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LIVINGSTON.

October 6, 1788.

ES, OPERTY, CREDIT.

on Tuesday the seat Benfield, the place

RSFS, COWS and OGS, together with nd FODDER made SOLD, at Causin-January next, fundry ROES, consisting of DREN. Two years of the NEGROES, THER PROproved security, on ill be required. In be prevented by wet ext fair day.

ptember 18, 1788. es notice, that he inourable the general alit a law may pass for for debts which he is

G. B. CAUSIN.

AC REYNOLDS.

ovember 10, 1788. of Andrew Anderson, n works, in Anne-Aay, a black HORSE, r in his forehead, and eiveable brand, and is efired to come, prove ke him away. 2

L I S: ERICKand REEN.

(XLIVth YEAR.)

## MARYLAND GAZETE.

TTERS from Maka confirm the departure of the French squadron, which they fay is gone to exercise the failors in maritime evolutions, though many pretend it is for the triple design of protecting the Levant trade, and at the same time to protest the island of Candia, and even to be stationed in

that latitude.

The fortress of Dubova was attacked on the 10th by a debarkation of Turks from 22 vessels. Major Steine, at the head of the battalion of Brechanville, made a most valiant resistance; but at the end of three days was obliged to retire, and abandon the place to the enemy. The loss of the Austrians was not more by these accounts than 412 men; among whom however, were some officers of distinction. The Turks are represented to have lost 2000 men.

BERLIN, August 30.

We have received accounts by the way of Warfaw, that the Russians had attempted to take Oczakow by fform, but were repulsed with great loss; that two of their generals fell in the action, one of which is Shuwalow, who is greatly lamented.

The same accounts mention, that the bombardment of Choczim had recommenced on the 5th; that the succours which the Turks expected had actually arrived, and that the garrison, in a vigorous fally, had gained some advantages over the combined forces o the Austrians and Russians. Choczim, in the mean time, is now fully provided with all forts of provifi-

September 1.

The king of France has nominated the compte de la Luzerne, secretary for the department of the ma-

Sept. 2. They write from Stockholm, that an engagement had taken place between a detachment commanded by general Hortsear, and a corps of Russian troops, who had gone to the relief of Nyflot; and that the Russians were repulsed with great loss, and left their dead on the field of battle, and among them a general, with the order Newsky: it is supposed to be general Michaeloff.

Europe is now so involved in a war, that it is not easy to determine on which side to direct the attention. Between Russia, the emperor, and the Porte, upwards of nine hundred thousand men are in the field, ready for all the horrors, devastation and mischief, of eagerly contested war.

Fatal Effects of Gaming.

Mr. Brodie, now under sentence of death for breaking into the general excise office for Scotland in the night of the 5th of March last, and stealing bank notes and money—at the death of his father, which happened about 12 years since, inherited a considerable estate in houses in the city of Edinburgh, together with ten thousand pounds in specie; but an unhappy connexion, and a too great propenfity to that destructive, though too predominant passion, GAMING, he is reduced to his present deplorable situation.

A curious Law Cafe.

At the affizes for Yorkshire, a cause was tried which afforded much entertainment to the court. It was an indictment against the landlady of an inn, for assaulting and greafing the beard of a lew with pork.

It appeared in the course of the trial, that the Jew went into the defendant's house, and offered to sell and two men being at dinner, they afked him to have fome pork, which he refused; but being determined so give him some, the two men held him, while the defendant rubbed it over his mouth with great violence, in consequence of which (as the Jew positively swore) it became fore, that he could not eat any thing but spoon victuals for a fortnight afterwards.

The Jury, after retiring upwards of a hour, returned with a verdict guilty; after which, the court addreffed the defendant on the folly and wickedness of marking out any particular description of people, of whatever nation or religion, as objects of wanton in-

fult, and unprovoked affault.—She was fined 10l. All our letters from Berlin agree to the report of the speedy march of 60,000 men on the part of his Prustian majesty, who are to enter Holstein the moment the Danes begin to act. Ir. confirmation of this, a very large train of heavy artillery has lately been fent

off to Grauderts from Berlin. and resit in the ports of Spain. This measure origi- their reception. Trica with the count de Florida Blanca, the present prime minister of that country, who has so much infuence over the king, his mafter, as to make him op-

