MARTLAND GAZETTE.

R S DA Y, OCTOBER 24, 1771& H U

AN away from the Subscriber the 3d of this Inflant, a Negro Man named JACK, about 5 et 8 Inches high, and well made: He had on the he went off, an Ofnabrig Shirt and Trousers, botton Jacket, and an old Hat bound with Linen, will deliver the Gid Negro Man to Telescott. Whoever will deliver the faid Negro Man to John nings his Overseer, at the Mouth of Corfica Creek,

at Worcester, the Widow Biddle, of Wellbourn, in the County of Warwick, to her Grandion, John Buddle of the fame Place, aged Twenty-three Years. It is very tematkable the Widow had One Son and One Daughter, Eighteen and One Daughter, Eighteen Great Grand Children; her present Husband has One

Daughter, who was her Great Grand Daughter, but snew become her Daughter, her ctner Great Grand Children are become her Coufins, her Grand Children her Brothers and Sisters, and her Son and Daughter her Father and Mother.

Cip of a Letter wrote a few Days fince by a Nobleman to his Steward.

"I had a damned tumble last Night at Hazard, and must raise Five Thousand within a Week; get it me spon any Terms, for I would rather suffer the greatest Incumbrance upon my Fortune than the least Blemish upon my Honour. As for those clamorous Rescale, my Tradesmen, keep them off as long as possible Occarion. Yours, &c.

The same Hand wrote the following Letter one Day, during the Sitting of the Parliament, to the Premier, on a like ill Run of Luck the preceding Night.

en a like ill Run of Luck the preceding Night.

"My LORD,
"I was applied to Yesterday, in your Name, by
en in our House To-morrow; but as it was extremely
contrary to my Opinion and Principles, I gave him
mo explicit Answer. I have therefore the Honour
now to acquaint you, that I am determined to give
my Concurrence to this Assair, but must desire, at the
same Time, that you will immediately send Bradshaw
er Robinson to me with the Thousand Five Hundred
Pounds offered me Yesterday, and for which I have a
pressing Oscasion this Morning. I am persuaded you
know me too well to scrupie this Payment before
Hand, and that your Lordship will not be the first
Person that ever questioned the Honour of,
My Lord, &c.

Taly 31. A Plan has been said before the Ministry,

My Lord, &c.

July 31. A Plan has been laid before the Ministry, for ethablishing a very important inland Settlement in the Vicinity of Lake Superior, in America; and, we are informed, that Orders are fent to the Governor of Quebeck, for carrying the fame into Execution.

We hear that the brave Behaviour of his Excellency Governor Tryon, of North-Carolina, in his late Engagement with the Insurgents of that Province, was much applauded in a late Council.

We hear that Lord Townsend will not leave Ireland for a considerable Time, as his Attendance there will be more necessary, the ensuing Month, than it has been so any Time during his Viceroyship.

August 1. According to Letters from Madrid, the greatest Interest is now making at Court, to prevail upon the King of Spain to relax the Severity of his late Edicts against the Jesuits.

The King of Denmark, it is said, has contracted with our Merchants for Seven new Frigates of 36 Guns each.

August 6. One Day less Week, as Charles Washan.

Guns each.

August 6. One Day Inst Week, as Charles Western, Esq. of Rivenhall, Essex, a young Gentleman of ample Fortune, and amiable Manners, was driving his Lady and Child in a Phaeton, near Brighthelimitone, stopped at a publick House to refresh his Horses, he alighted himself, and taking out his Handkerchief to wipe his Face, the Motion of the Handkerchief frighted the Horses, and they immediately ran away: Mr. Western ran to stop them, but was beaten down, and the Pole of the Carriage struck him on the Temple. The Horses proceeded with great Violence across the Heath; the Lady had the Presence of Mind to throw the Child into a Hedge, and was so fortunate to throw the Child into a Hedge, and was fo fortunate as to jump out herself without any hurt. But the Catalrophe was fatal; being brought back to the publick House, she found that her Husand had been killed on the Catalrophe. killed on the Spot, and the has been distracted ever

Ingust 12. There is no Doubt but at the ensuing Meeting of Parliament, Opposition will not be known in that House; that is, if the amicable Plan, now in Agitation, is brought to the wished for Period. This is a Circumfiance, it is thought, that cannot fail; as the Measures adopted are of such a sostening Nature, that Catalines they must be, indeed, who can refuse

A great Personage, we are assured, his been greatly importuned to exert his Superiority and Power, in checking the many wanton and licentious Attacks from the Press on his sacred Person. His Answer was, "No! I was born, was instructed, and will continue.

as the Friend of Freedom; those who think me otherwife, are of a Nature incapable of Comprehension, as their Principle of protecting hiberty is the laying of

August 19. Some Deputations are sent over to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in order to compromise Matters in that Kingdom, fo as that nothing may transpire at the Meeting of the Parliament there, to fruitrate the amicable Measures now settling by Administration for the Peace and Quiet of the Nation.

