## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

HURSDAY, JANUARY 13, 1785.

DANTZICK, (Peland) September 20.

HE differences between this city and the king of Prussia, are at last finally adjusted, through the mediation of the imperial court of Russia. Here follow and trade of this city will be reftored to its former itability.

CONVENTION,

Between his majesty the king of Prussia, and the city of Dantzick.

WHEREAS, for some time past, disagreeable misunderstandings have prevailed between his Prussian majesty and the city of Dantzick, in consequence whereof several amicable conferences have been held through the mediation of her imperial majesty of all the Russias, and the conciliatory following agreement has been entered into

Article I. The magnificate of Dantzick readily acknowledges, that on the part of the faid city, owing either to misapprehension, ill humour, or prejudice, matters have been carried to such unwarrantable lengths against his Prussian majesty and his subjects, that several of the latter have been grievously insulted by some of the inhabitants of Dantzick. For this offence the faid magistrate shall, in the name of the whole city, beg his majefty's pardon, promiting to behave so for the future towards his said majefty and his subjects, as never to give any cause of com-

plaint. II. As the principal caule of the differences alladed to, originated from this question, whether the king's subjects may freely trade and navigate within the dominions of the city of Dantzick? It is hereby declared, that whereas the king of Prussa doth grant to the faid inhabitants a free passage, the latter in their turn agree to allow the fame liberty, both by land and water, within their dominions, to the Pruffan traders, subject to pay tolls at the same rate as is done by the said inhabitants, and no more. It is also agreed on the part of the Prussian innabitants, that all communications and paifages shall be reflored, especially the Krug, they being at liberty, however, to prevent the said Prussian traders from going too near the fortifications of the city, by extending the road in its environs, or erecting turnpikes, that shall remain shut up from sun-fet to sun-

nang.

Ill His Prudian majority, by this article, covenants to grant to the faid city the exclusive privilege
of trading by sea with Polsand, strictly forbidding his
subjects to interfere in the said trade. For this purpose the inhabitants of Dantzick are empowered to appoint an agent or consul, to reside at the new lan wassar, to see that no Prussan ship is employed in that trade. However, his power will not go fo far as arb trarily to fearch fuen inips, but upon the less turmife make his report, and, if well-founded, the magistrate of Dantzick shall be authorised to demand latisfaction, for any breach of the prefent article. In confequence of the concessions herein contilized, the city of Dantzick agrees to give every kind of liberty to the Pruffian subjects, for a free egits and regress in and out of their dominions by land and water.

iV. Settles the payment of tolls, which at no time must exceed these fettied in Prussia, and that no thip trading under a passport shall be fearched, unless that the magistrate should have some very good cause to suspect that such passports are not declarately of the state of the real bill of lading, then such ships, &c. shall be liable to a search, but always in the presence of the Prussan resident, who shall be summoned to attend in fuch case.

V. Recites that the magistrate of Dantzick shall grant a free passage to all effects and goods belonging to his majefly in person, or for the use of his stoops, without exacting any duties for the same.

VI. It is hereby provided, that a former connexion made have a provided to the connexion made have been supported by the connexion of the con

on made between the parties in 1771, shall be ob-ferred in all its parts. This the magistrate shall en-gage, in the name of his constituents, to see per-

d, without obfiacle or equivocation. VII. His Pruffian majesty, on the other hand, to thew his affection towards the inhabitants of Dantzick, hereby engages to deliver up all fuch persons now within his territories, as have withdrawn from the jurisdiction of Dantzick. And as a further mark ct his royal protection, his majefly will, from the date of the present convention, recal for ever the recruiting parties, calually employed in the faid ci-

VIII. The Prussian Jews shall be on the same soot-ing with their German brethren; provided neverthe-

less they carefully avoid carrying on any trade prohibited by the police laws of Dantzick.

IX. Upon the magistrate having, in the name of the whole city, engaged to fulfil every one of the foregoing articles, bona fide, his Pruffian majesty is graciously pleased to forget and forgive at that has passed, to honour the city and its trade with his royal protection, and strictly forbids his subjects to embarrass the same by any obstacle, hindrance or molestation whatever.

tation whatever. X. It is agreed, that for the better cementing the good intelligence new reflored between the king and the city of Dantzick, any stipulation or resolve made by the respective plenipotentiaries to the present convention, shall be acceded to by both parties, as their own act and deed.

The present convention was signed and sealed by the respective commissioners, invested with plenary powers, &c. Done at Warsaw on the 7th day of September, 1734.

The full ratification has been put off ad interim, until the powers of the deputies of Dantzick have been formally approved by his Puflian majety.

(Signed)

L. V. BUCHHOLTZ.

CONINGSBURG, (Germany) September 20.

The fieur Buschin has made out an exact estimate of the pref nt state of Liepfick, of which our seaders will be glad to fee the following particulars: This city, which is peculiarly remarkable for two tairs, held annualty in it, is one of the principal cities in Germany. Its population is estimated at 32,000 inhabitants; there are 22 libraries, 13 printing houses, 436 merchants houses, and 192 manufactories of different articles, such as brocades, taffeties, tobacco, paper, cards, &c. &c. The library of the chief magnitrate is very considerable, consisting of 36,000 that volumes, and near 2000 MSS, the most remarkable of which are in the Oriental languages. The library belonging to the univerfity contains 26 400 volumes, besides manuscripts. There are libraries belonging to the churches and schools. There is likewise an academy for defigning, architecture, and painting; feveral rooms of partings and natural history. Since the year 1701, the city has been lighted every night with 700 lamps.

H A G U E, Oasber 18.

