Some of the negroes
but I was not sensible
suffered a little, as all
them are blown down,
much injured.—The
, and they will lose
magine our loss in pro-
derable. Some of our
we have not suffered
hem, and none of our
n more severe in other
we have great reason to
any of my neighbours
ith my glass, I imagine
"
Port Royal mountains,
the effect of the late
the inhabitants being
in some instances, ent
and the corn and plan
ound.
ras have taken the pre
oft valuable effects, and
best state of defence their
cation to lord Effingham
perintendent of the lot
has given orders for the
quantity of flour, beef,
nt, according to his lord
e inhabitants, calculated
nded, for the space of six
ly will be forwarded into

N, *October 29.*
nsterdam, August 12.
n altogether so forward as
engaged to the British
xpected. Perhaps never
t on flower than the sa-
mer. It seems that the
among the patriotic party
ernmental wheels of the
siness appears to consist in
nd meanly courting their
ation. Most people here
f England in running her-
rds of two millions, in fa-
ad piece of work; at least
he matter in dispute might
usted by negotiations. As
ly true, that she did not
you may hear) till alarmed
preparations she saw going
But such is the etiquette of
drawn by both parties, and
d or cudgelled into a peace
s to Spain, it is no wonder
desperation in preparing for
ate disturbances in France
n of the family compact, if
our to infect the people of
r new principles.
olds thirty millions opening
example to their neighbours
ther, she sees her possessions
and examined with a jealous
ime powers of Europe, pa-
also denies the right of that
rticipate in the whale fishery
ear the Spanish coasts—and
the light of freedom and
to her American settlements
bout a revolution in govern-
ntry that would astonish the

Hispaniola says, "There are
country, by the way of the
of flour, made in that com-
merce will you, Americans

R K, *November 2.*
eaufort, (N. Carolina) dated
ber 2.
l almost constantly employed
cock inlet and Philadelphia
e supreme legislature of the
better employ some small part
m the impost than in erecting
h of Cape Hatteras, for the
asting trade, and intercourse
orthern and southern states—
Henry, where there is scarcely
-house is to be speedily erected
e most truly dangerous of any
the United States, is wholly
nefit of the inhabitants near
, it would be best that there
nor light, but for the advan-
neral, no place is more neces-
mariners in dark stormy nights,
titude is particularly squally
edifice might answer the pur-
d last many years, and some
here is timber in plenty almost
uld stand."
from Bristol, September 1.
chell is about to publish some
the planetary system. With
y made on the moon, if his
him, the deductions will give
ht into the real nature of that
ormation of his new telescope.

several burning mountains, commonly called volcanoes, do there exist; and if such an element as fire does there exist, there must be certainly such a fluid as air to support it; and from hence we may count upon the reality of an atmosphere about our attendant satellite. By a peculiar lucid whiteness always distinguishable at one or the other of the lunar poles he also proves, that like the poles of the earth, they are alternately covered with snow and ice. Mr. Herschell is now waiting anxiously for a total lunar eclipse, in hopes it will afford him an opportunity of making some new discoveries, to improve the planetary knowledge of the eighteenth century. Miss Herschell, sister to the astronomer, has lately written a second letter, to the royal society on astronomical subjects, which is much read and approved of. We have, indeed, no woman upon record in this or any other country who has applied tubes with such success, to the planetary system, as this lady."

England (says a foreign print) by threatening the Spaniards with war, is endeavouring to frighten them into an exclusive treaty of commerce, similar to that which she has so long possessed with Portugal. By her so violently resenting the capture of the ships at Nootka, it is evident she had in view to hold up to the world an unimportant commerce with the north-western coast of America, at the distance of six thousand leagues, that she might assure herself of an indirect commerce with the Spanish ports in Peru and Mexico, which would be of the utmost importance; and that at the same time she might foment those seditions there, which are already too apparent.

PITTSBURGH, *October 23.*

We learn, that two young Germans of the names of Jacob Laurie and Peter Miller, both of good characters and respectable connexions, were involved in a scuffle on the evening of the general election at Greensburgh, and after a hard fought battle, which lasted about half an hour, the latter of them was unfortunately killed. They were relations, although strangers to each other, and it appears that the combat was fair, and without any degree of personal malice in either. The father and family of the deceased are so entirely convinced of the innocent intentions of Mr. Laurie, who is now in confinement, that they are perfectly reconciled to him—which is a circumstance that does them great credit. We heartily sympathise with them in their affliction, and hope that the citizens will be careful to avoid those quarrels which have been too common at public meetings, and frequently occasion distress to individuals, and throw a disrepute on the community at large.

YORK, *October 20.*

We hear that the noted Cub mare, belonging to Mr. Gibson, of Harford county, Maryland, (that had taken so many purses, in the different states) was killed by accident, on the Lancaster race-course, on Thursday last; the circumstance, as related, is as follows:—Previous to the horses starting for the second heat, two boys who had concluded upon a quarter race across the course, near the winning poll, happening to start nearly at the same instant with the horses that run for the purse, one of their horses run full against the mare's hind quarter, by which accident the mare had her back broke, but her rider providentially received but little injury; the unfortunate boy, to whose imprudence this sad disaster may be attributed, had his arm broke, his left eye torn out, and his body much bruised.—The mare never rose after, although she lived some hours.

