

of personal Enmity to the Sovereign—There are avowed Principles of the Man who in the former days, "it ever he should be convinced that I do no Motives but to destroy Wilkes, he shall be ready to do Justice to any Character, and to do Justice to the World that he despises me for what I do at present!" Had I ever acted from personal Enmity or Enmity to Mr. Wilkes, I should justly be punished: But what does he deserve, whose avowed motive is personal Enmity to the Sovereign? The Complaint which I should otherwise feel for the Absurdity and glaring Inconsistency of Junius, is here swallowed in my Abhorrence of his Principle. The Right Divine and Sacraments of Kings is to me a senseless Jargon. It was thought a daring Expression of Oliver Cromwell in the Time of Charles the First, that if he and himself placed opposite to the King in Battle, would discharge his Piece into his Bosom as soon as to any other Man's. I go farther: Had I lived in those Days, I would not have waited for Chance to give me an Opportunity of doing my Duty; I would have sought him through the Ranks, and, without the least personal Enmity, have discharged my Piece into his Bosom rather than into any other Man's. The King, whose Actions justify Rebellion to his Government, deserves Death from the Hand of every Subject, and should such a Time arrive, I shall be as free to do as to say; but till then, my Attachment to the Person and Family of the Sovereign shall ever be found more zealous and sincere than that of his Flatterers. I could offend the Sovereign with as much Reluctance as the People; but if the Happiness and Security of the whole Family made it necessary, so far and no farther would I offend him without Remorse.

But let us consider a little whether these Principles Junius would lead us. Should Mr. Wilkes once receive a Commission Mr. Thomas Walpole to procure for him a Pension of One Thousand Pounds upon the Irish Establishment for Thirty Years, he must be supported the Demand by the Publick—because it would mortify the King.

Should he wish to see Lord Rockingham and his friends once more in Administration, unobscured by any Popularity for the People, that he might again enjoy a Pension of One Thousand and Forty Pounds a Year, viz. from the First Lord of the Treasury 300l. from the Lords of the Treasury 60l. each, from the Lords of Trade 40l. each, &c. the Publick must give up their Attention to the Affairs of national Benefit, and assist Mr. Wilkes in his Attempt—because it would mortify the King.

Should he demand the Government of Canada or of Jamaica, or the Embassy to Constantinople; and in case of Refusal threaten to write them down, as he had before served another Administration, in a Year and an half; he must be supported in his Pretensions and upheld in his Intolerance—because it would mortify the King.

Junius may chuse to suppose that these Things cannot happen; but that they have happened, notwithstanding Mr. Wilkes's Denial, I do aver. I maintain that Mr. Wilkes did commission Mr. Thomas Walpole to solicit for him a Pension of One Thousand Pounds on the Irish Establishment for Thirty Years; with which he did a Pardon he declared he would be satisfied; and that, notwithstanding his Letter to Mr. Onslow, he did accept a clandestine, precarious and eleemosynary Pension from the Rockingham Administration; which he paid in Proportion to and out of their Salaries; and did entirely lay it ministerial, that as any of them sent out of the Ministry, their Names were scratched out of the List, and they contributed no longer. I did solicit the Governments and the Embassy, and threatened their Refusal nearly in these Words—"It cost me a Year and an Half to write down the last Administration; should I employ as much Time upon you, very few of you would be in at the Death." When these Threats did not prevail, he came over to England to embarrass them by his Presence; and when he found that Lord Rockingham was something firmer and more manly than he expected, and refused to be allied—into what he could not perform, Mr. Wilkes declared he could not leave England without Money; and the Duke of Portland and Lord Rockingham purchased his Absence with One Hundred Pounds apiece, with which he returned to Paris. And for the Truth of what I here advance, I appeal to the Duke of Portland, to Lord Rockingham, to Lord John Cavendish, to Mr. Walpole, &c. I appeal to the Hand-writing of Mr. Wilkes, which is still extant.

