due to the occasion. It is already appleuded by the universal joy which welcomes you to your station, and we cannot doubt that it will be rewarded with all the (attsfaction, with which an ardent love for your felle citizent must review successful efforts to promote their

This anticipation is not justified merely by the experience of your figual services. It is particularly maxims by which you mean to conduct it. We fee you the ftrangest obligations to adors the invisible hand which has led the American people through many difficulties, so cherish a conscious responsibilit ter the telliny of republican liberty, and to feek the only fure means of preserving and recommending the sections deposit in a system of legislation, founded or the Trinesples of an honest policy, and directed by the spirit of a diffused patriotism.

The question arising out of the fifth article of the constitution, will receive all the attention demanded by its importance, and will, we trust, be decided under the influence of all the confiderations to which you

In forming the pecuniary provisions for the executive department, we shall not lose fight of a wish resulting from motives which give it a peculiar claim to our regard .- Your resolution, in a moment critical to the fiberties of your country, to renounce all personal emolument, was among the many prelages of your patriotic services, which have been amply fulfilled; and your serupulous adherence now to the law then imposed on wourself, cannot fail to demonstrate the purity while it increases the luftre of a character, which has so many titles to admiration.

Such are the sentiments which we have thought fit to address to you: They flow from our own hearts, and we verily believe, that among the millions we represent, there is not a virtuous citizen whose heart will disown them.

All that remains is, that we join in your fervent supplication for the blessings of Heaven on our counand that we add our own for the choicest of those bleffings on the most beloved of her citizens.

To which his excellency was pleased to make the following reply:

GENTLEMEN, YOUR very affectionate address produces emotions which I know not how to express. I feel that my past endeavours in the service of my country are far overpaid by its goodness: and I fear much that my future once may not fulfil your kind anticipation. All that I can promise is, that they will be invariably directed by an honest and an ardent zeal.—Of this resource my heart affinres me. For all beyond, Frely on the wifdom and patriotism of those with whom I am to cooperate, and a continuance of the bleffings of Heaven on our beloved country. G. WASHINGTON.

After this, the president retiring, the members of the house returned to their scats.

A motion which was laid on the table the 4th inft. respecting a request to the president, that he would procure en elimate of exports and imports, entries and clearances, from the several Rases in the union, for 22 months previous to the fourth of Merch laft, was taken up, and after fundry amendments, one of which was appointing a committee to attend to the business, the motion was adopted.

The order of the day was then called for, and the house went into a committee of the whole, when the second reading of the bill ascertaining the rates of im-

post was attended to. Dr. Tucker proposed, that the duty on distilled spirits, Jamaica proof, should be reduced to fix cents per sallon-this brought on a debate which lasted sill the bouse adjourned.

SATURDAY, MAT Q. The bill for the collection of the impost was read a second time and ordered to be referred to a committee of the whole.

The house then went into a committee on the impost

Mr. Page in the chair. A proposition was made to lower the whole of the enumerated articles about one fifth; arguments were advanced in support of this measure by Mr. Ames, Mr. Gerry and Mr. Boudinot, they feared they were laid the high for collection, and that they would defeat the object of sevenue which gentlemen had in view.

Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Madison and Mr. Sherman, were for the duties remaining as fixed by the committee and by the house, the subject had already been difsuffed three times and nothing new was now offered to induce a change of fentiments, they did not think the duties were too high, nothing if compared to what other nations paid, at best whether they were so or not wes mere matter of opinion, but even these high duties it was to be feared, would prove infufficient for

the public wants. The mouning was spent in this discussion, when at length upon repeated calls for the question it was put, and the committee divided, 19 for reducing the duties and 26 against it.

PITTSBURGH, April 18. Extrall of a letter from Kentucky, dated March 2.

