## MARTLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1786.

## 

To the DELEGATE.

A discussion, Bugenius, the friend of his country, would willingly have some the spice of a literary discussion, Bugenius, the friend of his country, would willingly have some account from the Delegate himself of an anonymous publication and letter taken from the Newport Mercury, and republished in the Maryland Gazette or Baltimore Advertifer of June 27, 1783. A short state of facts may not be unnecessary to elucidate this affair.

On the 4th of March 1783, permission was given by the governor and council to Henry Geddis to pais under the fanction of a flag of truce to New-York, with a cargo of flour and corn for the use of the Maryland line, and to return again; a letter accompanied this flag addressed to admiral Digby, expressing a tender seeling for the sufferings of our prisoners, and soliciting the liberty of disposing of the cargo to their use, and Robert Alexander was defired to sell the cargo, pay the contents into the hards of Mr. Luke Wheeler, who was acquainted with the will of the council as to the things he was to purchase and distribute among the prifoners; the flag failed and was boarded the 17th of March 1783, by a refugee barge off Little Egg Harboor, and on examining the papers the flag was suffered to pass, on the same day also a Rhode-Island privateer boarded and sent her as a prize to Rhode Island. In consequence of this capture, the following anonymous piece was published in the Newport Mercury.

From the Newport Mercury.

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Annapolis, (Maryland) March 27.

THE distresses of the American prisences at New-York have for several years claimed the attention of congress, and the legislatures of the several states. Numbers of these unfortunate people perified, and many were compelled, by the extremity of their sufferings, from hunger, nakedness, and disease, to enter into the service of the enemy. It was not in the power of congress to liberate them from their captivity, or allowiate their wants. The calamity for the last four years was chiefly confined to those of our cisizens, who were captured on board of our merchant wessels; a brave and most useful jet of men. It being represented to our governor and countil, that a number of naval prisoners belonging to this state (many of them the sans and brothers of gentlemen of respectable characters, fortune, and instance) were sufficiently the land of the sans of the sans and brothers. firing all the borrors of captivity; on board the prison hip at New-York, they resolved to send, under sanction of flagrof truce, a finall quantity of corn and flour to that place for fale, to relieve their diffress. It was previously known, that the enemy would receive stage with these articles. On the 12th of this menth, a small bay sloop, with one hunared barrels of flour, and about bay floor, with one bunared barreis of flour, and about tight hundred bushels of cern. was sent from this port with a fag, to admiral Digby; and, on the 17th; off Little Egg. Harbour, she was boarded under British culeurs, by a small schooner of six guns belonging to severate, who after taking out the mate and four salves, and several articles, belonging to the flag (leaving cay captain Geddis, the master, on board) sint her as a prize to Rhode Island. Sunder oretence that this govern-

by bave often fest provificht to New York, for their

As a comment on, and by way of answer to, this anonymous publication, the annexed letter was also published with the above piece from Maryland, with this preface.

The following letter, without any remarks, will sufficiently from that the flags referred to, were upon a trading plan, and that the profits annexed thereto were the only inducement, and not that humans principle of such line than any many suffer suffered with the communications. Supplying poor prisoners, which the anenymous author of the piece above would wish the world to believe bim poffeffed of.

Annapolis, March 4, 1783.

Dear Sir. I EXPECT captain Geddir will fail this day in A BAFECT captain Geddis will fail this day in a flag for your city. He will be addressed to Mr. A. who will pay the sales (after deducting the usual commissions and expences) to you, and you will thereast advance to the prisences about two bundred pounds (or in the proportion of one hundred barrels of flour, and fix hundred and eighty-three bushels of corn, to fix hundred and eighty-seven bounds ten Billings. For two hundred and fifty harseven pound; ten stillings, for two bundred and fifty bar-rels of flour, and three bundred bushels of corn) and make fuch use of the residue, after advancing to captain Geddis and paying the wages to his mate and hands, as you please. Captain Bell lest this place yesterday to go to Wye River, to take in thirteen handred and fifty bushels of corn, and I expect be will fail before next Sunday.

