TO BE SOLD,
ABLE tract of land, lying in the upper
Anne-Arundel county, and is a fast range
djoining the subscriber's plantation, co
veen five and six hundred acres, and
ies from Elk-Ridge landing, and Bladen
soil of this land is good and light, tal
ch in fine meadow, some already improved
othy; the buildings are a dwelling-house
two good tobacco-houses, and some other
there is also two apple orchards on the
ediate possession will be given to the pur
r title and terms of payment, apply to
JOHN WAYMAN.

ented for this season on reasonable terms
or four valuable fishing landings, on Pa
ver, opposite to Alexandria; now in the
Mrs. Verlinda Fraser. Application
me, 4 w ALLEN BOWIE.

Annapolis Feb. 25, 1775.
EAS numbers of the inhabitants of
e-Arundel county, stand indebted to the
or quit rents which became due called
September last. This is therefore to inform
that neglect or refuse to pay their several
lances at or before the 25th day of March
g, that I shall be obliged to take such ste
oints cut for the recovery of the same.
WILLIAM NOKE, farmer.

Head of Severn, March 20, 1775
to the subscriber's the 8th of Ma
last, a pyed steer, about three years old
marked with a crop and under bit in the
an upper bit in the right. The owner is
ove his property, pay charges, and take
3 X w 3 CHARLES STEVENS.

Calvert county, January 24, 1775.
EAS Elizabeth the wife of the subscriber,
n his absence, elope from his house: this
o forewarn all persons from trusting her,
nt, as he will pay no debts of her co
the date hereof.
ABRAHAM RHODES, sen.

TED to my custody as a runaway, a
man, by the name of Sam, who says he
urt Jackson, living in Baltimore county,
n miles from Baltimore town: he is
about 5 feet 11 inches high, appears to
ears of age; his cloathing a negro cotton
breeches, an old osnabrig shirt, country
, shoes and hat. His master is desired to
and take him away. 4 w
WILLIAM HANSON, sheriff.

Baltimore, January 31, 1775.
N osnabrigs, by the piece or bale, and
ondon bottled wired porter, in cases of
, to be sold for ready money only, by
JAMES CHRISTIE, jun.

Annapolis, February 1, 1775.
ED by the commissioners or trustees, for
por of Anne-Arundel county, 450 posts
cust to square seven inches, and 9 feet
ils of white oak or yellow poplar, 3 by
to be 20 feet long. Whoever will sup
articles, are desired to apply to Mr.
mond, one of the trustees.

Annapolis, January 23, 1775.
by the subscriber, on very reasonable
l tee medicines and shop furniture, be
e estate of the late Dr. Shaw; twelve
wo years credit will be given to the pur
ing bond, with security, if required, by
RUTH SHAW.
be sold, or hired, a likely young negro

B A D G E R,
over mares this season, at Mr. Anthony
rt's plantation, at the Rope-walk, near
five pound currency each mare, and a
groom. Badger is a fine dapple gray, 15
h high, very boney and handsome, im
3 5 bred by Mr. Wildman, and got by
rth's Bosphorus, who won seven king's
m by Othello, commonly called Black
which beat Lord March's Bajezet over
se in Ireland, his grand dam by the
nshire's Flying Childers.
fifty pounds at Gilford; and got land
the times he has started. The money
to be paid at the time of covering.
JOHN CRAGGS.
grass for mares at two shillings and
eek. No mares kept out of the pasture
ted for.

Frederick county, March 14, 1775.
public sale, to the highest bidder, on
, the first Monday in May next, if fair
xt fair day,
rt of that valuable tract of land called
ast, lying in Calvert county, and con
ndred and forty-four acres. It is well
the soil good, part of which may be
ellent meadow at a small expence: it is
n a dwelling-house sixteen feet square
ith a brick chimney, a tobacco-house,
me other small houses; there is like
d a good apple orchard. Time will be
ed, for one half of the purchase, paying
ving security. My brother Patrick will
o any who apply before the day of sale.
disputable, w 5 RICHARD SMITH.
ill not be convenient to give possession
now to be made on the land is secured,
ser will have the liberty of putting in a
n the sail.

EEN.

(XXX YEAR.) THE (No. 1544.) 269

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1775.

