filed for them to put their intentions into execution, by seven of the rebels jumping into their long boat to fatten the tackles and get her hoisted on board; when Wir Murphy gave the figual, and immediately knocked down the centinel and took his arms; he was brave-By seconded by his two gallant companions, one of whom threw a piece of metal into the boat, which started a plank in her bottoin, and then cut her painter, foon after which the and the feven rebels went down. Fuccels crowned the endeavours of the three heroes, who after destroying twenty-four of the pirates, gave quarters to the remaining five, and then flood after the vessel out of which they were taken, which they retook, an brought both vessel into the Hook yester. day afternoon.

Capt. White of the privateer brig Spitfire, arrived here from Geor, ia, informs us, that fifteen hundred of the royal armys under the command of col. Maitland, credied the river Savannah, on the evening of the twenty-feventh ult. to Purifourgh, on the Carolina fide, where they ferprized the rebel gen. Lincoln with two thousand congress troops, killed about one hundred and fifty, took about three hundred prisoners and obliged the remainder to run, many of them almost native the state of th ked, into the woods. Capt. White has taken fix valuable prizes during his cruife, one of them, on the fitth of Feb. named the at, Maria, a fine ship richly laden with indigo and tobacco. He also informs us, that capt. Slow, in an armed hoat from St. Augustine, on the twenty-fifth ult. captured a brig from Calais to Chariestown, laden with salt and dry goods, the master of which says that previous to his departure a packet Loat arrived from England, which brought accounts of twenty thousand british troops being ready to embark for America, under convoy of seventeen men of war, and that their embarkation was to take place with the greatest expedition; that the French court reprobated the Spaniards for remaining supine spectators while the nivy of Great-Britain are ruining the commerce of

WILLIAMSBURG, May 22.

By advices which his excellency the governor has received from the Illinois, we learn, that Mr. Hamilton the governor of Detroit, came down this tyring with a party of regulars, Canadians and favages, and retook the post of St. Vincent, on the Wawbash, garrisoned by a finall detatchment from the Illinois: that the brave col. Clarke, confidering himse f as reduced by this event, to the alternative of haz raing every thing on one desperate effort, or of abandoning our western acquifitions, determined to march with his whole force confifting of about 150 men, including fome militia of the place, and make a vigorous attack on the enemy. The arrangements he made for this purpole were as judi ious as the enterpri e itself was heroic, and arduous; he found Mr. Hamilton with his party in the fort, which he immediately belieged, so closely and vigorously, that in eighteen hours the whole were made prisoners. A featping party of Indians, which Mr. Hamilton had fent out, returned to the fort foon after the furrender of it to the American arms, with the favage trophies of their faccets, and instantly suffered the vengeance due to their outrages on humanity. Col. Clarke has tent in governor Hami ton, Monsieur Dechang, judge of the court at Detfoit, and capt. I emott, with about 25 prisoners. They were when last heard of at New-London, in Bedford county. the express which col. Clarke lent with the particulars of this expedition, was murdered by the lavages on his way, and the dilpatches destroyed: it is also said, that a very large quantity of goods brought from Detroit, for the purpose of rewarding the barbarities of their Indian allies, was taken at the lame time by col. Clarke.

A letter from the captain commandant at Detroit to governor Hamilton has usen intercepted, which complains that fince the departure of the latter, the inhabitants were all getting traiterous hearts.

The enemy by tie last accounts, after having burnt the town of uffork, destroyed the provisions there, and plundered its in abitants retreated o Portimouth, where they are faiting the provisions they have taken in then depredatory exturfions to the adjacent counties.

To shew the barbarous and unmany disposition of those invacers of our country, we submit to the public the following tacks, authenticated by the testimony of one of the parties concerned Four boys, viz John Phipp, 1h mas Walke, Thomas Lawfon, and Peter Bow oin, who were on their way from Mr. Andrews's school near Suffolk, to their parents in Princess Anne county, were overtaken by three of their light horse, most abusive language, robbed them of their shoe and knee buckles; handkerchiefs, money, and all the cloaths they had, telling them at the same time, they might think themselves fortunate in not meeting with the Hessians initead of them, as they would not only have robbed them, but would have put them to death. How are the laurels of the British valour fallen, when, women and boys are new become the objects of their vengeance !