Should Mr. Wilkes afterwards (trailing in this whole Trade) chuse to dole out his Popularity by the pound, and expose the City Offices to Sale, to his brother, his Attorney, &c. Junius will tell us, it is only an Ambition that he has to make them Chamberlains, Clerks, &c. and he must not be opposed in this obnoxious the ancient Citizens of their Birthright—because any Defeat of Mr. Wilkes would gratify the King.

Should he, after consuming the whole of his own fortune and that of his Wife, and incurring a Debt of Twenty Thousand Pounds merely by his own private extravagance, without a single Service or Exertion all his Time for the Publick whilst his Estate remained; could he at length, being undone, commence Patriot, and the good Fortune to be illegally persecuted, and consideration of that Illegality be espoused by a few gentlemen of the purest publick Principles; should his Debts (though none of them were contracted for the Publick) and all his other Incumbrances be discharged; should he be offered 600l. or 1000l. a Year, make him independent for the future; and should he, after all, instead of Gratitude for these Services, solemnly forbid his Benefactors to bestow their own Money upon any other Object but himself, and revile them for setting any Bounds to their Supplies; Junius who, any more than Lord Chatham, never contributed One Farthing to these enormous Expences) will tell them, that if they think of converting the Supplies of Mr. Wilkes's private Extravagance to the Support of publick Measures—they are as great Fools as my Grandmother; and that Mr. Wilkes ought to hold

the Strings of their Purse—as long as he continues to be there in the King's Side as his

Upon these Principles I never have acted, and I never will act. In my Opinion, it is less dishonourable to be the Creature of a Court than the Tool of a Faction. I will not be either. I understand the Two great Leaders of Opposition to be Lord Rockingham and Lord Chatham; under One of whose Banners all the opposing Members of both Houses, who desire to get Places, enlist. I can place no Confidence in either of them, or in any others, unless they will now end, whilst they are out, to grant certain essential Advantages for the Security of the Publick when they shall be in Administration. These Points they refuse to stipulate, because they are fearful lest they should prevent any future Overtures from the Court. To give them to these Stipulations has been the uniform Endeavour of Mr. Sawbridge, Mr. Townsend, Mr. Omer, &c. and THEREFORE they are abused by Junius. I know no Reason but my Zeal and Industry in the same Cause that should entitle me to the Honour of being ranked by his Abuse with Persons of their Fortune and Station. It is a Duty I owe to the Memory of the late Mr. Beckford to say, that he had no other Aim than this when he provided that sumptuous Entertainment at the Mansion-house for the Members of both Houses in Opposition. At that Time he drew up the Heads of an Engagement, which he gave to me with a Request that I would couch it in Terms so cautious and precise, as to leave no Room for future Doubt and Evasion, but to oblige them either to fulfil the Intent of the Obligation, or to sign their own Infamy, and leave it on Record; and this Engagement he was determined to propose to them at the Mansion-house, that either by their Refusal they might forfeit the Confidence of the Publick, or by the Engagement lay a Foundation for Confidence. When they were informed of the Intention, Lord Rockingham and his Friends flatly refused any Engagement; and Mr. Beckford as flatly swore, they should then eat none of his Broth; and he was determined to put off the Entertainment. But Mr. Beckford was prevailed upon by me to indulge them in the ridiculous Parade of a popular Procession through the City, and to give them the foolish Pleasure of an imaginary Consequence for the real Benefit only of the Cooks and Purveyors.

It was the same Motive which dictated the Thanks of the City to Lord Chatham, which were expressed to be given for his Declaration in Favour of short Parliaments, in order thereby to fix Lord Chatham at least to that One constitutional Remedy, without which all others can afford no Security. The Embarrassment, doubt, was cruel. He had his Choice either to offend the Rockingham Party, who declared formally against short Parliaments, and with the Assistance of whose Numbers in both Houses he must expect again to be Minister, or to give up the Confidence of the Publick, from whom finally all real Consequence must proceed. Lord Chatham chose the latter, and I will venture to say, that by his Answer to those Thanks he has given up the People without gaining the Friendship or cordial Assistance of the Rockingham Faction, while little Politicks are confined to the making of Matches, and extending their Family Connexions, and who think they gain more by procuring One additional Vote to their Party in the House of Commons, than by adding to their languid Property and feeble Character the Abilities of a Chatham, or the Confidence of a Publick.