.. A general and uninterrupted trade has taken place between the inhabitants of this country and those of men, a woman and two children. In another part HBRB is at the dwelling plantation of the rethe Spanish settlements at New Orleans; several boats, of the country they stole some horses and carried off a verse considerable amount, have loaded with goods, to a very confiderable amount, have man, but being purfixed the hories were scatten.—The country, two firsy STERRS, about four years old, arrived here—and in return, they took large quantities of tobacco, beef, corn, &cc. and that, from every appearance, this traffic was likely to be continued and carried on with the greatest alacrity, which cannot fail proving of the most infinite mutual advantage.

the was working at captain James O'Harra's faw mill.

ordering four fast days to be held during the present year. The critical fituation of affairs has induced his majesty to judge it necessary. It concludes with the following words, deferving of being handed down to Beered for these diameters of lengthment and order

" May a pure and fincese affection for our country, Arengthen those ties of friendship, which bind us to you and you with one another! fleeting is this thort. terrestrial and laborious life; and with it vanishes that inequality of rank, which Providence has placed between you and us. May we then be enabled to render an account to our common Judge, without reproaches to lay to our own charge, we for the commands that we have given, and the obedience we have required, on our part; you, on the manner in which you have thewn your obedience." Extract of a letter from a reputable bouse in Lisbon,

their friend in this city, dated March 24, 1789. "The Portuguese squadron is on the eve of failing for their flation in the Straits, to keep the Algerines in, so that your flag may come very fafe to Portugal and Spain, without the Straits; the risk is thought to little of here, that we can get it wrote at one if not at one half per cent. Please to have this information put in your public papers, to spread through the United States, to act against the false advertisements in the European papers, to intimidate adventuhers, and raise the premium of infurance."

The BOTTLE CREEN, it is faid, will be for a while the colour of the national dress of the United States. It was worn by our beloved prefident on the day of his inauguration. It accords with the present state of our country, just coming out of a wilderness condition, but exhibiting at the same time, marks of life, vigour and beauty, and promiting a plentiful harvest of national

A malt-house and brewery are now erecting in this city, by Mellrs. Samuel Morris and son, which will be 104 feet in front, and 90 in depth. This noble building, devoted to one of the most useful manufactures, proves in the clearest manner the increased consumption of malt liquors, and fully justifies the duty about to be imposed upon spirits by the congress of the United States.

In the house of representatives of the United States on Tuesday last, Mr. Benson, from the committee appointed to confider and report, whether any or what Ityle or titles should be given to the president and vicepresident, reported, that it would be improper to give any other than those mentioned in the constitution .--This report the house accepted.

We hear the state of Connecticut are about presenting every member of the new congress with cloth sufficient for a fait of clostles, and that is is to the the nufacture of that state, and of one colour.

May 13. A gentleman, who has lately visited the country between the Delaware and the Sulquehanna, has calculated that there are SUGAR MAPLE TREES enough in the state of Pennsylvania to make as much sugar as could be consumed in the United States. This maple fugar has been examined in Philadelphia, and yields leaves equal in quality to that which is made from the juice of the West-India sugar cane. To freemen, its sweetness ought to be enhanced by the reflection, that it is not stained with the sweat and blood of negro flaves.

Extract of a letter from Madras, dated September 28. " Since writing the foregoing, I have to inform you, that hostilities are once more commenced between the English and Tippoo Saib, (the late Hyder Ally's son) who, from the time of the English first settling upon the coast, to this day, has been their most inveterate enemy, having always declared them the rawagers of the country. He is allowed to be the greatest military genius of the cast, and commands the greatest army of any of the castern princes. During the late Carnatic war, the English had every thing to fear from fo formidable an enemy-Hyder himself could command an army of 200,000 men, while his fon, at the head of a numerous army, over-run the whole Carnatic, and burst like a torrent upon their enemies, taking some of the most capital places. The great D AN away from the subscriber yesterday morning, pains which Hyder always took to train his fon up to L a negro man named NED, about five feet four avenge his country's wrongs, does him honour. That, or five inches high, and about thirty years of age; had prince has always declared his predilection for the on and took with him a white yarn jacket, one to French. Since our arrival, a detatchment has been cus shirt, one osnabrig ditto, an old pair of corduro fent to the northward, to reinforce the English in that quarter. A battle fince has taken place, and two battalions of the company's troops have been entirely cut off: the English have, however, some advantage on their fide, as they have taken two of Tippoo Saib's

WINCHESTER, Mer 13. Extract of a latter from Morgan-town, to the Printer bercef, dated May 4, 1789.

