

were dancing the war dance before I came away, and in about eight or ten days I expect they will set out; they were very bad off for provisions, which was very scarce. Before I came away, a party of twenty Cherokees, Mingoes and Shawanoes, returned from the water of the Big Kanowa with four prisoners and ten scalps; they killed the four prisoners, who were girls, after they brought them to the towns. When I saw all these things, I immediately set off to give you information. I am now come according to my promise; you are the first acquainted with their meeting in the Shawano towns. I hope you will send information to our great fathers below, and to the people that they may be on their guard."

Oct. 23. His most christian majesty's packet, Courier de l'Europe, Monsieur de Sionville, commander, arrived here yesterday, after 28 days passage, by the north.

PITTSBURGH, October 7.

Extract of a letter of a gentleman at Union-towns, to his friend in this place, dated September 30, 1786.

"At our court last week I saw a young man immediately from Wheelen, who mentions the circumstance of seven savages having come into the settlement, wounded one young man, and took him prisoner. They had also taken another lad prisoner at the same time; but as he made some noise they tomahawked him. Six men had gone out from the mouth of Wheelen to patrol, the inhabitants having reported that savages were in the settlement. Three of these went but a short way and returned. The others went on and fell in with the track of their mockasons. At the Ohio river they came up with them just as they were crossing. Four were in the river crossing with horses which they had stolen; three others were in a canoe with the prisoner, and but a small distance from the shore. Two of our men fired and killed two of the men in the canoe; the third, being but a young lad, missed firing; Hamilton Ker inatched his gun out of his hand, and fired at the third in the canoe: they called to the prisoner to make his escape, and which, with some difficulty, he got on shore. The canoe drifted off. A few days after the canoe was taken with a dead savage in it, who was immediately scalped by our people."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman resident on the Ohio, to his friend in this place.

"On my return from Sandusky I fell in with one of the surveyors, who had been lost five days in the woods. He had gone out to amuse himself an hour one morning with his gun, in company with —. They took different nodes of a hill, with an intention of meeting on the other side. But Mr. —, missed his companion, and wandered in the woods. Hunters were sent in quest of him, but though they found his track, were not able to overtake him. Being a scholar, his wanderings were mathematical. His course the first day was nearly in a circle round the hill; the second an elypsis, his encampments night and morning, forming the two nodes. The third day he had gone off in a tangent, and returning not far distant from the ground which he had left, formed the two sides of an insocoles triangle. The fourth day he described a parabola, and the fifth was forming the extreme part of the hyperbolic curve towards the Shawanese towns, when I fell in with him.

"He came into our camp in the morning, having reconnoitred it the whole night preceding apprehending it might be a camp of savages, of whom he had great dread. His shoes were worn out, his leggins torn to pieces and his skin lacerated with the bushes and muskitoes. Through want of food, (for he had not taken time to supply himself, save with one pigeon or two which he had the good luck to shoot down) and from excessive fatigue, his visage was emaciated, his beard grown, and his nails like the claws of an eagle.

"He thinks he had a conversation one evening with a savage, whose shrill cries he had heard. He had the presence of mind to pretend an embassy, and made a speech, but the savage still remaining on all fours, on the top of a hill, maintained a fallen dignity, and trotted off, making no reply. It is supposed it was a panther, the cries of which, at a distance, he might have mistaken for the Shawanese language, which is of a softer tone than the Wyandott or Delaware."

RICHMOND, November 2.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Bridge town, Barbados, to his friend in Alexandria, dated September 21, 1786.

"On the 2d inst. we had a dreadful hurricane here, which has done but little damage on land, though much has been done to the shipping. Many ships which were loaded and ready to sail for Europe were lost, besides brigs, sloops and schooners. The brigantine Bridge-town, captain Mathie, which had just arrived from Philadelphia, with all her cargo on board, was amongst the lost, and the damage sustained is very considerable."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Lisbon, to his correspondent in Alexandria, dated August 21.

"Several American ships have lately arrived here from America within a few days past, without receiving any damage from the Algerines. Indeed no Algerine cruiser has been seen on this coast this year, owing to the Portuguese men of war and tri-

gates being very vigilant in their cruises off this coast, consequently I apprehended no danger."

ANNAPOLIS, November 9.

Extract of a letter from a delegate in the assembly, to a gentleman in this town, dated Richmond, November 1, 1786.

