REWARD. Dec. 17, 1771 from the Subscriber, about Forty Years of ht Jacket, Ofnabrig alt Hat, and a Fairfor ng, him to his Maffer paid by WALLINGSFORD

polis, Dec 16, 1771, been solicited by ses Place, hereby gives a Vendue House in Il receive Goods of all s, which he will sell le Gentlemen whom uch an Undertaking, will be taken to rennay at any Time restored, and at a very Il be on Saturday in and Kind of Goods ckly advertised .-

t a great Distance, n that Way, are deubscriber; living in Commands will be ed with the greatest ble Servant, HILIP MERONEY.

T O R Y Publick in general lar, that he has refor Business, at the eets, near the Courthas fitted up a conon of Merchandize, Commission, on the ither there or at his cet, (upon certain vill be given) as may

ness as a Broker, to cean Goods, Bills of Tels Houses, Lands, usiness as he may be fuch low Terms, as he Gentlemen, Mery, and those of the oy him.

, his utmost Endea-Satisfaction in the ny Bufiness that may nd the Favours conreceived and grate-

being acquainted ry, are of Opinion, lities and Character, execute the feveral tioned.

S I Jaac Wharton, & Wharton, Morris, junr. Wharten. ody as Runaways a

the Man calls him-; both fay they belbot County. Their s and take them a-D THCMAS, riff of Cacil County. nty, July 19, 1771.

blick, and my kind that I have lately nd compleat Assortd Country Goods, e for Cash. Wheat, lank, and Feathers. ICHAEL BURKE.

ork, Jan. 22, 1771. er General, having of Correspondence ica) been pleased to stationbe tween Falhereby given, that closed at the Poste of the Clock at every Month, and Day for Falmouth. laster General. DLDEN, Secretary.

XIIXIXXIIXIIX e PRINTING-RTISEMENTS, Long Ones of BLANKS roper Bonds K performed

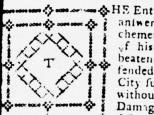
XXVIII YEAR.)

( No. 1377 )

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H Y, JANUARY 30,

S I D O N (in Syria,) July 15.



4 ME Enterprizes of Ali Bey have aniwered his Expectation. Mechemet-Bey-Aboudaab, Gen. of his Army in Syria, hath beaten Four Pachas who defended Damascus; and that City furrendered the 6th Ult. without having futtained much 🌣 🕻 Damage. But to the great Altonishment of every Body,

above General railed his Camp on the 14th, and fet for Ciro, abandoning all his Conquests. We w not yet the true Me tive for this Step. he Four Pachas abovementioned have re-entered maicus, without the least Resistance, and are levy-

Contributions from the People. The Perte bath not made any Dispositions relative Syria. We are pretty quiet in Sidon. This Town heren taken by the Cherick Daher, and retaken the Drutes, who keep a Garriton here.

MYRNA, Aug. 20. The Detertion from our Army or Danuar is very great. This Day 1500 Men ved in the Neighbourhood of this City to return d Arg. They were all Volunteers, confequently ld not be obliged to rejoin the Camp. As they e refused a Passes, over the Hellespont, they com-

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 10. Abaila Pacha, and ral other Officers, have been beheaded by order the Grand Signiar, for having abandoned the nea, without making the least Effort for its De-te. Their Heads have been exposed at the Gate

ej: 17. If Credit is to be given to the Deserters stive from the Army, there are but between and 5000 Men in the Grand Vizi 's Camp near dag: P. Ruffians - might take this favourable ty to ais the Danube, if they were not oed to employ al their Forces to defend themselves Lachia and Moldavia against Mehemet Pacha Magzoen Zade.

he if Letters from Cairo advise, that Ali Bey nues to enjoy the Power he has afurped there. ney write from A. appo, that Neuman Pacha Seie has formed a Defign of marching into Egypt not Ali Bey, and that he has taken 18 Pieces of on from thence for that Expedition. All is now

Letter from Smyrna of the 9th Inft. advises, that nt Theodore Orlow, and Count Giovanni, went annonade Rhodes with one Man of War of the Sx Frigates, and a Bomb Vesser. The Man of was much dan aged; the Frigate, on board of was Count G vanni, was definalled, and obligretie, and the Bomb Veffel could not get near h to do any Thing. Those Advices add, that Russan Fiee has received 17 Ships laden with Pro-

echokn, Sept. 21 Captain Brown, of England, who red nere Yen eday from the Isle of Peros, brings Adthat the Russians have not lately made any Proas a faffered much by want of Provithe . d by the Greeks, they had put a Number f ... in Irons; and that Part of the and failed to Ragufa, to raife the d demai ed of that Republick.

ARSAW, Sept. 25. The Ruffian Ambaffador havin Lourfd. v last, received Advice of the Defeat olonel Al zew, gave Orders immediately for hing into Lithuania all the Russian Troops in the ns of that City.

