

Jan 22 1772  
Subscriber, living on Elk  
County and Province  
& Servant named Lew-  
be about 16 or 17 years  
5 feet 8 inches high,  
Vifage, dark brown Hair,  
Whoever secures the said  
Home, shal have a Re-  
ken within 20 Miles, 30  
if a greater Distance so  
Law allows.

JOHN DORSEY.  
Annapolis, April 25, 1772.  
P O R T E D,  
ent of Goods from most  
g Towns in Britain, and  
r, at the Store next Door  
Whole-sale or Retail, upon  
or short Credit.  
is a small Assortment of  
red Muslin Aprons and

ROBERT BUCHANAN.  
May 4, 1772.  
Ship *Molly*, *William May*,  
men lying at *Benedict*. Two  
the one named *ROBERT*  
Barber and Puke maker,  
high, wears his own Hair  
behind; Had on when he  
Coat and Buckskin Breeches,  
Dilskin. The other named  
ade a House Carpenter and  
eight as the former, wears  
is pitted with the Small-  
poured Coat and dirty Buck-  
takes up the above Ser-  
Pounds-Reward, or Thirty  
des what the Law allows;  
Province Five Pounds for

WILLIAM MAYNARD.  
a LOTTERY  
DOLLARS,  
SECURING THE DOCK IN  
POLIS.  
Dollars. Dollars.  
2000 - is - 2000  
1000 - is - 1000  
500 - are - 1000  
250 - are - 1000  
100 - are - 500  
50 - are - 500  
20 - are - 300  
10 - are - 500  
4 - are - 3000  
10000

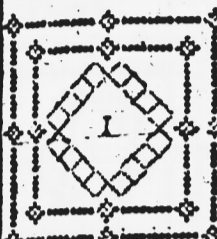
at Two Dollars } 10000  
at to - - - - - }  
ME, there are more than  
Prize, and the Prizes are  
of Fifteen per Cent. but as  
em very valuable, it is not  
s will very soon be disposed  
Number of them are already

in on the Second Monday in  
sooner full, in the Presence  
ers at least, and as many of  
e to attend.  
Mess. *Lancelot Jacques*, *Wil-*  
*Paca*, *Thomas Johnson*, *Thomas*  
*James Tilgham*, *William*  
*John Brice*, *Charles Wallace*,  
*as Harwood*, *John Clapham*,  
*as Brooke Hodgkin*, *William*  
*William Deards*, *James Brice*,  
*s Dundas*, *John Galloway*,  
*amuel Harvey Howard*; who  
be upon Oath for the faith-  
Trust.

be published in the Gazette,  
be paid in One Month after  
demanded within Six Months  
erously given for the Emol-  
may be had of any of the  
at the PRINTING-  
ADVERTISEMENTS,  
nuance, Long Ones  
st kinds of BLANKS,  
their proper BONDS  
G-WORK performed

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 9, 1772.

TO LORD NORTH.  
MY LORD,



HAVE waited, with a degree of impatience natural to a man who wishes well to his country, for your Lordship's ministerial interposition in behalf of an injured Princess of England, the Queen Consort of Denmark.

As I have some opportunity of being acquainted with the disposition of Lord North, it is, I candidly confess, with regret, that I resume the task of censuring a man, who has, at least, this negative virtue, that he wants the will to do a signal mischief to the state. I desire, however, to be well understood; I intend no compliment to your Lordship's heart; I am yet to learn that it merits any. If, therefore, our Prime Minister is not anxiously busy in adopting measures, and pursuing schemes, to plunge this country into irretrievable ruin, we may thank the dastardly pusillanimity of his nature; we may rejoice at his weakness; as by that alone our safety is injured, and we ought to exult in the superintending care of Providence, which hath dealt out its gifts to Lord North with so sparing a hand, that he does not possess a single talent necessary to render him a formidable adversary to publick virtue.

