

General return of the prisoners taken at Stony-Point.
 Officers sent to Easton on parole. 1 lieutenant-colonel, 4 captains, 12 lieutenants, 4 ensigns, 1 conductor of artillery, 1 assistant-surgeon.
 Officers and privates wounded and sent in. 2 lieutenants, 1 ensign, 1 surgeon, 35 privates.
 Sent to Easton. 9 privates, 2 attendants.
 Sent to Easton. 441 privates, 25 servants to officers.
 Total, 543.
 ABRAHAM SKINNER, D. Com. Prisoners.
 Given, July 25, 1779.

Return of the enemy's killed.
 1 Captain, 1 lieutenant, 8 sergeants, 3 corporals, 50 privates. Total 63.

Published by order of congress,
 CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

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 IN CONGRESS, July 26, 1779.

Resolved unanimously, That the thanks of congress be given to his excellency general Washington, for the vigilance, wisdom, and magnanimity, with which he hath conducted the military operations of these states, and which are, among many other signal instances, manifested in his orders for the late glorious enterprise and successful attack on the enemy's fortress on the banks of Hudson's river.

Resolved, That the thanks of congress be presented to brigadier-general Wayne, for his brave, prudent, and soldierly conduct, in the spirited and well conducted attack of Stony-Point.

Resolved, That congress entertain a proper sense of the good conduct of the officers and soldiers under the command of brigadier-general Wayne, in the assault of the enemy's works at Stony-Point, and highly commend the coolness, discipline and firm intrepidity exhibited on the occasion.

Resolved, That lieutenant-col. Fleury and major Steward, who by their situation, in leading the two attacks, had a more immediate opportunity of distinguishing themselves, have by their personal achievements exhibited a bright example to their brother-soldiers, and merit in a particular manner the approbation and acknowledgment of the United States.

Resolved, That congress warmly approve and applaud the cool determined spirit with which lieutenant-gibbons and lieutenant-knox led on the forlorn hope, braving danger and death in the cause of their country.

Resolved, That a medal emblematical of this action be struck. That one of gold be presented to brigadier-general Wayne, and a silver one to lieutenant-col. Fleury and major Steward.

Resolved, That a brevet of captain be given to lieutenant-gibbons and lieutenant-knox.

That the brevet of captain be given to Mr. Archer, the bearer of the general's letter and volunteer aid to brigadier-general Wayne.

That congress approve the promises of reward made by brigadier-general Wayne, with the concurrence of the commander in chief to the troops under his command.

That the value of the military stores, taken at Stony-Point, be ascertained and divided among the gallant troops by whom it was reduced, in such manner and proportion as it was reduced, in such manner and proportion as the commander in chief shall prescribe.

Extract from the minutes,
 CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

ANNAPOLIS, July 30.

SAMUEL CHASE, Esq; was, on Monday last, elected without opposition a delegate to represent this city in General Assembly, in the room of JOHN BAICE, Esq; resigned.

Extract of a letter, dated Camp, Dean's-Forest, July 18.
 "You will not doubt, ere this reaches you, hear of the signal and important reduction of the enemies works at King's-Ferry, which was effected in the morning of the 16th instant, at two o'clock; the plan was noble, and as well conducted; general Wayne commanded, and received a slight wound; some few officers of inferior rank wounded, not badly; our whole loss does not exceed twenty killed and thirty wounded, the enemy's nearly the same, together with 500 prisoners, consisting of a regiment, one company of artillery, and two or three companies of grenadiers, with their arms, equipage, and baggage, six double fortified 18 pounders iron, five long 12 brass, two royal howitz, &c. a good deal of provisions, rum, &c."

MR. GREEN,
 YOU are desired to give the following instructions, on behalf of 300 voters of Anne-Arundel county, to the delegates of the said county, a place in your paper.
 Yours, A. B.

TO THE DELEGATES OF ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.
GENTLEMEN,
 WE your constituents, indubitably entitled to give you instructions, as to your conduct in the general assembly, think proper to exercise that right at this time. A bill for the relief of certain nonjurors on the terms therein mentioned has been published, and we suppose, for our consideration and judgment, on the propriety of its being passed into a law.

We therefore instruct you to oppose and vote against the said bill, and any bill of the same nature and substance.

That you oppose and vote against any bill for the repeal of the law, imposing the treble tax, and creating disabilities on nonjurors, or any bill for the general relief of all nonjurors.

That you oppose any bill to relieve from the treble tax (as levied by the supply bill passed at the last session of assembly) and from other disabilities, such nonjurors as have manifested an inimical or unfriendly disposition to the liberty and independence of the United States, or to such who by their advice, influence, conduct, or example, have weakened the resistance and efforts of America.