"To the glory of this commonwealth, a vote has passed this day in the house of delegates, upon two petitions, presented to us, for the emission of paper money, to this effect, viz. That the emission of paper money is unjust, impolitic, and destructive of that virtue which is the basis of republican governments. — Eighty-four in favour of this resolution, and seventeen against it."

An Ordinance for the establishment of the mint of the United States of America, and for regulating the value and alloy of coin.

IT is hereby ordained by the United States in Congress assembled, That a mint be established for the coinage of gold, silver, and copper money, agreeably to the resolves of congress of the 8th of August last, under the directions of the following officers, viz.

An Assay-master, whose duty it shall be to receive gold and silver in bullion, or foreign coin, to assay the same, and to give his certificates for the value thereof at the following rates:

For every pound, troy weight, of uncoined gold or foreign gold coin, eleven parts fine and one part alloy, 209 dollars, 7 dimes and 7 cents, money of the United States, as established by the resolves of congress of the 8th of August last, and so in proportion to the fine gold contained in any coined or uncoined gold whatsoever.

For every pound, troy weight, of uncoined silver, or foreign silver coin, eleven parts fine and one part alloy, 13 dollars, 7 dimes, 7 cents and 7 mills, money of the United States, established as aforesaid, and so in proportion to the fine silver contained in any coined or uncoined silver whatsoever.

A Master coiner, whose duty it shall be to receive, from time to time, of the assay-master, the bullion necessary for coinage; to report to congress devices, and proofs of the proposed pieces of coin, and to procure proper workmen to execute the business of coinage, reporting, from time to time, to the commissioners of the board of treasury of the United States for approbation, and allowance, the occupation, number, and pay of the persons so employed.

A Pay-master, who shall be the treasurer of the United States, for the time being, whose duty it shall be to receive and take charge of the coin made under the direction of the master-coiner, and to receipt for the same; to receive and duly enter the certificates for uncoined gold or silver issued by the assay-master, and to pay ninety-five hundredths of the amount thereof in gold or silver, and five hundredths in the copper coin of the United States.

And it is hereby further ordained, That the certificates to be given by the assay-master to persons who shall lodge gold or silver in the mint for coinage, shall be on fine bank paper, and expressed in the manner and form following, to wit:

Mint of the United States.

I acknowledge to have received of A. B. for coinage (here insert the weight) of (insert the species) bullion; for the amount of which, pay to or bearer, the sum of _____ at ten days sight, agreeably to the custom of the mint.

C. D. assay-master.

To E. F. pay-master of the mint of the United States of America

And it is hereby further ordained, That the officers above mentioned, shall settle their accounts monthly, agreeably to such forms and vouchers as shall be prescribed by the comptroller of the treasury

And it is hereby further ordained, That the officers shall enter into bonds to the United States in Congress assembled, for the faithful execution of the trust respectively reposed in them, in the manner and amount following, to wit:

The assay-master in the sum of 10,000 dollars, and two sureties, each in the sum of 5000 dollars.

The master coiner in the sum of 10,000 dollars, and two sureties, each in the sum of 5000 dollars.

And that the officers mentioned in this ordinance, as well as every other person employed in the mint, shall take and subscribe the oath of office established by the resolve of the 14th March, 1786.

And it is hereby further ordained, That it shall be the duty of the comptroller of the treasury to report monthly to the commissioners of the treasury of the United States, a statement of the mint accounts adjusted agreeably to the several forms; and if on such statement or other information it shall appear, that there has been any neglect, mismanagement, or abuse of trust, in any of the officers mentioned in the within ordinance, it shall be the duty of the commissioners of the board of treasury to suspend such officer or officers, and to report thereon specially to congress.

And it is hereby further ordained, That the copper coin struck under the authority of the United States in Congress assembled, shall be receivable in all taxes, or payments due to the United States, in the proportion of five dollars for every hundred dollars so paid, but that no other copper coin whatsoever shall be receivable in any taxes or payments whatsoever to the United States.

And whereas, The great quantities of base copper coin daily imported into, or manufactured within the several states, is become so highly injurious to

the interest and commerce of the same, as to require the immediate interposition of the powers vested by the confederation in the United States in Congress assembled, of regulating the value of copper, the coin so current as aforesaid.

It is hereby ordained, That no foreign copper coin whatsoever, shall, after the 1st day of September, 1787, be current within the United States, and that no copper coin struck under the authority of a particular state, shall pass at a greater value than one federal dollar for two pounds and one quarter of a pound avoirdupois weight of such copper coin.

