

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, APRIL 30, 1772.

S P A I N.

HE last letters from Madrid advise, that the King of Spain having been informed that Messrs. Bahic, a French House at Cadiz, failed lately for upwards of 1,400,000 pistoles, and that there is great reason to apprehend some more failures in consequence of the above in other trading cities in that Kingdom: his Catholick Majesty immediately ordered an embargo to be laid on all French ships then at Cadiz, and seemed then determined not to permit foreigners to settle as merchants there for the future. These letters add, that the King of Spain having discovered that his Confessor held a secret correspondence with the Jesuits, notwithstanding his Majesty's express orders to the contrary, has not only dismissed him, but has caused him to be arrested, and it is thought will bring him to a public trial.

ANTONIO, Jan. 31. An express from Corrow to Venice passed through this place with the melancholy news, that the Squadron of that republick, commanded by the Chevalier Emo, routing two pirates, was overtaken by a terrible Storm; that the Chevalier endeavouring to bring his ships under cover in the port of Vaica, between Cerigo and the Moren, one of the ships sunk with all the crew, except thirty-six men; that another named the Vigilance was dashed against the rocks, but the crew and guns were saved; and that the Hercules, another ship of the line, on board of which was the Chevalier Emo, had her mast broke, which in falling killed thirty sailors, and wounded his Excellency in the shoulder.

WARSAW, Feb. 5. We have just received accounts that the confederates have taken Cracow, with all the magazines and artillery.

CRACOW, Feb. 5. The Confederates have taken the castle of this capital, and placed a garrison of men therein. A considerable sum of money, and great quantities of provisions of all kinds, have by this conquest fallen into the hands of the Confederates. The Russians are already in motion, and it is not doubted but that they will use their utmost efforts to repair this loss as soon as possible.

now said the Queen Dowager of Denmark has her Eye upon for her son Prince Frederick." This day arrived the mails from France and Holland, by which we learn, that the Confederates have made themselves masters of the city and castle of Cracow by surprise. The same mails mention, from Copenhagen, that the Queen is now permitted to walk out two miles distance from the castle of Cronenburg; but that they have changed the Lady of her Bedchamber. Her name is also omitted in the publick prayers.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 11. The commissioners charged with carrying on the process against the prisoners of the state have just issued an ordinance, by virtue of which all those who have received any presents from the Counts de Stepensee and Brandt, in the name of the King and Queen, must restore them.

L O N D O N.

Feb. 10. By the death of the late Princess Dowager, there is a saving in his Majesty's Civil List of 16,000*l*. Her Royal Highness had by an Act of Parliament of the 10th of King George II. a revenue of 50,000*l*. per ann. for life, in case she survive the Prince, which was to be paid quarterly, and the first payment took place five days after his decease; 40,000*l*. of that annuity was to be paid out of the revenue of the Post-Office, and the other 10,000*l*. out of the duties of Excise.

When the Duke of Cumberland heard of the death of his Royal Mother, he burst into tears, and remained in such an inconsolable state the whole day, that he could scarcely be prevailed upon to take any refreshment.

Till within this fortnight, there was no apparent alteration in the face of her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales's jewels from that she has been in for some weeks. The disagreeable news from the North, though communicated to her in as favourable terms as possible, was observed to produce symptoms of a nature bordering on unfavourable. About four or five days ago, she was thought much better, and her physicians were of opinion, taking the in would be serviceable; after this she remained somewhat better, but on Thursday night grew dangerously ill, from which time she languished in great agonies till she died. She retained her senses to the last, and seemed desirous that the King and Queen and Princess of Brunswick should stay with her, apprehending, 'tis imagined, her life was very near a period.

The Princess Dowager in her last interview with the King wrung his hands very hard, and in words to this effect took her leave of him: "My dear son, you are the King of a great people, be it possible the King of a happy one; study the real welfare of your subjects, not the wishes of the factious; and may you gain a brighter crown in heaven, than that which I leave you here on earth."

The Princess Dowager has died extremely poor, the charities which she disposed of being too numerous to admit an accumulation of wealth, and her bounty feeding many families who never knew the hand that relieved them, and will now too certainly make a most disagreeable discovery.

At night a corn mill at Bromley, in Essex, took fire, which communicated itself to two others adjoining, and entirely consumed them, with all the flour and corn. The damage is computed at 18,000*l*. besides greatly damaging the dwelling-house adjoining.

all intents a libel on King and people; but as the thanks of the house had already been voted, they could not consistently *now* censure it; but as a *side resolution*, it was moved, that in future the sermon should be printed before the parson was thanked for it. Lord North, though he could not defend the doctrines of the preacher, yet moved the order of the day, to get rid of such a reflection as this would have been on him.

The passages objected to are these: "It has indeed been frequently asserted, that this tempest was raised by other causes; that the despotic disposition, the arbitrary proceedings, and the tyrannical government of the King, after numberless oppressions patiently submitted to, roused at length the spirit of an injured people in defence of their liberty and laws; that they had frequently applied for redress of grievances, had often petitioned for their rights, had used every method of persuasion and remonstrance without success, before they had recourse to those measures which a sense of their injuries inspired, and necessities sufficiently justified. But to every unprejudiced person this apology for rebellion will appear as groundless as it is bare. Their complaints preceded even their pretended grievances, and continued after those grievances were redressed. They felt indeed one, which, to men of their cast, will ever be a real grievance; the establishment of episcopacy in the church, and monarchy in the state; of both which their leveling principles were equally subversive."

In vain shall we look for the beginning of those evils from any real or pretended grievances, from any undue stretch of prerogative, from any abuse of Royal power; those favourite topics upon which the enemies of our constitution so vehemently declaim. No; whatever colour these pretences might lend to rebellion, the ground-work of it was more deeply laid in the principles of the times, in the factious zeal, and turbulent spirit of man devoted to enthusiasm, phrenzy, and madness.