ST. JAMES'S, August 17. The Ring has been pleased to appoint Sir Charles Hardy, Knt. to be Master of his Majesty's Hospital at Greenwich, in the County of Measure of the County of Governors.

Hent, and also one of the Commissioners or Governors

there f.

By a Letter from Florence, we learn, that the Situation of the Pretender is truly deplorable. His Finances are limitted almost to Poverty, and Cardinal York, being a Bigot of the first Enthusiasm, squanders his Ecclesiastical Revenues upon the Trumperies of the Church, without administering much to the Wants of his Brother. Thus circumstanced, the Pretender is little more than able to keep a Carriage, but on this Carriage he is not allowed any Ensign armorial; and coming lately to Florence, where he purposed staving a coming lately to Florence, where he purposed itaying a few Days, he had Orders to quit the City in Four and Twenty Hours; nor was this all; the Master of the Hotel where he put up, having kept the best Apartment in his House for him, received a Command to let it impossible. mediately, and was threatned with a publick Punithment, if he treated him with any Instances of Diffinetion. The Pietender is exceeding corpulent; owing to a total difuse of Exercise; and his Face is remarkably carbuncled, from an excessive Induspence of the Bottle, to which he flies as a Refuge from Reflec-

August 19. The Duke of Gloucester is to travel un-der the Title of Earl of Connaught, to would the fatiguing Ceremonials People of the higher Rank are

obliged to submit to.
Lady Waldegrave is to reside at Kensington Palace,

during the Duke of Gloucester's Absence.

The Parting between his R. H. the D. G. and Lady W. was extremely tender and affecting; their affectionate Concern at parting was visible to the whole

Letters from Constantinople, by Yesterday's Mail, dated July 3, tells us, that their Advices from Syria are very diagreeable. At Bey has published a Manifesto, in which he styles himself Sultan of Egypt, Successor to the Pharacas, and Deliverer of the Land of Promise, Mecca, the Holy Land of the Turks. That the Bachas of Damas, Tripoli, Aleppo, and Kills, with the Seraskier of Ursa, having assembled their Forces, to oppose his Enterprizes, after a most bloody Engagement, in June, had been defeated; and, in Consequence of it, Ali Bey had made a triumphal Entry into the City of Damas. Letters from Constantinople, by Yesterday's Mail,

Extrast of a Letter from Vienna, August 2.

" The Cause of the sudden Coolness that has lately King, and which daily encreases, is now perfectly unraveiled. Our Ambassador at Paris, has, by his great Abilities, Diligence, and Penetration, sent such formation of the Finesse and Perfedy of the French, as not solve the such in the fubfifted between the Imperial Court and the French not only clearly explains this Mystery, but their whole political System for this last Twelvemonth. With infinite Pains and Perseverance the French have labourpolitical System for this last Twelversonth. With infinite Pains and Perseverance the French have laboured, for some Time, to influence the Imperial Cabinet to collect the whole military Force of the House of Austria in Hungary; to leave ungarrisoned all her fortisted Towns in Flanders, Germany, and Italy, and, with this vast Army of Imperialists, to dictate Terms of Peace to Russia; and, if resused, to attack the Russians at the same Instant they should be engaged with the Ottoman Troops. France not only promised a magnificent Subsidy for the Charge of such a Campaign, that must have expended so much Treasure for the marching of such an Army from Flanders and the Milanese into the Turkish Dominions; but likewise engaged, that the French and Spanish Fleets, in the Mediterranean, should fail to the Levant, and unitedly attack the Russian Fleet, as well as land a considerable Body of Troops in the Morea and the Dardanelles. Such were the Promises of France, none of which she ever had the slightest Idea of performing, excepting the Embarkation of Troops. They were to be landed indeed, not upon any Pait of the Turkish Territories, but at Genoa; nor long to remain there in Sarrison. The Milanese being destingte of Troops. Territories, but at Genoa; nor long to remain there in Garrison. The Milanese being destitute of Troops, in Garrison. The Milanese being destitute of Troops, such an Opportunity was not to be lost. Mantua was the Object. Austria was supposed not to have any Objection to such an Operation, as it would awe the Venetians, and prevent their Fleet uniting with the Russians, taking Possession of the Morea for them, selves, and having the Advantage of deseating the Turks. This political Object the French declared could not be obtained, if their Fleet cruized in the Adriatick; for it was uncertain their being able to prevent the Junction of the Russians and Venetians; and without the French Fleet, the Ottomans would be unequal even to the Russians alone. France well knew being in Possession of Mantua, with a good Garrison, and a Line of Troops extending to the Mountains, she should prevent the Return of the Austrians into the Milanese, and dictate to all Italy, except Piedmont. except Piedmont.