PHILADELPHIA, *November 5.*

Advices from Jamaica as late as the 2d instant, say, that admiral Affleck had issued another proclamation containing the usual bounties for seamen who enter into the king's service. Barracks were also building in that island for ten thousand troops, which were daily expected from England and Ireland.

On the 20th of June last, the emperor of Morocco, sent the following letter to M. Blount, the Dutch consul in Barbary. In consequence of this letter the customary annual tribute was paid; so that it is certain the trade of the Hollanders will be in no sort obstructed in the Moorish dominions for some time to come.—The letter, literally translated, is thus—"In the name of God—there is no force or power but comes from God—To the Dutch consul Blount—Safety to those who follow the law, we have received your letter—a good understanding and perfect harmony subsists between your nation and us—we are desirous that it should continue—written this 22d of the moon, &c."

The above letter, in Europe, is admired as a model of laconic perfection; and his Moorish majesty is thought, from this specimen, to be an adept in the art of saying a great deal in a few words—Short as it is, however, we suspect his epistle is capable of being made still shorter, viz.—*Mynheer Blount, pay the annual tribute immediately, or abide by the consequence!*

A strong instance of self conceit.—Among other curiosities belonging to the old college of Edinburgh, is an ancient gate, the top of which is very heavy, and bulges out considerably. A prophecy was uttered in former ages, purporting, that the time would come when this gate would give way and fall upon the most learned man in the university. This prophecy was well known to the professors, and it was surprising to observe with what caution they used to avoid going through it.—People that lived in the neighbourhood of the college observed, that such professors as had the weakest heads, in passing the arch would never fail to dodge, and hurry forward with as much precipitation as though they had possessed the wisdom of Solomon.

—Nov. 10. We hear from undoubted authority, that a considerable loan has been negotiated in Holland for the service of these United States.

Extract of a letter from Basseterre, (Guadaloupe) to a gentleman in New-London, dated September 30.

"This morning three sloops and a brig, with 300 troops, and 200 volunteers, on board, sailed from this port for Martinique—They are to join the citizen party against the general of that island, who is at the head of 10,000 mulattoes and negroes.

"October 1—Arrived, this morning, a sloop from Martinique, advising, that there has been a general engagement between the general and the citizens—and that the latter were routed with the loss of seven or eight hundred killed!"

Extract of a letter from Columbia, (centre of South-Carolina) dated October 10.

"This is not, by any means, that dull melancholy place that some splenetic or interested persons have described it to be; on the contrary, since the seat of government has been transferred hither, buildings have increased a pace, new roads have been laid out, a bridge made over the Congaree river, and other improvements in the town and neighbourhood daily taking place.—The inhabitants of Columbia and Granby have also established a stage from these two places to the old capital, Charleston, to accommodate travellers, and serve also in the stead of a post-rider, to carry letters and other intelligence. We have also our Columbia Gazette, which, among other services, is well calculated to give our back country people some idea of what the great world is about. Hitherto they have lived in an almost total ignorance of such matters, except what little might have been brought them (no doubt in a sad dress) by the market and poultry waggons. Here are lands plenty and cheap, and settling rapidly from all parts, and nothing but ignorance of the country can deter adventurers from the northward from coming to fix their abode in this serene, happy and salubrious climate."

Proposals have been issued in New-Jersey for printing a work by subscription, to be entitled *The American Preacher*, or, *A Collection of Sermons*, from the most eminent preachers in the United States, of different denominations in the Christian church, never before published. This work is to be comprised in three volumes octavo, of four hundred pages, containing about sixty sermons upon the most important practical subjects of the Christian religion. One great object in publishing this work is, to prevent the farther importation of printed sermons, by encouraging the publications of our own country.

Extract of a letter from Port-Royal, Bermuda, October 2.

"Insignificant as we may seem, and below the attention of the great inimical crowns of Europe, we are nevertheless using every means within our power to strengthen ourselves against external attacks. Our forts are put into a state of repair, and mounted with heavier cannon than heretofore. Superadded to this, every resident in the island (not actually engaged in foreign navigation) is a militia-man. We have also a troop of horse, styled the Bermuda troop of horse, which, it is expected, will be of great service in case of invasion. In consequence of governor Hamilton's proclamation, issued in July last, we are now well supplied with a stock of salted provisions and corn from your continent, and, in case of a siege, could hold out many months, though a single vessel were not to come into port. You will say, while Jamaica, St. Kitts, Barbadoes, &c. exist in the West-Indies, there is no fear of Bermuda. In this opinion, however, I do not wholly concur.—Our situation constitutes our real importance; and Bermuda, in the hands of France or Spain, in point of privateering, might, in time of war, do more damage to the trade of Great-Britain than would be at first view imagined."