Several deserters have come in from the enemy, and inform, that their delign is not to fray there long; that many others were determined to dejert, on account of the bad ulage they receive.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1. By capt. Newton Cannon, of the schooner Lady Washington, who on Sunday night arrived in this port, in 11 days from Providence, we learn, that he heard there from several Brit sk captains of vessels, of general Lincoln's having routed the British forces in South-Carolina, somewhere about Purysburg, and killed and taken 1400 of them, but he could gather no further particulars.

Being in the greatest haste to dispatch your express, I have not time to give you any very particular information, concerning the present invasion; let it suffice therefore to inform Ocngress that the engmy's ships are nearly the same as was mentioned in my former letter; with regard to the number of the trapps, which leads with regard to the number of the troops, which landed

and took Portfrouth, and afterwards proceeded, burnt, plundered and destroyed Susfolk, committing various barbarities, we are still ignorant, as the accounts from deserters differ widely; perhaps, however, it may not -

exceed 2000 or 2000 men.

I trust that we have a sufficient number of troops hationed in certain proportions at this place, York, Hampton, and on the fouth fide of James's river.

When any further particulars come to my knowledge, they shall he communicated to Congress without delay. I have the honour to be, Sir, your humble fervant,

To the hon, the president of Congress. P. S. I am pretty certain that the land forces are commanded by general Matthews, and the fleet by Sir George Collier.

SIR, Williamsburg; May 21, 1779. I received the letter which accompanies this, yellerday, from South-Carolina, by express; and by desire of lieut, gov. Bee, transmit it to you for the perusal of Congress. With great regard, I have the honour to be, Sir, your excellency's most opedient servant.

P. HENRY. His excellency the president of Congress.

Charlestown, South Carolina, May 5, 1779. SIR, The enemy having croffed from Georgia into this

state, and by a rapid movement got between gen. Lincoln and Charlettown, are bending their whole force this way; they were this morning within 68 miles of us, and are pursuing gen. Moustrie, who with about 1500 men is retreating before them. Gov. Rutledge, with about 350 men, had marched from Orangeburg on Mon. day, to join gen. Moustrie, but I much tear will be too late. Gen. Lincoln intended coming on their rear, but they were at least four days march ahead of him. In this fituation I thought it'my duty once more to

request the aid of our brethren of Virginia. No time is to be lost. Indeed I tear any assistance will come tull late. I am, with great esteem, your excellency's most obedient humbie feryant, THO. BEE.

Col. John Laurens received a flight wound in thearm, in a skirmish with the enemy's advanced party yester-day, and his horse was also shot. He is in a good way. Pray let his father know this, as I have not time to write to him.

His excellency Patrick Henry, Efq; Governor of Virginia. By order of congress, CHARLIS I HOMSON, secr.

ANNAPOLIS, June 4.

We are well informed, that Great Britain intends to fend out a confiderable reinforcement, under the conv. y

of a large fleet.

By a letter to his excellency our governor from his excellency the governor of Virginia we are informed, that the enemy, who lately invaded that state, with a fleet of ships, consisting of the Raisonable of 54 guns, the Rainbow of 40, the Otter of 14, and sundry other armed and unarmed veffels, commanded by commodore Sir George Coilier, together with a number of land forces, amounting to 1500 or 2000, commanded by maj. gen. Matthew, evacuated Portimouth on Tuesday the 25th ult. after committing ravages and depredations of the most cruel and unmanly sort. After their departure from Portsmouth, they drew up their whole fleet before Hampton, and by a parade of their flat-bottomed boats, threatened a descent on that place; but a consideraule body of troops, under col. Marshal, were so well prepared to receive them, and maintained to firm a countenance, that they did not choose to hazard the experiment. On the a7th, about noon, they hoifed fail, and proceeded to f-a. No conjecture can be made concerning their destination, from their course, but from the uncommon quantity, and particular kind of some, of their plunder, there can be little doubt, that they will return to New-York.