Done by the United States in Congress assembled, this sixteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, and of our sovereignty and independence the eleventh.

CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

Mr. GREEN,

By inserting in your next paper, the following anecdote, which has been handed to me by an acquaintance, you will much oblige

ONE OF YOUR READERS,

Annapolis, November 8, 1786.

A GENTLEMAN from the country being on board a Rhode-Island man, now lying in the Dock, at Annapolis, entered into conversation with the skipper respecting paper money, and told him that there were persons in Maryland who wished a paper money; the honest skipper, who at this time, had a rope in his hand, let it fall, and said "If you are wise you will have no paper money, we have tried it, and have felt the dreadful effects of it."

Mr. Jenifer's reply to Mr. Duwall will be inserted the week after next, not being received in time for publication before.

THE debtors to the estate of the reverend William Hanna, late of Anne-Arundel county, are informed, that unless they speedily settle their respective accounts, suits will be commenced against them without respect to persons, or further notice.

SARAH BARNES, administratrix.

Montgomery county.



THERE is at the plantation of John B. Peerce, near the Sugar-lands, taken up as a stray, a small female MARE, about 13 hands high, has a long star in her forehead, branded on the near shoulder S, about four years old, shod all fours, has a hanging mane and switch tail, trots and gallops. The owner may have her again proving property and paying charges.



STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the Thursday night of the Annopolis races 1785, a dark bay HORSE, four years old, neither docked, branded or broke, but is very gentle, about thirteen hands one inch high, is a natural pacer, the hair of his tail has been cut and almost grown out again; he had also been cut, and was not quit well when he went away; he had been staked, and has a remarkable scar on his neck, where the girl goes round. Whoever brings the said horse to me, or gives me information to that I get him again, shall receive forty shillings reward, paid by

BALDWIN LUSBY.

Annapolis, November 1, 1786.

ALL persons having claims against Henry Jones, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, are requested to bring them in to the subscriber as soon as possible, as he is very desirous of ascertaining the amount, that he may proceed to the sale of the effects of the deceased, for the purpose of discharging all just claims, and all persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make payment.

THOMAS HARWOOD, executor of Henry Jones, deceased.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

November 1, 1786.



RAN away from the subscriber, living near the Head of South river on the 19th of September, a dark mulatto man named PARAWAY, twenty four years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, straight nose, and of a middle size, has a black mole on his upper lip, thick legs, and his great toes considerably longer than the rest, and flammers in his speech if hastily spoken to; had on when he made his escape, a white cotton jacket, osnabrig shirt and trousers, but has since taken other cloaths with him, which I cannot describe. Whoever takes up and secures him in any goal, so that I get him again, shall receive, if twenty miles from home four dollars, if thirty miles six dollars, and if out of the state the above reward, and if brought home reasonable charges, paid by

ELIZABETH HALL.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1786.

TO BE RENTED,

For one or more years,

THE plantation whereon I now dwell. Any person inclinable to rent it, may know the terms by applying to Mr. Benjamin Hall. Also negroes to hire.

MARGARET MURDOCK.

THIS is to give notice, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly for an act to confirm my right to part of a tract of land, called Beall's Goodwill, the late property of Henry Hunter, deceased, which he devised to be sold.

THOMAS MORTON.

LIST of
Annapolis,
day of Jan
Post-Office
JOHN A.
Adams, C
Dr. Richard
Solomani Bar
Port-Tobacco,
Jeremiah I
Clarke, Jame
Port-Tobacco
B. Carmichael,
county; Henr
Mary Dulan
Donnison, St.
Darrall, Pig-P
John Ewing,
Marlborough.
Alexander F
ty; Ignatius F
Hugh, jun (2)
Mr. Groves,
Galloway (2),
Mary's county,
Jeremiah Galv
Afenath Grah
Gaunt; advert
Clement Holl
Annapolis; T
Hopkins, Taly
Tobacco; Da
Hamilton, Cam
Thomas Jeni
Don-hister cour
John Kilty,
county; Monfio
rice Kain, Frin
David Luckett
charl Lee, Cha
Mary's county
Mary; Richard
John Mercer,
pois; Anne M
and Kelly, Pat
county.
Lewis Neth,
town.
Mary Pearson
Alexander R
Roe, Annapo
Roberts, Princ
Thomas Sun
James Smith, K
Mary's county;
Thomas minor
Calvert county.
Kaphael Thom
Joseph Willia
dis; Joseph V
Wolford, Litt
tuxent; Alexan
loughy, Somer