

Malham took leave of his Majesty... silk weavers enlisted at Dublin... party of marines recruiting in that...

four companies of the royal... embarked at Woolwich for America... number of men are to be forthwith...

to Dock, near Plymouth, for the... barracks at that place... America on the shortest notice...

quantity of wheat in this... almost every warehouse, malthouse, and filled with it...

C E S T E R, Sept. 29. A waggon load of money, passed through Philadelphia, for the use of the conti-

B R I D G E, Sept. 28. General Washington has been pleased in George Frazer, Esq; of Virginia, assist-

S T O N, Aug. 28. and vessels having lately arrived, from cattle, sheep, forage, turtle, &c. his crew 50 bullocks and 100 sheep to be sold...

Wednesday last the ship Rosamond, capt. John Harris, arrived here from London: he left Gravesend the 16th of July, and on the 11th ult. he met with a gale of wind, in which he lost several of his sails, &c. five days after, in lat. 38, 50, long. 61, he spoke with the Polly, capt. Deane, from Salem for Barbados, 9 days out...

governor Wentworth arrived at the life of leagues off the mouth of Piscataqua for the purpose of sending a boat with a proclamation, proroguing the 15th of April next. Having some important business, and taken several boats on the river, he returned safe to Boston...

curious paragraphs were taken from Mrs. Draper's last Boston paper. Tuesday a snow arrived from Corke, laden with butter; she brings advice of great price of next month; and that a certain person had been sent to the tower, from whence he will be drawn on a sledge to Tyburn, the reward due to treason and rebel-

Irish Roman Catholics is forming in Connaught, in order to be sent to Boston, the rebels. certain person of weight among the rebels return to his allegiance on condition of and provided for, what encouragement remains a secret.

The following address will be published in Canada, on the arrival there of Col. Arnold and, with the troops under his command. By his Excellency GEORGE WASHINGTON, Esq; commander in chief of the army of the united colonies of North-America. To the INHABITANTS of CANADA.

THE unnatural contest between the English colonies and Great-Britain, has now risen to such a height, that arms alone must decide it. The colonies confiding in the justice of their cause, and the purity of their intentions, have reluctantly assented to that being, in whose hands are all human events. He has hitherto smiled upon their virtuous efforts. The hand of tyranny has been arrested in its rage, and the British arms which have shone with so much splendor in every part of the globe, are now tarnished with disgrace and disappointment. Generals of approved experience, who boasted of subduing this great continent, find themselves circumscribed within the limits of a single city and its suburbs, suffering all the shame and distress of a siege. While the freeborn-sons of America, animated by the genuine principles of liberty and love of their country, with increasing union, firmness and discipline, repel every attack and despise every danger.

Above all we rejoice that our enemies have been deceived with regard to you. They have persuaded themselves, they have even dared to say, that the Canadians were not capable of distinguishing between the blessings of liberty, and the wretchedness of slavery; that gratifying the vanity of a little circle of nobility, would blind the eyes of the people of Canada. By such artifices they hoped to bend you to their views, but they have been deceived; instead of finding in you that poverty of soul and baseness of spirit, they see with a chagrin equal to our joy, that you are enlightened, generous and virtuous; that you will not renounce your own rights, or serve as instruments to deprive your fellow-subjects of theirs. Come then, my brethren, unite with us in an indissoluble union, let us run together to the same goal. We have taken arms in defence of our liberty, our property, our wives, and our children, we are determined to preserve them or die. We look forward with pleasure to that day not far remote (we hope) when the inhabitants of America shall have one sentiment, and the full enjoyment of the blessings of a free government.