You will make advances to the prisoners out of his sales (about two bundred and forty pounds) as above. We flatter ourselves that captain Geddis's cargo will leave between eight or nine hundred pounds in your hands, and captain Bell's cargo about eleven hundred pounds, after deditions. Another flag will follow in about ten days. Captains. Adich's floop is chartered at one hundred pounds for the telephone. for the trip, and eight lay days at New York, and for demurrage ten soillings per day, and if seixed, ber value (estimated at sive hundred pounds) is to be paid. Captain Bell's schooner is chartered at one Stilling per ten per day (or two pounds ten shillings) and ber value to be paid, if captured Under the present prospects of peace, there is no article could be sent to risk either of the vessels or their cargoes. Tobacco is the most profitable, but on peace it will not bear an higher price with you than with us. As corn alone is allowed by the state, and expressed in the flag, nothing elst is put in. Unless you are certain from authentic information of the continuation of the war, it will not be adviseable to fend any tion of the war, it will not be adviseable to fend any thing back in either of the flags, but in no case (I conceive) in Bell's, or the third flag, because of their very high value. If the war should centime, and you determine to venture any goods, captain Geddie's sloop would be no great rifk, and if you wait for intelligence from England, you can detain him, as he will lay at so small an expence. I cannot but think if you resolve to send goods, which can only be proper on a certainty of war, you can procure fit wessels at a far less price than what must be paid for Beil's schooner, or the third stag, if any must be paid for Beil's schooner, or the third stag, if any accident should happen. If this opinion should meet your approbation, and you determine met to risk the wessels on our account, you will sive particular charge to the captains in writing, not to take any thing on heard but what is specified in their permit. You cannot be too cautious on this head, or they will risk a westel whoth Salorts and several articles belonging to the slag (leaving three or four thousand pounds for one hundred pounds of any captain Geddir, the master, on board) sent her as a goods. If we risk the wessel, the captain might put in prize to Rhode-Island, white reference that this govern- wentures for himself, but in no other case. If peace next was trading with the chemy. On the same morning should happily take place, it would be very adviseable to the slage wait boarded by a British large, her papers, proceed of it to be accomplished two good hips of about all compositions. the fore was beared by a British large, ber papers pracure (if to be accomplished) two good hips of about. In the state prisoners in New York, in the four hundred by foods, and for militar from the faid governor and council being disposed to relieve them as sar. I bergual no other carga at board but cert had flood. You will tempter what directions you give, is and council being disposed to relieve them as sar. I bergual no other carga at board but cert had flood. Our governor and council permitted captain. Car, to lead for the people, and no enter papers, but the suffers and the fail governor and council permitted captain. Car, to lead for the people, and me other papers, but the suffers and the fail governor and council permitted captain. Car, to lead for the people, and one of the fail would be no risk seculture, our governor to admired by the flood will at the commander of the privater of the flood willed, it that the commander of the privater of the flood willed, it that the commander of the privater of the flood willed the people on floor, and the fail of the flood will be for the people while four the fail of the flood will be for the flood will be for the fail of the flood will be for the flood will be for the fail of the flood will be for the fail of the flood will be for the flood of th are to fident of pence; but some quantity could, in the prosent state of suspence, be protured of merchants, and the public, with species and as low as twenty stillings

James's genaine fever powders. I perceive Mr. Rivingoton advertift; Dr. Jobison's everkt of the English poets,
60 wols. he three shillings and fix-pence each; if you can
get them at that price for me, I shall be obliged,
Alfo buy of him a calendar for 1783, sr 1782; and a
cypher seal 8. G. and you may procure another for the
compting-bouse. I wish you health and every other happiness in life. piness in life.

Your affectionate and obedient fer vant, SAM. CHACE.

Mr. Whooler.

If this letter be genuine, and to my knowledge its authenticity has never been denied, though published in the Maryland Gazette or Baltimore Advertifer, was a plan laid by the fubscriber of it to carry on a trade with the enemy at New York during the war, and in contradiction to a positive act of assem-Out of the supplies fent by the council to the confined officers, who at that time were fuffering all the rigours of a gloomy prifon and pinching poverty, were two thousand pounds to have been converted to the purposes of trade and will of the person to whom the letter was addressed; it will remain with the subscriber to the letter to reconcile the contents with the contract entered into by Mr. Chase and the council of Maryland, which Eugenius understands is to be published in the Maryland Gazette of this day. If the contract has not been complied with, honour and integrity will hardly acquit the writer of the letter, unless, among the novelties of the day, an opinion should be urged, that a man may act dishonourably on virtuous principles.

E U G E N I U S.

Mr. GREEN. HAVING seen the copy of a letter said to be wrote by Mr. Chase, in March 1783, to his correspondent in New-York, which letter refers to flags. granted by the then governor and council, and on which letter a writer observes, "that they were granted on a trading plan, and not on the bumane principle of supplying peor prisoners," I request you to publish the following contracts of the said governor and council with Messieurs Chase, Dorsey, and Co. and their letters to admiral Digby and Mr. Robert Alexander on that subject, which, I trust, will shew that the imputation of the said writer is an imputhat the imputation.

DENT FALSEHOOD.

Your humble fervant,

A. B.

Annapolis, September 25, 1786. In COUNCIL, 21st January 1783. Prefent, His Excellency William Paca, Elquire, Benjamin Stoddert,

The honourable Gabriel Duvalt, Germiah T. Chafe, James Brice, John H. Stone.

Memorandum of an agreement made this 21ft days of January, one thousand seven hundred and eightysthee, between the governor and council of the state of Maryland, and Dorsey. Wheeler, and company, which said company confilts of John Dorsey. Those mas Dorsey, Samuel Chase, and Luke Wheeler.

WHEREAS it is represented to the governor and council, that there are about one hundred and

that if the money expended for fuch cloates to fuch amount to each priloner as aforefaid, belonging as aforefaid to this flare, Ball fall fhort of the fum of faur hindred and eighty feven pounds ten billings, that the balance shall be immediately paid into the hands of the governor and council on return of the faid flag, or within such time as the flag might resturn back to the port of Annapolis, and their furniture of the fact. in the provision of the provision of the per bundred.

I wish year and a sound strong prices of the per bundred.

I wish year would endeavour to procure the litters by that the balance stall be immediately paid into the stall principle and stall into the stall principle to price, and the stall proper measures to procure in the stall p