WILLIAMSBURG,

The whole proceedings of the convention of delegates at the town of Richmond, in the county of Henrico.

AT a meeting of delegates, for the counties and corporations in the colony of Virginia, at the town of Richmond, in the county of Henrico, on Monday the 20th of March, 1775:

A letter from the inhabitants of that part of Augusta county which lies to the westward of the Allegany mountain, desiring that John Nevill and John Harvie, Esqrs. may be admitted into this convention, as their delegates, being read; upon a motion,

Resolved, that the said John Nevill and John Harvie, be admitted as delegates for the county of Augusta.

The convention then took into their consideration the proceedings of the continental congress, agreeable to the order of yesterday; but not having time to go through the same, postponed the further consideration thereof till to-morrow. Adjourned till to-morrow ten o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, March 22, 1775.

The convention then, pursuant to the order of yesterday, resumed the consideration of the proceedings of the continental congress, and after the maturest deliberation, came to the following resolutions:

Resolved unanimously, that this convention doth entirely and cordially approve the proceedings and resolutions of the American continental congress, and that they consider this whole continent as under the highest obligations to that very respectable body, for the wisdom of their counsels, and their unremitted endeavours to mainrain and preserve inviolate the just rights and liberties of his Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects in America.

Resolved unanimously, that the warmest thanks of this convention, and all the inhabitants of this colony, whom they represent, are particularly due, and that this just tribute of applause be presented to the honourable Peyton Randolph, Esq; Richard Henry Lee, George Washington, Patrick Henry, jun. Richard Bland, Benjamin Harrison, and Edmund Pendleton, Esquires, the worthy delegates deputed by a former convention to represent this colony in general congress, for their cheerful undertaking, and faithful discharge of the very important trust reposed in them,

Adjourned till to-morrow, ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, March 23, 1775.

A copy of the petition and memorial of the assembly of Jamaica to the King's most excellent Majesty, was laid before the convention, and being read and maturely considered,

Resolved, that the unfeigned thanks and most grateful acknowledgments of this convention be presented to that very respectable assembly, for the exceeding generous and affectionate part they have so nobly taken in the unhappy contest between Great Britain and her colonies, and for their truly patriotic endeavours to fix the just claims of the colonists upon the most permanent constitutional principles.

That the assembly be assured that it is the most ardent wish of this colony (and we are persuaded of the whole continent of North America) to see a speedy return of those halcyon days, when we lived a free and happy people.

Resolved, that the president be desired to transmit these resolutions to the speaker of the Jamaica assembly by the earliest opportunity.

Resolved, that a well regulated militia, composed of gentlemen and yeomen, is the natural strength and only security of a free government; that such a militia in this colony would for ever render it unnecessary for the mother country to keep among us, for the purpose of our defence, any standing army of mercenary forces, always subversive of the quiet, and dangerous to the liberties of the people, and would obviate the pretext of taxing us for their support.

That the establishment of such a militia is at this time peculiarly necessary, by the state of our laws for the protection and defence of the country, some of which are already expired, and others will shortly do so; and that the known remissness of government in calling us together in legislative capacity renders it too insecure, in this time of danger and distress, to rely, that opportunity will be given of renewing them in General assembly, or making any provision to secure our inestimable rights and liberties from those further violations with which they are threatened.

Resolved, therefore, that this colony be immediately put into a posture of defence; and that Patrick Henry, Richard Henry Lee, Robert Carter Nicholas, Benjamin Harrison, Lemuel Riddick, George Washington, Adam Stevens, Andrew Lewis, William Christian, Edmund Pendleton, Thomas Jefferson, and Isaac Zane, Esquires be a committee to prepare a plan for the embodying, arming, and disciplining such a number of men as may be sufficient for that purpose.

Adjourned till to-morrow, ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, March 24, 1775.

The committee appointed for that purpose reported a plan for embodying, arming, and disciplining the militia of this colony, the consideration whereof is postponed till to-morrow.

