

Art. XII. That a vessel be permitted to go to Philadelphia with the general's dispatches, which are not to be opened.

B. LINCOLN. Charles-town, May 3, 1780. General Sir HENRY CLINTON and admiral ARBUTHNOT'S ANSWER to the above articles, which was finally agreed to.

Art. I. All acts of hostility and work shall cease until the articles of capitulation are finally agreed to or rejected.

Art. II. The town and fortifications, with the shipping at the wharves, artillery, and all public stores whatsoever, shall be surrendered in their present state to the commanders of the investing forces. Proper officers shall attend from the respective departments to receive them.

Art. III. Granted.

Art. IV. The militia now in garrison shall be permitted to return to their respective homes, as prisoners upon parole; which parole, so long as they observe, shall secure them from molested in their property by the British troops.

Art. V. Granted.

Art. VI. Granted; except with respect to their horses, which will not be allowed to go out of town, but may be disposed of by a person left from each corps for that purpose.

Art. VII. The whole garrison shall, at an hour to be appointed, march out of town to the ground between the works of the place and the canal, where they will deposit their arms. The drums are not to beat a British march, or colours to be uncased.

Art. VIII. Agreed; with this restriction, that he is to consider himself as a prisoner on parole.

Art. IX. All civil officers, and the citizens who have borne arms during the siege, must be prisoners on parole; and with respect to their property in the city, shall have the same terms as are granted to the militia. And all other persons now in the town, not described in this, or other articles, are notwithstanding understood to be prisoners on parole.

Art. X. The discussion of this article, of course, cannot possibly be entered into at present.

Art. XI. The subjects of France and Spain shall have the same terms as are granted to the French consul.

Art. XII. Granted; and a proper vessel, with a flag, will be provided for that purpose.

All public papers and records must be carefully preserved, and faithfully delivered to such persons as shall be appointed to receive them.

H. CLINTON, M. ARBUTHNOT.

Camp before Charles-town, May 9, 1780.

TRENTON, June 14.

Since the enemy have been at Elizabeth-town point, a party of 16 of our militia having been out on a scout, fell in with 17 of the enemy, whom they brought off with their arms, without firing a gun.

It is reported that part of the British troops is arrived at Staten-land from South Carolina.

We are informed that the enemy still continue at Elizabeth-town point inactive, except scouting parties that are daily skirmishing with our militia; in several of which the militia have fought with great spirit, and been successful. Our loss is computed to be about 30 killed and wounded, captain Reves being among the former. The enemy's loss is said to be 150 killed, and as many more wounded.

A few days ago thirty-four of the convention troops, Hessians, were taken up in Monmouth county, on their way to New-York, and sent to Philadelphia gaol.

ANNAPOLIS, June 23.

RETURN of killed and wounded during the siege of Charles-town.

Killed, 1 colonel, 1 aid de camp, 6 captains, 3 lieutenants, 10 sergeants, 68 rank and file, continentals.—Wounded, 1 major, 2 captains, 5 lieutenants, 18 sergeants, and 114 rank and file, continentals.

The militia and seamen being in a different part of the town, suffered no loss.

RETURN of the continental troops, prisoners of war, including the sick and wounded.

Major-general Lincoln. Brigadiers: Moultrie, McIntosh, Woodford, Scott, Du Portail, Hogan. Colonels 9, lieutenant colonels 14, majors 15, captains and captain-lieutenants 34, lieutenants 14, second lieutenants and ensigns 32. Non-commissioned officers, 209, drums and files 140, rank and file 1977.

The number of deserters of our army from the 29th of March to the 14th May, amounted only to 20.

Extract of a letter from Petersburg, June 18.

More bad luck; a part of Scott's brigade, about 400, were all kill'd and taken at a place call'd the Hanging-Rocks, about a hundred miles this side Charles-town; they made great havoc with the British light horse, killed three hundred, which were near half the party.

Charles county, June 5, 1780.

To be LET for a term, or the fishing season, THREE good landings, at Pomonkey, on Patowmack river, where large seines may be worked, and great quantities of shads and herrings taken in the proper season. There is a good house at each landing, which are all noted as good and convenient fisheries. For terms apply at the place to RICHARD BRANDT.

Prince-George's county, May 16, 1780.

A PETITION will be offered to the first session of assembly, after this notice has been given eight weeks, for an act to admit the recording and to give effect from the date to a deed executed in this county, by Matthew Sparks and Margaret his wife, to John Hammelton, for a tract of land lying in the aforesaid county.

JOHN HAMMELTON.

Annapolis, June 15, 1780.

FOR SALE, A QUANTITY of very old BARBADOS and DEMAIRA SPIKLI, by JAMES WILLIAMS.

WHEREAS a commission issued from Montgomery county court, at the instance of Messrs. George and Thomas Beall, sons of the late colonel George Beall, empowering us the subscribers to examine evidences to prove and perpetuate the memory of the bounds of a tract of land lying in the county aforesaid, named the Mock of Dumbarton: We do give this public notice, that in obedience to the said commission, we purpose to meet on said land on Monday the thirty-first day of July next, to examine upon oath all evidences that shall be nominated or offered to us concerning their knowledge of the bounds of said land. Witnesses our hands, this 3d day of June, 1780.

