

WANTED,  
TO SOUTH-CAROLINA,  
about the 25th of October,  
VESSELS,  
less than Fifty Tons burthen,  
Accommodations for Passengers,  
of the printers at Annapolis.

(XXIX<sup>th</sup> YEAR.)

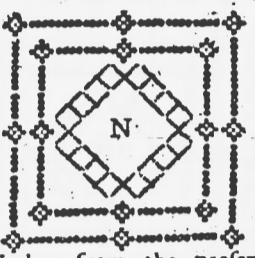
T H E

(No. 1466.)

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 14, 1773.

H A M B U R G H, July 17



**NOTWITHSTANDING**, the secrecy that is observed by all the courts of Europe, and their utmost endeavours to conceal their designs from each other, as well as from the public in general, it is impossible for them to keep their affairs from being sent through; for every one may judge, from the present situation of affairs and the preparations and movements that are making; there must be something more in agitation than the war between the Russians and Turks; and that all these transactions must soon be cleared up, as matters seem to be drawing to a crisis.

The grand alliance, offensive and defensive, concluded between the emperor of Germany, the empress of Russia, and the king of Prussia (the particulars of which no one knows) must have far greater designs than the division of Poland and to support Russia against the Porte. The division of Poland has already taken place, has been agreed to, and signed by the Polish diet, so that it seems to be almost entirely settled. Russia succeeds in war against the Turks, and does not stand in need of any assistance from foreign armies; and yet Prussia, ever since that treaty was concluded, has been making the greatest preparations for war, by forming magazines in every corner, taking foreign troops into his service, and is daily augmenting his army in Poland. The emperor of Germany is likewise making preparations, and though he has at present an army of near 150,000 men in the field, is raising recruits daily, and is himself at the head of a powerful army on the Turkish frontiers, without any one pretending to know what he designs, or when he intends to return to court.

The Danish fleet, which was recalled three months ago, has received orders to sail into the Baltic again; several new ships are building, and the old ones are repairing with the utmost expedition. The report still prevails, that the whole Danish fleet is to join with that of Russia.

The intimacy between the courts of Versailles and Stockholm becomes greater every day, and couriers between them are now more frequent than ever; and of late all the warlike preparations are renewed in Sweden, and are now carrying on with the greatest expedition.

**WARSAW, July 22.** The following particulars are related concerning a late attempt against the king's life. As the king was returning a few days ago from Grybow, a seat belonging to the countess Ogyński, the lady of the great general of Lithuania, the Sieur Dobel, his majesty's master of the horse, came up to the king, and told him he thought he had better take another route, having some reason to suspect, from words which he had overheard, that the way he was in was not perfectly safe. The king thought proper to pay some regard to the advice he received, and went another way to his palace. Upwards of forty persons are already taken up for being concerned against the king's life.

### L O N D O N,

**July 26.** We hear from Kirkwall, in Scotland, that a whale of an enormous bulk was lately stranded there, and on being cut up, the skeleton of a man was found in his stomach; the bones were soft like wax, and yielded to the slightest impression.

**July 29.** It is reported, that governor Hutchinson is shortly expected here from America; and that Thomas Pownall, Esq; member for Tregony, will be re-appointed governor of the province of Massachusetts-Bay in New-England.

**July 31.** They write from Cadix, that the Spaniards are extremely busy in transporting ammunition, and all kinds of warlike stores to their settlements in America; fifteen hundred muskets, with the like number of swords, and one thousand five hundred quintals of powder, were lately sent to Carthagea by the Cattle ship of war; a number of pistols are also expected at Cadiz, destined likewise for their American colonies.

The prince Stadtholder has declared his power shall not be used to injure the liberty of the press. Any licentiousness complained of by the court of Versailles cannot be more aggravating than the terms made use of to demand redress.