Certain paragraphs in the public papers, said to be votes of the house of representatives of New-York, being read:

The convention taking into their consideration that the said province of New-York, did, by their delegates in general congress, solemnly accede to the compact of association there formed for the preservation of American rights: That a defection from such their compact would be a perfidy too atrocious to be charged on a sister colony, but on the most authentic information, and also doubting, whether from some radical defect in the constitution of that government, the sense of their house of representatives, on questions of this nature, should be considered as the sense of the people in general, came to the following resolutions:

Resolved, that it be an instruction to the committee of correspondence for this colony, that they procure authentic information from the committee of correspondence in the province of New-York, or otherwise, whether their house of representatives, by any vote or votes whatsoever, have deserted the union with the other American colonies formed in general congress for the preservation of their just rights; whether the other colonies are to consider such vote or votes, as declaring truly the sense of the people of their province in general, and as forming a rule for their future conduct; and if they are not to be so considered, that then they inform us by their name, and other sufficient descriptions of the individuals who may have concurred in such vote or votes, and that the said committee lay such their information before the next convention or assembly.

Resolved unanimously, that the committees of the several counties and corporations in this colony do exert themselves in procuring and continuing contributions for supplying the necessities, and alleviating the distresses of our brave and worthy fellow subjects of Boston, now suffering in the common cause of American freedom; in such manner, and so long as their occasions may require.

Resolved unanimously, in compliance with the recommendation of the late continental congress, that delegates ought to be appointed to represent this colony at the approaching congress to be held in the city of Philadelphia, the 10th day of May next,

Resolved, that the delegates from this colony do consist of seven members, and that they be chosen by ballot.

Adjourned till to-morrow ten o'clock.

SATURDAY, March 25, 1775.

Resolved, as the opinion of this convention, that on account of the unhappy disputes between Great Britain and the colonies, and the unsettled state of this country, the lawyers, suitors, and witnesses, ought not to attend the prosecution or defence of civil suits at the next general court: And it is recommended to the several courts of justice not to proceed to the hearing or determination of suits on their dockets, except attachments; not to give judgments but in the case of sheriffs or other collectors of money or tobacco received by them, in other cases where such judgment shall be voluntarily confessed, or upon such amicable proceedings as may become necessary for the settlement, division, or distribution of estates: And during the suspension of the administration of justice, it is earnestly recommended to the people to observe a peaceable and orderly behaviour; to all creditors to be as indulgent to their debtors as may be; and to all debtors to pay as far as they are able; and where differences may arise which cannot be adjusted between the parties, that they refer the decision thereof to judicious neighbours, and abide by their determination.

The convention then took into their consideration, according to the order of yesterday, the plan for embodying, arming, and disciplining the militia; which being read and amended, was unanimously agreed to as follows:

The committee propose that it be strongly recommended to the colony, diligently to put in execution the militia law passed in the year 1738, entitled, "An act for the better regulating of the militia," which has become in force by the expiration of all subsequent militia laws.

The committee are further of opinion, that as, from the expiration of the above-mentioned latter laws, and various other causes, the legal and necessary disciplining the militia has been much neglected, and a proper provision of arms and ammunition has not been made; to the evident danger of the community in case of invasion or insurrection; that it be recommended to the inhabitants of the several counties of this colony, that they form one or more volunteer companies of infantry and troops of horse in each county, and to be in constant training and readiness to act on any emergency.

That it be recommended, particularly to the counties of Brunswick, Dinwiddie, Chesterfield, Henrico, Hanover, Spotsylvania, King George, and Stafford, and to all counties below these, that, out of such their volunteers, they form each or them one or more troops of horse; and to all the counties above these, it is recommended that they pay a more particular attention to the forming a good infantry,

That each company of infantry consist of 68 rank and file, to be commanded by one captain, two lieutenants, one ensign, four serjeants, and four corporals; and that they have a drummer, and be furnished with a drum and colours. That every man be provided with a good rifle, if to be had, or otherwise, with a common firelock, bayonet, and cartouch box, and also with a tomahawk, one pound of gun-powder, and four pounds of ball at least, fitted to the bore of his gun; that he be cloathed in a hunting shirt, by way of uniform; and that all endeavour, as soon as possible, to become acquainted with the military exercise for infantry appointed to be used by his Majesty in the year 1764.

That each troop of horse consist of thirty, exclusive of officers; that every horseman be provided with a good horse, bridle, saddle, with pistols and holsters, a carbine, or other short firelock, with a bucket, a cutting sword, or tomahawk, one pound of gun-powder, and four pounds of ball, at the least, and use the utmost diligence in training and accustoming his horse to stand the discharge of fire arms, and in making himself acquainted with the military exercise for cavalry.