There is, however, a certain dignity in office, which ever will have weight with the vulgar. Your brother the Bishop of Exeter, uses this truth daily verified within the precincts of his own diocese; and it cannot be confuted by an ill-natured reflection, to say, that there are few families in Great Britain more indebted for consequence to the drapery of externals, than the present issue of the Right Hon. Lord North. With your proceedings in office, therefore, I am at variance; the man is too contemptible for the notice of JUNIUS.

The late revolution in Denmark, my Lord, will produce, in all human probability, an entire alteration in the whole system of Europe. Your neutrality during that dark, and, as you have managed matters, still darker, transaction, is culpable in the extreme. I want words wherewith to delineate the absurdity of your conduct; the occasion calls for a species of conventional satire mortals may conceive, which, to Lord North's unspeakable comfort, they never can attain My efforts, however, are at the service of my country; the times demand them. There was a period when it was necessary and expedient that one man should die for the people, and the whole nation perish not; and there is at present a political necessity for a sacrifice, and it shall not be the cause of JUNIUS, if Lord North's permitted to escape, without gracing the triumph as the most distinguished victim.

answerable they are of the extraordinary kind; but that, considered in a political light, your Lordship's whole procedure with regard to Denmark is absurd; and, with respect to the publick, highly criminal. This is a proposition to which every independent man of sense, throughout the kingdom, must readily assent. In private life, the honour of a sister is deemed an affair of infinite consequence to a brother. A man of sentiment is anxious to convince his friends and neighbours, that the breath of slander hath traduced her virtue; and he seizes with avidity every alleviating circumstance that can contribute to extenuate her offence, or demonstrate her innocence beyond the possibility of cavil.

Is our pius Majesty cast in a different mould from one of his people? Or is he taught to believe, that the opinion of his subjects has no manner of relation to his own felicity? Are you, my Lord, quite void of feeling? Have you no warm blood that flows around your heart, that gives your frame a thrilling soft sensation, and makes your bosom glow with affections ornamental to man as a social creature? For shame, my Lord, show ever wrong you act, you must know better; you must be conscious, that the people have a right to be informed of every transaction which concerns the welfare of the State. They are part of a mighty empire, which flourishes only as their happiness is promoted; they have a kind of claim in every person belonging to the Royal lineage. How then can they peaceably remain neuter, and see their Princess imprisoned by a banditti of Northern Vandals? with what crime is she charged? What are the proofs of her guilt? A revolution, brought about by the artifices of an intriguing woman, is no new thing in Denmark; the very superstructure of the Danish Monarchy is raised upon such a foundation. Margarete, in right of her son Olaus VI. assumed the reins of Government in that kingdom; but not content with her just portion of power, she formed a scheme to depose Albert, the lawful King of Sweden; succeeding in her stratagems, she condemned him to perpetual imprisonment; and thus obtained the sovereignty of Sweden also.

There is a barbarous ferocity which still clings to the inhabitants of the North, and renders their government subject to perpetual convulsions; but the Danes, if any, will be found the only people in this time who have dared to proceed to extremities that alarm all Europe; nay, dared to imprison an English Princess, without giving even the shadow of a publick reason for their conduct.

The Empress of Russia, on a somewhat similar occasion, was politeness itself. When she consended to dispatch her husband, she caused a manifesto to be published, wherein she justified her conduct to God, her conscience, and the world. The present Machiavelian Dowager Jolie may send the young Queen's soul to Heaven in a high; and, through the shameful remissness of you, Lord North, as Prime Minister of this unhappy country, the publick may remain ignorant of every circumstance relative to the murder. Be not, however, deceived; the blood of our Sovereign's sister shall not be suffered to cry in vain for vengeance; it shall be heard, it shall be revenged; and, what is still more, it shall besprinkle Lord North, and thus affix a stigma upon his forehead, which shall make him wander, like another Cain, accursed through the world.

