MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, JULY 27, 1786.

VIENNA,

SCOCOCO HEY write from Conftantinople, that the Turks are ex-sperated beyond all bounds of discretion whenever they hear the coronation of the empress of Russia at Cherson mentioned. They dread that the influence of this sovereign will induce the people of the Cuban, and the neighbouring

districts, to submit to her dominion.

April 29. We are credibly informed that the Rusfian ambaffador has announced, that a rupture between Russa and the Porte is on the eve of commencing. The last courier from Constantinople brought such important dispatches as occasioned a council of state extraordinary to he held, to which all her majesty's ministers were summoned. After the council broke un, a courier was dispatched to M Bulgakow, the Russan minister at Constantinop'e, with orders, it is supposed, to return immediately, without taking leave of the grand fignior, and as fecretly as possible.

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LEGHORN, April 26.

The last letters from Sicily mention, that the Venetiaa fquadion, commanded by the chevalier Emo, is failed with every appearance of going direct to Tunis, with an intention, if possible, of taking the fort of Gullet.

LONDON, April 4.

It is certainly determined in the cabinet to fend a minister to the United States of America. It is to be hoped a man of strong aftive genius will be chosen for this important mission; one who is well acquainted with the commercial interests of this country, and who will steadily support them. The gentleman mentioned is the most unfix man in the kingdom; for independent of want of talents and activity of mind, he has personal claims for restitution of property taken from his family, and is much foured from difapp intments. He could therefore never make himfelt agreeable to the Americans, or useful to his country. Even the thought of lord Lonsdal's protection can never surmount these diffi-culties. This husin is is of a serious nature--let minifiers look to the confequences.

deril 17. An ing nious physician at Bath, who has for some time employed himself in making experiments upon different kinds of air, has discovered that not only charcoal, but candles, lamps, wood, tur', and coal fires, foul the air of the apartments in which they are burned, in a very great degree. The fumes of burning wood toint the air more than those of coal, and charcoal more, than either; and the smook of tellow candles is more injurious than that of wax or spermaceti — This gentleman has also discovered that the human breath taints the air more considerably in the afternoon, than in the morning; but that the effects of different kinds of paint, and of flowers, on applying Dr. Priestly's teit, were less apparent than might have been expected, confidering how noxious both are to the human

Dr. Priestly has lately found that water is essential to the production of inflammable air, and that charchemistry.

May 1. The most authentic accounts from Dublin, by the last packet, inform us, that there is at prefent a greater prospect of an union between Great-Britain and Ireland, than has appeared in any former period; the most distinguished patriots having given the strongest affurance to government, that they are ready to meet in any impartial plan for a lasting alliance between the two islands in the most cordial manner. An event most devoutly to be wished, as it is only by an union between the fifter islands that the success of the one can become the interest of the other, and that the riches and firength of either

kingdom can become the property of both, The following anecdote being very little known, and fingular, as to the effects of national music, is fernished by a correspondent, who declared himself formined by a correspondent, who declared nimely fonder of focial inquiry, than political discussion: In 1720. Charles Melloy, Esq; wrote a farce called The Fiels Pay Officer. It was brought out in Drury-lane, and to Mrs. Fryer, an Irish woman, who had quirted the slage since the reign of Charles who had quirted the slage since the reign of Charles

to dance a jig at the age of eighty-five: the came tottering in, and feemed much fatigued; but all of a sudden, the music striking up the Irish trot, she danced and footed it almost as nimbly as any wench of twenty-five. Mrs. Fryer afterwards kept a public house in Tottenham court, and lived in full health till she died, at the great age of 117 years, in No-

vember 1747.

May 2. Extraordinary preparations have been made in Normandy and Britanny for fishing upon the banks of Newfoundland, for which purpose a larger number of vessels have been fitted out than usual. This is occasioned by the extraordinary bounty given by the French government last

An officer of the French guards, being a few days ago at the king's theatre at Verfailles was feated behind a gentleman and lady; the former quitted his place for a moment, and left his hat on the bench near his wite—the officer took up the hat, and put it on the lady's knees, and immediately fet down by her. She told him very politely (but in vain) that it was her husbana's place. The gentle-man soon came in, and was not a little surprised at the behaviour of the officer. Some harth expressions passed between them -- the foldier gave the Bourgeois a blow, who instantly seized him by the costar, and to'd him, that he would neither let him go, nor return the blow he had received-he aimed at soot er kind of revenge, and brought him before the tribunal of marefehals of France, who condemned him to twenty years and a day's imprisonment for his un-

warrantable conduct. There is now to be feen at the Hotel de Louvis, Rue Richlieu, in Paris, a small vessel of twenty tons burthen, built entirely of patte-board - I'he ingenious ship-wright is the marquis du Crest, chancellor to his highness the duke of Orleans. This light vessel is short, to be launched on the Seine and is to be navigated down the river to Havra-de-Grace: and the marquis is not without hopes that he will be able to make a short trip to the British channel. It is not expected that a vessel so constructed can be of

fary.

Two Spanish frigates are arrived at Cadiz from Lisbon, with 2,000 000 of dollars, out of the San Pedro Alcantara, which already exceeds 390,000 of doilars.