And while we behold the bright resemblance of those princely virtues, which adorned the Royal Martyr, now shining forth in the person of our gracious Sovereign, let us earnestly address the Throne of Mercy, that the guilt of an ungrateful, abandoned people may not cause this sun to be withdrawn from us, nor quench the light of Israel."

Feb. 25. Yesterday a motion was made for expunging out of their Journals the thanks that were ordered to be given to a Rev. Divine for his Sermon, preached before them the 30th of last month, which was carried in the affirmative, on a division of 50 against 51.

The following is an authentic copy of the laconic letter which Mr. Charles Fox sent to Lord North, previous to his resignation:

"My Lord,  
"You have grossly insulted me, and I will resent it. I am just now going to set out for St. James's to reign my seat at the treasury board to the King."

"I am, my Lord,  
"Your Lordship's humbl<sup>e</sup> servant,  
"Thursday 12 o'clock. C. J. FOX."

The resignation of Mr. Charles Fox, was affirmed, was owing to a dispute between him and Lord Sandwich, who had disposed of a considerable post in the navy, which had been promised to a friend of the former.

His Majesty has appointed Capt. Shuldhum, late Commander of his Majesty's ship Royal Oak; to be Admiral and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships on the Newfoundland Station, in the room of Commodore Byron, whose time is expired.

Feb. 27. Tuesday night an express was sent from the Admiralty to Portsmouth, for the men to work double tides, in order to get the men of war fitting out there, completed for sea, as soon as possible; the same orders were sent to Plymouth and Chatham.

It is said, that the whole military establishment of the British Colonies is to consist of 13000 effective men, exclusive of their militia.

March 3. Yesterday a motion was made in the Lower House, by Mr. M. for expunging out of the Calendar, the observance of the 30th of January, in commemoration of King Charles's Martyrdom; the debates thereon contained upwards of two hours, when the previous question being put, the House divided, and there appeared for the question 97, and against it 125, after which the House adjourned to this day.

The following letter was lately written by the King of Denmark to his Queen:

"MADAM,  
"I pity your present just fate. Let this prove my last adieu. I wish you a sincere and Christian repentance.  
CHRISTIAN, REX."

March 4. We are credibly informed, that a fleet of men of war are ordered to be got ready to proceed to the Baltic. The bill for incorporating and well governing the society of free and accepted Masons, has been read the first time, and ordered to be read a second. The ensigns of the Bath were given to Mr. Keith, as a reward for his late spirited behaviour, in defence of the Queen Consort; and we are told his Majesty is so greatly pleased with Mr. Keith's conduct, that he has ordered all the usual expences, attending the cre-

Arch-street, Annapolis, was justly Caroline, Captain Pearlon, from

Assortment of European and Engl. suitable for the Spring and which he will sell cheap for ready dit: Also Madeira Wine, Lard and Chebire Cheese, Loat sugar, (4w)

DAVIDSON and JOHNSON, Front of the Dock in Annapolis, in the Trimley, Capt. Page,

and compleat Assortment of Ex- East-India Goods suitable for the er Seasons, which they will sell dy Money or short Credit. Also Loaf Sugar, London Porter, and old Barbados Cane Spirit.

rick County, March 19, 1772. Vendue, on Monday the First Day the Premises, at Three o'Clock in t to the last Will and Testaments of mson, deceased,

thereon the deceased lived (the ound excepted) lying in Frederic n Miles from George-Town on . Seven measured Miles from t Five Miles from Rock-Criek in Half a Mile of Two good Gri -West Branch, containing upwards eon is a small convenient Dwe- a Brick Chimney, Plank Floor, a Kitchen with a Stone Chimney, a Stone Chimney, Meat-house, ber-house, Hen-house, Still-house almost new, and Two Tobacco- which there is a Plank thrashing arden; convenient to the House, till-house, is a good Draw-well, Chain, &c. There are also Three at produce a great deal of Cider, some Cherry Trees. The Land r planting or farming, having a with a constant stream of Water, watered at pleasure.

will have Liberty to put in a Crop ll as early as he chooses, and will n of the Houses and Premises on eber next  
s Credit will be given the Per- Day of Sale, on giving Bond- paying Interest from the 25<sup>th</sup> of Day he is to get full Possession.  
L, son of Nin. (enr.) } Execut. HEUGH. (wq)

February 23, 1772. Subscriber, Executor of the last Will of Edward Norwood, deceased, tract of Land situated in Baltimore bounding on the Ferry Branch of containing 75 Acres, called at me of Comb's Adventure, wherein a Mine, and so convenient to the l of 200 Tons may load within bank that is now opened, only by Wharf; there is a tolerable good n the said Land, and sundry othe above Land will be expofed to s, in Baltimore-Town, on Monday next.  
e expofed to Sale, at Mr. Ricket's ng, on Tuesday the 14th of Aprl, lots or Parcels of Land, lying in said, viz Tan-Yard, 66 Acres, Goshan, 60, Cannon's Delight, 4, and Norwood's Chance, 10 Acres; lllent Mill Seat, and always Water ny Mill that may be erected there the above Lands are more than 1 ore Town.

EDWARD NORWOOD. son that is inclinable to purchas of the Premises, by applying to

Annapolis, March 24, 1772. D by the SUBSCRIBERS, lots of Land, lying in Frederick containing by Patent 610 Acres, for a very reasonable Price. For

SAMUEL HOWARD. JOHN HOWARD.

ON, at the PRINTING- ar; ADVERTISEMENTS, ontinuanee. Long Ones most kinds of BLANKS, with their proper BONDS. RING-WORK performed