**Aug. 3.** Is is now really talked of at St. James's, that the ministry have voluntarily agreed to continue in their several stations, and each to conduct his respective business as usual, without receiving any salary, till such time as they have brought the national debt within very small compass; (their salaries being intended to be appropriated to that use.) This will be serving their king and country, and also transmit their names with honour to posterity. An unpensioned subject will always give his prince the wisest counsel, and continue the most faithful to him: It is the true interest of his majesty to have such about him, as will not flatter for the sake of his money.

The greatest danger that can happen to a prince will arise from such of his own servants as, from their own corrupt principles, would sell him and his counsels to the common enemy.

They write from Berlin, that the king of Prussia lately gave, with his own hands, a gold medal, value fifty ducats, to a young woman, who presented to his majesty nine male children born in lawful wedlock, the joint lives of herself and husband, not exceeding 46 years.

They write from Amsterdam, that very large orders are now lying in Holland to ship naval stores for the use of the French marine at Brest, Rochford and Toulon.

The parliament will, upon its first meeting, proceed to consider the India bill, which, in its present state, cannot by any means answer the purposes for which it was passed, viz. the establishing a perfect system of jurisdiction in that country. Till the amendments take place, the judges already appointed will not leave England.

**August 4.** A correspondent remarks, that the declaration of a great peronage, "that no more pensions shall be granted on the Irish establishment, without the approbation of the privy council," is very incomplete. The free and previous consent of the Irish parliament would probably have a better effect, in preventing the too liberal application of that fund of corruption; and though many very respectable individuals may appear in a list of our privy council, neither the constitution of our country, nor the experience of our fathers, teaches us to form any reliance on their virtue, or dependance on their deliberations, as a security against the improper application of the publick money.

A correspondent, who declares himself entirely unknown to the honourable gentleman he has in view, observes, that while administration are deliberating upon proper persons to conciliate the Americans, and calm the unhappy commotions which have been artfully excited in our colonies, they ought not to forget the gentleman who has always and ably delivered himself in an august assembly on American affairs, and has written so ingeniously on the administration of the colonies, and precisely foretold the present crisis.

They write from Berlin, that his Prussian majesty is making proper arrangements in order to put the Asiatic company on a very firm and permanent basis.

We hear that one single casket of diamonds, the property of a military officer in the East India company's service, has lately been sent home, valued at 60,000 sterling.

Considerable bets are depending that the lord lieutenant of a neighbouring kingdom will be superseded in his government before the month of December next.

By an authentic letter from Stockholm we learn, that his Swedish majesty is now increasing his army, which used to consist of 43,000 men, to the number of 74,000.

**August 5.** Private letters from Paris say, that the king of France's health daily declines, and that it is the opinion of his physicians, that he cannot live long, and therefore they have advised his majesty to retire for a time to Fontainebleau, to have the benefit of the air.

In order to strengthen the good understanding between their Britannic and Catholic Majesties, a scheme is on foot, according to which, Great-Britain is to give up Falkland's Islands, in consideration of an equivalent being given to her in the West Indies. If this scheme takes effect, it is said, the limits of the navigation of the American seas will be so regulated, that disputes for the future, will be in a great measure prevented.

On Thursday there was a full council at St. James's which sat very late; it was said to be solely on account of some important dispatches received from our minister at the court of Portugal; wherein he complains that, in spite of the remonstrances he has lately made, the British factory there is still oppressed, if not further cramped than before, in regard to trade; and at the same time desired to be recalled.

**August 6.** By a gentleman just returned from Lisbon, we are informed, that the attempts made on his most faithful majesty by a priest, was at the justification of the Jesuits, who had deputed three to Portugal for that horrid purpose, who on the design being known, made their escape in a Beau Cod (a vessel so called) and got on board a Dutch dogger, about three leagues from the rock of Lisbon.

It is reported that a certain Nabob, who acquired an immense fortune in the East-Indies, intends to remit one hundred thousand pounds to be distributed among the poor distressed natives of the place where he acquired it.