9. Ali the Confederacies in Lithuania are de-Count Oginski is, it is said, at Konigsberg; vitz, in returning from Gradno to this Capio day defeated and dispersed the Parties of k. Korycki, and Paezkowski; the Pulk of Bielak d most, and was himself wounded in the Ac-

19 General Bauer, on the 4th Ult. gained a detable Advantage over 1600 Turks, near the of Dowiona. All the Baggare, Two Pair of is, and Two Boats, which were upon the Olta, taken. The Turks loft above 100 Men.

NNA, Sett. 28. Letters from Constantinople, the 3d Instant, advise, that Abalia Pacha, who anded a Body of 5000 Men in Crimea, had been ded at Trebisonde, by order of the Grand Signior, ffering that Peninsula to fall into the Hands of ushans; and that his Head was carried to that and laid at the Sultan's Feet.

Acow, O.A. 1. Yesterday the Russian Froops, the Lieutenant Coionels Heisman, Strackelberg, helwitz, and M jor Count Melin, attacked con both Sides of the Vistula; but the Confes desended themselves so well, that the Russians obliged to renounce their Enterprize.

ERSBURGH, Od. 8. Letters from Moscow bring count of a great Tumult in that City, occasion-some Regulations made by the Archbishop for ing the Contagion, and particularly by his region Objects of the Description of the Popuo which the Sick and those in Health crouded

promiscuously. The Mob broke into the Archbishop's Palace, and plundered it, destroyed the Pest-houses, and committed several other Disorders. The Archbishop fled to a neighbouring Mohastry, where he was attacked and cruelly murdered the next Morning. Great Numbers of the Populace were killed by the Troops, before they could be dispersed; but as Count Orlow was expected to arrive at Moscow on the 6th Instant, it was hoped that his Presence and Authority would effectually quiet the Difturbance.

HAMBURGE, Od. 14. The Russian Minister here received a Courier this Morning from Warsaw, with Advice, that in the Night between the 22d and 23d of last Month, General de Suwarow entirely defeated the Body of Troops commanded by the Great Gen. Count d'Oginski, in the little Town of Stoiowitze, between Slohim a d Nesseweisz. The greatest Part of the Lithuanian Cavary ran away, and the Infantry laid down their Arms, and furrendered Prifoners of War. Count d'Oginski owes his Preservation to the Swiftness of his Horse, by which Means he got into a foreign Country: All his Artillery, the Chancery, and Military Cheft, fell into the Hands of the Ruffians, who upon t is Occasion took an immense Booty.

FLORENCE, Od. 15. Yesterday the Great Duke and Duchels returned to Town from their Country Seat of Poggio a Caiano, to celebrate the Empress Queen's Name day, which is to be performed this Day with great Solemnity, and the G eat Duke being informed of his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester's Intention to be present at this Solemnity, immediately gave Orders to suspend the Dispositions for his dining in publick, that he might dine with his Royal Highnels, and accordingly fent Count Thurn to acquaint his Royal Highness therewith. An Hour after this was settled, News was received from Leghorn, of his Royal Highness's being very much indisposed, which prevented him wom being present at the Gala.

NAPLES, Off. 15. By Letters from Malta, of the 23d Uit. we learn, that 20 Ruffian Men of War and Transports approached the Middle of the Isle of Negropont, and landed, on the 9th of September, 8000 good Troops, who have marched towards the principal Fortress of that Island; and that, in the mean Time, they have made a Debarkation on the other Side of the Island, with a Dengn to invest the same Place on both Sides at a Time.

HAGUE, OA. 25. They write from Vienna, that a Courser arrived there lately from Petersburgh, with new Proposals for Peace, the Court of Russia not having approved of those made before by the Porte: That the Court of Vienna, though it does not perfectly relish some of the Articles, sent a Courier with them to Constantinople, and will detain the other Courier till his Return, in order to carry the Answer of the Porte immediately to Petershurgh. The Contents of these

Articles are kept very secret.

DANTZICK, O.S. 28. The Tumult among the Populace at Mescow, (lately mentioned) was not suppressed, till the 8000 Men, sent against the Mob, had made Use of their Artislery, and killed about 4000 of them. Notwithstanding this Loss, the Rioters demanded that their Affociates, who were taken Prisoners, should be set at Liberty; but the Commander of the Troops told them, they should all be hanged. Marshal Selikow lest Moscow Two Days after the above Event,

Od. 31. We hear from Petersburgh, that her Imperia. Majesty has been so well fatisfied with Rear Admiral Eiphinstone's Services, that upon his being difcharged the paid him all his Emoluments, and gave him 10001. to pay the Expences of his Journey to England; and that his Price Money was to be remited him when the Distribution was made to the other Officers, which it is faid will be very confiderable.

Now, 2. We are affured that Charles Stuart was lately at Paris, and that foon after his Appearance there he received a Message from the French Court, desiring him to retire, with which he thought fit immediately to

It is said the Deficiency of a very considerable Sum has been discovered in a publick Department.

