

XXVIIIth YEAR.) THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1773.

Annapolis, June 21, 1773. Excelsity the governor having taken out...

Signed per order, JOHN CLAPHAM. ... MERCHANT-MILL, and country mill...

June 3, 1773. ... ENT away on Monday the 17th of last month, a negro man, named Frank...

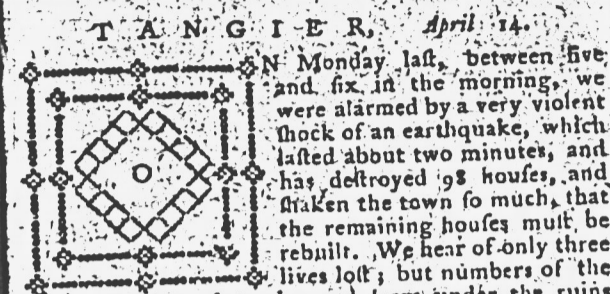
THOMAS CLAGETT. ... arrived in Patuxent, in the Sibella, Captain Thomas Smith, from London...

STEPHEN WEST. ... Annapolis, June 16, 1773. Imported, in the Beisley, Capt. Hanrick...

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD. ... Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, June 2, 1773. On Sunday last were stolen or seduced...

EMMANUEL KENT. ... March 16, 1773. The creditors of Mr. Robert Harner, late of Charles, are desired to meet at the House...

RICHARD BROWN, Trustee. THOMAS BOND, J. GREEN and SON.



TANGIER, April 14. ... Monday last, between five and six in the morning, we were alarmed by a very violent shock of an earthquake...

GENOA, April 22. A French tartane which arrived here yesterday has brought an order for the consul of that nation to stop all the French seamen in this port...

WARSAW, April 23. The king signed the act of confederacy the 22d instant, and 24 hours after prince Czartorinski, grand chancellor of Lithuania...

L O N D O N, April 28. Letters by the last mail from Dublin mention, that 200 natives of that kingdom had just embarked on board a ship in the river Liffey...

Agents are now employed in several parts of England, buying up horses for an army, but whether for the English, French, Danish, or Prussian army, is at present a secret.

HOUSE OF COMMONS. On Monday, upon the house resolving itself into a committee of the whole house to take into consideration the state of the East-India company's affairs...

Extra of a letter from Madrid, April 1. The formidable preparations, which are making in the sea-ports of Spain, and the great numbers of soldiers raised and mostly embarked for the West and East-Indies...

On Monday, upon the house resolving itself into a committee of the whole house to take into consideration the state of the East-India company's affairs, Lord North arose and observed, that, throughout the whole examination, which the house had made of the East-India business, nothing could have been more attentive to their interest than himself, in his motions and also the house in accepting them...

had at present above 17,000,000 lb. by them. The converting a part of it into money, would greatly ease them, and be attended with those good consequences which are now so necessary to re-establish their affairs...

May 6. A petition is presented to a great assembly by the clothiers and manufacturers of Devonshire kerseys and plain cloth, setting forth, that their manufactory is greatly reduced, owing, as they apprehend, to the great consumption of Russia drabs, and other low foreign linens...

Yesterday the commons agreed to the report of their resolution of Monday, for leave to bring in a bill for the better management of the affairs of the East-India company, not only in India, but Europe, and the committee to sit again next Tuesday.

Yesterday being the adjourned day for the meeting of the creditors of Sir George Colebrooke, Messrs. Lessingham and Binns, the committee appointed at the general meeting of the 4th of April last, for inspecting as well the accounts of the shop, as the state and particulars of Sir George Colebrooke's separate estate and effects...

The master of a vessel just arrived from France assures us, that a squadron of men of war sailed from Brett last month, but it was not known what course they steered; the following ships were said to be among the above squadron, Le Serieux 66, Le Diamant 56, Le Japon 52, Le Rubis 52, and La Gloire of 44 guns.

By advices from Morocco, we learn, that the Emperor's second son had gone off, with almost all his father's treasures, and had retired into the country, at the head of a numerous body of rebels, and when the letters came away the emperor was preparing to follow him with a powerful army.

It is said, every engine of Government is now at work to avert the storms in the political horizon, and the reason is obvious, the very existence of our present Ministry depends on their pacific measures.

May 11. The Providence, Ramfay, from South-Carolina, is arrived at Plymouth; and the Eagle, Rookin, from ditto, at Whitehaven. The Providence, Porritt, from North Carolina, is arrived at Plymouth.

The Kent, Richard Wood, from London, is safe arrived at Dunkirk. May 13. Tuesday morning his Excellency the Danish ambassador had the honour of a very long conference with his majesty at the Queen's palace.