" The Indians have lately paid us a vifit -- about 15 miles from this place, a few days ago, they killed two horses were laden with arricles they had plundered the marked with a crop, a sitt and an under-bit, in the right inhabitants of Indian match coats, see. See. all of car, and a hole in the left, appraised to five pounds which fell into the hands of the purfuers. -- A thismish took place between the favages and those who followed paying charges.

THOMPSON, Overlow them,—no body killed on either fide."

By virtue of a swrit of suenditiens expense, from Walling on county court, to me directed, will be SOLD PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Monday if

TRACT OF LAND called PART of the RE.
SURVEY OR WELL DONE, lying and being in the county aforefind, within about he miles of a town of Sharpsburgh, containing one hun venty-these acres, more or lefs, with conings and other necessary improvements and taken at execution as the property o Brantnessat the spit of Nicholas Shefter.

plantation of GEORGE SNELL, deceased CHA valuable SLAVES, one a good carpenters wheelright, a waggon almost new, a timber of riage, forme leather, and other things too tedion mention: short credit will be given with good security Also to be rented, a SAW-MILL, where there it plen ty of timber to be fawed; this mill may be had a Fair temps by applying to SCOTT, Administration. Calvert county, May to 1760

On Monday the 15th day of June next will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, at Prince-Frederick-town is Calvert county, for ready money,

NEGRO MAN, named CHARLES, commit. ted to my custody as a funaway, on the oth January last. The faid negro to be fold for the purpose of discharging his prison fees. A. IOHN RDOORS CLUB

Dr. FREDERICK RAPP. From STRASBURG.

Late from PHILADELPHIA. T) ESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he now resides in this city, and presents himself to the service of all who may please to employ him as DOCTOR of PHYSIC, SURGERY and MID WIFERY. As he has by long experience (being more than twenty years in the army) became well acquaint ed with the practic part of the different branches, a well as the theory, he hopes to be a useful member of community. As the doctor has effected many cures of the cancer, and it particularly well acquainted with that difeafe, and has credentials for his superior abilities in curing all cancers, suchether internal or external, he hopes to be of ferrice to all seho may make application to him for his prescriptions. W3

N. B. There is now; in this city, some on whom he has been successful enough to effect a cure, though thought beyond all hopes. The doctor has medicine for 

A TOTICE is hereby given, that we, the commissi-I'V oners appointed to build a court house, prifor and prison yard, at the Head of Elk, in Czcil county, fion, for a further fum of money to be levied on the inhabitants of faid county, to enable us to faill and complete faid court house, prifun and prifon yard. IOSEPH GILPIN,

ZEBULON HOLLINGSWORTH, PARD OLDHAM, JOSEPH BAXTER. Czcil county, May 1, 1789.

APRIVATE ACCOMMODATIONS

TRAVELLERS, And the REPT STAN Upper-Mariborough, May 13. 1789.

Six Dollars Reward.

breeches, patched behind with a piece of country made white cloth, a pair of white yearn flockings, old floes, and an old wool hat. Whoever takes up and fecures faid negro, in any gool, to that I get him again, hall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, it brought home, paid by DANIEL SMITH, jun. they will answer it at their peril. Montgomery county, May 7, 1789-

May 15, 1789. The owner may have shem by proving his property and branded, has may have her

BACCO.

Post. Tobac peftly called on feriber, that h the claims at dulgence which from the deces the proper atte them to Nove Annapolis,

PUBL lowing To be SOLD able the ch the 22d day Baltimore-t LL the A cealed, LAND and I All that I Worthington ty acres of la LAND calle acres and an TRACT of taining fevent or left. The the Bay, in I Baltimore-tov are remarkabl which they called Indust from the form and forty-tw ter tract is er buildings, pe all that TR of fruit, and

> and also one or PARCE WATER I No. 53 and Point 1 on th wooden dwe and also a crected; also on the plot of the Head able brick w The what parately, and shall be loss will be loss wil

and it is we

Arc. &c. the

luable; all

fituate on th

erected a bri

and is in hig

THE PART OF MARKET STATE OF S