We instruct you to vote for relief to such nonjurors, who omitted to take the test, from ignorance, or the

persuasion, influence, example, or conduct, of others their superiors in abilities, fortune, or station.

Our will when known ought to regulate your conduct, but on this occasion, we think proper to inform you of the reasons, which influence our judgment.

1st. By the proposed bill every burthen imposed, and the greater part of the disabilities created, on nonjurors, will be taken off men, who have ever manifested an inimical disposition to the liberty and happiness of this country: men who uniformly opposed every measure adopted by congress, the conventions, or assemblies of this state; men who opposed the commercial opposition, condemned our resistance by arms, refused to contribute money to purchase military stores, denied their personal services in the field, and opposed the association to defend our liberties by arms; men who depreciated our currency, opposed the declaration of independence, and the alliance with France, and by their conduct, influence, and example, weakened the resistance and efforts of America, and countenanced and encouraged her enemies.

2d. We believe the commencement of the war and its continuance may be, in great part, attributed to the misrepresentations, acts, and conduct, of the Tories, and therefore the heavy taxes necessarily imposed to carry on the war, and for the redemption of our currency, have been in great measure brought on us by them; wherefore in justice they ought to pay more to the expences of the war.

3dly. The Whigs risked their property and lives, if Great-Britain had succeeded; the Tories risked nothing: the Whigs encountered all the dangers, fatigue, and hardships of the war; many were killed, and many lost their fathers, sons, and husbands, in the field, while the Tories and their families enjoyed ease and pleasure at home; wherefore they ought to pay more than the Whigs.

4thly. The relief proposed is impolitic during the continuance of the war. It will be imputed by the Tories and Great-Britain to fear, it will dishearten the Whigs, and encourage the Tories.

5thly. The bill does not afford relief to many who ought to be the objects of it.

We also think proper to instruct you to endeavour to procure an amendment to that part of the militia law, which exempts those, who have found substitutes, for three years, or during the war, from all militia duty within this state. We think that no man should be exempted from militia duty within the state, in case the same should be invaded, and are of opinion such exemption may endanger the safety of the state. The other privileges of not being liable to service out of the state, and to attend on days of tute; if deemed otherwise, let part of the substitute money be returned from the public treasury.

14 July, 1779.

Annapolis, July 28, 1779.

MR. GREEN,
 IT having been reported that I delivered to Mr. Goddard, the queries printed in the Maryland Journal, said to be wrote by gen. Lee, I declare upon my honour, that no letter, paper, or message, did I receive from him for Mr. Goddard, or any other printer, nor did I deliver any, or make use of any arguments to induce a publication of them; for whatever my opinion may have been of the judgment of the court-martial respecting gen. Lee's conduct at Monmouth, yet I owe more to the Saviour of America, than to have been instrumental in any attempts that might tend to lessen his merit—but to remove every impression that may have been made to my prejudice respecting the said publication, be pleased to insert in your next paper the enclosed letters, with this declaration, and oblige your humble servant,
 D. JENIFER.

SIR, Baltimore-town, July 22, 1779.
 I HAVE the pleasure to inform you, that the gentlemen of this town who have read your declaration, are perfectly satisfied and convinced, that you neither assisted Mr. Goddard with papers nor advice respecting the late queries political and military.

Your obedient servant,
 S. A. M. SMITH.

SIR, Stephy, July 24, 1779.
 I WROTE you the 13th current from Port-Tobacco, and was in hopes that ere this you would have cleared up the report which has been circulated to my prejudice; of not only being the bearer of gen. Lee's queries to the press, but also of using arguments to induce a publication thereof. As both these assertions are as false as God is true; and as I held no conversation with you, or any other person in Baltimore town, of a private nature, I expect your candour will oblige you to do immediate justice, to your most humble servant,
 D. JENIFER.

P. S. I have been at Baltimore to have the matter there cleared up, but your sister, Miss Goddard, informed me you were at Annapolis, and when I got there, you had again set out for Baltimore, which obliges me to wait your answer.
 Mr. William Goddard.

SIR, Annapolis, July 26, 1779.
 HAD I received your letter of the 13th instant, I should not only have returned you an immediate answer, but have done you justice in the Baltimore paper—for neither letter, paper, or message, did you deliver me from gen. Lee—nor did you make use of any arguments to induce a publication of the queries you mention. We had no conversation whatever which we need wish to be concealed from a candid public. What I have now hastily written you, is most sincerely true, and I shall be ever ready to prove it on oath, if such a measure should hereafter appear necessary for the further vindication of your character.

