 779 987 1147 1325 42 242 400 585 780 990 1152 1327 44 244 406 539 782 995 1155 1328 48 248 410 594 786 998 1157 1330

49 249 411 599 787 999 1163 1335 58 252 420 604 790 1009, 1166 1339 421 606 791 1011 1167 1343 427 607 794 1012 1173 1354 428 614 799 1013 1174 1350 434 615 809 1914 1175 1303 435 622 810 1015 1178 1364 261 437 623 813 1016 1179 1369 440 624 817 1018 1180 1373 1183 1378 441 625 819 1020 273 442 638 823 1021 1186 1384 93 273 442 638 823 1021 96 281 445 641 833 1023 1189 1383 1192 1385 452 644 834 1027 99 286 453 650 840 1028 1795 138)

1197 1399 104 289 454 652 849 1031 1198 461 653 853 1033 108 292 461 653 853 1033 110 296 464 654 859 1036 1202 862 1037 1204 1208 1400 866 1039 117 305 469 667 872 1057 119 306 471 669 879 1058 1213 1411 671 884 1003 673 886 1064

1224 1419 142 310 481 675 888 484 683 889 1072 486 685 898 1073 1227 1420 1233 1420 1235 1427 899 1240 1448 1079 1241 1449 690 1087 1243 2451 1089

1094 600 015 519 702 1209 1407 706 942 1107

956 1117 1279 1470 209 357 548 731 967 1125 1289 1493

210 358 551 732 968 1126 1293 1498 564 735 969 1129 1294 1503 565 738 970 1132 1308 1910