*Extract of a letter from Leghorn, July 20.*

"By a French ship, arrived here from the Archipelago, we are informed, that all the Greeks in the Morea have publickly and absolutely declared themselves subjects to the empress of Russia, in consequence of which count Orlov has landed a number of soldiers

from his fleet, and taken possession of most of the principle towns and fortresses in the name of her imperial majesty.

**August 7.** Some letters by the last post from Holland advise, that a fleet was fitting out at Brest with great secrecy and expedition, the object of which was not publickly known.

It is reported that the post of secretary of state for Scotland, which has lain dormant near forty years, will soon be revived.—The late marquis of Tweeddale was the last secretary.

It is said that three of the men of war now fitting out for sea at portsmouth, are destined for North America, and are to be ready for sailing the beginning of next month.

**August 10.** It is said, that in consequence of the ungrateful behaviour of the court of Portugal, in imprisoning British merchants, and giving every possible discouragement to the trade carried on between the two nations, for remedying whereof many humble memorials have been presented to the king and council of commerce; all connection will be broken off, and an answer demanded by an English admiral; and that he only waits for the return of Mr. Walpole, who is expected in England in a few days.

**August 11.** They write from Copenhagen, that his Danish majesty has concluded a treaty with Russia, wherein he stipulates, in consideration of a subsidy of 60,000 Rubles per ann. to keep on foot for three years, 5000 foot and 2000 horse, to be employed as that court shall direct.

We hear a scheme is on foot for every province in North-America to furnish a sufficient number of guard ships for the defence of the colonies, and to be manned and victualled at their own expense,

*Extract of a letter from Paris, dated July 29.*

"The king's physicians have at last given it as their opinion, that his majesty is past recovery; his increasing illness, joined to his years, making it almost beyond a possibility that he should long survive; and as his death will cause a great alteration in the system of politics in this country, it is much to be feared some commotions will succeed thereon.

### N E W - Y O R K, September 24.

On Friday the 17th instant, at Morris County, in East New-Jersey, was executed, David Reynolds, a native of Ireland, about 32 years of age, for counterfeiting the money bills of credit of that colony. He arrived there about ten years ago, and chiefly followed the farming business, till getting acquainted with one Rosencranz (executed some time ago for the like crime, but without declaring his accomplices) he was by him led into the scheme of making and passing counterfeit money; after the execution of Rosencranz, Reynolds accidentally met with Capt. Richardson of Philadelphia, (who is fled) and getting acquainted with each others characters, was by him introduced to Ford, Haynes, Cooper, Fudd, King, and the rest of the gang. Ford, the principal, termed by the rest, the treasurer of the three provinces, had counterfeited the money bills of New-York, New-Jersey, and Pennsylvania, in so masterly a manner as not to be distinguished from the true bills without the nicest inspection, and also several of the gold and silver coins current in the British colonies; and in passing these, Reynolds and the rest of the accomplices continued, till Ford and King were apprehended and imprisoned in Morris county goal, from whence they soon after made their escape, as mentioned in the papers. One of the gang being convicted of aiding them in their escape and other high misdemeanors, to mitigate his punishment, made some confessions tending to the discovery of the rest, which alarmed another, who made an ample confession of the whole, in consequence of which, Reynolds, Haynes, Cooper, and Budd, were tried, confessed their guilt, and were condemned to be hanged. Their execution was ordered to be on the 17th inst. before the time Budd and Haynes were respited for a month, but Reynolds and Cooper were ordered to prepare for execution at the time appointed. A few minutes before the time, Cooper confessed himself privy to the robbery of the treasury at Amboy, and that he received three hundred pounds of the money; on which he also was respited till he should make further discoveries Reynolds was therefore ordered for execution alone, at which he seemed much affected and burst into tears, but thro' the assistance of a minister who attended him, he grew calm, and resigned to his fate. His behaviour during his confinement and after his sentence, was penitent and submissive; he shewed a proper sensibility of his unhappy situation, and earnestly exhorted his companions in guilt, to a sincere repentance. On the fatal day, he took an affecting leave of them; and they all discovered the most lively expressions of that distress to which their crimes and follies had reduced them, which drew tears from the eyes of the spectators. At the place of execution, Reynolds sung and prayed very earnestly, and in a short but pathetic speech, warned the people to avoid the vices that had undone him, and earnestly requested them not to reflect on his innocent wife and helpless infants.