Whatever may be the Event of the present wretched State of Politics in this Country, the Principles of Junius will suit no Form of Government. They are not to be tolerated under any Constitution. Personal Enmity is a Motive fit only for the Devil. Whoever or whatever is Sovereign, demands the Respect and Support of the People. The Union is formed for their Happiness, which cannot be had without mutual Respect; and he counsels maliciously who would persuade either to a wanton Breach of it. When it is banished by either Party, and when every Method has been tried in vain to restore it, there is no Remedy but a Divorce. But even then he must have a hard and a wicked Heart indeed, who punishes the greatest Criminal merely for the sake of the Punishment, and who does not let fall a Tear for every Drop of Blood that is shed in a publick Struggle, however just the Quarrel.

JOHN HORNE.

B O S T O N, OZ. 31.
Capt Montrose arrived in Town from New-York on Sunday was Se'night, with Orders to make the necessary Repairs and Alterations at Castle-William. We are informed that as the Season is so far advanced nothing more is intended before the Spring than rebuilding one of the Wharfs, and securing the Works against any Damage from the Storms in the Winter.

Nov. 4. This Morning arrived here Captain Coffin in 7 Weeks from London: On his Passage he took up 10 Men that had been in a Boat 5 Days, which belonged to a Vessel called a Rift which foundered at Sea, Greenleaf, Master, bound from Newbury to London.

There is a Report that John Williams, Esq; Inspector-General of his Majesty's Customs, was to be appointed one of the Board of Commissioners, in the Room of John Robinson, Esq; who is to be provided for in Wales.

W I L L I A M S B U R G, Nov. 7.
On Tuesday last died, in the 33d Year of his Age, the Honourable John Blair, Esq; a Gentleman who, in the Course of his long Life, discharged the Offices of Representative, Auditor, Judge, Privy Counsellor, and President of the Colony, with unblemished Integrity. The Virtues of his private Character have been but rarely equalled, and, perhaps, never yet excelled. Captain Foy is appointed Auditor, in the Room of the Honourable John Blair, Esq; deceased.

N E W - Y O R K, November 7.
Wednesday last the Sloop Jenny, Francis Lowndes, Master, arrived here in Nineteen Days from Turks

Island, in a very distressed Condition. Soon after they left the Island, the Captain and most of his People were taken sick, principally owing to their having eaten a poisonous Kind of Fish at St. Thomas's. The Vessel about the same Time sprung a Leak, sufficient to keep one Pump almost constantly going, and they have much Reason to believe that had they not fortunately fell in with Capt. John Wilson, in the Brig George, bound from Philadelphia to Cadiz, on the 25th Ult. in Lat. 37, 35, Two Days out, all well, who most generously assisted them, with what fresh Provisions, and other Necessaries they wanted, they could not have got the Vessel to Port, and therefore they consider themselves as bound in Gratitude to make this publick Acknowledgement to Capt. Wilson for his Kindness.

Nov. 11. On Tuesday Evening about 7 o'Clock 3 Oystermen, whose Names were Bradley, Darby and Vanderlip, all Inhabitants of this City, being in a Pettyaugre, loaded with Oysters, coming from the Narrows, were overlet and drowned. The Bodies of Two of them were taken up next Day, but the other (Darby, who we hear has left a Widow and Five or six Children) was not found when this Account was sent.

Monday last the Ship Lady Gage, Captain Kemble, sailed from hence for London, in which Vessel went Passengers, Col. Maxwell, and Lieutenant Heabern, of the Royal Scotch Fusiliers; the Rev. Mr. Turin, Chaplain to the 52d Regiment; and Mr. George Fraser, of Quebec, Merchant.