Incited by these motives, and encouraged by the advice of many friends to liberty among you, the grand American congress have sent an army into your province, under the command of General Schuyler; not to plunder, but to protect you; to animate, and bring forth into action those sentiments of freedom you have disclosed, and which the tools of despotism would extinguish through the whole creation. To co-operate with this design, and to frustrate those cruel and perfidious schemes, which would deluge our frontiers with the blood of women and children; I have detached Col. Arnold into your country, with a part of the army under my command. I have enjoined upon him, and am certain that he will consider himself, and act as in the country of his patrons, and best friends, necessities and accommodations of every kind which you may furnish, he will thankfully receive, and render the full value. I invite you therefore as friends and brethren, to provide him with such supplies as the country affords; and I pledge myself not only for your safety, and security, but for ample compensation. Let no man desert his habitation. Let no one flee as before an enemy. The cause of America and of liberty is the cause of every virtuous American citizen; whatever may be his religion or his descent, the united colonies know no distinction but such as slavery, corruption, and arbitrary domination may create. Come then ye generous citizens, range yourselves under the standard of general liberty, against which all the force and artifice of tyranny will never be able to prevail.

G. WASHINGTON. HARTFORD, October 2. Capt. Jones from Cape Nicholas Mole, who arrived at Middletown from that place, a few days since informs, that the second of August the commander in chief of the French West-India islands arrived at the Mole, and immediately gave orders for all the cannon to be mounted on the new fortification, that 6 French men of war had arrived at Cape Francois with troops on board, and that warlike preparations were every where making in the French part of Hispaniola.

NEW-YORK, October 2. Wednesday last the ship Rosamond, capt. John Harris, arrived here from London: he left Gravesend the 16th of July, and on the 11th ult. he met with a gale of wind, in which he lost several of his sails, &c. five days after, in lat. 38, 50, long. 61, he spoke with the Polly, capt. Deane, from Salem for Barbados, 9 days out; the 16th, he also spoke with the Egmont, capt. Bartlett, from Philadelphia for Lisbon; and the same day saw a large quantity of onions, sweet-meat candles, &c. floating; the 17th, he likewise saw a sail to the northward that had a signal on the foremast, which proved to be the Nancy, Wife, from London for Baltimore, with passengers and servants, much in want of provisions and water, having lost all his topmasts, his crew sickly, having on board 93 souls; 20 had died, and was then 24 weeks out; capt. Harris supplied him with a barrel of bread, and 70 gallons of water; the 19th, capt. Harris spoke with the Ocean, capt. Ewing, from Virginia for Glasgow.

Extract of a letter from the aux-Nois, dated September 16, 1775. "When I last wrote to you, I was at Crown-point on my way hither; we arrived here on Monday the second ult. and on Wednesday we set out to go down the lake as far as St. John's, which is about 22 miles distant in order to find out the disposition of the Canadians. We went on thither with great cheerfulness, till coming within about a mile from the fort, the enemy began to fire at our boats with cannon, which obliged us to land; we immediately formed, and marching toward the fort through the woods, we received a smart fire from the Indians and regulars who lay in ambush to destroy us; we returned the fire very freely, as you may well suppose. This continued about an hour, when we obliged them to retreat to the fort. They killed eight of our men, and wounded seven, amongst the latter are Major

Hobby and Capt. Mead of Col. Waterbury's regiment. Of the enemy we killed nine, and wounded fifteen; among their killed is Matthias Johnson. After this fatiguing piece of business, we thought it necessary to throw up a small breast work for our own security, which we very speedily did, about three quarters of a mile from the fort; but being too very near, they kept continually throwing their bomb shells at us, and not being prepared to answer them in that way, we were obliged to retire a mile further from them, we tarried that night, and till ten in the morning, when we re-embarked for the island.

On Sunday the ninth we again set out, and about ten in the evening arrived at the place where we tarried the night, when we went up before; and then setting out to march to Chamblee, just as we came to the breast-work that we before had thrown up, we received a very heavy fire from two batteaus that were on the lake, with swivel and grape shot; and at the same time from the savages on the shore. Our armed boats perceiving the fire on the lake, fired three twelve-pounders, one of which took the enemy's principal batteau directly in the bow; and fore her from stem to stern. She immediately sunk, with all the men in her, amounting to 35. We then proceeded on to the breast-work, where we killed their chief interpreter and one Indian; We received no hurt at all. In the morning we saw their armed schooner of 180 tons; carrying twelve nine pounders, coming towards us, we then thought it expedient to return to the island, until we could have more artillery with us, which we now have got, with a great number of bomb shells, mortars, &c. We are now immediately to embark a third time, and are determined to take the schooner and fort at all events.

