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Annapolis, March 14, 1714 the SUBSCRIBERS, Land, lying in Franci ling by Patent 510 Acres wery reasonable Price. In

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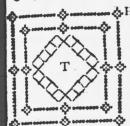
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T H U R S A Y, MAY

COPENHAGEN, March. 7.



HE commission of inquisition is closely occupied in interrogating Count Brandt. The following has just appeared in one of the publick papers of this city, with respect to Count Struensee: "It is very certain, that Count Struensee is convicted of more than one & crime : He has confessed, in

one of his examinations, that he has been guilty of high treason, in having, without his Majesty's know-ledge, expedited orders from the cabinet, by which he has made many useless and dangerous changes. It is faither faid, that there has been found among his papers, in his own hand-writing, an account, from whence it is strongly suspected that he has defrauded the royal treasury of 100,000 rix-dollars, for his own use, or that of his creatures. There is the greater reason for this belief, from there having been found in his bureau, actions to a very great amount; and his appointments, as prime minister, not amounting to 3000 lix.dollars, he has been too short a time in office to acquire fairly the beforementioned large fums.

WARSAW, March 7. Though we are affured preli-minaries are figned between the Russians and Turks, yet both fides are bufy in preparing for war. Howe-ver, we flatter ourfelves, that it is only making peace

HAMBURGH, March 8. According to the last advices rom Poland, the Russians will soon destroy the remains of the little army of Count Oginski, grand General of Lithuania. It confisted of 6500 men; 500 of whom were killed in one skirmish, and 150 made pri-

HAGUE, March A long letter from Copenhagen has been published here, by seeming authority, which contradicts, in a great measure, the accounts already given of the revolution there. It accuses Mr. Struensee is the author of pertain projects, which were to the iking of the King, but that they all tended to aggranlize himself; and concludes with asserting, that Prince rederick, the King's brother, is not Prime Minister, hat he is no way ambitious of fuch title; and that his ugust mother has an innumerable train of witnesses nd admirers of her conduct in this affair, to prove her miltless of the base charges brought against her.

SAXE GOTHA, March 10. This morning about five occledied, at his palace of Friedenstein, after a long nd painful illness, in the 73d Year of his age, his Seene Highness Frederick Duke of Saxe-Gotha, to the great grief of his subjects, over whom he had reigned ear forty years, univerfally beloved and respected.

March 2. Wednesday his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland came to town from Windsor, with an ntent to enter his protest against the bill now dependng before the Lords, for regulating Royal Marriages. His Royal Highness was prevented taking this step, by heir Lordships ordering that clause in the bill, which had a retrospect to the descendants of his late Majesty, o be erased. So that the bill in question relates to the marriages of the children of the present King. His dighness behaved in the House with great manliness. The following, we are told, is the fubstance of his Royal Highness's speech upon the occasion:

"The bill now in agitation feems framed by the minister with an intention of doing an injury to my amily; I profess myself a married man, and I appeal o your Lordships humanity, whether any bill ought o pass this assembly, which contains a retrospective lause, evidently inserted to advert to a prior matter. trust your Lordships will not suffer so material an in-

ury to be done me and my family."

March 3. A petition has been presented to the board trade by Mr. St. Piere, praying affistance in the stablishment of his colony at New Bourdeaux in South Carolina, for the culture of vines, filk, indigo, and ruit trees, such as almonds, olives, figs, &c. and it s thought this gentleman's undertaking will be re-commended by that board as an object of parliamen-

ary consideration. March 4. Orders are sent over to Ireland to make a draught of twenty men from every regiment in that kingdom, which are to larch with all expedition for kinfale, there to embark for Quebec.

Murch 5. The King of Prussia has sent a letter to pur Sovereign, as Elector of Hanover, which occafoned an express to be sent off late on Sunday night that electorate.