Thursday last the Lord Hide Packet, Captain Goddard, failed with the Mail for Falmouth.

A N N A P O L I S, NOVEMBER 21.
Captain Francis Ware and Mr. Josias Hawkins, jun. are re-elected to serve as Delegates in the General Assembly for Charles County. And Captain Jonathan Hagar is also re-elected a Delegate for Frederick County; but a Petition is preferred to the Honourable the Lower House of Assembly on Behalf of Mr. Samuel Beall, setting forth, that a Number of Voters (foreign Protestants) did not produce Certificates of their Naturalization, and also on Account of their religious Tenets had refused to take the Oaths required by Law. The Fourth Day of the meeting of next Session is appointed for a Hearing of the above Complaints.

Lately departed this Life, at her Seat at Peach Blossom in Talbot County, Mrs. Henrietta Maria Galtborough, a Lady who through Life supported a Character truly amiable, and her Death is sincerely regretted.

Dumfries, Nov. 2, 1771.
On Monday the 2d Day of December next, at the Court-House in Dumfries, will be sold, to satisfy the Creditors of William Bennett, deceased, A VALUABLE Tract of Land, containing 7 or 800 Acres, well improved, and lying about 4 or 5 Miles from said Town. Credit will be given Two Years for Part of the purchase-Money. (2w) WILLIAM CARR, Adm.

To be sold, pursuant to the Will and Testament of John Morton Jordan, deceased, before the Coffee-House Door in Annapolis, for ready Current Cash, rating Dollars at 7/6, on Saturday the 23d of November 1771, A LIKELY NEGRO MAN and a GIRL. The Sale to begin precisely at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon. REUBEN MERIWETHER; Administrator with Respect to his Effects in this Province only.

To be sold, at Publick Vendue, pursuant to the Last Will and Testament of Joseph Brewer, late of Anne Arundel County, deceased, at his late Dwelling-House, on Monday the 2d Day of December next, for ready Cash, or short Credit, on giving Bond with good Security, A LIKELY Country born Negro Woman, a Negro Girl about 13 Years old, a Mulatto Fellow who has upwards of Two Years to serve; likewise Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, some ready fatened, Household Furniture and Plantation Utensils, Indian Corn and Oats, Fodder, Straw, Cider, and several other Articles too tedious to mention. We take no Bonds for any Debt under Five Pounds. JOSEPH BREWER, } Executors. AMUEL GEIST, }

N. B. All who have just Claims against the said Brewer's Estate, are desired to make them known before the Sale to the Executors. All those who are indebted to the Estate of the Deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment. (w2) November 15, 1771.

To be sold, by the Subscriber, on Thursday the 12th of December, at the late Dwelling-House of Richard Lewin, deceased, for Sterling Cash or Current Money, A YOUNG NEGRO FELLOW and THREE BOYS, WITH SOME PLOW HORSES. THOMAS TILLARD. (ts)

To be sold at Publick Sale, on the 27th of November, at the Subscriber's, living in Upper-Marlborough, Prince-George's County, ALL Sorts of Household and Kitchen Furniture; A likewise a very good Billiard Table, for ready Money; also a very good light Cart. JOHN WARREN.

Just imported, from London, in the Nelly Frigate, Captain Archibald Greig, A NEAT Assortment of Goods, which will be sold by the Subscriber, in Annapolis, on very reasonable Terms, for Cash, or on short Credit. ROBERT COUDEN.

Just imported, in the Nelly Frigate, Captain Greig, from London, A LARGE Assortment of Cordage, Cables from 3 to 12 Inches, Shroud-laid Rope, from 1 1/2 Inch to Seven Inches; Ropes, Spun-yarn, White-linens, Sewing, Roping, and Sailing-twines; all Sorts of Ship Chandlery, Seines, Sail-cloth from No. 1 to No. 8, to be sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in Baltimore-Town, on reasonable Terms, in Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.—Also a Parcel of very portable Goods in the Wholesale Way, on the above Terms. (4w) WILLIAM M'GACHIN.