### Extract of a Letter from Hamburgh, October 8.

" Yesterstay died in this Town, at his Lodgings near the Elephant in the Deich-ftreet, Jean Louis de C who, after receiving the Sacrament and extreme Unction, made his Confession before a Notary Publick, that he had received Five Thousand Livres from the French M-, to inlift into the Swifs Regiment, or Dutch Regiment of Guards, as a private Soldier, and at the first Review to take an Opportunity of firing at the Stadtholder with Ball. This Frenchman says, he is a Native of the Province of Artois, and he has lived here many Months in a very extravagant Manner. By the next Packet you shall receive a Copy of his Confession. Every one must recollect a certain Review at the

The Mary, Richardson, from Maryland to London,

is ashore near Margate, and full of Water. An old Correspondent congratulates us upon the present agrecable Aspect of national Affairs, and upon the probable Permanency of the publick Kranquillity abroad and at home. The Reasons he affigns for his Opinion are thefe:

That France, our most potent Enemy, are themselves in a State of Distraction, the People there groaning under a Complication of real Grievances, their publick Revenues anticipated, their Credit at the lowest Ebb; thefe, with other Circumstances not so fit to be made publick, render them utterly incapable to undertake a fresh War, and which therefore her piefens Ministers will take Care most industriously to avoid :

That the rest of the European Powers (Spain excepted, and who can do nothing without France) we have nothing to do with or fear from, our Micultry being determined for the future to avoid a continental War,

or to interfere in the Quarrels of the German Pronces. That the Disputes with our Colonies have of themselves gradually subsided, the Causes of Complaint on their Part being in a great Measure removed; and his Majesty's Subjects on both Sides of the Atla tis become duly sensible that their mutual Prosperity and Security depend upon their firm and c. rdial Union :

That at home the Spirit of Faction i visibly abated; the finister Defigns of our pretended Patrior, in hetected; the flourishing State of our Trade affice stull Employment for all our Manufactures; and the reople of late irritated by defigning Men . th the Anorehension of imaginary Grievances, duly fendible of meir unexampled Happinels:

That as his Majerty is known to have no Interest feparate from, and is anxiously folicious for, the Gory and Prosperity of his Subjects; so his present Ministry do ail in their Power to second his royal Intentions, and of Course possess his full Con Alence:

That the noble Lord in particular now at the Head of the Treasury, as he did not accept the high Station he now fo worthily fills, from Motives of Inter-it or Ambicion, but from a fincere Defire to ferve his e yal Matter; fo we have every Reason to believe he wil. not be induced to quit it, while his remaining there can, in his Majesty's Opinion, answer that laudable Intertion. He has already given undoubted Proofs that he possesses a found and manly Judgment, Courage without Temerity, Steadiness with ut Obilinacy, Parience without Timidity, assiduously discharging the Duries of his Office without Ostentation, and whose Integrity is without a Stain.

From the above Reasons our said Correspondent concludes, that we are now, whatever our other Correspons dents may allege to the Contrary, the happiest Nation under the Sun.

Nov. 5. The Number of Persons in the present House of Commons, possessed of Employments with Salaries annexed (besides hungry Dependants, whose Mouths are open to catch at Places) amounts to upwards of 240.

## Extraß of a Letter from Faris, dated Offober 28.

" There goes a Whisper here, that a certain Chevalier has again turned his Thoughts towards England, on an Invitation from some the least to be sufjected, from the Favour in which they have long been at Court. I should be so for from giving the least Credit to fuch a Report, that I should not even mention it to you, if I did not know the Truth of the following Cir-The Chevalier has actually been here incog, and is gone from hence in Company with the Marquis de Fitz-James, but where is left for Time to

There was no Drawing-room, or any publick Business transacted at St. James's Yesterday; his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland's Birth-day was not observed, but in private, by any of the Royal Family.

His Majesty is so much affected with the present Situation of his Family, as not to have had any Rest for several Nights past.

Extrast of a Letter from a Gentleman in Jamaica to his

Correspondent in London, dated Sept 4, 1771. "I have little News to fend you from this Quarter; but as probably you may hear of an Infult having been offered to the British Pag in this Quarter of the Globe by the Spaniards, the Case, as far as I can learn, is as follows :- There are finali Schooners of Ten Guns commanded by a Lieutenant, with about Sixteen Hands, employed in his Majesty's Service to cruize in these Seas; One of these Schooners being lately off Carthagena, the Spanish Governor (supposing her an illicit Trader) sent Two Guarda Costas to bring her into Port, which they accordingly did, notwithstanding the Commander produced his Commission; but on their Arrival in Port, a d finding her the King's Veffel, she was civilly dismissed, and lately arrived here. As the Commander of the Schooner suffered himself to be carried in without firing on them, it is looked upon as degrading the British Flag; for which he has been tried, and, I am told, is fulpended from his Employments. People here are in general forry for him, as he is esteemed a good Officer. I think it seems to be allowed on all Sides, that it would have been imprudent to have maintained a Fight with a Force so much superior : But, say they, for the Honour of the Britis. Flag he ought to have fired into them, and then have firuck. This, as nearly as I know, is the State of the