The Portuguese seem resolved to try their strength against the Barbary states though stronger powers than they have failed. The only way of bringing these barbarians to reason seems so be to station a small squadron at the mouth of each of their harbours, and to have a number of light frigates perpetually to foour the feas in quest of such it aggless as might escape the vigilance of the stationary squadrons. Had this measure been followed by the Spaniards, they might, perhaps, with little expence, have humbled those pirates, instead of throwing away imcoal and iron when intentely hot have so strong an affinity to water, that they will attract it in the mids of the preasest fire and even through the pores that all its maritime states even the most powerful, of a glass retort —This discovery, it is thought, will are obliged to be tributaries to such a despicable set lection.

Letion.

Pondi tending among themselves for the vain title of lords of the ocean, they have suffered the Barbary rovers really to become fo; for there is no furer fign of dominion than obliging a state to pay an acknowledgment for the privilege of navigating any sea in

safety. Extrad of a letter from Paris, April 20.

"Louis XVI. who is defirous of knowing every thing that takes place in his dominions, is particularly curious to be informed of the fituation of the poor in his kingdom. Some weeks back he commissioned a lieutenant-general, to whom he is much attached, and in whom he places the greatest considence, to make a tour of France, and scrupulously to inspect every particular that regarded the poor. On his return on the 16th, the officer made the following report to his royal master:—" Sire! I have endeavoured to acquit myself faithfully of your majesty's commands: I have travelled amongst the poor, and am glad that I found so much misery in their habitations, that I know when your majefty is made acquainted with the extent of it, your royal

the farce was supposed to be a very old woman, and my very soul. In many villages which I passed Pegg exerted her utmost abilities; but the farce being ended, she was brought again upon the stage to find a bed, in others I could not see a pot or kettle; here there was no blanket, there the parents and children were nearly naked !-- The, had been forced to part with the most necessary articles in house-keeping, to pay their imports to their sovereign." The king was so affected at the recital, that he assured his informant, that before a considerable time should elapie, he would 'ake fuch measures as would enable the poorest subject in France to have a piece of good meat for his family at least three times in the week.

" Meat is fold here at twelve, fourteen, and eighteen sous per pound, according to the quality. There were no oxen to be purchase at the markets of Sceaux and Poissi on the 19th and 20th. The Dutch and Germans have deserted the French markets; they pretend that they lost considerably by frequenting them. We at causes such a farcily of oxen in France is, that the farmers neglected to bring them up, and apply their care to the breeding horses. But his majesty is about publishing a said to bring the majesty in the said to be a ing an edict by which the farmers are to be enjuned to use only oxen in their ploughs, &c this will remedy an evil which calls for initiation ox re-

May 5. We are fending one dictator to the east, and another dictator to the west, each invested with extraordinary and extensive powers. It frems all the remaining dominions on the continent of A nerica are comprifable within the I'm is of one government, where we formerly fent near a fe-re of governors! And in order to make room for one great and mighty governor, we must remove three governors of common fize!—One of those detacted governors, but just warm in his office, and a quainted with and occume agreeable to the people, thriving and profpering under his benign a 'minutration, must be recalled from the pleasing prospect of rearing a province to wealth, dignity and profperity, under his neurishing, follering hand!—They must now be governed by proxy, by enuty or deputy's deputy—Such is the wonderful occurony of modern minitiate! modern minitiers!

The last dispatches from Peris are of the most favourable kind :- A commercial system is likely to take place, of equal benefit to the two nations, and the more defirable, as it may tend to suppress the jealouses from whence have arisen those long, bloody, and expensive wars, which have added to largely to the prefent heavy debt under which we groan; and which can only be put in a state or being inquidated, with equal ease, fasety and honour to the flate by a continuance of peace.

The curiofity of the public to fee Mr. Hastings, appeared to strong on Morday, by the crouds that were at the house of commons, that the gallery and all the avenues, were full before twelve o'cick. The house also, by the time business usually begins, was crowded to fuch a degree, that art the void space at the bar and behind the speaker? chair was full. And when Mr. Hastings made his a pearance, the eyes of all that large body of people were immediately centered on him. Mr Birke had never seen him before. He was not in the least intimidated or contused, but entered on his defence with the greatest composite and recoldefence with the greatest composure and recol-

Pondicherry is in a much fronger flate of defence than it was when lait taken; but those who talk of its being impregnable are totally ignorant of the surject. It the French should conciliate the friendship of the Afiatic princes, they may weaken our ftiength in a degree; but while their possession is confined to one settlement, Great-Britain has nothing to apprehend in that quarter.

May 16. We can affure our readers from un-doubted authority, that Mr. Eden has completed the commercial negotiation with the court of France for which purpose he was fent out. This business is to be laid before parliament immediately. Mr. Eden himself is expected from the continent in a few days.

We are glad to find, that matters are in the hap-piest train for a renewal of our connexion with Ruffis. - The empress has a predilection for the English, which cannot easily be done away by the intrigues of the French cabinet, while the British administration continue to treat with her on liberal

A letter from a gentleman at Madrid, to a merwho had quitted the stage since me reign of charles the II. were assigned the part of an old grand-mether. In the bills it was mentioned, "The part of lady kicklove to be performed by Pegg Fryer, who has hicklove to be performed by Pegg Fryer, which not appeared upon the stage these fifty years," which not appeared upon the stage these fifty years," which out the realm of France. The poverty that I have added the city, has the following at the city, has the following at the city, has the following at the dey of Algiers has already broke the trace with us; jests as are continually perishing for want through is cruisers step almost every visited they must with and though they do not take them they generally, witnessed in your majesty's dominions harrowed up plunder them of the principal part of their cargo,