pose the desires of the prince, his son, of the grandees, and of his people, who all eagerly wish to prevent the Rushans from acquiring any settlement whatever near the Mediterranean; and confequently would oppose them in their attempts to make any conquests upon the Turks that might lead eventually to such a settlement. The king of the Two Sicilies, another son of his ca tholic majesty, supports his brother the prince of the Austurias, because he dreads nothing more than the neighbourhood of so great and rising a power as Russia. The duke of Berwick and Lira is the person whom the prince has recommended to his majesty as his prime minister, should he, in compliance with the wishes of all the real friends of the kingdom, dismiss the count de Florida Blanca. This duke of Berwick is great grand-fon to king James II. He commanded the artillery against Gibraltar at the last siege: He bore at that time the title of marquis of Jamaica, his father having been at that period alive. He is possessed of an immense estate, which at the death of the duchess of Alva, will receive an addition of 120,000l. a year.

Sept. 5. Dr. Brown, the author of a system at prefent much the subject of controversy in the physical world, has discovered that the qualities of laudanum have been hitherto but imperfectly known.--With respect to the stings of infects, and small external injuries, if immediately applied it is an infallible remedy and in larger hurts, when used both internally and externally, it is possessed of lenitive powers in a very high

Sept. 6. Yesterday morning their majesties, the duke of York, and the princesses, went to the house built fire proof on Wimbledon common, which was filled was lighted, stair-case, &c. remaining entire, without the least appearance of damage from the fierceness of the flames. This is the third experiment at the same

According to letters from Constantinople, the treaties of peace and commerce between the Ottoman Porte and the Swedish nation are revived for fourteen years in which his fublime highness the sultan, also stipulates for the regencies of Algiers, Tunis, Tripoli, &c. for the same period of time. The subjects of the king of Sweden are in consequence thereof to enjoy the same protection privileges, and immunities, as the most fawoured nation in the dominions of the Porte. The guarantee treaties of 1740 and 1772 are also revived; and by the additional articles made in the new treaty, the Turks and Swedes are mutual guarantees to each other for their respective dominions in Europe against every power whatever. The Swedish ambassador, who has had the negotiation of this treaty, is presented with some valuable presents; and twenty purses of gold have been distributed to his houshold.

By advices yesterday morning from Petersburgh, we learn that the Swedes and Russian armies have had an engagement in Finland, in which two battalions of the Swedish chasseurs suffered much, and one of their ad-

vanced posts was captured.

Sept. 8. On Tuesday a messenger was dispatched by government, who overtook the French mail at Dover, and prevented its being put on board the packet. What were the grounds of this extraordinary measure are yet a lecret.

Sept. 9. The plan which lord Dorchester has sent home from Quebec, for establishing two new settlements in Canada, near the lakes of Brigon and Carleton, where it has been recommended to settle a colony of convicts advantageously to this country, comes very opportunely to relieve the prison ships in our different some philosophical tinder boxes. That the defendant harbours, and also the prisons of the metropolis and the county gaols, which are still crowded with convicts, both men and women, occasioned by the want of intelligence from Botany Bay with regard to the success of that undertaking. The summer season is now fo far advanced, that it will not be practicable to undertake so perilous and distant a voyage until another ipring.

The female cargoes lately returned from India have put a stop to a number of intended exportations of the same kind of live stock to that part of the world; the India nabobs have taken a dislike to British commodities that become a charge instead of profit to eastern

housekeeping. We are affured, that government have received advices of an embassy from the nabob of Arcot to the court of Great-Britain, being designed by the prince, in consequence of the embassy having been sent by Tippoo Saib to the court of France; the retinue is intended to be far more splendid than Tippoo's; the Sept. 4. A change in the Spanish ministry is hourly number of the suit announced is said to consist of uplooked for. The prince of Austurias has avowed him- wards of fix hundred persons, who are expected to arself an enemy to the measures of suffering the Russians rive in this country in the course of a few months, to fend a fleet into the Mediterranean, and to victual preparations being absolutely under consideration for