I am, Sir, with great regard,
 Your most obedient servant
 Col. Jenifer. W. GODDARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a writ *feri facias* issued from the general court, amounting in the whole to twenty eight hundred and thirty-six pounds, ten shillings, sterling money, debt and damages, and also thirty-two pounds seventeen shillings and eight pence halfpenny, current money, there will be exposed to sale, by way of public vendue, on Tuesday the 31st day of August next to the highest bidder, for ready cash, at the late dwelling plantation of James Chalmers, late of Kent county, one thousand acres of land, all adjoining the dwelling plantation, except one piece, which James Chalmers purchased of Henry Phillips, which is near the other, all the said land the property of the aforesaid James Chalmers, and sold to Justice unto Thomas Galloway and Benjamin Harwood, successors of John Clapham and William Eddis, their several debts, damages, and costs, agreeable to the judgments obtained by the aforesaid Thomas Galloway and Benjamin Harwood against the aforesaid James Chalmers, before the judges of the general court, held at Talbot county court-house on the second Tuesday of April last.

100 Dollars
 J. B. KINVIN WROTH,
 sub-sheriff of Kent county.

SIXTY DOLLARS REWARD.
 Montgomery county, July 18, 1779.

RAN away last night from the subscriber, a likely mulatto slave named SANGO, about five feet high, wears his own hair, which he keeps combed; he appears to be about twenty years of age, is very sensible and active; he had on a claret coloured cloth coat, red cloth waistcoat, country linen shirt and breeches, pretty much worn, thread stockings, country made shoes and brass buckles, a castor hat, which he generally wears cocked up; he has taken with him a country tulle coat of a drab colour. It is probable he may steal a horse, and make either for camp or the Carolinas. Any person who will take up the said fellow, and secure him that the owner may get him again, shall receive the above reward and reasonable charges if brought home.

100 Dollars
 JAMES PERRY.

N. B. I understand that he frequently declared, some little time before he went off, that some body had offered him a considerable sum and find him a horse to go off with him; I am apprehensive he has embraced the offer, and it is likely the person intends to make sale of him.

Annapolis, July 22, 1779.
THE COMMITTEE OF GRIEVANCES and **COURTS OF JUSTICE** will sit to do business in the committee-room, every day, from half past two till four in the afternoon, during the present session of the general assembly.

Signed by order of the committee,
 ARCHIBALD GOLDER, clerk.

Annapolis, July 23, 1779.
IMPORTED in the brig Tom Johnson, captain M'Kirdy, from Nantes, and to be SOLD, on Saturday the 31st instant, at the store of Wallace and Davidson,

A CARGO OF GOODS, consisting of the following articles: Linens, woollens, calicoes, men and silk handkerchiefs, sail-cloth, cordage, ship chandlery, window-glass, earthen and glass ware, iron ware, lead and shot, stationary, hats, Madeira wine, claret, rum, brandy, loaf sugar, pepper, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, alum, coppers, fig-blue, men and womens shoes, china, grindstones, and salt.

CAME to the plantation of RICHARD BENNETT HALL, in Prince-George's county, some time in May, a BAY MARE, branded S C. The owner may have her again, on proving property and paying charges.

Annapolis, July 15, 1779.
STRAYED or **STOLEN** from the subscriber, on the 7th instant,

A LARGE bright bay GELDING, about 14 1/2 hands high, branded on the near buttock E G. I here are some saddle marks, he has two white feet, is shod, all round, trots very hard, and has a switch tail. Whoever takes up said horse, and brings him, or secures him, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive, if taken within this state, fifty dollars, and if out of the state, one hundred dollars, and all reasonable charges, paid by
 JOSEPH SELBY.

Annapolis, July 13, 1779.
 To be SOLD, by the subscriber,

TWO strong able HORSES, that will answer for the saddle or gears.

W. J. WILLIAM WILKINS.

STOPPED, on being offered for SALE,

A SILVER TABLE SPOON, marked W M maker's mark E B. The owner may have it again, on proving property, and paying charges, by applying to the printer.

Belvoir, July 10, 1779.

THERE are at the plantation of ELIZABETH SCOTT, about seven miles from Annapolis, one black and four white SHEEP and one LAMB, each with one ear cropt. The owner may have them again on proving property and paying charges.

LOST by the subscriber,
THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE ANCIENT TUESDAY CLUB, bound in parchment; several of the leaves are loose. Whoever will deliver them to his office, shall receive forty dollars for their trouble.

FREDERICK GREEN.

(XXXI)
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