Annapolis, Sept. 19, 1773:  
from the subscriber, last night about  
lock, an indentured servant man, named  
ns, lately imported in the Lovely Kitty,  
Howard, is a bricklayer by trade, a  
man, about 28 years of age, pltted with  
wears his own hair, and is about 5 feet  
s high: took with him a jacket and  
ght coloured bearskin, with ofnabrig li-  
also a new felt hat, a red striped under  
blue yarn stockings, and copper buckles;  
arge from the army in the name of John  
d without doubt will go by that name;  
a brother in Philadelphia, and 'tis sup-  
ce that way; 'tis thought he has a forged  
er takes up the said servant and delivers  
subscriber, or secures him in any jail-fo  
et him again, shall receive five pounds  
es what the law allows.

**WILLIAM BUCKLAND.**  
at the plantation of Richard Crabb, on  
eck in Frederick county, taken up as a  
ht bay mare, about 14 hands high, 10  
is branded on the near shoulder I M.  
ay have her again, on proving property  
arges.

ers have for sale, at the late dwelling  
ctor Henry Jerningham, of St. Mary's  
ceased,

Y large and general assortment of medi-  
and a variety of elegant shop furniture,  
machine with the apparatus compleat,  
s, an excellent violin and musick books,  
se and harness for one horse; two large  
asses, one set of flower seasons, fine  
ogarth, and many other articles too to-  
ntion.

**CATHARINE JERNINGHAM,  
FRANCES JERNINGHAM.**

E is at the plantation of Philip Bowen-  
stray black horse, about 13 hands high,  
ars old, no brands to be seen; had on  
ling belt, marked thus B B with a  
on one side of said belt, with a double  
buckle. The owner may have him again,  
perty and paying charges.

E is at the plantation of Robert Walker,  
g near Westminster-town, a stray sorrel  
t two years old, has a blaze down her  
ty many gray or white hairs in her mane  
either docked nor branded that can be  
owner may have her again, proving  
and paying charges.

E is at the plantation of Anne Ford, on  
k-Creek, in Frederick county, a stray  
ing, about 7 years old, 13 and a half  
n, a blaze in his face, hanging mane and  
branded on the right buttock thus O.  
ner may have him again, proving prop-  
paying charges.

E is at the plantation of William Foad,  
a stray dark bay mare, about 13 hands  
ded on the near buttock thus O has a  
and has some saddle spots on her back  
to be about six years old, and paces slow-  
ner, may have her again, proving prop-  
paying charges.

E is at the plantation of James Fry, living  
oining Nottingham, a stray red and white  
ked with a crop in each ear. The owner  
him again, proving property and paying  
3W

**DERICK-TOWN RACES.**  
Wednesday the 20th of October will be run  
a subscription purse of FORTY  
DS, free for any horse, mare or gelding,  
old to carry 7 stone 7 lb. five years old 8  
years old 8 stone 7 lb. and aged 9 stone.

**On THURSDAY the 21st.**  
of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS,  
any horse, mare or gelding, (except the  
horse the preceding day) to carry weight  
and weight for size, according to the rules.  
Judges will be appointed each day to  
all disputes that may arise. To start each  
o'clock.

No horse that William Hams is concerned  
be allowed to start for either day.

Kent county, September 8, 1773:  
**PETITION** will be presented to the next  
general assembly to leavy a sum on the inhab-  
of Kent county, sufficient to build a new  
wall in a yard to the said prison.

Subscriber will lump off the goods he has  
his store in the city of Annapolis, upon  
onable terms, for ready tobacco, received  
warehouse in the province.  
**ROBERT BUCHANAN.**

**BEN and SON.**