Extra& of a letter from Philadelphia, dated June 1.

16 Part of the troops under gen. Washington are in motion, and I believe will take a flation nearer New-York than the present,-No late I uropean in elligence. We have a report from Charlestown by the way of Pro-vidence, that an action has taken place in that state much in our favour .- It is attended with fuch circumflances as to gain the belief of the delegates of that flate. The captain and crew of the yessel from Providence are Americans, who had been taken and were permitted to purchase a vessel and to fail for New York. They have however stumbled upon the port of Philadelphia. I heir story is, that the day before they left that place, a velfel with rice arrived in a short passage from Charlestown in a bye port. One of the crew, a little boy, inadvertently blabbed out that there was a great illumination where he had been. This excited the curiofity of the flanders by, and upon questioning the boy further, he faid it was on account of a great battie fought near Charlestown. Others of the crew, when taken before an officer, confirmed what the boy had said, and men-tioned further, that the capture by the American frigates of the Jason and Maria, and the eight transports under their convoy, bound for Georgia from New-York, had thrown them into the greatest difficulties, and laid them under the necessity of making a rapid and sudden march for Charlestown, or of doing worse

1400 it is said are killed and taken. The accounts these people bring, when putting dates together, would carry this action as far back as the 13th of May, which is later than any intelligence we have had from authority. By lieut. gov. Bee's letter of the 5th of May it appears the enemy had croffed the Savannah river, and were moving on rapidly towards Charlestown, and were at that time within 68 miles; that gen. Lincoln was in their rear, gen. Moultrie in front, and gov. Rutledge at Orangeburg, with a small body of militia. If it has so happened that the enemy were attacked by these second divisions of gen. I incolar a general divisions of gen. veral divisions of gen. Lincoln's army at different points at the same time, it is probable they fought with suc-

Extratt of a letter from William burg. May 1). a The enemy have at length quitted in, after plus, dering Portimouth and the adjacent country in a most cruel and berbarous manner. The merchandize in the fown is carried off, and the provisions to such a derive as to leave the inhabitants in the utmost diffres and the provisions.

milery. They are undoubtedly returned to New York.
Suffolk is entirely burnt, together with a very life. quantity of providions, goods see.

"I' The invalion was to hidden that fearer any thing escaped them at Portsmouth. The property in my

hands-which was loft might have fold for £. 300,000. of dry goods which I had removed up a diffage craft, but was surprised the same, night, by a parry of hore and foot, who kill'd or took our whole party except myself, indeed for several minutes they gave no quarmyfelf, indeed for several minutes they gave no quarter. Happily for me I got away firm, the midft of them, and tho' closely sought after for five or six days together, I finally got to this city, having lost my had gage, money, and most of my papers and books. This about 30 men with me, and was betrayed by some of the tory inhabitants, who conducted the enemy to the

Is it not very extraordinary, that two or three hundred men marched above twenty miles by land and burnt Suffolk unmolefted ? In fhort, they fcarcely loft a man in this expedition. I hope your people are more spirited, for I truly fear you will have a visit from them, and likely this place, during the fummer.

"The enemy's force here was about 1200 or 2000 land forces, one ship of the line, one frigate, a number of privateers and armed boats, and a row-galley mount. ing two twenty-four pounders."

TREASURY OFFICE PHILADELPHIA, April 3, 1779. ORDERED. I hat all perions who have been entruited with public money before the 25th day of hearch laft, (and who are not accountable to the auditors of the army, or the commissioners of accounts at Albany) immediately transmit their accounts to the auditor-gene. ral for settlement, on failure weereof they will be profecuted without further notice. · By order of the board of treasury,

JOHN NICHOLSON, clerk.
The feweral printers throughout the United States are requefied to infert this notice, and continue it in their papers Ix weeks.