On Friday evening the States General were again affembled, and the prince stadt-holder attended the meeting; the debates lasted till twelve o'clock, and the subject of them is faid to have been the further firengthening the frontier garrifons; co-lonel Pabit having fent a courier from Lillo, to their High Mightinesses, requesting them to send him a reinforcement of troops, as the Austrians are daily increasing in the neighbourhood of that fort, and particularly between Bergen op Zoom and Lilio.

The imperial vessel called the Attempt, captain

Pittenhoven, after being detained some time by contrary winds, failed from Oftend to go up the Scheld to Antwerp, with several persons of diffinc-tion on board, and was stopt and taken by the Dutch squadron, and sent into Vlessingen in Zea-

land. It is said the republic mean to take a considerable corps of German troops into their pay, and that the flactholder is going to take a journey to the Brabant

and Flemish frontiers.

Extrad of a letter from Bruger, dated Odober 15.
"The prince of Liege has given orders for all the regiments in Flanders to be ready to march at a thore notice; the regiments lying here are provided with twenty rounds of powder and hall each man, and hold themselves in readiness to move at a moment's warning; the prince is to fet off this day for

" The garrison of Sluys is augmented to 6000 men; the ferry which paffed from thence to Plufting is stopt; as are those on all the waters from Flanders to Zealand; and no persons are permitted to pass to or from any of the towns or villages without passports; all lodgers are examined with the most scrupulous exactness, and the innkeepers have received instructions on the same head."

LONDON, Odeber 6.

A daily paper fays, it is a fact which deferves the attention of the public, that the person delegated by the United States of the Netherlands, as ambatfador to the British court, being personally disagreeable, our secretary of flate for the foreign department, wrote to the States General, in the expectation of perfuading them to alter the appointment; he could obtain, however, no other answer than that he was the only person who would be lent. If this were the only indignity larely put upon the opinity, perhaps it would be sufficient to rouse the ancient

spirit of an insulted nation; but what must be their seelings when they are told that this is only one seature of the general system of the European courts with respect to Britain?

Oa. 18. There is an African black now in town. studying divinity under some of the first preachers among the methoditts. He is intended to go over and preach among the negroes in America, as a means of affitting the quakers benevolent schemes, who have of late fet up schools, and took much pains to educate the children of negroes.

OA. 24. Nothing can be more flattering to the bishop of Osnaburg, than his reception at the imperial court. To be treated with ailtinguished respect by the first prince in Europe, not only in dignity, but in abilities, and at so early an age, is a mark of uncommon merit, and it must not only give his royal parents the utmost fatisfaction, but fill the nation with the most pleasing hopes, that so bright a dawn will be followed by a bl-ze of glory, which will be equally an ornament to himself and an emolument to this country. To him we may apply the celebrated compliment of Virgil to the fon of Pollio.

-Magnæ spes altera Romæ.

Government, among other weighty matters lying on the Cabinet, have the fettlement and cultivation of the remaining parts of Jamaica. It is an exact farvey we report from, when we fav, that an entire third part of that large and valuable island, yet .ontinues une eared.

When Mrs. Hayley fet fail for America, the carried with her Dr. Moyes, of Scotland, who laid winter gained the hearts of a lithe ladies, not withmanding his blindness, by his lectures on natural philoso-

Letters from Scotland, by the Iad post, 'advise, that the inhabitants of Kircuchenght, Duniries, and feveral other burghs, have joined the general afforiation at Elinburgh, for the parione of bringing about a parliamentary reform, and lignified there periods. tentions of enfercing it by every leaden to the onal measure. The Scotch now look on a more consistency. qual representation not only as a privilege to which they have a legal and indiffutable Caim. but is the touchitone of the prefent ministerial splits, or government, and as one of the first conditions on which the minister will be entitled to their confidence and sup.

The opposition writers are bringing Mr. Pitt and Miss Pulsiey together, preparing their marriage set-tements, sporting 170 000l of the public more year the occasion, and giving Mr. Pulsney a peerse, and all this in half a doz-n lines of a news-pape; and what is more extra rdinary, without the parties having fall a fingle word on the full jest!

Lord Harrington's new born chila drew its first breath in the barracks of Duolin, as Sterne die n the barracks of Clonmel, in the county of Tipperary. If wit should preside at births in such places, and Sterne is certainly no proof to the contrary, t'e young Stanhope may one day equal and surjas his witty kinsman the great earl of Cheste sield.

A few days ago, a person at Stockwith, in York-Cheste Stockwith, in York-Cheste Stockwith, and the stockwith and the stockwith and the stockwith.

shire, formerly a servant to a lady at Lincoln, fent

her a written note, begging her acceptar ee of a small present. The present which arrived a tew days after, was a single coal, upwards of 2500 worth.

Od. 24. From the situation of the Frinch sinances, all ideas of their infringing the late prace, for some years at least, are improbable; and both the Friench king and cabinet, are so pac fically inclined, that from the appearance of no lifes, there clined, that from the appearance of politics, there is more reason to expect a closer alliance with that country, from the alteration of affairs in Portugal, than has subsided between Great-Britain and France for many years.

SHERBORNE, Odober 18.

Mr. Lunardi has published a very eurious account of his aerial journey, in the course of which he takes an opportunity to make the following remarks on news-papers: "My fame has not been springly diffused by the news papers, which in England are the barometers of public opinion; often erroncous, as offier inflroments are, in their particular informstions; but yielding the best that can be obtained. You will imagine the importance of these vehicles of knowledge, when you learn, that in London atom, there are no less than 160,000 papers printed, weekly, which, by a liamp on each, and a duty on advertisements, bring into the treasury of the nation about sojocol, a year. They are to the English confitution what the censors were to that of antient Rome. Ministers of ftate are checked and kept in awe by them; and they freely, and olden judicinusty, expose the presentions of calosa with would have government, merely to be taken into

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