(To be continued.)

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WARSAW, July 9.

A DVICES from l'antzic fay, that from fifteen to twenty thousand men have taken arms there, refolved to desend their liberty at the price of their blood; and that a number of foreign officers waited only an opportunity of fignalizing their bravery for its preservation.

LONDON, August 2.

The 'panish and Dutch fleets, it is faid, have orders to bombard the city of lagiers in conjunction, unless the Dey agrees to reasonable conditions.

real preparations are making by the king of Sardlnia for taking polletion of cortica, which is ceded to him by the young king of France, in order to which the dake of habitas is to proceed with fourteen fail of the line preparing at cagliari, and a number of landforces.

general battle is expected between the Ruffian and 7 ur inh armies in the neighbourhood of Varna, which the former is determined to attack.

Extract of a letter from Seville, July 1.

A large armament is well known to be intended for the west-indies, but on what expedition cannot be known as the officers are commanded to keep their orders an inviolable secret. The utmost diligence is used in fitting out the ships here and the whole seet will fail as soon as 8000 troops are embarked.

It is faid, that a courier arrived with dispatches yesterday from . r. Murray, his majesty's ambassador at Constantinople, said to be relative to a pacification, now in great forwardness between the Fussians and Turks.

t is now generally believed that as foon as the prefent att-india charter expires, the trade to that country will be laid open, and the territorial revenues be appropriated to the exigencies of the state.

Administration are determined to put the exportation of provisions from reland to the foreign colonies in the West-neies under some restrictions.

Many people marvel at the filence of Mr. Wilkes upon the American affairs, while the whole world revere the bishop of St. Asaph for his spirit and orthodox doctrine. A few such bishops might save church and state.

Five thousand people have embarled at Greenock, fince the month of March, for America.

Ord rs are fent to the Tower for forty tons of halfpence and farthings to be struc- off immediately, for exportation to New-York, I ofton and Philadelphia, where copper currency is very much wanted.

The Fope, Howard, from London, for Maryland, is on fhore at Dungeness; but it is hoped that her cargo will be laved.

B O S T O N, September 12.

The hon. Mrs. Gage lady of his excellency the governor, arrived in town last evening from New-York.

Extract of a letter from Gov. Hutchinson, dated London, July 8, 1774.

town, as soon as may be; and I hope you will do as much to promote this as possible. I find myself every where to have more weight than I could expect, and the prospect of your speedy relief to be fairer every day: if finally obtained, I shall think it one of the most happy circumstances of my life."

On Friday last the selectmen of Boston, waited on his Excellency General Gage with the following address:

Mas it pease your Excellency,

The selectmen of Boston, at the earnest desire of a number of gentlemen of the town and country, again wait on your Excellency to acquaint you, that since our late application, the apprehensions of the people, not only of this, but of the neighbouring towns are greatly increased by observing the designs of erecting a forcreis at the entrance of the town; and of reducing the metropolis in other respects, to the state of a garrison. I his, wi h complaints lately made of abuse from some of the guards, posted in that quarter, assu ting and forceably detaining several persons who were peaceably praising in and out of the town, may discourage the market reople from coming in with their provisions as usual, and oblige the inhabitants to abandon the town. This event we greatly deprecate, as it will produce miseries which may hurry the province into acts of desperation. We should therefore think ourselves happy if we could satisfy the people that your Excellency would suspend your pretent design, and not add to the distresses of the inhabitants occasioned by the port bill; that of garrisoning the town.

JOHN SCOLLY chairman of the committee.

femove this impracticable statelines and dignity, and To which his Excellency was pleased to return the fortreat the matter with a little common sense and a little

GENTLEMEN,

HEN you lately applied to merrespecting my ortrance of this town, which you term the ereding a fortress, I so fully expressed my sentiments, that I thought
you were satisfied the people had nothing to fear from
that measure, as no use would be made thereof, unless
their hostile proceedings should make it necessary; but
as you have this day acquainted me that their sears are
rather increased, I have thought proper to assure you,
that I have no intention to prevent the free egress and
regress of any person to and from the town or reducing
it to the state of a garrison, neither shall I suffer any
under my command to injure the person or property of
any of his majesty's subjects. But as it is my duty, so
it shall be my endeavour to preserve the peace, and promote the happiness of every individual. And I carnessly recommend to you, and every inhabitant, to cultivate the same spirit; and I heartily wish they may live
quietly and happily in the town.

Boston, Sept. 2, 1774.

Boston, Sept. 9, 1774. THOS. GAGE.