ANDREW HEUGH, BENJAMIN BECRAFT, jun. THOMAS McCUBBIN, AARON LANHAM.

BADGER

COVERS at Mr. Ogle's plantation, near Annapolis, at two hundred pounds the season and eight dollars the groom. He is full fifteen hands one inch high, a dark gray, and allowed by judges to be a fine horse. He was got by governor Eden's Badger, his dam by Samuel Galloway, Esquire's Seim, his grandam (an imported mare) by Spot, his great grandam by Cartouche, his great great grandam by Old Traveller, his great great great grandam by Sedbury, his great great great great grandam by Childers, out of a bay mare.

Governor Eden's Badger was got by lord Chedworth's Bosphorus, who won seven king's plates, his dam by Othello, commonly called Black and all Black, who beat lord March's Bajzet over the Currah of Kildare, his grandam by the duke of Devonshire's Flying Childers. Badger won the fifty at Guiltford, and got lamed at Epfom, the only times he started.

Good pasturage for mares at five pounds a week, but I will not be answerable for any that may be lost.

No mare will be received, unless the money is sent with her.

6w 67 WATKINS.

Commissioners office, Annapolis, May 8, 1780.

THE honourable general assembly having on the 7th of May resolved, "That the commissioners for stating and settling the public accounts be directed to call on the several collectors to make immediate payment, and in case of neglect, to put their bonds in suit, and also to call on all public debtors to settle their accounts, and in case of neglect, to compel payment without delay;" in conformity thereto the commissioners hereby give notice to the several collectors and public debtors to comply with the said resolution.

Signed per order T. GASSAWAY, clerk.

THE subscriber, being about to depart for Europe, and to return in a few months, thinks it necessary to inform those persons indebted to the late partnerships of William Stevenson and co. and Stevenson, Randolph, and Cheston, of Bristol, that the partnership of William Stevenson and co. was dissolved in the spring of the year 1769, by another person coming into the business, and that the partnership of Stevenson, Randolph, and Cheston, which commenced at the dissolution of the first, was likewise dissolved the last day of December, 1774, since which no settlement or dividend has taken place between the partners of the affairs of either partnership. He also thinks it necessary to inform all persons concerned, that William Stevenson, one of the partners in the above mentioned houses, became a bankrupt in October, 1774, and his brother, Daniel Cheston, being the principal creditor, was appointed sole assignee, and to whom an assignment of all the bankrupt's effects were made for the benefit of his creditors. From these circumstances they will take notice, that whoever calls upon them for payment of the debts due by them, must be furnished with powers of attorney from William Randolph, of Bristol, Daniel Cheston, assignee of William Stevenson, and the subscriber, or in lieu thereof, they must shew there has been a settlement and dividend of effects of both the partnerships, by producing assignments of their respective debts, under the hands and seals of the above mentioned William Randolph, Daniel Cheston, assignee as aforesaid, and myself.

JAMES CHESTON.

LAWSON MARYLAND, passed March session, 1780, may be had at the printing-office.

THERE is at the plantation of Jonathan Jetter, living at the Head of Cuckers, in Kent county, a black horse, about thirteen hands high, has a bald face, one white foot, and appears to have a brand on his near buttock with the letter K. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

Bladenburg, May 11, 1780.

FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

A BSCONDED from this place last night a certain John Wood, who has been detected in stealing tobacco out of the warehouses here, which he shipped in different cratts, chiefly in the night time, to the amount of twenty-five hogheads, that have been discovered, and we suspect he has taken more which we have not yet found out.

He is about five feet seven or eight inches high, about twenty-six years of age, round shouldered, has a wrinkled forehead, and an remarkable way of grinning when he laughs, his black fore teeth, thick legs, a downy mousey look, but assumes the air of a man of business and importance. He has variety of good cloaths made in the most fashionable manner, being much of a coxcomb. He rode a black stallion about 16 hands high, 6 or 7 year old, with a blaze face, and carries himself very high, trim and gallops. A saddle half worn, with a dark skin seat and a green housing lined with red.

Whoever apprehends the said John Wood, and secures him in any jail so that he may be brought to trial, shall receive the above reward.

JOHN BALL, SAMUEL SHECKLES, } inspectors.

St. Mary's county, May 29, 1780. RAN away, about the beginning of April, from the subscriber, living near Lewell's warehouse in St. Mary's county, a young country born negro fellow, named JERRY, about six feet high, rather slender made, very knock-kneed, and stoops a little when walking, has a down roguish look; had on, when he was away, a dark coloured kersey wove country cloth woollen jacket not full'd, and striped country cloth breeches mixed wool and tow, a country tow shirt, old shoes and stockings, and a hat covered on the crown with laces-fur; he has worked a few months at the carpenter's trade, and has been used to making hats at the lower end of this county. Whoever brings the said negro to the subscriber shall have, if taken ten miles from home one hundred dollars, if twenty miles two hundred dollars, if at a greater distance three hundred dollars, or if secured in any jail, so as the subscriber gets him again, one hundred dollars.

JOHN BRISCOE