" By the Fidelity of some Germans in the French "By the Fidelity of some Germans in the French Service, a Discovery was made of the Plan formed for seizing of Luxemburg, upon which Expedition French Battalions only were to be employed; the French Ministry being convinced there was no Garrison at Luxemburg to oppose them, therefore, if their Numbers were great; they might perhaps have Resolution to succeed. The Impossibility of employing the German Battalions was obvious, for they would sooner revolt than march upon such a Service, so dishonoursable.

" Our Court is in the highest Degree of Agitation, and so much enraged, that it is expected the French Ambassador will be immediately ordered to leave

Ambalidor will be immediately ordered to leave Vieana, and conducted to the Frintiers with the fame Marks of Difgrace, as a French Minister was some Years past from the Imperial Court of Petersburg."

August 20. It may be depended on, that the Court of Madrid have just concluded a private Treaty with the States-General, in which it is expressed, that the States-General are to furnish that Court with Twelve Man of War of the Line, on any Emergence.

Men of War of the Line, on any Emergency.

A Snow belonging to Barbadoes, Capt. Potts (formerly of Liverpool) Master, passed Bastia on the 16th of March, with about 60 Slaves for Anamaboe, but, a few Days after, was cut off by the Slaves, who killed the Captain and most of the Crew, except Three they

the Captam and most of the Crew, except Three they spared to conduct them to Sierreleon (from whence they came;) about the 20th they were retaken by a Dutch Ship, near Cape Mount, and sent to their Fort on the Gold Coast.

The late Intercourse between the Courts of Versailles and Madrid has been more close, and the Dispatches more frequent, than any Thing but some bad Delign could give Occasion to. The internal Dissertions in France are now drawing to a Conclusion; the Franch King has got Money from the Dutch at exprtions in France are now drawing to a Corcinion; the French King has got Money from the Dutch at exorbitant Interest; and these Two Circumstances, which may be regarded as the Axis on which their whole System turns, being now changed in their Favour, it is likely they will not lose much Time longer in commencing their intended Hostilities against Great-Ritain.

Orders are fent to Sheerness for the Hornet, Swift and Greyhound Sloops, now laid up there, to be put into Commission immediately; they are to be stationed in the Irish Channel.

ed in the Irith Channel.

From the great Numbers of Councils that have been lately held, one would imagine that Business of more than common Importance was on the Carpet.

Some People, within these Two or Three Day, endeavoured to propagate a Report that Admiral Rodney had sailed with an Intention to take Possession of the Madeiras: No such spirited Conduct is expected from a Administration, which has suffered itself to be inan Administration, which has sofiered itself to be in-fulted by the most insignificant Power in Europe.

Translation of a Letter from Paris.

of Within these Two Hours I have received a Copy of our great Loss in the late Bloody Engagement in Corfica. Maibour acted in the late unhappy Action like a prudent, cautious, confummate Officer; yet the natural Situation of the Country, the deep Ravages between Cainca and La Tavagna, made it impossible for the bravest and best disciplined Transact the natural Situation of the Country, the deep Ravages between Cainca and La Tavagna, made it impossible for the bravest and best disciplined Troops to resist the barbarous Ferocity of the Natives; therefore the French failed in the Attack, but made their Retreat in good Order. No human Wissom could prevent the Enemy taking the Baggage and Military Chest, at Fiemalto; for they descended the Side of a vast Mountain, that feemed inaccessible, with such a Multitude, that they refembled a rapid Torrent after a Thunder Storm, rushing over every Obstacle with a surious Impetuosity. The following is the Return of the killed and wounded.

"Regiment Dauphine, Officers killed 7, wounded 16; Rank and File, killed 99, wounded 261—Regiment Berry, Officers killed 11, wounded 46—Regiment Alsace, Three Battalions, Officers killed 31, wounded 50; Rank and File, killed 96, wounded 189—Regiment Burgoyne, Officers killed 179, wounded 11; Rank and File, killed 42, wounded 79—Regiment Royal Italian, Officers killed 3, wounded 7; Rank and File, killed 42, wounded 7; Rank and File, killed 42, wounded 7; Rank and File, killed 42, wounded 7; Rank and File, killed 4, wounded 1.—Regiment Castella, Officers killed 3, wounded 7; Rank and File, killed 4, wounded 1.—Regiment Castella, Officers killed 6, wounded 1.—Rank and File, killed 9, wounded 1.—Rank and File, killed 9, wounded 1.—Rank and File, killed 9.

Royal Italian, Officers killed 3, wounded 7; Rank and File, killed 9, wounded 41—Regiment Cafte'la, Officers killed 6, wounded 19; Rank and File, killed 21, wounded 129—Regiment Bulkelly, Officers killed 9, wounded 17; Rank and File, killed 47, wounded 109—Cavalry, Officers killed 12; Rank and File, killed 47, wounded 22; Rank and File, killed 41, wounded 73—Seven Battalions were left in Garrison. The Numbers missing since the general Attack are not included, nor those taken Priloners in the Surprise of the Baggage, who, we fear, have not experienced much Politeness from the Savages." from the Savages."