To the gentlemen felestmen of the town of Bosson.

To bis Excellency the Hon, Thomas Gage, captain-general,

and commander in chief of his majesty's province of Mussachusetts Bay.

May it please your Excellency,

THE county of Suffolk being greatly, and in their opinion justly alarmed at the formidable appearance of hostility now threatening his majesty's good subjects of this county, and more particularly of the town of Boston; the loyal and faithful capital of this province; beg leave to address your excellency, and represent that the apprehensions of the people are more especially increased by the dangerous defign. now carrying into execution, of repairing and manning the fortifications at the fouth entrance of the town of Boston, which, when completed, may at any time be improved to aggravate the miseries of that already impoverished and distressed city, by intercepting the wonted and necessary intercourse between the town and country, and compel the wretched inhabirants to the most ignominious state of humiliation and vafialage, by depriving them of the necessary supplies of previsions for which they are chiefly dependent on that communication: we have been informed that on that communication: we have been informed that your excellency, in confequence of the application of the felectmen of Boston, has indeed disavowed any intention to injure the town in your present manœuvres, and expressed your purpose to be for the security of the troops, and his majesty's subjects in the town; we are at a loss to guess, may it please your excellency, from whence your want of confidence in the loyal and orderly people of this county could originate; a measure so formidable carried into execution from a pre-conceived, though causeless jealousy of the infincerity of his maje-fly's troops and subjects in the town, deeply wounds the loyalty, and is an additional injury to the faithful subjects of this county, and affords them a strong motive for this application.

We therefore intreat your excellency to defiff from your defign, affuring your excellency that the people of this county are by no means disposed to injure his majesty's troops; they think themselves aggrieved and oppressed by the late acts of parliament, and are resolved, by divine assistance, never to submit to them, but have no inclination to commence a war with his majesty's troops, and beg leave to observe to your excellency, that the ferment now excited in the minds of the people is occasioned by some late transactions, by seizing the powder in the arsenal of Charlestown, by withholding the powder lodged in the magazine of the town of Boston from the legal proprietors, insulting, beating, and abusing passengers to and from the town by the soldiery, in which they have been encouraged by some of their officers, putting the people in sear, and menacing them in their nightly patrole into the neighbouring town, and more particularly by the fortifying the sole avenue by land into the town of Boston.

In duty therefore to his majesty, and to your excellency, and for the restoration of order and security to this county, we; the delegates from the several towns in this county, being commissioned for this purpose, beg your excellency's attention to this our humble and faithful address, assuring you that nothing less than an immediate removal of the ordnance, and restoring the entrance into that town to its former state, and an effectual stop of all insults and abuses in suture, can place the inhabitants of this county in that peace and tranquillity in which every free subject ought to live.

His excellency was waited on to know if he would receive the committee with the above written address, but desiring he might have a copy of it in a private way, that so when he received it from the committee he might have an answer prepared for them, he was accordingly furnished with a copy. His excellency then declared that he would receive the committee on Monday at twelve o'clock.

Saturday, Sept. 10, 1774,

The congress, taking the aforesaid into consideration,

Resolved unanimously,

That this assembly deeply feels the suffering of their countrymen in the Massachusetts-bay, under the operation of the late unjust, cruel, and oppressive acts of the British parliament; that they most thoroughly approve the wisdom and fortitude with which opposition to these wicked ministerial measures has hitherto been conducted, and they earnessly recommend to their brethren a perseverance in the same firm and temperate conduct as expressed in the resolutions determined upon at a meeting of the delegates for the country of Sussolk, on Tuesday the 6th instant, trusting that the effects of the united efforts of North America in their behalf, will carry such conviction to the British nation of the unwise, unjust, and ruinous policy of the present administration, as quickly to introduce better men and wifer measures.

Resolved unanimously,

That contributions from all the colonies for supplying the necessities and alleviating the distresses of our brethren at Boston, ought to be continued, in such manner, and so long as their occasions may require.

Sept. 15. The conference's aufwer to the aldrest of the

Gentlemen,

Hoped the assurances I gave the selectmen of Polica on the subject you now address me, had been satisfactory to every body. I cannot possibly intercept the intercourse between the town and the country; it is my duty and intent to encourage it; and it is as much inconsistent with my duty and intent to form the strangicheme you are pleased to suggest of reducing the independent of supplies; nor have I made it easier to essentially them what nature has made it. You mention the soldiers insulting, beating and abusing passengers as a common thing; an instance perhaps may be given of the bad behaviour of some disorderly soldiers; but I must appeal to the inhabitants of both town and country for their general good behaviour, from their first arrival to this time.