The Catherine and Maria, Taylor, and the St. Luar, Hanson, both from Maryland, are put into Cork. March 10. Advice (which it is greatly wished may turn out premature) has been received, that a young northern Queen will soon make her exit from the stage f life, either voluntarily, or agreeable to a sentence which was every day expected to pass the former has een much apprehended, since some unfavourable cirsumstances have transpired, which she imagined could never be brought to light. She is most carefully watch-

ed, and, two days before this advice came away, all access to her person was denied. It is plain Struensee employed all the villainous arts he was possessed of to ensnare her youth; but in a late confession he proved himself a mean and atrocious villain, by exaggerating every youthful failing of his royal victim, and reprefenting her to be what decency forbids us to mention.

A gentleman from Copenhagen, who was present at the revolution, declares, that the young Queen never once lost her spirits, but that when the Count Rantzau arreited her, the denounced vengeance on his head, and declared he should suffer as a traitor, for daring to commit fuch an outrage upon the confort of his So-

It is reported, that this morning a messenger arrived from Denmark, with the agreeable news of the Queen being tried, and that nothing criminal being proved, the was honourably acquitted.

Charitable men ought to be indulged in their doubts respecting the criminality of the Queen of Denmark, as every information against her originates from her enemies; even the confession of Struensee is evidently extorted by the terrors of the intended torture.

A letter from Copenhagen fays, that immediately after the President made known to the King the refult of the examination, which was, that the Queen had been found to be guilty of infidelity, as well as of many high crimes against the State, orders were immediately dispatched to Cronenburg, commanding that the Queen be very closely confined, and that all access to her be denied. The Count, it is said, will be beheaded in a few days before the very window of the castle in which her Majesty is confined. When the President went to the King, to inform him of the examination, he was at the levee, and on hearing the report thereof, his Majesty shed tears, retired to another apartment, and was feen no more that day.

March 12. There was a warm debate in Council on Tuesday last, whether the news from Denmark ought to be published in England. It was at last, however, referred to his Majesty, who was of opinion, that the publication of it would be only giving new opportunities to scandal, lies and defamation, which have already met with too much encouragement.

We are informed, that orders are given for four men of war, and one of the royal yachts, to be in readiness to fail for the port of Elfineur, supposed to bring over to England the Queen of Denmark from that

By a private letter lately brought from Copenhagen, it appears a certain fact, that the unhappy young Queen is hourly expected to undergo the same sentence as Count Struensee; it seems there is one M. de Gro-nintet, a man of desperate fortune, who has got access to the Queen Dowager, and who, it is supposed, by her instigation, has offered to make a confession of crimes which never existed, and to charge the young Queen with intentions she never conceived. To keep up the farce, this villain is fecured and put in irons; but persons of intelligence see through the scheme, as scarcely a day passes without a messenger being dispatched-to-him-from-the-Queen-Dowager :- he-was-tobe examined the day after the person who brought the above letter left Copenhagen; so that in all probability, by the arrival of the first foreign mails, we shall have a circumstantial account of the horrid success of their villainous stratagem; but that the young Queen is destined for a devoted sacrifice, unless our Ministry interpose their timely aid, there can be no manner of

It is privately whispered, that the Queen of Den-mark's head was struck off the twenty-seventh of last

The greatest secrecy and silence are still observed at St. James's on the affairs of Denmark: several advices been received from Copenhagen, but few if any of the contents have transpired even to the people in

The Friendship, Cowan, from Maryland to Clyde, is stranded near Wexford in Ireland.

The last letters from Constantinople mention a dreadful earthquake having happened there lately, which occasioned much damage, and several of the inhabi-

tants were buried in the ruins. March 13. It is faid that Lord Chatham has lately declared, that, in his opinion, the bill for regulating the marriages of the Royal Family is a more hateful stretch of despotism than the Middlesex election was generally confidered to be by the kingdom. " Parliamentary privilege (says his Lordship) is a ground upon which wife men have doubted and good men differed; but in the present case there can be neither difference nor doubt. The first principles of natural justice are obviously violated, when a King of 18 is to contruol the marriages of Princes who are 25, and when the possible heirs of the Crown are to be laid under restrictions from which the possessor is exempted, though his choice is of infinitely greater importance to the people."

Mr. Charles Fox gave Lord North so severe a drub-bing yesterday in the House of Commons, that there is no doubt but he will foon be defired to come into place

again upon his own terms.