Is it thus a Cecil, thus a Burleigh, thus a Wallingham, would have acted in the days of the Protectorate? Would Cromwell have permitted such an indignity to have passed unnoticed? That illustrious character would have dispatched Blake with all imaginable speed to scour the seas, and chastise the insolence of these northern, uncivilized freebooters; had they presumed even to imprison a common English subject, much less an English Princess; and, as an hostage for her liberty and her life, he would have confined the Danish Ambassador, until an express arrived, proclaiming her release.

ons: expended, and English blood split in Germany; these are *stale*, these are *hackneyed* to pieces. I grant, indeed, there is *facility* in the man; I grant he has his *flights*, but they are so many *flaring excellencies*. He is not merely a *meteor* in the political sky; he is a *comet*, a *stellar* of a *superior order*, which sheds its benign influence on this our lower world, diffuses a genial vivifying heat into our atmosphere, and thus contributes to exhalate our species, and enhance the felicity of human nature. These praises are not calculated to obtain applause from the giddy multitude; they are not bestowed; they cause they may happen to fall in with the content of the times; they are not designed to render you, my Lord, left beloved, or more desirable than at present; they are a task beyond even the *pen of Junius* to accomplish; but they flow with an honest hearted sincerity from the *innocent* soul. And, was it possible to console you, that this paper should mulish the other trifles of the day, it would be my utmost ambition to have it considered as a *ritual* numental tribute of gratitude; justly due to the *truly illustrious* Earl of Chatham, for the many distinguished signals; and important services he hath performed for this my native country.

JUNIUS.

M I L A N, March 21.  
ONE of our most considerable bankers has lately failed for 300,000 livres, and is gone out of the country. They write from Lodi, that a domestic, who had lived with the Bishop of that place, but was discharged two years, got into the palace in the night, and stole to the amount of 23,000 livres in ready money; but being taken soon after, 3000 livres were recovered.

WARSAW, March 29. The last letters from Mittau say, that the general confistory of the duchy of Courland has pronounced a divorce between the young Duke and the Princess Carolina of Waldeck Jus confort.

CRAKOW, April 8. The Confederates are still matters of the Citadel, but provisions are become so scarce now, that they are obliged to kill their horses, which the officers eat seemingly with great appetite, but the soldiers with reluctance; which is the more unhappy, as they are reduced to half a pound of bread per day; however the deserters say, that it is impossible to hold out much longer. Col. Suhale, who intended to surprise the garrison of Weizanie, was prevented by a detachment of Russian troops; 18 were taken prisoners, and about 200 killed and wounded; they had but one small cannon, a three pounder, which they left behind them.

HAMBURG, April 10. We have a report here, that when the Commissaries walked on the Queen of Denmark at the castle of Cronbourg, the 21st of March her Majesty spoke to them as follows: If you are come to pay your respects to me, I admit you, but if you come with any other intention, I shall answer nothing. You have my declaration signed by my own hand; I have nothing farther to say to you. Adieu. However probable the above may be, all reports from Copenhagen must be received with great caution. Her Majesty is entirely recovered from the colic with which she was attacked some days since.

LETTERS from Riga, dated the 24th ult. advise, that 30,000 Russians, commanded by General Elmpf, the Count de Tottleben, General Rebinster, the Prince of Isemourg, and the Prince of Anhalt Bernburg, have passed by that place, with a train of large artillery, directing their march towards Poland.

RUSSIA, April 12. This moment arrived the post from Copenhagen; and we can assure you, that the vote of the King from his Queen has been declared; she is to be killed at Alsborg, and is not to bear the king's arms.

Earl Temple; it is said, has within these few days been offered a high post under the Government; which his Lordship declined.

A plan for considerably augmenting the Crown revenues, by improving the English trade and settlement in Hudson's Bay, has been laid before the Premier for consideration.

April 7. It is said, that some acts of indulgence will shortly be granted to the Irish Roman Catholics, on account of their dutiful behaviour to Government.

Orders are given for a detachment of the Royal regiment of artillery, and a quantity of ordnance and military stores to be got in readiness to be shipped for