I would ask what occasion there is for such numbers going armed in and out of the town, and through the country in an hostile manner? Or why were the gum removed privately in the night from the battery at Charlestown?

The refusing submission to the late act of parliament, I find general throughout the province; and I shall lay the same before his majesty.

We have received from Worcester the recantation of John Chandler, Esq; and forty-two others of the protesters against the proceedings of that town, which gave such just cause of offence to the public; as also the acknowledgment of fix justices of that county, for having aspersed the people in an address to general Gage.

We hear a large number of people assembled at Con. cord, on Tuesday last, and prevented the inferior court from sitting in that town.

Last night all the cannon on the North-battery were spi ed up; it is said to be done by about 100 men (who came in boats) from the men of war in this har. bour.

N E W-Y O R K, September 22.

All the members of his majesty's council, that have not resigned their seats, have retired into Boston; where the board or commissioners have also removed to from Salem.

Great numbers of persons of fortune are continually flowing into the town of Boston, as a place of resuge, from the vehement resentment of the country people, who in most parts of the province, and in very great numbers, are daily under arms.

By a late act of the British parliament, the following duties are to take place at Quebec the 5th of April, 1776.

pril, 1775.

For every gallon of brandy, or other spirits, of the manufacture of Great Britain, 6d. per gallon.

Rum or spirits from the colonies, 9d. per gallon.

Foreign spirits from Great Britain, 1s. per gallon. Rum or spirits, the produce of any colony not under the dominion of Great Britain, 1s. per gallon. Molasses imported in ships belonging to Great Bri-

tain, or the province of Quebec, 3d.

Molasses in any other ships in which the same may be legally imported, 6d.

Extract of a letter, dated London, July 29, 1774.

"The people of Philadelphia have increased their orders triply this fall; from whence am persuaded they mean to have a non-importation agreement. I wish that New-York may not be left in the lurch."

A N N A P O L I S, September 29.

On Friday last died at his seat on Patowmack river, greatly lamented, THOMAS ADDISON, Esq; he has lest a widow and several small children to deplore the loss of a tender husband and affectionate parent.

Many reflections being thrown out by some prejudicek persens, infinuating that the Quakers are totally inactive in the present struggles for American liberty, it is with real pleasure that we can assure the public, that that truly respectable society have lately resolved in one of their meetings lately held at Philadelphia, neither to drink tea, nor suffer any to be used in ibein families.

Philadelphia, in congress, Thursday 22d September, 1774,

Refolved,

That the congress request the merchants and others in the several colonies, not to send to Great Britain any orders for goods, and to direct the execution of all orders already sent, to be delayed or suspended; until the sense of the congress on the means to be taken for the preservation of the liberties of America.

An extract from the minutes,

Charles Thomson, secretary.

C U S T O M - H O U & E. E N T E R E D.

Ship Betfey Richmond, William Nicoll, from Lewis Town.

Schooner Elizabeth, Litchfield Luce, from Salem. Schooner Lively, Walter Gwynn, from Virginia. Sloop Three Brothers, Bani Bradley, from New-York.

CLEARED.

Brig Jilting Frigate, Elisha Belt, for London.
Ship Brothers, George Buchanan, for London.
Brig Baltimore, John Bruce, for Barbados.
Sloop Esther, Thomas Waters, for Barbados.
Ship Camden, Joseph Richardson, for London.
Sloop Fanny, Jacob Johnson, for St. Christopher's.
Looner Half-Moon Planter, Johnson Bassen, ditto.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

ON Tuesday the 15th of November will be run for, the Jockey cluo purse of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, free only for horses, &c. belonging to the members of the club.

On Wednesday and Thursday, following will be two town purses of FIFTY POUNDS each, one for four years old, the other give and take. And.

years old, the other give and take. And,
On Friday will be run for, a PURSE, being the furplus money remaining over the five years subscription
of the Jockey clube. Further particulars in the next
gazette.

WILLIAM EDDIS, secretary.

O be run for o next, a purfe of ts, carrying weigh underwritten tab! Dn. Wednelday the purfe of thirty p ne heats as above, u polis in the year 17 And on Thursday unds will be run fo le heats, carrying le to the abovement each preceding day Three pounds entre the second day a g ofe who are fubicri y each a guinea for the second twenty ird day's race each The age and pedig d before he ftarts. A intitled to the puri Three reputed run Each person enteri

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the next fair day.

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