ANNAPOLIS, *Nov. 18.*

"Died, in this city, early in the morning of the 16th inst. in the 67th year of his age, the honourable DANIEL OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER, Esquire, a man so well known and distinguished by his country, that an eulogium on his character is altogether unnecessary.—We cannot, however, forbear to express our regret at the loss which the community at large, as well as his particular acquaintance, friends and connexions, have sustained by the death of this accomplished gentleman, citizen and friend.—In an eminent degree he possessed every useful and social virtue.—The many important offices which he held under the former and present government were discharged with the highest reputation; and his benevolence, disinterestedness, patriotism, and attachment to the rights of man, were conspicuous during the whole course of a long, active, and well spent life."

TO BE SOLD,

To the highest bidder, on SATURDAY the 11th day of DECEMBER next, at the dwelling plantation of STEPHEN GARTRELL, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county,

A HEALTHY negro woman and child, a crop of corn and tobacco, some stock, and sundry articles of household furniture and plantation utensils.—The terms will be made known at the day of sale, by

CHARLES WHITE.

November 10, 1790. 3w.

November 4, 1790.

All persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM LYLES, late of Calvert county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment; and all who hath claims against the said deceased's estate, are requested to bring them in properly authenticated, to

MARY LYLES, Executrix.

St. John's College.

At a meeting of the VISITORS and GOVERNORS of ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, on the 14th day of November, 1790, the following RESOLUTIONS were entered into—

1st. RESOLVED, That at the next quarterly meeting on the second Tuesday of February next, this board will proceed to elect a vice-principal, who shall receive for his services an annual salary of 350l. current money, to be paid quarterly.

The duty of the vice-principal being to teach, in conjunction with the principal, the higher classes in the Latin and Greek languages, the mathematics, as that science is usually taught in colleges, together with natural and moral philosophy.—It is expected that none will apply but those who are well skilled in the above branches of learning. And as the good character and morals of the applicant are esteemed of essential consequence by the board, sufficient testimonials of these must be produced, otherwise the application will not be attended to.

2d. RESOLVED, That on the said second Tuesday of February the board will proceed to elect an usher to the grammar-school of St. John's college, who shall receive for his services an annual salary of 150l. current money, to be paid quarterly.

3d. RESOLVED, That on the said second Tuesday of February the board will likewise proceed to elect a master of the French language, who shall receive for his services an annual salary of 150l. current money, to be paid quarterly.

In these, as in the former instance, those who apply must be furnished with evidences of a fair character, which, with ability to discharge the duties of their departments, will determine the board in their favour.

NICH. CARROLL, Pres. pro. tem.

By the COMMITTEE of CLAIMS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the COMMITTEE of CLAIMS will sit every day from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order, A. GOLDER, clk.

November 6, 1790. 2

BY THE COMMITTEE OF GRIEVANCES AND COURTS OF JUSTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES and COURTS of JUSTICE will sit every day from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order, T. PURDY, clk.

November 6, 1790. 2

In CHANCERY, Oct. 26, 1790.

Abraham Larsch, vs. John Basey, son and heir of John Basey, late of Baltimore county, deceased.

THE complainant, ABRAHAM LARSCH, having filed a bill in this court against the defendant, JOHN BASEY, for foreclosing a mortgage on a tract of land, situate in Baltimore county, called BUCK'S PURCHASE, containing one hundred acres, which mortgage is in the said bill alleged to have been made by John Basey, deceased, the father of the defendant, to Valentine Larsch, deceased, father of the complainant, for the sum of sixty-one pounds ten shillings sterling; and the complainant having further alleged in his bill, to which is amened his affidavit of the truth thereof, that the defendant had removed from this state to the state of Virginia, in which he has resided ever since, as the complainant is informed, and believes; and a subpœna, which issued on the said bill, having been returned "*non est*" by the sheriff of Baltimore county; and legal proof being this day properly certified to this court, that the complainant has caused to be inserted, for twelve weeks successively, in the public news-papers of the state of Virginia, an advertisement for the purpose of giving notice to the defendant of the said bill, and calling upon him to answer the same—it is hereby adjudged and ordered by the chancellor, That the said John Basey, as defendant aforesaid, appear in this court on Tuesday the twenty-first day of December next, for the purpose of answering the said bill, and that a copy of this order be inserted four weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette.

And it is hereby further adjudged and ordered, That if the said defendant shall not, within nine months from the date hereof, appear in this court and answer to the bill aforesaid, the same shall be taken *pro confesso*, and thereupon such proceeding and decree shall be had and made as the chancellor shall judge proper.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT sundry of the inhabitants of Prince-George's county intend to petition the next general assembly for an act to empower the justices of the peace to levy a sum of money for the purpose of building a gaol and gaol-yard in the said county.

September 30, 1790. 7

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, from off the race-ground at Bladensburg, a bright bay HORSE, 14 or 15 hands high, about nine years old, has a few saddle spots, carries his tail on one side, has no perceivable brand. Whoever takes up the said horse and will deliver him to the subscriber, in Annapolis, shall receive thirty shillings reward, and if stolen, three pounds for the horse and thief.

Nov. 9, 1790. 2 Wm. SEWALL.