That, in order to make a further and more ample provision of ammunition, it be recommended to the committees of the several counties, that they collect from their constituents, in such manner as shall be most agreeable to them, so much money as will be sufficient to purchase half a pound of gun-powder, one pound of lead, necessary flints and cartridge paper for every tithable person in their county; that they immediately take effectual measures for the procuring such gun-powder, lead, flints, and cartridge paper, and dispose thereof, when procured, in such place or places of safety as they may think best, and it is earnestly recommended to each individual to pay such proportion of the money necessary for these purposes as by the respective committees shall be judged requisite.

That as it may happen that some counties, from their situation, may not be apprized of the most certain and speedy method of procuring the articles before mentioned, one general committee should be appointed, whose business it should be to procure, for such counties as may make application to them, such articles, and so much thereof as the monies wherewith they shall furnish the said committee will purchase, after deducting the charges of transportation, and other necessary expences:

Resolved, That Robert Carter Nicholas, Thomas Nelson, and Thomas Whiting, Esquires, or any two of them, be a committee for the purpose afore-mentioned.

Resolved unanimously, That the most cordial thanks of the people of this colony are a tribute justly due to our worthy governor, lord Dunmore, for his truly noble, wise, and spirited conduct, on the late expedition against our Indian enemy:—a conduct which at once evinces his excellency's attention to the true interests of this colony, and a zeal in the executive department, which no dangers can divert, or difficulties hinder, from atchieving the most important services to the people who have the happiness to live under his administration.

Resolved unanimously, That the thanks of this convention be presented to the gentlemen officers and soldiers who lately so nobly defended this colony from the savage enemy on our frontiers, and by their bravery, not only procured success to our arms, but must have convinced the enemy it will be their true interest to preserve the peace on the terms stipulated by his excellency lord Dunmore. That we sincerely condole with the relations and acquaintance of those brave men, who so nobly fell in battle on that mournful event, and assure all who have rendered such important services to this colony, that, so soon, as opportunity permits, we will most cheerfully do every thing on our part to make them ample satisfaction;

Resolved, That Robert Carter Nicholas, Richard Bland, James Mercer, Edmund Pendleton, Archibald Cary, Charles Carter of Stafford, Benjamin Harrison, Richard Henry Lee, Josias Clapham, George Washington, Patrick Henry, James Holt, and Thomas Newton, Esquires, be a committee to prepare a plan for the encouragement of arts and manufactures in this colony.

The convention then proceeded to the election of delegates by ballot, to represent this colony in general congress, to be held at the city of Philadelphia, on the 10th day of May next; when the hon. Peyton Randolph, Esq; George Washington, Patrick Henry, Richard Henry Lee, Edmund Pendleton, Benjamin Harrison, and Richard Bland, Esquires; were chosen for that purpose.

Resolved, That Robert Carter Nicholas, Esq; be desired to lay before this convention, on Monday next, an account of the money received from the several counties and corporations in this colony, for the use of the delegates sent to represent this colony in general congress.

Adjourned till Monday ten o'clock.

MONDAY, *March* 27, 1775.

The committee appointed to prepare a plan for the encouragement of arts and manufactures, reported the following resolutions, which being severally read, were unanimously agreed to:

Whereas it hath been judged necessary, for the preservation of the just rights and liberties of America, firmly to associate against importations; and as the freedom, happiness, and prosperity of a state, greatly depend on providing within itself a supply of articles necessary for subsistence, cloathing, and defence; and whereas it is judged essential, at this critical juncture, to form a proper plan for employing the different inhabitants of this colony, providing for the poor, and restraining vagrants and other disorderly persons who are nuisances to every society, a regard, for our country, as well as common prudence, call upon us to encourage agriculture, manufactures, œconomy, and the utmost industry; therefore this convention doth resolve as follows:

Resolved unanimously, That it be earnestly recommended to the different magistrates, vestries, and churchwardens, throughout this colony, that they pay a proper attention, and strict regard, to the several act of assembly made for the restraint of vagrants, and the better employing and maintaining the poor.