The Canadians have seized two batteaus that were going to St. John's to supply the enemy with provisions; on their requesting them to stop, the regulars fired at them, which the Canadians returned, killed 12 regulars, and took the rest prisoners. We last night sent off a party to Chamblee of 150 men, 50 of whom are Canadians, that have been in the camp several days. By a gentleman from Albany, we have a confirmation of the reports of our provincial forces having cut off the communication between St. John's and Montreal, and of Mr. Livingston's having attacked and defeated a party of the regulars; and a further account that general Montgomery had summoned the commanding officer at St. John's (Pringle) to surrender, he for the present declined.

PHILADELPHIA, September 25. By an express from Ticonderoga, which arrived here yesterday we are informed, that General Montgomery, on the 18th of September, marched with 500 of the forces under his command round St. John's, and had a slight skirmish with a party of the regulars, who, after a few shot, retired before him, and that he then sat himself down before St. John's. There are flying reports that 2000. Canadians had joined Gen. Montgomery, that he had got possession of Montreal, Chamblee, and La. Prere, that he had found there a great deal of provision, and taken 14 prisoners, and that they had not 19 days provision in Fort St. John's.

Extract of a letter from Cambridge, Sept. 28. "Saturday last we had a very heavy cannonading at Roxbury, which we did not know the reason of till yesterday; we were informed by two deserters, that a cannon ball from our fort at Roxbury entered at the corner of their guard house on the Neck, which took off the captain of the guard's leg, and wounded another man; this so incensed lord. Percy, who commanded, that he ordered them to fire on us for two hours, which they did with 12, 18 and 24 pounders, having given us in that time 108 balls, without doing the least mischief."

Frederick county, September 29, 1775. WHEREAS I the subscriber bought a piece of land of a certain Thomas Duckett, for the payment of which he has two bonds, the one for £. 121 2s 6d payable the 20th of November 1775; the other for £ 300 payable in the year 1780; and as there is a dispute concerning the title of said land, I do hereby forewarn all persons from taking any assignments on said bonds, as I am determined not to pay them until said dispute is settled.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the trustees of Messrs Barnes and Ridgate intend to make a dividend among their creditors, according to the tenor of the trust deed of Wednesday the 15th day of November next, at Port-Tobacco. At which time and place the said creditors are desired to attend, or empower others to receive their respective proportions.

NOTICE is hereby given by me the subscriber, that since the death of my wife, I have removed from Cecil county, to Mr. John King's, in St. Mary's, where I keep store, and am now going on a journey to Philadelphia, and shall call at the head of Elk on my return; when and where all persons indebted to me, on bonds, books, and open accounts, are desired to meet me at Mr. Thomas Hoggan's, in order to discharge the same, as I am determined to give no further indulgence.

MORIS M'DONOGH, Annapolis, October 11, 1775. WANTED a quantity of bees wax, and black snake-root; apply to KENNEDY and WALLACE.

Prince George's county, October 5, 1775. COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro man, who says his name is Solomon, and that he belongs to Thomas Cockey, of Baltimore county, by whom he is advertised. His matter is desired to pay charges, and take him from RALPH FORSTER.

TAKEN up as a stray on the head of South River, a brown bay mare, between 13 and 14 hands high, with a small star in her forehead, shed before, and has some saddle spots on her back, but no perceptible brand, paces slow, trots and gallops. The owner may have her by applying to Francis M'Canley, proving his property, and paying charges.

TEN POUNDS REWARD. WENT off from North point the 16th of September, in a small batteau, two English servant men, viz. John Irvin, a farmer, and had been bred to fishing, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, has a round full visage, swarthy complexion; short black hair and beard, dark grey eyes, the lids hang over the joint of his nose, occasioned by the small-pox he says, with which he is much puffed, has a scar on his upper lip as if it had been split; another scar on the knuckle of his left fore finger, a thick square made fellow, has small legs, and a lump on the inside of his right foot proceeding from the kick of a horse; had on a country cloth jacket with a black stripe across the black an old white under ditto, osnabrig shirt and trousers, a pair of good shoes, and a felt hat. William Jones, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; has a brown complexion, grey eyes, round visage, a downy shameful look, and carries his head on one side to the left, had on a spotted jacket, osnabrig shirt and trousers, a pair of new shoes, and a felt hat. Whoever takes up the said servants, and secures them so that their master gets them again, shall have 50 shillings for each if 20 miles from home, 50 shillings if 50 miles, and 5 pounds if 100 miles, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges if brought home.