A copper bottomed floop of war, and a cutter are now stationed of Ushant; the cutter is to bring the carlieft intelligence to governa cat of any ment of war

or store-ships with troops sailing from Brest; the sloop is to follow them till the certainty of their voyage is determined. The cause arises from an account icceived some weeks fince, that La Celebre, of 64 guns, and La Hippotaume, of 50, had taken out their lower deck guns, which they had put in their hold, and that thefe thips were defigned for India with cargoes of naval and military stores, field-pieces, &c. said to be as prefents to Tippoo Saib, the chief with whom France is now entering into a folemn treaty of alli-

Count Rochambeau, the governor of Calais, and his family, arrived at Dover on Friday last on their; return home, and embarked for Calais on Saturday morning at nine o'clock. They left Portsmouth early on Thursday morning. Before they left Calais it was whispered that the object of the count's journey was to make observations on the coast of England, and so it has now turned out; for his time has been wholly spent, in this country, in viewing the coasts and different dock-yards, to which he has had access, with all the civility and attention that are due to strangers.

Sept. 12. The reports for some time past, concerning the Swedish and Russian squadrons, are so various and contradictory, that it is impossible to form any fort of opinion of their real fituation. One moment fays that the Swedes are blocked up at Helfingfors, while the next tells us that both flects are at fea in quest of each other.—Which of these are the true state of fact, we shall not take upon us to determine; but the first; from every reasonable consideration, seems by far the least probable.

The court of Berlin has signified its intention to with combustibles that were set on fire; the slame from support the Swedes, if Denmark should furnish either which were very rapid, but had not the smallest effect ships or troops to Russia, or take any part in the quarwhatever: The ceiling of the room, in which the fire rel; and as a proof of the fincerity of this declaration, a large body of Prussians are assembling near Memel, in readiness to penetrate into the Russian territory at a moment's warning.

The letters, which we received yesterday by the Flanders mail, confirm the account given in our last, of the fudden march of the grand imperial army from Semlin, towards the Bannat. The Turks had ce:tainly invaded that part of the imperial territories in great force.—A general engagement was expected.

The King of Sweden made a promotion of sea and land officers in Finland, on the return of the duke of Sudermania's squadron to Helfingfors, after their engagement with the Russian sleet: His majesty also ordered a monument to be raised to the memory of count Horn, who was killed in the action, at the private expence of the crown, to be put up in the cathedral church at Stockholm.

From Vienna, August 20, we learn, that the ace counts received from Mehadia, of the check received by our troops, and the burning of Old Orlova and Schuppeneck, are very sensibly felt here, particularly as they are not only fully confirmed, but it is fartherknown that the corps of the Turks which has entered the Bannat confilts of 15,000 men, who have carried fire and sword through a district of ten miles round. The above corps is only the van of the army under tho grand vizier, and feveral strong detachments will soon follow. Thus the Turkish general has in some part, executed his long projected plan, without leaving Transylvania, Wallachia and Moldavia, totally unthought of, as he has and is sending considerable detachments to those parts.

The lofs of the Austrians in their last unfortunate engagement was fifteen officers, and nine hundred foldiers killed. Such are the official returns.

Extract of a letter from Rewel, August 20, by express

"This day we had the fatisfaction to hear of vice admiral Greig's squadron being again arrived off our bay from Cronstadt, which was the more fatisfactory as the Swedish ships of war had, for a month past; been exceedingly troublesome by intercepting all veilels to and from this port with very valuable cargoes of naval and other stores, of which they retain numbers. Our fleet is gone off Helfingfors and Cape Caberoide, to feek the Swedish fleet, and if possible provoke them to another engagement."

Gustavus Adolphus, the great king of Sweden, from whom the present reigning monarch is descended, was killed in battle on the 6th of November, 1632.

The troubles in the Low Countries continue to proceed in fuch excesses, that the emperor has thought fit to publish an ordinance on the 11th inft. declaring, that whoever shall in future be guilty of any sedition, shall be condemned to the utmost rigour of the law, without hope of mercy,

D U B L I N, September 13.

Captain Kehoe, of the Charming May, belonging to this port, who arrived here on Thursday from Peterts burgh, reports, that no fecond engagement had as you taken place between the Russian and Swedish flects : that the Russians had suffered severely in the last action, and that three of their ships had received such constderable damage is their hulls, that it was with very