In the last conference Lord North had with a great personage on the subject of the marriage bill, before

its being brought into the House of Lords, he replied to him in the following words: "I will give your Majesty the last proof of my duty (though I cannot of my inclination) by furnishing in the last proof of my inclination) by supporting it with my usual endeavours to ferve you.

Letters from Hamburgh inform, that couriers are continually passing between Copenhagen and Berlin, which give rise to various conjectures and much speculation among the politicians.

We are well informed, that Lord and Lady Grofvenor will very shortly be remarried. It is very certain that Lady Grosvenor is gone home to his Lordship's

The following changes in the law are talked of to take place after the fession: Lord Mansfield to have the Seals; Sir Fletcher Norton to succeed Lord Manffield; the Attorney-General to succeed Lord Chief Justice De Grey, who is to retire; and Mr. Solicitor-General to be Attorney-General. Who is to succeed Mr. Wedderburne'is not said.

Yesterday morning his Grace the Duke of Graston fet off from his house in Arlington-street, on a private embassy to Paris.

It is said his Grace's embassy to France was entirely

at the request of a great personage.

By the marriage bill, should it pass as it now stands, if no retrospect is had to the marriage of the Duke of Cumber'and himself, yet as a descendant from George the Second, his children, should he have any, will come under the intentions of the bill, and of course must be obliged to conform to the act.

March 14. This evening the Commons, in a committee of the whole House, re-assumed the consideration of the marriage bill: the minority were determined to debate it inch by inch, and, by the evert of this day's proceedings, they feem to have got ground confiderably; the Speaker, early in the day, made a long harangue on the eccasion, and was replied to by Mr. Cornwall; the House had divided twice by five o'clock on the preamble of the bill, the numbers were 68 against 203 on the first division, and 58 against 169 on the second. Many long and excellent speeches were then made, and the arguments ran pretty much on the legality of the wording of the preamble; at a quarter before twelve the House divided a third time, when the numbers were, noes 200, ayes 164. They immediately adjourned till Monday next, and it feems have got no further than the preamble of an act, which it is imagined will give the Ministry as much trouble as any bill that has been brought in this fession.

We have authority to inform the publick, that there is a moral certainty of an immediate peace between the Russians and the Porte. The congress is already opened at Jaffy, the capital of Moldavia; and it is thought that all the demands of the Czarina will be complied with; the chief of which is, the absolute and entire cession of the Crimea, and all the provinces to the East of the Danube. The cause of this sudden re-solution of pacification in the Ottoman Divan, rises from what they call the Treasury of the Court of Vienna; the Emperor having for two years past received a very large subsidy from the Porte, without having taken one step to intimidate Russia from her enter-

We are informed that, foon after this fession of par-liament, Lord North is to retire with a pension, not inferior to that of Lord Chatham, as a small mark of royal favour for his many great services, but particularly for his unwearied industry about the royal mar-

riage bill. We hear that the shipwrights in the several dockyards are now buser than at any time in the late war; and expresses are continually arriving at one or other of them from the Admiralty. It is not even conjectured what is the reason of all this extraordinary ex

WHITEHALL, March 14. The King has been pleafed to appoint Molineux Shuldham, Esq; to be his Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Islane of Newfoundland and all the coast of Labrador, from the entrance of Hudson's Streights to the River St. John, which discharges itself into the sea, nearly op-posite the west end of the Island of Anticosti, including that Island, with any other small Islands on the said coast of Labrador, also the Islands of Madelaine in the Gulph of St. Lawrence, as also of all his Ma-jesty's forts and garrisons erected and established, or that shall be erected and established, in the said Islands of Newsoundland, Anticosti, and Madelaine, or on the coasts of Labrador within the limits aforesaid.

March 16. Leave is given to bring in a bill to prevent fraudulent admissions into the company of Merchants trading to America.

March 17: The reports of the death of the Queen of Denmark are; we are well informed, void of truth: the proceedings against her are carried on with the greatest caution, and she has every indulgence that can be allowed a state prisoner; and one of her birth; Colonel Keith, it is said, has been sent for several times by some of the senators appointed to enquire into this affair, and great deference is paid to whatever he advances; and it is therefore imagined, that pro-ceedings will foon be stopped, and none be made acquainted with the particular circumstances, except his