SUPPLEMENT to the Corfican Viftory.

M. de Marbœuf attributes the Loss of this Battle to one Ardachy, or Aeszi, a Sergeant in the Royal Italian, who deferted Two Days before this unlucky Rencounter, and who is supposed to have gone over to the Mountaineers, to inform them of the Disp littori of the French General, and directed their Defence.

fecure him so that his Master may get him again, all have the Reward of Thirty Shillings if taken in Queen-Anne's County, Fifty Shillings if out of eeen-Anne's County and within the Province, and ve Pounds if out of the Province, paid by
(tf) JAMES TILGHMAN, 3d.
N. B. 'Tis conjectured he is gone off by Water. HERE is at the Plantation of Nation Feach, in Frederick County, taken up and the state of the st in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a ight bay Horse, between 13 and 14 Hands high,

LL Persons indebted to the Subscriber in

Anne-Arundel County, are desired to pay their pective Debts to Mr. Kenfer Jehns, at Pigg-Point, or before the First Day of November next, and of that have Claims against him, are desired to ve them with the same Gentleman, in order that ey may be paid. As I intend to leave the Parts, nust intreat a Compliance with the above Reques

JOHN WARREN.

veral small Saddle Spots, short Tail, thin Mane, ar and Snip, has been burnt for a Fistula, has no receivable Brand. The Owner may have him a-in on proving Property and paying Charges. September 19. 1771.

the fild at publick Vendue, on Tuesday the 19th of November next, at the Subscriber's House, for ready Current Money, Sterling Cash, or good London Bills of Exchange, UNDRY white Servants who have near Four

Years to serve, several likely young Negro ellows, Horses, Mares, and Costs, Carts, Carts, heels, some Houshold Furniture, and many other rticles. The Sale to begin at 12 o'Clock. MARY DORSEY, Administratrix of CALEB,

Son of RICHARD. Alexandria, September 9, 1771.
TRAYED or STOLEN from the Subferiber, 2 black Horfes, One with a large Blaze upon his ace, mealy Nose, and a Wall Eye, his near hind oot white, a natural Pacer, and branded as I reember upon his near Shoulder HF joined together, e is about 15 Hands high, and shod all round. he other has no white about him, a thick well ade Horse, about 14 Hands high, a trot is his stural Gate, paces when going slow, he is branded I remember with a D and M the one upon his houlder, the other upon his near Buttock, and shod I round; they both have been used in the Waggon. stolen and carried out of the County, I will give

JOHN DALTON. (5W) Unificant to the Last Will and Testament of Robert Gilcresh, late of Baltimore County, deceased, will be fold at Publick VENDUE, on Thursday the 31st Day of next October, at Mr. Ambroie

orty Shillings Reward for each, and Forty Shillings ore if the Thief is taken and convicted for the

Geoghegan's Tavern,

IGHT Hundred Acres of Land, Part of a
Tract of Land, called Upper-Marlberough, fittete and lying in Baltimere County, lying on the reat Road leading from Frederick-Town to Balti-tere-Town, and at the Distance of about 25 Miles from Baltimore-Town. This Land would answer ell for making Tobacco or Farming. There are two small Tenements on it; fine Meadow Ground nay be made; has a very extensive Range, and the litle is indisputable. The Land may be laid out a Parcels, or otherwise, as may best suit the Purhasers, and Time may be had for Payment of the Ioney, on giving Bond with good Security. Any ersons that have a Mind to view the Land before ne Time of Sale, may apply to Mr. Ambrose eoghegan, who lives but a small Distance from the lace, who will conduct them over it. This Land as been advertised some Time past, but the Sale at off from Time to Time, but will certainly be

ld at the Time now appointed.
(w6) HELEN GILCRESH, Executrix. (w6) Day of August, 1771, a small old Pocket Book, hich had in it the following Tobacco on Cole's Wareule, viz.

K. CF. No. 327 Grofs 1078 Tare 87 Nett 991 Do. 328 1004 94 910 Do. 328 1004 94 910
IBL. 98 1117 99 1018
ad One Transfer Note on St. Inigot's.
(w5) RICHARD FENWICK.

(w5) St. Mary's County, September 5, 1771.

THE Subscriber gives this publick Notice, that he has now at his House a Company under Incculant, and shall continue until late in the Spring 1772, his usual Price of Five Pounds Inspection Currency of Whites, and Three for Blacks.

r Whites, and Three for Blacks.
(w6)
H. JERNINGHAM

, KARKEKEKEKEKEKEKEKEKEKEKEKE INE GREEN.