It is said, that two letters of a very singular nature have been received by a great person within these few days from the court of Brunswick. Sir George Savile has in the most polite and respectful terms, by a letter to Mr. Wilkes and Mr. Serjeant Glynn, thanked the freeholders of Middlesex for the great honour done him by the resolution of the 30th of April, and assured them of his persevering in his endeavours to support and defend the rights of election, in which they are so materially interested.

May 19. Yesterday Sir Harbord Harbord moved for leave to bring in a bill to amend and explain an act of Philip and Mary, relative to hawkers and pedlars, and to prevent persons from selling goods and wares by auction, except at the places of their residence, which was agreed.

Yesterday Mr. C. Fox made a motion that leave be given to bring in a bill for repealing a clause in an act given of the late king, which inflicts a capital punishment for forging any of the hall marks on gold

or silver plate, and to make the same in future only transportation. This is intended to keep pace with a clause to the same effect, in the Sheffield and Birmingham assay bill.

Yesterday leave was given to bring in a bill for regulating the silk trade of this kingdom, Mr. Whitworth and Mr. Alderman Harley proposed two clauses, which were referred to the committee appointed to bring in the bill.

The Eland road bill, after a short debate, was postponed for four months. Lord North, when the order of the day for taking into further consideration the affairs of the East-India company was read, moved that it should be deferred to Tuesday next, which was agreed to.

The second reading of the bill for preventing vexatious removals of the poor, came on in the house of commons, and after a tedious and uninteresting debate was committed.

The petition of the shipwrights is deferred till Monday, when it is expected it will be finally determined. From the unreasonable demands of the House of commons towards the East-India company, and the difficulties, as well as hazards they must run in giving into the requisitions of parliament, they have it as their last resource to seek that aid from the mercantile part of this metropolis, which they applied for from the senate; and yesterday, on a subscription being proposed, an eminent baronet, and a public spirited merchant, proposed subscribing 150,000l.

May 17. On Tuesday and Wednesday last, we heard there were no less than 350 seamen discharged at the different rendezvous houses in London; but the minister has since changed his mind.

Extra of a letter from Portsmouth, May 14. Yesterday morning orders came down to put a stop to the reduction of the navy, and for the six men of war which were to have sailed for Plymouth yesterday, to be detained; for no more men to be discharged, but on the contrary for the fifteen sail of the line which were before ordered for sea, to take on board their full complement of men, and to complete their stores and provisions directly.

A amongst the characters at the masquerade on Wednesday, a double mask (half beau, half farmer) had much merit; an old maid, in a large hoop and a yellow saccue, was inimitable; a turtle-gorged, horned alderman, not bad; a sailor, who did not lose his share of praise; a Merlin, by no means despicable; a Mungo, who would not have disgraced a Weston; a schoolmaster, in character; and a gartereer poet, natural and praise-worthy. For the rest, they consisted of harlequins without number or activity, and friars without meaning or merit.

An excellent beggarman's mask was generally looked upon as the best supported in the room; for the first part of the evening it was supposed to contain our modern Roscius, but, on the gentleman's unmasking towards the morning, he discovered a countenance different from Mr. Garrick's, but so inimitably disguised, that it was an absolute impossibility to distinguish who he was. A scene or two between this character and the double mask mentioned above, afforded no small entertainment to the company.

The gentleman who figured in the character of a beggarman at the Pantheon masquerade, laid a trifling wager that he collected in the streets money enough to pay for his ticket, and really did get by begging before he went to the masquerade, from about nine till twelve, very near three pounds. In one coffee-house particularly he told his dismal tale so well, that he drew thirteen and sixpence from the company present.

May 19. The following letter was sent by the gentlemen of the bill of rights to the spirited oppositors of Northumberland, Cumberland and Durham, with whom they have carried on a correspondence, and it is much to be wished that other counties and corporations throughout the kingdom would follow their example, the publick would then soon feel the effects of such noble institutions.

London tavern, May 4, 1773. Sir, WATKIN LEWES, in the chair. Gentlemen, We beg leave again to assure you, that your respectable association is esteemed by us an acquisition of the highest importance to the publick. That the spirit of the constitutional liberty should diffuse itself through every part of this extensive empire, is the object nearest our hearts. We congratulate you on your progress, and wish to co-operate with you in your extensive ideas of freedom. Accept, gentlemen, our thanks for the spirited and decisive part you have taken, in support of the sacred rights of election, and for your necessary declaration in favour of the present parliament. In these matters we cannot express our too hearty concurrence. It is with deference, therefore, we presume to hint our opinion of two material additions. The freeholders of Middlesex have set a generous example, without a place and pension bill, and an equal representation of the people, in our opinion, is essential or even an annual bill would prove inefficacious.