Upper-Marlborough, Nov. 7, 1771. WANTED, a BLACKSMITH who can come well recommended, to take Charge of a Shop. Such a Person may meet with great Encouragement, by applying to JOHN KINGSBURY. N. B. There are Two Sets of Tools, and about 700 Bushels of the best Sea Coal, and is a very good Place for Buiness.

Upper-Marlborough, Nov. 15, 1771. WHEREAS the Partnership between Charles Maben and John Conner broke up the 30th Day of October last, Notice is hereby given to those Ladies who are pleased to favour the Subscriber with their Custom, that they may be supplied with all Kinds of Stays in the neatest Manner, by JOHN CONNER.

Baltimore County, Nov. 12, 1771. FIVE POUNDS REWARD. RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Garrison Forest, an indentured Servant Man, named ROGER FIELDS, by Trade a Baker, about 35 Years old, about 6 Feet high, has the Palsy in his Head, and dark Hair and black Eyes: Had on, and took with him, a light coloured Cloth Coat, blue Jacket, Buckskin Breeches, gray Yarn Hofs, good Shoes, Osnabrig shirt and Trowsers, and a good Hat. Whoever will take up and secure the said Servant in any Jail, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive, if taken Twenty Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, if Thirty Miles Forty Shillings, if Forty Miles Three Pounds, and if out of the Province the above Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home. CHARLES WALKER. (w2)

Port-Tobacco, Nov. 12, 1771. TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD. RAN away from the Subscriber, on Sunday Evening last, an English Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM DAY, who has been brought up to the Farming Buiness; he is middle aged, very swarthy, wears short black curled Hair, has a quick artful Way of talking, and is of a middle Size: Had on and took with him, an old blue Surtout Coat, an old blue Jacket, an old Pair of Leather Breeches, a new Dowlas Shirt, a checked Linen ditto, an old Pair black Stockings, an old Pair light coloured ditto, a Pair coarse Shoes, almost new, with Strings in them, and an old Hat. Whoever will take up said Servant, and contrive him to my House, about 4 Miles below Port-Tobacco, shall have the above Reward; and if he is secured in a Jail, so that I can hear of him, shall have Eight Dollars Reward. GERARD B CAUSIN. N. B. I suspect that he has an Inclination to make for Carolina.

THERE is at the Plantation of Isaac Julyn, near Leatham's Mill, taken up as a Stray, a sorrel Mare, about 12 and an Half Hands high, and about Six Years old, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus, QH joined together, has a small Blaze down her Face. The Owner may have her on proving Property and paying Charges.

To be sold at Upper Marlborough, on Wednesday the 27th of November, to the highest Bidder, SEVERAL Articles of Household Furniture, a Negro Boy, Chaife and Horse, lately the Property of John Scott, deceased. WILLIAM LOCK WEEMS, DANIEL CARROLL.

M I S S I N G, A TRUNK directed for Dr. Robert Pottinger, to the Care of Mr. James Miller, Merchant in Bladenburg; it was brought from Philadelphia in the Schooner Lovely Lass, Thomas Devick, Master, in June last, and as the delivered Goods at sundry Places below on Patowmack, it is imagined it was put on Shore with some of them by Mistake. Whoever has said Trunk in Possession, will much oblige me, by informing Mr. James Miller of it by a Line. (w3) ROBERT POTTINGER.

T HIS is to acquaint whom it may concern, that the Term of Years which the Subscriber agreed to do Buiness for and on Account of Samuel Robinson, of the City of London, is now expired; he is now ready to account with any Person or Persons properly and legally qualified by said Samuel Robinson and his Assignees, and deliver up all the Effects in his Hands, due to, and which upon settling may appear to belong to said Samuel Robinson or his Assignees. PHILIP WEATHERALL.