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THERE is at the plantation of Marmaduke Simms, near Piscataway. Prince-George's county, taken up as a stray, a small bay horse, about 12½ hands high, branded on the near buttock I. K. and has one white soot behind; he appears to have been shod all round, about the strain of the str though only one shoe now remains upon him. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

Worceiter county, Maryland, May 18, 1779. OW in the gaol of this county, a NEGRO man realled COLLINS, belonging to a gentleman (he fays) living in New-Virginia, whose sirname is tell, and that he left him at Dover, in Kent county, in Delaware, some time in Cctober, 1778; he is a small black fellow, about 25 years of age. His master is defired to come and pay charges and take him away.

BENJAVIIN PURNELL, shcriff.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Annapolis, May 10, 1779 OST by the subscriber, the time when loft uncertain, one State Loan-Office Certificate for 692 Dollars, No, 431, dated 24th July, 1778, payable to Mrs. Jean Stewart in three years from that date.

Any person, on delivering the abovementioned Cer-tificate to the subscriber, or to Mr. Benjamin Harwood at the Loan-Office in Annapolis, shall have the above reward immediately paid them; and if offered for fale, those to whom it may be offered are requested to stop the same, and to make the person offering give an account how it came into their possession. It can be of no use to any but the owner, as payment is stopt at the JAMES DICK.

To be SOLD at public vendue, on the premites, on the 20th day of May next, the following tructs of LAND, lying within one mile of Calvert county court-house, on the main road leading to Rened

DART of four tracks of land, containing 306} acres, the title indisputable. On the faid land is a good shingled framed dwelling house, 20 feet by 16, two rooms and two fire-places on the lower floor, with a large brick chimney, a framed clapboard kitchen 20 by 16, a corn-house and lumber-house, a milk-house, a paled garden 80 seet square, a 40 seet tobacco-house, and one log dwelling-house; 269 bearing apple trees, and one young orchard of 227 trees, about 300 young peach trees, and a nuriery of 3 or 400 apple trees, and very good swamp ground for meadow; about 150 acres of wood and, with a large quantity of timber and large poplar trees. The quality of the foil and improvements will be best known by viewing the land. For terms apply to the subscribers, who live on the said land.
TALBOT, JOHN FRANCE & REBECCAH WILLIAMS.

of MARYLAND, now in force, from Bacon's collection up to the present government, has sent subscription papers to the clerks of the several counties, to give those an opportunity of subscribing who are defirous of having them. They will be done in the same manner with Bacon's, sticked in bine paper, and delivered to the subscribers for ten dollars, each convergence. livered to the subscribers, for ten dollars each copy.-He intended to have begun the work fome time ago, but has not yet been able to procure paper fit for the purpose.—Subscriptions are taken in at his office. FREDERICK GREEN.

<del>andera e elegana e elegan</del> ANNAPQLIS: Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN, at the OLD PRINTING-OFFICE in Charles-Street.

(XXXIVth Y

SUPPI

FRIEN

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America, without vernment, or ally, weakness of youth, dared " in the nam adverfary, prepared of whom even migh For defraying th presentatives in cor expedient that you ceisfully practifed c

They were very frequent emiffons thein. For this pu in October 1776, a earnestly folicited United States. T proved inadequate fecuting the war by fome fuccefs, taxal midst of eifficulties the continued nece Eut to this caufe

tioned. We have owing to the artifi lelves by monopoi conduct of interior The variety and delegates, and the

disables them from apprehensive of H 22d of November oth of February 1 cutive powers of t affairs. How far with we will not u bound in duty to there has been as ing abuses as the

With regard to diciously laid on, and these frequen cious tendency, of As to inferior of

MIOUSLY defire to duct with respect. ceeding from igno of laws for inflicti this kind. We are forry to

of their own int them to fell the p a little reflection those interests and to purchase imp disappointed; for returns in gold, fels if loaded here the price of what what they have to purchase no more duce than he cou The evil, how

holder, by acting to accumulate a pences, for the p embarrals every securing his prof

on the appearance thought proper to re only a part of their.

Thursday last are to New-York, lade Putmann Sunday was lent capt. Drew, of eight bour by the Hanco feet of twenty-one York to Rhode-Isla a British frigate of