CHARLES RIDGELY. THERE is at the plantation of John Boyd, living in Back River Neck, about 10 miles from Baltimore town, taken up as a stray, a dark dun mare, between 13 and 14 hands high, 7 or 8 years old, a black list down her back, branded on the near buttock with the letter R, trots and gallops, the said mare has a small bell round her neck. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

THERE is at the plantation of Walter Dallis, living in Back River Neck, about 10 miles from Baltimore town, taken up as a stray, a bay horse colt, about one year old last spring, with a blaze in his face, and one fore leg mottled, about one year old last spring, has a blaze in her face. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.

To be sold on the premises, on the 14th day of November next, agreeable to the last will and testament of Thomas Belt the 3d, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, and to be conveyed by the heir at law, A VALUABLE piece of land, containing about two hundred and ninety acres, situated on the river Patuxent, and about half a mile from the ferry Mount Pleasant; the soil is light, and noted for every fine tobacco, there are two dwelling houses, one tobacco-house, and a corn-house, all new, with other convenient out-houses, besides an exceeding fine water mill that carries two pair of stones, one of which cost between seventy and eighty pounds common money, her works are new and complete, with many other conveniences too tedious to mention.

There will be sold on the same day, a parcel of negroes, consisting of one fellow, two wenches, and four children; likewise three white servants, one of which is a good carpenter, one other a miller, and the other one a boy that understands shaving and dressing of hair. There will be likewise for sale, a parcel of horses, hogs, cattle, sheep, and household furniture, with many other articles, by WILLIAM BELT, and THOMAS HARWOOD, admrs.

N. B. Bonds will be taken with security for sums more than five pounds, for less the money must be paid down.

October 4, 1775. By virtue of a deed of trust, to us the subscribers, executed by Mr. Jonathan Pinkney, and for the use of Mr. William Roberts, will be publicly sold to the highest bidder, for sterling money, A LOT of land, lying in the city of Annapolis, distinguished by the number 71, on which are a brick dwelling-house and other improvements, lately in the occupation of Mr. John Ball, innholder; this lot is subject to an incumbrance in the loan-office of £ 225 sterling, and some interest; this money must be paid out of the purchase, and the residue to the use of William Roberts, by the trustees of this valuation, and the improvements, will be sold to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 4th day of November next, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon. Six months credit will be given to the purchaser, on giving bond and good security, with lawful interest thereon. Likewise will be publicly sold to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 27th day of the same month, (for sterling money) A VALUABLE plantation on the north side of Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing by estimate 468 acres more or less, with some improvements; it lies about seven miles from the city of Annapolis, and is in the tenure and occupation of Mr. Jonathan Pinkney. Six months credit will be given for payment, on giving bond with good security, and paying lawful interest thereon.

THOMAS HARWOOD, junr. JOHN BULLEN. Frederick county, Maryland Sept. 26, 1775. THIRTY POUNDS REWARD. BROKE out of jail last night, Abraham Lingersel, ter, about 40 years of age, born in Germany, speaks good English, and late of Sharpburg in this county, merchant, he is about 5 feet 2 inches high, short black hair, had on when he went away, a light sagathy of blue broad cloth coat, leather breeches, and mix'd coloured stockings. David Although, about 40 years of age, born in Germany, speaks good English, is about 5 feet 9 inches high, black hair tied behind; had on either a coarse blue coat with long sleeves, or a black callimanco' coat, green plush waistcoat, old claret coloured cloth breeches, and mix'd coloured or black stockings. James Anderson, by trade a tailor, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, light brown hair tied behind; had on a light coloured coat, dark brown waistcoat, green breeches, and thread stockings. Whoever shall take up and bring to Frederick county jail, the above persons, shall receive 30 pounds, and reasonable charges, or 10 pounds for each.

THOMAS FRENCH, sheriff.